- 1 SB350
- 2 137451-2
- 3 By Senator Irons
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 23-FEB-12

1	137451-2:n:02/22/2012:KMS/th LRS2012-1196R1		
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, the Alabama State Board	
9		of Pharmacy is responsible for regulating the	
10		practice of pharmacy and the operation of	
11		pharmacies in the state.	
12		This bill would define pharmacy services.	
13		This bill would authorize the Alabama State	
14		Board of Pharmacy to provide by rule for the	
15		issuance, renewal, and fees relating to a pharmacy	
16		services permit.	
17		This bill would also provide that the	
18		creation of a pharmacy services permit does not	
19		expand or limit the existing practice of pharmacy	
20		or medicine.	
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22		A BILL	
23		TO BE ENTITLED	
24		AN ACT	
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26	To amend Sections 34-23-1 and 34-23-30, Code of		
27	Alahama 10	75 relating to the practice of pharmacy and the	

- operation of pharmacies; to define pharmacy services; to

  authorize the Alabama State Board of Pharmacy to provide by

  rule for the issuance, renewal, and fees relating to a

  pharmacy services permit; and to provide that the creation of

  a pharmacy services permit does not expand or limit the

  existing practice of pharmacy or medicine.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- Section 1. Section 34-23-1 of the Code of Alabama

  9 1975, is amended to read as follows:
- 10 "\$34-23-1.

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- "For the purpose of this chapter, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:
- "(1) ASSOCIATION. The Alabama Pharmacy Association.
- "(2) BOARD or STATE BOARD. The Alabama State Board of Pharmacy.
- "(3) CHEMICAL. Any substance of a medicinal nature,
  whether simple or compound, obtained through the process of
  the science and art of chemistry, whether of organic or
  inorganic origin.
  - "(4) DISPENSE. To sell, distribute, administer, leave with, give away, dispose of, deliver, or supply a drug or medicine to the ultimate user or their agent.
  - "(5) DRUGS. All medicinal substances, preparations, and devices recognized by the United States Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary, or any revision thereof, and all substances and preparations intended for external and internal use in the cure, diagnosis, mitigation, treatment, or

- prevention of disease in man or animal and all substances and preparations other than food intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animal.
  - "(6) EXTERN. A candidate for licensure as a pharmacist during the time prior to graduation from an accredited college of pharmacy.

- "(7) HOSPITAL. An institution for the care and treatment of the sick and injured, licensed by the Alabama State Board of Health and authorized to be entrusted with the custody of drugs and medicines, the professional use of drugs and medicines being under the direct supervision of a medical practitioner or pharmacist.
- "(8) INTERN. An individual who is currently licensed by this state to engage in the practice of pharmacy while under the personal supervision of a pharmacist and is satisfactorily progressing toward meeting the requirements for licensure as a pharmacist; or a graduate of an approved college of pharmacy who is currently licensed by the State Board of Pharmacy for the purpose of obtaining practical experience as a requirement for licensure as a pharmacist; or a qualified applicant awaiting examination for licensure.
- "(9) LEGEND DRUG. Any drug, medicine, chemical, or poison bearing on the label the words, "caution, federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription," or similar wording indicating that such drug, medicine, chemical, or poison may be sold or dispensed only upon the prescription of a licensed medical practitioner.

"(10) LICENSE. The grant of authority by the State
Board of Pharmacy to a person authorizing him or her to engage
in the practice of pharmacy in this state.

- "(11) MANUFACTURER. A person, except a pharmacy, who prepares, derives, produces, compounds, or packages any drug, medicine, chemical, or poison.
  - "(12) MEDICAL PRACTITIONER. Any physician, dentist, or veterinarian, or any other person authorized by law to treat, use, or prescribe medicine and drugs for sick and injured human beings or animals in this state.
  - "(13) MEDICINE. Any drug or combination of drugs that has the property of curing, diagnosing, preventing, treating, or mitigating diseases or that which may be used for those purposes.
  - "(14) PATENT OR PROPRIETARY MEDICINES. Completely compounded nonprescription packaged drugs, medicines, and nonbulk chemicals which are sold, offered, promoted, or advertised by the manufacturer or primary distributor under a trademark, trade name, or other trade symbol, and the labeling of which conforms to the requirements of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; provided, that this definition shall not include:
  - "a. Drugs which are only advertised and promoted professionally to licensed physicians, dentists, or veterinarians by manufacturers or primary distributors.
    - "b. A narcotic or drug containing a narcotic.

"c. A drug the label of which bears substantially either the statements "caution--federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "warning--may be habit-forming".

"d. A drug intended for injection.

- "(15) PERMIT. The grant of authority by the State
  Board of Pharmacy to any person, firm, or corporation
  authorizing the operation of a pharmacy, wholesale drug
  distributor, repackager, bottler, manufacturer, or packer of
  drugs, medicines, chemicals, or poisons for medicinal
  purposes. Nonresident wholesale drug distributors registered
  with the appropriate agency, in the state in which they are
  domiciled, and operating in compliance with Prescription Drug
  Marketing Act standards, shall be allowed to do business in
  this state. No permit shall be required of any physician
  licensed to practice medicine for any act or conduct related
  to or connected with his or her professional practice.
- "(16) PERSON. Any individual, partnership, corporation, association, trust, or other entity.
- "(17) PHARMACIST. Any person licensed by the Alabama State Board of Pharmacy to practice the profession of pharmacy in the State of Alabama and whose license is in good standing.
- "(18) PHARMACY. A place licensed by the Alabama State Board of Pharmacy in which prescriptions, drugs, medicines, medical devices, chemicals, and poisons are sold, offered for sale, compounded, or dispensed, and shall include all places whose title may imply the sale, offering for sale,

compounding, or dispensing of prescriptions, drugs, medicines, chemicals, or poisons.

"(19) PHARMACY SERVICES PERMIT. Certain services
performed by a pharmacy, as defined by board rule, and
specifically excluding, the receipt or inventory of drugs,
medicines, chemicals, poisons, or medical devices. This
subdivision, and any rule promulgated by the board pursuant to
this subdivision, may not be interpreted to expand the
practice of pharmacy as the practice of pharmacy and permits
are limited by this section and Sections 34-23-11 and
34-23-70, or to restrict the practice of medicine as defined
in Section 34-24-50.

"(20) (19) POISON. Any substance other than agricultural products and pesticides which when applied to, introduced into, or developed within the body in relatively small quantities by its inherent chemical action uniformly produces serious bodily injury, disease, or death.

"(21) (20) PRECEPTOR. A person who is duly licensed to practice pharmacy in the state and meets the requirements as established by the State Board of Pharmacy.

"(22) (21) PRESCRIPTION. Any order for drug or medical supplies, written or signed or transmitted by word of mouth, telephone, telegraph, closed circuit television, or other means of communication by a legally competent practitioner, licensed by law to prescribe and administer such drugs and medical supplies intended to be filled, compounded, or dispensed by a pharmacist.

"(23) (22) PROFESSIONAL DEGREE. A degree in pharmacy
requiring a minimum of five academic years.

"(24) (23) REPACKAGER. A person who purchases or acquires from a manufacturer or distributor, a drug, medicine, chemical, or poison for the purpose of bottling, labeling, or otherwise repackaging for sale or distribution. This definition shall not apply to a physician licensed to practice medicine who as a part of his or her professional practice dispenses, administers, sells, or otherwise distributes any drug to a patient.

"(25) (24) SALE. Barter, exchange, or gift, or offer of barter, exchange, or gift, and shall include each transaction made by any person, whether a principal, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee.

"(26) (25) WHOLESALE DRUG DISTRIBUTORS. A person engaged in the business of distributing drugs and medicines for resale to pharmacies, hospitals, practitioners, government agencies, or other lawful outlets permitted to sell drugs or medicines. The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug by a retail pharmacy to another retail pharmacy or practitioner, for relief of temporary shortages, is exempt from this definition. Also exempt from this definition shall be (a) intracompany sales, (b) manufacturer and distributor sales representatives who distribute drug samples, (c) charitable organizations distributing to nonprofit affiliates of that organization, (d) certain purchases by hospitals or other health care entities

that are members of a group purchasing organization, and (e) the distributors of blood and blood components."

"\$34-23-30.

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"(a) Every pharmacy, hospital pharmacy, drugstore, pharmacy department, prescription department, prescription laboratory, dispensary, apothecary, or any other establishment with a title implying the sale, offering for sale, compounding, or dispensing of drugs in this state, or any person performing pharmacy services in this state, shall register biennially and receive a permit from the Board of Pharmacy. Any person desiring to open, operate, maintain, or establish a pharmacy or perform pharmacy services in this state shall apply to the board for a permit at least 30 days prior to the opening of the business. No pharmacy or entity performing pharmacy services shall open for the transaction of business until it has been registered, inspected, and a permit issued by the board. The application for a permit shall be made on a form prescribed and furnished by the board which when properly executed shall indicate the ownership desiring such permit and the names and license numbers of all licensed pharmacists employed as well as the location of the pharmacy or entity where pharmacy services are performed and other information as the board may require. If more than one pharmacy or entity where pharmacy services are performed is operated by the same owner, a separate application for registration shall be made and a separate permit issued for each such establishment. All permits issued under this section

shall become due on October 31 and shall become null and void on December 31 of even-numbered years. Every application for a permit for a new pharmacy or entity where pharmacy services are performed shall be accompanied by a fee to be determined by the board, but the fee shall not be less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200). Every application for a renewal permit shall be accompanied by a fee to be determined by the board, but the fee shall not be less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150). Every application for a permit due to transfer of ownership shall be accompanied by a fee to be determined by the board, but the fee shall not be less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150). Each application for the renewal of a permit shall be made on or before October 31 of each even-numbered year, at which time the previous permit shall become null and void on December 31 of even-numbered years. A penalty of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each overdue month shall be assessed in addition to the permit fee for renewal of delinquent permits. The secretary of the board shall issue a permit for each pharmacy or entity where pharmacy services are performed whose application is found to be satisfactory by the board. Permits issued under this section shall not be transferable. Any change in the control of ownership or licensed pharmacists shall be reported to the board in writing within 10 days of such occurrence. If the pharmacy or entity where pharmacy services are performed is owned by a corporation, the permit shall be issued in the

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1 name of the corporation. It shall be the duty of the owners of 2 pharmacies or the owners of entities where pharmacy services are performed who are not licensed pharmacists to immediately 3 notify the board upon the termination of employment of licensed pharmacists and to cause the surrender of permits as 5 6 indicated. The further operation of the pharmacy or entity 7 where pharmacy services are performed in the absence of licensed pharmacists is forbidden; provided, that the 8 nonregistered owner shall have a period of 30 days within 9 10 which to comply with this provision. The next of kin of any deceased licensed pharmacist owner shall have a period of 30 11 12 days within which to comply with the provisions of this 13 chapter, during which time no prescriptions shall be filled unless a licensed pharmacist is on duty. No mail order 14 15 pharmacy shall transact business in this state without a 16 permit from the board.

- "(b) Requirements for the grant of authority by the board to any person who offers or performs pharmacy services shall be by board rule.
- 20 "(c) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

Section 2. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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