- 1 SB381
- 2 136519-2
- 3 By Senators Holtzclaw, Ward, Whatley, Bedford, Ross, Fielding,
- Irons, Beasley, Marsh, Waggoner, Taylor, Allen, Sanford,
- 5 Pittman and Williams
- 6 RFD: Judiciary
- 7 First Read: 01-MAR-12

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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, various counties have
9		implemented pretrial diversion programs through
10		local acts.
11		This bill would allow any district attorney
12		throughout the state without a local act to
13		establish a discretionary pretrial diversion
14		program and would set basic operating standards for
15		the program. This bill would provide for program
16		fees and their distribution.
17		This bill would provide that counties with
18		existing discretionary pretrial diversion programs
19		established prior to the effective date of this act
20		may adopt this act in its entirety or portions of
21		the act.
22		This bill also would require the Office of
23		Prosecution Services to develop and maintain a
24		pretrial diversion offender database.
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26		A BILL
27		TO BE ENTITIED

To provide for the establishment of a pretrial diversion program; to allow any district attorney throughout the state without a local act to establish a discretionary pretrial diversion program; to set basic operating standards for the program; to provide for program fees and their distribution; to provide that counties with existing discretionary pretrial diversion programs established prior to the effective date of this act may adopt the act in its entirety or portions of the act; and to require the Office of Prosecution Services to develop a pretrial diversion offender database.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. For purposes of this act, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) DISTRICT ATTORNEY. The district attorney of the judicial circuit or his or her designee, so designated to fulfill the goals, purposes, and objectives of this act.
- (2) LAW ENFORCEMENT or LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. Any person who is employed by an agency or department whose purpose is to protect people. This may include, but is not limited to, police personnel, sheriff personnel, district attorney investigators, Department of Human Resources personnel, parole and probation personnel, community corrections office personnel, and court referral office

personnel, whether that agency or department is in this state or located elsewhere.

- (3) OFFENDER. Any person who has committed or been charged with a crime as defined by the Code of Alabama 1975, or municipal ordinance, which was committed in the jurisdiction of the State of Alabama.
 - (4) PRETRIAL. The term includes, but is not limited to, any moment prior to, within, or during the disposition of a criminal or quasi-criminal action.
 - (5) SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY. As defined by Section 13A-1-2, Code of Alabama 1975.
 - Section 2. (a) The district attorney of any judicial circuit of this state may establish a pretrial diversion program within that judicial circuit or any county within that judicial circuit.
 - (b) All discretionary powers endowed by the common law, provided for by statute and acts of this state, or otherwise provided by law for the district attorneys of this state shall be retained.
 - (c) A pretrial diversion program established under subsection (a) shall be under the direct supervision and sole control of the district attorney. The district attorney may contract with any agency, person, or corporation for services related to this act. The district attorney may employ persons necessary to accomplish the purposes of this act, who shall serve at the pleasure of the district attorney.

Section 3. (a) A person charged with a criminal offense specified in subsection (b) whose jurisdiction is in the circuit court, district court, or municipal court in a circuit in which a pretrial diversion program has been created pursuant to this act may apply to the district attorney of the circuit for admittance to the program.

- (b) A person charged with any of the following offenses may apply for the pretrial diversion program:
- (1) A drug offense, excluding trafficking in controlled substances or cannabis as provided in Section 13A-12-231 of the Code of Alabama 1975, or manufacturing of controlled substances in the first degree as provided in Section 13A-12-218 of the Code of Alabama 1975.
 - (2) A property offense.
 - (3) A misdemeanor.

- (4) A traffic or conservation offense, except that a holder of a commercial driver's license, an operator of a commercial motor vehicle, or a commercial driver learner permit holder who is charged with a violation of a traffic law in this state shall not be eligible for a deferred prosecution program, diversion program, or any deferred imposition of judgment program pursuant to Section 32-6-49.23 of the Code of Alabama 1975.
- (5) Notwithstanding subdivision (3), the district attorney may determine that a person charged with a misdemeanor offense is ineligible to apply for the program if

- it is in the best interest of the victim, the offender, the community, or justice.
- 3 (b) The following offenses are ineligible for 4 consideration for the pretrial diversion program:

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- (1) Any Class A felony or capital offense.
- 6 (2) Any offense involving serious physical injury to a person.
 - (3) An offense involving violence in which the victim was a child under 14 years of age, a law enforcement officer, a school officer, a correctional officer, active duty military personnel of the United States military, or a person over the age of 65.
 - (4) Any offense involving death.
- 14 (5) A person deemed by the district attorney to be a 15 threat to the safety or well-being of the community.
 - (6) Bribery of a government or public official.
 - (7) Any offense wherein the offender is a public official and the charge is related to his or her capacity as a public official.
 - (8) Abduction or kidnapping.
- 21 (9) Any sex offense involving forcible compulsion or 22 incapacity.

Section 4. (a) In determining whether an offender may be admitted into a pretrial diversion program established under this act, it shall be appropriate for the district attorney to consider any of the following circumstances:

- 1 (1) If the offender is 18 years of age or older at
 2 the time the offense was committed.
- 3 (2) There is a probability justice will be served if 4 the offender is placed in the pretrial diversion program.
 - (3) It is determined the needs of the community and of the offender can be met though the pretrial diversion program.
- 8 (4) The offender appears to pose no substantial
 9 threat to the safety and well-being of the community or law
 10 enforcement.
- 11 (5) The offender is not likely to be involved in 12 further criminal activity.
- 13 (6) The offender will likely respond to rehabilitative treatment.

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- 15 (7) The expressed wish of the victim not to prosecute.
 - (8) Undue hardship upon the victim.
 - (9) Whether the victim or the offender has medical, psychiatric, or vocational difficulties that would impede the administration of justice.
 - (10) Whether there is a reason to believe that the victim or offender will benefit from and cooperate with a diversionary program.
- 24 (11) The impact of criminal charges or prosecution 25 upon the victim, witnesses, or the community.

(b) The district attorney may waive any of the standards specified in subsection (a) if justice or special circumstances dictate.

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Section 5. (a) Notwithstanding current law, admittance into the pretrial diversion program shall be in the sole discretion of the district attorney and shall be paramount to any other diversion type program available to a defendant. To assist the district attorney in his or her decision to admit the offender into the pretrial diversion program, the district attorney, prior to the offender being admitted to the pretrial diversion program or as a part of the district attorney's evaluation process, may require an offender to furnish to the district attorney, information concerning past criminal history, educational history, work history, family history, medical or psychiatric treatment history, psychological tests, or any other information concerning the offender which the district attorney believes is applicable to determine whether the offender should be admitted into the pretrial diversion program.

(b) The district attorney may require the offender to submit to any examinations, test, or evaluation process the district attorney deems appropriate in evaluating the offender for admittance into the pretrial diversion program. The costs of any test or evaluation shall be paid by the offender or as otherwise agreed to or provided for by this act.

- Section 6. (a) An offender who enters into a

 pretrial diversion program established under this act shall

 satisfy each of the following requirements:
- 4 (1) Voluntarily waive, in writing, his or her right to a speedy trial.

- (2) Agree, in writing, to the tolling of periods of limitations established by statutes or rules of court while in the program.
- 9 (3) Waive, in writing, his or her right to a jury trial.
 - (4) Provide a statement by the offender admitting his or her participation in, and responsibility for, the offense which is the subject of the application for entry into the pretrial diversion program, which statement shall be admissible in any criminal trial.
 - (5) Agree, in writing, to the conditions of the pretrial diversion program established by the district attorney.
 - (6) If there is a victim of the crime, agree in writing to a restitution agreement to be paid within a specified period of time and in an amount to be determined by the district attorney.
 - (7) If the investigating law enforcement agency incurred extraordinary investigative expenses, agree in writing to a specific restitution agreement to be paid within a specified period of time and in an amount to be determined by the district attorney.

(8) Agree in writing to the jurisdiction of the court beyond completion of any disposition of the case, end of sentence, termination of parole or probation or conclusion of the pretrial diversion program to enforce collection of restitution, cost of court, fines, fees, or other agreed upon or court-ordered monies, pursuant to Section 12-17-225, Code of Alabama 1975.

- (9) Agree to execute any agreement, covenant, note, or contract to pay any agreed upon sums of restitution, cost of courts, fines, fees, or other agreed upon or court-ordered monies, pursuant to Section 12-17-225, Code of Alabama 1975.
- (b) Pretrial diversion program records or records related to pretrial diversion program admission, with the exception of the statement of the applicant concerning his or her involvement in the crimes charged, shall not be admissible in subsequent proceedings, criminal or civil. Communications between pretrial diversion program counselors and offenders shall be privileged unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines there is a compelling public interest in disclosing the communication.
- (c) As part of the pretrial diversion program, the district attorney may establish a Restorative Justice

 Initiative (RJI) within the judicial circuit. The guidelines, rules, and mechanisms for such an initiative shall be promulgated by the Alabama Office of Prosecution Services. Any additional fees for participation in an RJI by an offender shall be set by the district attorney and a portion thereof

1 may be paid to any agency or entity that provides services to 2 further the goals and purpose of the RJI.

Section 7. (a) An offender shall make application to a pretrial diversion program established under this act at a time to be determined by the district attorney.

(b) An offender may be eligible for a pretrial diversion program established under this act, pre-arrest, if the district attorney determines that it is in the best interest of justice and community safety, and the investigating law enforcement entity and the victim, consent to the offender's pre-arrest participation in the program. The offender shall be subject to all requirements of the act or additional requirements set out in the program, regardless of pretrial or arrest status.

Section 8. (a) An offender may be assessed an application fee when he or she is approved for a pretrial diversion program established under this act. The amount of the fee for participation in the program shall be in addition to any court costs, assessments for crime victim's compensation fund, Department of Forensic Science assessments, drug, alcohol, or anger management treatments required by law, restitution, or costs of supervision or treatment. A schedule of payments for any of these fees may be established by the district attorney.

(b) The amount of the application fee shall be determined by the district attorney. In any event the application fees shall not exceed the following amounts for

- each case for which the offender makes application for acceptance into the pretrial diversion program:
- 3 (1) Felony offenses: Up to nine hundred dollars (\$900).

- (2) Misdemeanor offenses: Up to seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750).
- (c) (1) An applicant may not be denied access into the pretrial diversion program based solely on his or her inability to pay Pretrial diversion program fees established by this act may be waived or reduced for just cause, including indigency of the applicant, at the discretion of the district attorney. Any determination of indigency of the offender for the purposes of pretrial diversion fee mitigation shall be made by the district attorney. In the event the offender is determined to be indigent, a periodic review of the offenders' indigency status may be conducted by the district attorney to determine if the offender is no longer indigent.
- (2) If the offender is determined to be indigent by the district attorney, nothing in this act shall prohibit the offender from being placed on a payment plan wherein the entire victim restitution, court cost, fines, fees, and pretrial diversion fees are collected in total.
- (d) Application fees required by this act shall be collected by the district attorney's office in the county or the judicial circuit in which the offense was filed. All pretrial diversion program fees under the act shall be deposited in a timely manner by the district attorney into the

district attorney's Solicitor Fund pursuant to Section 11. The district attorney shall make the deposits in a timely manner; pursuant to commonly accepted accounting practices. The District Attorney's Solicitor Fund shall be subject to regular audits by the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts.

Section 9. The district attorney and the offender may enter into an agreement, as a part of a pretrial diversion program established under this act, that the offender be admitted to a drug or alcohol program on an inpatient or outpatient basis or receive other treatment alternatives for substance abuse. The district attorney may require the offender to submit to periodic or random drug testing or other terms and conditions related to substance abuse. The offender shall pay the costs of all services unless otherwise approved by the district attorney.

Section 10. (a) In any case in which an offender is admitted into a pretrial diversion program established under this act, there shall be a written agreement between the district attorney and the offender. The agreement shall include the terms of the pretrial diversion program, the length of the program, and the period of time after which the district attorney must dispose of the charges against the offender in a noncriminal manner. If, as part of the pretrial diversion program, the offender agrees to plead guilty to a particular charge or charges and receive a specific sentence, an agreement concerning when the plea of guilt will occur, to what charges to which the offender will plead guilty and any

sentence to be imposed, shall be approved by and submitted to an appropriate circuit, district, or municipal court judge having jurisdiction over the offender within the judicial circuit prior to admission of the offender in the pretrial diversion program.

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- (b) As a condition of being admitted to the pretrial diversion program, the district attorney may require the offender to agree to any of the following terms or conditions:
 - (1) Pay approved restitution to a victim
- (2) Participate in an education setting to include, but not limited to, K-12, college, job training school, trade school, GED classes, adult basic education courses, or any other workforce development program approved by the district attorney.
- 15 (3) If appropriate, attempt to learn to read and write.
 - (4) Financially support his or her children or pay child support.
 - (5) Refrain from the use of alcohol or drugs or frequenting places where alcohol or drugs are sold or used.
 - (6) Refrain from contact with certain persons or premises.
 - (7) Maintain or seek employment.
 - (8) Attend individual, group, or family counseling.
 - (9) Pay court costs, fees, and fines.
 - (10) Be required to conduct himself or herself in an honorable manner as a good member of the community, and not

- endanger in any way the person, property rights, dignity, or morals of others or himself or herself.
- 3 (11) Be required to comply with all municipal, 4 county, state, and federal law, ordinances, or orders.

- (12) Be required to be absolutely truthful in any oral or written application or reports to the pretrial diversion program.
- (13) Be required to pay supervision fees to the agency or entity responsible for monitoring and verifying the offenders' compliance with the terms of the pretrial diversion program set forth by the district attorney. These fees shall be paid by the offender to the supervising agency or entity in a timely manner.
- (14) Observe curfews, home detention, electronic monitoring, or travel constraints as set out in the offender's agreement.
- (15) Enter into an agreement with the district attorney to have restitution, court costs, fines, fees, or child support withheld, forfeiture of accounts, assets, or garnished from the wages or salary of the offender.
 - (15) Complete approved community service.
- (16) Agree to the court's jurisdiction beyond the term of pretrial diversion, incarceration, probation, parole, or end of sentence for the purposes of the collection of court-ordered or agreed upon fines, fees, cost of court, and restitution pursuant to Section 12-17-225, Code of Alabama 1975.

1 (17) Agree to the terms and conditions of the 2 pretrial diversion program established by the district 3 attorney.

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- (18) Provide a statement admitting his or her participation in, and responsibility for, the offense which is the subject of the application for entry into the pretrial diversion program.
- (19) Refrain from the possession of or use of any 8 9 firearm.
 - (20) Pay the application fee pursuant to this act.
 - (21) Participate in and complete a drug court program.
- 13 (22) Complete a certified drug or alcohol addiction evaluation and treatment program.
 - (23) Complete a certified mental health evaluation and treatment program.
 - (24) Agree to be subject to any other terms or conditions as required by the district attorney set out in the pretrial diversion agreement. The district attorney shall be given broad discretion in designing a program specifically for each offender and circumstances of the offender.

Section 11. (a) All fees paid by offenders pursuant to this act shall be paid into the District Attorney's Solicitor Fund and shall be used to pay costs associated with the administration of the pretrial diversion program or for any other law enforcement purpose. An additional twenty dollars (\$20) collected by the district attorney per applicant shall be paid to the Office of Prosecution Services for creation and maintenance of the offender database described in Section 17.

(b) Costs associated with program administration include, but are not limited to, salaries, rent, vehicles, uniforms, telephones, postage, office supplies, public education, reports, and equipment, training and travel services, service contracts, or professional services. The district attorney may pay for services or programs for an offender while the offender is in the pretrial diversion program if special circumstances and justice dictate.

Section 12. (a) If the offender violates the conditions of a pretrial diversion program established under this act, the district attorney may terminate the participation of the offender. The offender shall be given written notice of the intent of the district attorney to terminate him or her from the pretrial diversion program including the reason for the termination. If the offender is unavailable for notice or has absconded, the district attorney may provide notice of termination from the pretrial diversion program or any portion thereof, by giving notice to the offender's attorney of record or by regular mail to the most recent known address provided by the offender.

(b) The district attorney may waive a violation for good cause shown why the offender should stay in the pretrial diversion program.

Section 13. (a) Absent wantonness, gross negligence, or intentional misconduct, the district attorney or his or her staff shall have no liability, criminal or civil, for the conduct of any offender while participating in a pretrial diversion program established under this act or of any service provider or their agents that are contracted to or who have agreed to provide services to the pretrial diversion program.

(b) The district attorney or his or her staff shall have no liability, criminal or civil, for any injury or harm to the offender while the offender is a participant in any pretrial diversion program administered pursuant to this act. The district attorney may require written agreed upon waivers of liability as a prerequisite for admittance into the pretrial diversion program.

Section 14. A pretrial diversion program established under this act may apply for grants, may accept gifts from individuals or corporations, and may receive funding or appropriations from city, county, or state agencies or departments to be used in the maintenance or expansion of the pretrial diversion program.

Section 15. If a district attorney establishes a pretrial diversion program under this act, the district attorney may form an advisory board within the county or judicial circuit, which may be known as the Citizens Justice Advisory Board for Pretrial Diversion, for the purpose of assisting the district attorney in the determination of appropriate pretrial diversion candidates. The district

attorney shall retain the final decision as to the admittance or denial of individuals into the pretrial diversion program, the fees, the guidelines of the program, and any resources the pretrial diversion program utilizes. The district attorney shall appoint all members of any advisory board and shall determine when or if it should meet. The board shall be inclusive and reflect the racial, gender, geographic, urban and rural, and economic diversity of the circuit. The advisory board shall serve without personal profit, but may be paid from the District Attorney's Solicitor Fund for actual expenses incurred in connection with its duties.

Section 16. (a) A district attorney, to the extent practicable, may utilize the services of existing community corrections programs established pursuant to Section 15-18-170, Code of Alabama 1975, or licensed faith based community programs to provide for the supervision of defendants participating in a pretrial diversion program established under this act. The district attorney may utilize the services of existing drug court programs established pursuant to Section 12-23A-4, Code of Alabama 1975, provided that the district attorney determines it would serve the best interest of justice and the community.

(b) If, upon enactment of this legislation, a pretrial diversion program or an equivalent, has been established in the circuit by local law, the district attorney may choose to adopt this act in its entirety or any portion or

portions that the district attorney believes would best serve the interest of justice and the community.

(c) If, pursuant to subsection (b), a district attorney elects to opt into any provision or provisions of this act, he or she must file such an election with the Office of Prosecution Services.

Section 17. (a) The Office of Prosecution Services shall develop and maintain a pretrial diversion offender database. Each district attorney shall submit the name and identifying personal vital information, including the name and description of any underlying qualifying offense, of an offender participating in a pretrial diversion program, whether established by this act or created by local law, upon successful completion of the program for entry into the database.

- (b) The information entered into the database must contain identifiers sufficient to provide any future court of competent jurisdiction the ability to determine the original underlying offense or charge which was diverted, nolle prossed, or otherwise disposed of without conviction or adjudication.
- (c) Information in the database concerning any applicant may be used by any district attorney in determining admittance into a pretrial diversion program or its equivalent. A district attorney may submit prior pretrial diversion dispositions from any jurisdiction contained within the database to the court for the purpose of assisting the

court in its ruling with regard to a ruling on youthful 1 2 offender, or any first offender or first offender-type judicial determination. Nothing in this act shall prohibit any 3 district attorney from entering pretrial diversion dispositions of offenders, pursuant to this section, that were 5 previously disposed of in a pretrial diversion program or its 6 7 equivalent. Section 18. The provisions of this act are 8 severable. If any part of this act is declared invalid or 9 10 unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part 11 which remains. 12 Section 19. This act shall become effective 13 immediately following its passage and approval by the

Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.