- 1 SB324
- 2 137056-1
- 3 By Senator Bussman
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 16-FEB-12

1	137056-1:n:02/15/2012:LLR/th LRS2012-1105
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, certain persons who
9	render assistance at the scene of an accident or
10	emergency situation are in certain circumstances
11	granted civil immunity for their actions.
12	This bill would provide civil immunity to
13	certain licensed psychologists, licensed
14	professional counselors, or licensed social workers
15	who render services without compensation or
16	participate in emergency response activities.
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18	A BILL
19	TO BE ENTITLED
20	AN ACT
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22	To amend Section 6-5-332 of the Code of Alabama
23	1975, as amended by Act 2011-579 of the 2011 Regular Session,
24	the Good Samaritan Law, to provide civil immunity to certain
25	licensed psychologists, licensed professional counselors, or
26	licensed social workers who render services without
27	compensation or participate in emergency response activity.

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Section 6-5-332 of the Code of Alabama 1975, as amended by Act 2011-579 of the 2011 Regular Session, is amended to read as follows:

"§6-5-332.

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"(a) When any doctor of medicine or dentistry, nurse, member of any organized rescue squad, member of any police or fire department, member of any organized volunteer fire department, Alabama-licensed emergency medical technician, intern, or resident practicing in an Alabama hospital with training programs approved by the American Medical Association, Alabama state trooper, medical aidman functioning as a part of the military assistance to safety and traffic program, chiropractor, or public education employee gratuitously and in good faith, renders first aid or emergency care at the scene of an accident, casualty, or disaster to a person injured therein, he or she shall not be liable for any civil damages as a result of his or her acts or omissions in rendering first aid or emergency care, nor shall he or she be liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical treatment or care for the injured person.

"(b) Any member of the crew of a helicopter which is used in the performance of military assistance to safety and traffic programs and is engaged in the performance of emergency medical service acts shall be exempt from personal

liability for any property damages caused by helicopter downwash or by persons disembarking from the helicopter.

- "(c) When any physician gratuitously advises medical personnel at the scene of an emergency episode by direct voice contact, to render medical assistance based upon information received by voice or biotelemetry equipment, the actions ordered taken by the physician to sustain life or reduce disability shall not be considered liable when the actions are within the established medical procedures.
- "(d) Any person who is qualified by a federal or state agency to perform mine rescue planning and recovery operations, including mine rescue instructors and mine rescue team members, and any person designated by an operator furnishing a mine rescue team to supervise, assist in planning or provide service thereto, who, in good faith, performs or fails to perform any act or service in connection with mine rescue planning and recovery operations shall not be liable for any civil damages as a result of any acts or omissions.

  Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to exempt from liability any person responsible for an overall mine rescue operation, including an operator of an affected facility and any person assuming responsibility therefor under federal or state statutes or regulations.
- "(e) A person or entity, who in good faith and without compensation renders emergency care or treatment to a person suffering or appearing to suffer from cardiac arrest, which may include the use of an automated external

defibrillator, shall be immune from civil liability for any personal injury as a result of care or treatment or as a result of any act or failure to act in providing or arranging further medical treatment where the person acts as an ordinary prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances, except damages that may result from the gross negligence of the person rendering emergency care. This immunity shall extend to the licensed physician or medical authority who is involved in automated external defibrillator site placement, the person who provides training in CPR and the use of the automated external defibrillator, and the person or entity responsible for the site where the automated external defibrillator is located. This subsection specifically excludes from the provision of immunity any designers, manufacturers, or sellers of automated external defibrillators for any claims that may be brought against such entities based upon current Alabama law.

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"(f) Any licensed engineer, licensed architect, licensed surveyor, licensed contractor, licensed subcontractor, or other individual working under the direct supervision of the licensed individual who participates in emergency response activities under the direction of, or in connection with, a community emergency response team, county emergency management agency, the state emergency management agency, or the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall not be liable for any civil damages as a result of any acts, services, or omissions provided without compensation, in such

capacity if the individual acts as a reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances. The immunity provided in this subsection shall apply to any acts, services, or omissions provided within 90 days after declaration of the emergency.

"(g) Any person, who, in good faith, renders emergency care at the scene of an accident or emergency to the victim or victims thereof without making any charge of goods or services therefor shall not be liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission by the person in rendering emergency care or as a result of any act or failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical treatment or care for the injured person if the individual acts as a reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances.

"(h) When a licensed psychologist, licensed professional counselor, or licensed social worker, gratuitously and in good faith, renders emergency mental health treatment at the scene of an accident, casualty, or disaster to a person affected at the scene, he or she may not be liable for any civil damages as a result of his or her acts or omissions in rendering emergency mental health treatment or be liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or failure to act or to provide or arrange for further mental health treatment or care for the affected person, if the individual acts as a reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances."

Section 2. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.