- 1 SB451
- 2 136294-3
- 3 By Senator Pittman
- 4 RFD: Banking and Insurance
- 5 First Read: 22-MAR-12

1	136294-3:n:03/22/2012:JGW/JGW
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, insurance adjusters are
9	defined to be representatives of the insurance
10	company and not of the insured.
11	This bill would provide for the licensing
12	and regulation of public adjusters of insurance
13	claims. This bill would state legislative intent to
14	make Alabama's law substantially similar to the
15	Public Adjuster Licensing Model Act developed by
16	the National Association of Insurance
17	Commissioners.
18	
19	A BILL
20	TO BE ENTITLED
21	AN ACT
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23	Relating to insurance; to provide for the
24	qualifications and procedures for the licensing of public
25	adjusters; to provide definitions and exceptions to the
26	licensing and registration requirements; to require public
27	adjusters to take and pass a written examination, with

1 exception; to provide for nonresident licensing; to require 2 public adjusters to complete a minimum of 24 hours of continuing education on a biennial basis; to provide standards 3 4 of conduct for public adjusters; to require public adjusters 5 to report administrative action taken against them in other jurisdictions; to give the Commissioner of Insurance authority 6 7 to promulgate rules necessary to administer and enforce this act; to authorize a delayed effective date for certain 8 provisions; and to amend Section 27-4-2, Code of Alabama 1975, 9 10 as amended by Act 2011-637, to provide license and application fees for public adjusters. 11

## 12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

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Section 1. Purpose and Scope.

14 This act governs the qualifications and procedures 15 for the licensing of public adjusters. It specifies the duties of and restrictions on public adjusters, which include 16 17 limiting their licensure to assisting insureds in first party claims. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this 18 act to make the law in this state similar to the Public 19 Adjuster Licensing Model Act developed by the National 20 21 Conference of Insurance Commissioners.

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Section 2. Definitions.

For purposes of this act, the following terms shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section: (1) BUSINESS ENTITY. A corporation, association,
 partnership, limited liability company, limited liability
 partnership or other legal entity.

4 (2) COMMISSIONER. The Alabama Commissioner of5 Insurance.

(3) HOME STATE. The District of Columbia and any 6 7 state or territory of the United States in which a public adjuster maintains his, her or its principal place of 8 residence or business and is licensed to act as a resident 9 10 public adjuster. If the resident jurisdiction does not license 11 public adjusters, the public adjuster shall designate as the 12 adjuster's home state any state in which the public adjuster 13 is licensed and in good standing.

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(4) INDIVIDUAL. A natural person.

(5) NAIC. The National Association of Insurance
Commissioners, its subsidiaries and affiliates, and any
successor thereof.

(6) PERSON. An individual or a business entity.

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(7) PUBLIC ADJUSTER. As defined in Section 3.

(8) STATE OF EMERGENCY. An event for which the
existence of a state of emergency has been declared by the
Governor or the Legislature under Section 31-9-8, Code of
Alabama 1975.

(9) UNIFORM INDIVIDUAL APPLICATION. The versions of
 the NAIC Uniform Individual Application for a license and for
 renewal or continuation of a license current as of the time of
 use.

1 (10) UNIFORM BUSINESS ENTITY APPLICATION. The 2 versions of the NAIC Uniform Business Entity Application for a 3 license and for renewal or continuation of a license current 4 as of the time of use.

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Section 3. "Public adjuster" defined; exclusions.

6 (a) For purposes of this act, a "public adjuster" is
7 a person who, for compensation or any other thing of value,
8 does any of the following on behalf of an insured:

9 (1) Solely in relation to first party claims arising 10 under insurance contracts that insure the real or personal property of the insured, acts on behalf of or aids an insured 11 12 to ascertain the amount of the damage or loss made the subject 13 of a claim for damage or loss covered by an insurance 14 contract, to assist in preparation and submission of the claim 15 to an insurer, and to effect settlement of the claim by communication with an insurer or insurer's independent or 16 17 company adjuster concerning any competing damage or loss valuations in those circumstances which do not rise to the 18 level of a defaulted, controverted, or disputed claim or 19 demand. 20

(2) Advertises for employment as a public adjuster
of insurance claims or solicits business or represents himself
or herself to the public as a public adjuster of first party
insurance claims for losses or damages arising out of policies
of insurance that insure real or personal property.

26 (3) Directly or indirectly solicits business,
 27 investigates or adjusts losses, advises an insured about

first-party claims for losses or damages arising out of policies of insurance that insure real or personal property for another person, or engages in the business of adjusting losses or damages covered by an insurance policy for the insured.

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(b) A "public adjuster" does not include following:

7 (1) Attorneys-at-law admitted to practice in this
8 state when acting in their professional capacity as an
9 attorney.

(2) A person who negotiates or settles claims
 arising under a life or health insurance policy or an annuity
 contract.

(3) A person employed only for the purpose of
obtaining facts surrounding a loss or furnishing technical
assistance to a licensed public adjuster, including
photographers, estimators, private investigators, engineers
and handwriting experts.

(4) A licensed health care provider, or employee of
a licensed health care provider, who prepares or files a
health claim form on behalf of a patient.

(5) A person who settles subrogation claims between
 insurers.

(c) Nothing in this act shall be construed as
permitting a public adjuster to give legal advice or to
otherwise engage in activity constituting the practice of law,
or to act on behalf of or aid any person in negotiating or

settling a claim relating to bodily injury, death, or
 noneconomic damages.

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Section 4. License required.

4 (a) A person shall not act or hold the person out as
5 a public adjuster in this state unless the person is licensed
6 as a public adjuster in accordance with this act.

7 (b) A business entity licensed as a public adjuster
8 shall only designate licensed individual public adjusters to
9 exercise the business entity's license.

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Section 5. Application for license.

11 (a) The commissioner may contract with 12 non-governmental entities, including the NAIC, to perform any 13 ministerial functions, including the collection of fees and 14 data, related to licensing that the commissioner may deem 15 appropriate. The commissioner may require that license applications, license renewal applications, and supporting 16 17 documentation be filed and all required fees and charges be paid electronically through systems operated or maintained by 18 the non-governmental entities. 19

20 (b) An individual applying for a resident public 21 adjuster license shall apply to the commissioner on the 22 appropriate NAIC Uniform Individual Application and declare 23 under penalty of suspension, revocation or refusal of the 24 license that the statements made in the application are true, correct and complete to the best of the individual's knowledge 25 and belief. Before approving the application, the commissioner 26 27 shall find that the individual:

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(1) Is at least 18 years of age.

2 (2) Is eligible to designate this state as his or
3 her home state.

4 (3) Has not committed any act that is a ground for
5 probation, suspension, revocation or refusal of a public
6 adjuster's license as set forth in Section 10.

(4) Has completed a prelicensing course of study.

8 (5) Has successfully passed the public adjuster9 examination.

10 (6) Has paid the fees set forth in Section 27-4-2,
11 Code of Alabama 1975.

(c) No resident of another state or of the District of Columbia may be licensed pursuant to this section or may designate Alabama as his or her home state unless the person has successfully passed the public adjuster examination and has otherwise complied with the other applicable portions of this section.

(d) A business entity applying for a resident public 18 adjuster license shall apply to the commissioner on the 19 20 appropriate NAIC Uniform Business Entity Application and 21 declare under penalty of suspension, revocation or refusal of 22 the license that the statements made in the application are 23 true, correct and complete to the best of the business 24 entity's knowledge and belief. Before approving the 25 application, the commissioner shall find that the business 26 entity:

(1) Is eligible to designate this state as its home
 state.

3 (2) As applicable, has qualified or registered with
4 the office of the Alabama Secretary of State to engage in
5 business in this state.

(3) Has designated an individual public adjuster
licensed in this state as responsible for the business
entity's compliance with this act and with the insurance laws,
rules, and regulations of this state.

10 (4) Has not committed an act that is a ground for
11 probation, suspension, revocation or refusal of a public
12 adjuster's license as set forth in Section 10.

13 (5) Has paid the fees set forth in Section 27-4-2,
14 Code of Alabama 1975.

(d) Before issuing a public adjuster license to an
applicant under this section, the commissioner shall also find
that the applicant:

(1) Is financially responsible to exercise the
license and has provided proof of financial responsibility as
required in Section 11.

(2) Maintains an office in the home state with
public access by reasonable appointment or regular business
hours. This requirement shall not be deemed to prohibit
maintenance of such an office in the applicant's home.

(e) The commissioner may require any documents
 reasonably necessary to verify the information contained in
 the application.

Section 6. License; license renewal; name or address
 change.

3 (a) Unless denied licensure pursuant to Section 10,
4 a person who meets the requirements of Sections 5 and 7 shall
5 be issued a public adjuster license.

6 (b) A public adjuster license shall be initially 7 renewed in accordance with a schedule prescribed by the commissioner and shall thereafter be subject to renewal on a 8 biennial basis. A renewal shall be effected by submitting a 9 renewal application, by paying the fee for renewal prescribed 10 in Section 27-4-2, Code of Alabama 1975, and by meeting the 11 12 requirements for renewal, including any applicable continuing 13 education requirements, before the due date for renewal. A 14 license expires if not renewed by the due date for renewal.

(c) Within the first 30 days following the date a public adjuster license expires, a reinstatement retroactive to the expiration date shall be effected by submitting a renewal application, by paying a fee of one and one-half times the renewal fee required in Section 27-4-2, Code of Alabama 1975, and by meeting the other requirements for renewal including any applicable continuing education requirements.

(d) After the first 30 days following the date a public adjuster license expires but within 12 months after the expiration date, the license may be reinstated effective as of the reinstatement by submitting a renewal application, by paying a fee of double the renewal fee required in Section 27 27-4-2, Code of Alabama 1975, and by meeting the other

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requirements for renewal including any applicable continuing
 education requirements.

3 (e) After a public adjuster license has been expired
4 12 months, the person must reapply pursuant to Section 5 to
5 again become licensed.

6 (f) A public adjuster who is unable to comply with 7 license renewal procedures and requirements due to military 8 service, long-term medical disability or some other 9 extenuating circumstance may request a waiver of same and a 10 waiver of any examination requirement, fine or other sanction 11 imposed for failure to comply with renewal procedures.

(g) The license shall contain the licensee's name,
address, personal identification number, the date of issuance
and expiration, and any other information the commissioner
deems necessary.

(h) The public adjuster shall inform the 16 17 commissioner of a change in legal name or address within 30 days of the change in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. 18 Failure to timely inform the commissioner of a change in legal 19 name or address shall result in a penalty of fifty dollars 20 21 (\$50). If the penalty is not paid within 30 days after notice 22 of the penalty assessment, the license shall be suspended until the penalty is paid. 23

Section 7. Prelicensing course and examination.
(a) (1) Every individual subject to the examination
required in subsection (b) must first complete a prelicensing

course consisting of 20 classroom hours, or equivalent
 individual instruction.

3 (2) The prelicensing course must have been completed
4 within 12 months before the date of the examination as shown
5 on the certificate furnished by the prelicensing course
6 provider.

7 (3) Every prelicensing course provider shall apply
8 annually for the continued authority to issue certificates of
9 completion under rules to be prescribed by the commissioner.

10 (4) At the time of initial approval and annually 11 thereafter the commissioner shall collect from each 12 prelicensing course provider a fee set by the commissioner not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100). The fee shall be 13 14 deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Insurance 15 Department Fund. Public institutions shall be exempt from paying the fee but shall otherwise be subject to the rules and 16 17 regulations applicable to other providers.

(b) (1) An individual intending to apply for a public
adjuster license must pass a written examination unless exempt
pursuant to Section 8.

(2) The examination shall test the knowledge of the individual concerning property insurance, the duties and responsibilities of a public adjuster, and the insurance laws and regulations of this state. The examination required by this section shall be developed and conducted under rules and regulations prescribed by the commissioner. (3) Each individual applying for the examination
 shall furnish a certificate of completion of the prelicensing
 course from an authorized prelicensing course provider and pay
 a non-refundable fee prescribed by the commissioner as set
 forth in Section 27-4-2, Code of Alabama 1975.

(4) The commissioner may make arrangements,
including contracting with an outside testing service, for
administering examinations and collecting the nonrefundable
fee set forth in Section 27-4-2, Code of Alabama 1975.

10 (5) An individual who fails to appear for the
11 examination as scheduled or fails to pass the examination,
12 shall reapply for an examination and remit all required fees
13 and forms before being rescheduled for another examination.

14 (6) No individual who has taken and failed to pass two examinations given pursuant to this section shall be 15 16 entitled to take any further examination until after the 17 expiration of three months from the date of the last examination which the individual failed to pass. If the 18 individual thereafter fails to pass the examination after two 19 20 more attempts, the individual shall not be eligible to take 21 any further examination until after the expiration of six 22 months from the date of the last unsuccessful examination. An 23 examination fee shall be paid for each and every examination. 24 Section 8. Exemptions from examination.

(a) An individual applicant for a public adjuster
 license in this state shall not be required to complete any
 prelicensing course or examination if the person is currently

1 licensed in another state as a public adjuster based on a 2 public adjuster examination or if such state license has expired and the application is received by this state within 3 4 90 days of expiration. The applicant must either provide certification from the other state that the applicant's 5 6 license is currently in good standing or was in good standing 7 at the time of expiration or the state's producer database records maintained by the NAIC must indicate that the 8 9 applicant is or was licensed in good standing.

(b) A person licensed as a public adjuster in
another state based on a public adjuster examination who,
within 90 days of establishing legal residency in this state,
applies to become a resident public adjuster pursuant to
Section 6 shall not be required to complete a prelicensing
course or an examination.

(c) An individual who applies for a public adjuster 16 17 license in this state who was previously licensed as a public adjuster in this state shall not be required to complete a 18 prelicensing course or examination, but this exemption is only 19 available if the application is received within 12 months of 20 21 the cancellation of the applicant's previous license in this 22 state and if, at the time of cancellation, the applicant was 23 in good standing in this state.

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Section 9. Nonresident license.

(a) Unless refused licensure pursuant to Section 10,
 a nonresident person shall receive a nonresident public
 adjuster license if:

(1) The person is currently licensed in good
 standing as a resident public adjuster in his, her or its
 resident or home state.

4 (2) The person has applied for a license and has
5 paid the fees required by Section 27-4-2, Code of Alabama
6 1975.

7 (3) If a business entity, and as applicable, the
8 entity has qualified or registered with the office of the
9 Alabama Secretary of State to engage in business in this
10 state.

(4) The person's designated home state awards
non-resident public adjuster licenses to residents of this
state on the same basis.

(b) The commissioner may verify the public
adjuster's licensing status through any appropriate database,
including the Producer Database maintained by the NAIC or may
request certification of good standing as described in
subsection (a) of Section 8.

(c) As a condition to continuation of a nonresident 19 20 public adjuster license in this state, the licensee shall 21 maintain a resident public adjuster license in the adjuster's 22 home state. A licensee shall notify the commissioner within 30 23 days if the licensee's resident public adjuster license 24 terminates for any reason and shall include the new address if the licensee has obtained a resident license in a new home or 25 resident state. Termination of a resident or home state 26 27 license shall terminate the nonresident public adjuster

license in this state unless the termination is due to the public adjuster being issued a new resident public adjuster license in the adjuster's new resident or home state, provided the new resident or home state awards nonresident public adjuster licenses to persons of this state on the same basis.

6 Section 10. License denial, non-renewal, or 7 revocation.

8 (a) The commissioner may place on probation, 9 suspend, revoke or refuse to issue or renew a public 10 adjuster's license, or may levy a civil penalty in accordance 11 with subsection (d), or any combination of actions, for any 12 one or more of the following causes:

(1) Providing incorrect, misleading, incomplete, or
 materially untrue information in the license application.

15 (2) Violating any insurance laws, regulations,
16 subpoena or order of the commissioner or of another state's
17 insurance regulator.

18 (3) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license19 through misrepresentation or fraud.

(4) Improperly withholding, misappropriating, or
 converting any monies or properties received in the course of
 acting as an adjuster of any type or in otherwise doing
 insurance business in this state or elsewhere.

(5) Intentionally misrepresenting the terms of anactual insurance contract.

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(6) Having been convicted of a felony.

(7) Having admitted or been found to have committed
 any insurance unfair trade practice or fraud.

3 (8) Using fraudulent, coercive or dishonest
4 practices, or demonstrating incompetence, untrustworthiness or
5 financial irresponsibility, in the course of acting as an
6 adjuster of any type or otherwise in the conduct of business
7 in this state or elsewhere.

8 (9) Having a public adjuster license, independent 9 adjuster license, company or employee adjuster license, 10 emergency adjuster license or registration or its equivalent, 11 or insurance producer license or its equivalent suspended, 12 revoked or refused in any other state, province, district, or 13 territory.

14 (10) Forging another's name to any document related
15 to an insurance transaction or in connection with a claim
16 being adjusted by the adjuster.

(11) Cheating, including improperly using notes or
any other reference material, to complete an examination for
an insurance license.

(12) Failing to comply with an administrative or
 court order imposing a child support obligation.

(13) Failing to pay state income tax or comply with
 any administrative or court order directing payment of state
 income tax which remains unpaid.

(14) Violation of one or more of the standards ofconduct prescribed in Section 17.

(15) If not actively licensed as an attorney in
 Alabama, engaging in conduct in exercise of a public
 adjuster's license which is the practice of law.

4 (b) In the event the action by the commissioner is to refuse application for licensure or renewal of an existing 5 6 license, the commissioner shall notify the applicant or 7 licensee in writing, advising of the reason for the refusal. The applicant or licensee may make written demand upon the 8 commissioner within 30 days for a hearing before the 9 10 commissioner to determine the reasonableness of the refusal. The hearing shall be held pursuant to Chapter 2 of Title 27, 11 12 Code of Alabama 1975.

13 (c) The license of a business entity may be placed 14 on probation, suspended, or revoked if the commissioner finds, 15 after a hearing, that an individual licensee's violation occurred while acting on behalf of or representing the 16 17 business entity and that the violation was known or should have been known by one or more of the business entity's 18 partners, officers, or managers and that the violation was 19 20 neither reported to the commissioner nor was corrective action 21 taken in relation thereto.

(d) In the absence of a greater fine specifically
provided elsewhere in Title 27 of the Code of Alabama 1975,
and in addition to or in lieu of any applicable probation,
suspension, revocation or refusal, a person, in the sole
discretion of the commissioner after a hearing, may be subject

additionally to a civil fine in an amount not to exceed ten
 thousand dollars (\$10,000) per violation.

(e) The commissioner shall retain the authority to
enforce the provisions of and impose any penalty or remedy
authorized by this act or elsewhere in Title 27 of the Code of
Alabama 1975, against any person who is under investigation
for or charged with a violation of this act or Title 27 even
if the person's license or registration has been surrendered
or has lapsed by operation of law.

10 (f) The commissioner shall promptly report to the 11 Alabama State Bar any evidence that a person licensed as a 12 public adjuster on an emergency or permanent basis, but not 13 also actively licensed as an attorney in Alabama is engaging, 14 or has engaged, in activities which appear to be the practice 15 of law.

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Section 11. Bond or letter of credit.

(a) Prior to issuance of a license as a public
adjuster and for the duration of the license, the applicant
shall secure evidence of financial responsibility in a format
prescribed by the commissioner through either a security bond
or irrevocable letter of credit.

(b) The surety bond must be executed and issued by
an insurer authorized to issue surety bonds in this state, and
meet all of the following requirements:

(1) It shall be in the minimum amount of twenty
thousand dollars (\$20,000).

(2) It shall be in favor of this state and shall 1 2 specifically authorize recovery by the commissioner on behalf of any person in this state who sustained damages as the 3 4 result of erroneous acts, failure to act, conviction of fraud, or conviction of unfair practices in his or her capacity as a 5 public adjuster. 6 7 (3) It shall not be terminated unless at least 30 days' prior written notice will have been filed with the 8 commissioner and given to the licensee. 9 10 (c) The letter of credit must be irrevocable, issued by a qualified financial institution, and meet all of the 11 12 following requirements: 13 (1) It shall be in the minimum amount of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000). 14 15 (2) It shall be to an account to the commissioner and subject to lawful levy of execution on behalf of any 16 17 person to whom the public adjuster has been found to be legally liable as the result of erroneous acts, failure to 18 act, fraudulent acts, or unfair practices in his or her 19 capacity as a public adjuster. 20 21 (3) It shall not be terminated unless at least 30 22 days' prior written notice will have been filed with the 23 commissioner and given to the licensee. 24 (d) The issuer of the evidence of financial 25 responsibility shall notify the commissioner upon termination 26 of the bond or letter of credit, unless otherwise directed by

27 the commissioner.

(e) The commissioner may ask for the evidence of
 financial responsibility at any time the commissioner deems
 relevant.

4 (f) The authority to act as a public adjuster shall
5 automatically terminate if the evidence of financial
6 responsibility terminates or becomes impaired.

Section 12. Continuing education.

8 (a) An individual who holds a public adjuster 9 license and who is not exempt under subsection (b) shall 10 satisfactorily complete a minimum of 24 hours of continuing 11 education courses as may be approved by the commissioner, of 12 which three hours must be in ethics, reported to the 13 commissioner on a biennial basis in conjunction with the 14 license renewal cycle.

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(b) This section shall not apply to:

16 (1) Licensees not licensed for one full year prior17 to the end of the applicable continuing education biennium.

18 (2) Licensees holding nonresident public adjuster
19 licenses who have met the continuing education requirements of
20 their home state and whose home state gives credit to
21 residents of this state on the same basis.

(c) Only continuing education courses and providers
approved by the commissioner shall be used to satisfy the
continuing education requirements of this section. Continuing
education providers and courses shall be subject to the same
requirements and fees set forth in Chapter 8A of Title 27 of
the Code of Alabama 1975.

1 (d) The commissioner shall prescribe the number of 2 hours of continuing education credit for each continuing 3 education course approved. Continuing education courses 4 submitted in accordance with a reciprocal agreement the 5 commissioner enters with other states shall be approved 6 according to the provisions of the reciprocal agreement.

(e) If a continuing education course requires
successful completion of a written examination, no continuing
education credit shall be given to licensees who do not
successfully complete the written examination.

(f) An individual teaching any approved continuing education course shall qualify for the same number of hours of continuing education credit as would be granted to a licensee taking and satisfactorily completing the course.

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Section 13. Public adjuster fees.

(a) A public adjuster shall not pay a commission,
service fee, or other valuable consideration to a person for
investigating or settling claims in this state if that person
is required to be licensed under this act and is not so
licensed.

(b) A person shall not accept a commission, service
fee, or other valuable consideration for investigating or
settling claims in this state if that person is required to be
licensed under this act and is not so licensed.

(c) A public adjuster may pay or assign commissions,
 service fees, or other valuable consideration to persons who
 do not investigate or settle claims in this state.

1 (d) In the event of a state of emergency, no public 2 adjuster shall charge or agree to or accept as compensation or reimbursement any payment, commission, fee, or other thing of 3 4 value equal to more than 10 percent of any insurance settlement or proceeds for claims resulting from the state of 5 emergency. 6 7 (e) No public adjuster shall require, demand, or accept any fee, retainer, compensation, deposit, or other 8 thing of value, prior to settlement of a claim. 9 10 Section 14. Contract between public adjuster and insured. 11 12 (a) Public adjusters shall ensure that all contracts 13 for their services are in writing and contain all of the 14 following terms: 15 (1) Legible full name of the adjuster signing the contract, as specified in Department of Insurance records. 16 17 (2) Permanent home state business address and phone number. 18 (3) Department of Insurance license number. 19 (4) Title of "Public Adjuster Contract." 20 21 (5) The insured's full name, street address, 22 insurance company name and policy number, if known or upon 23 notification. 24 (6) A description of the loss and its location, if 25 applicable. 26 (7) Description of services to be provided to the 27 insured.

(8) Signatures of the public adjuster and the
 insured.

3 (9) Date contract was signed by the public adjuster4 and date the contract was signed by the insured.

5 (10) Attestation language stating that the public
6 adjuster is fully bonded pursuant to state law.

7 (11) Full salary, fee, commission, compensation or
8 other considerations the public adjuster is to receive for
9 services.

10 (b) (1) The contract may specify that the public 11 adjuster shall be named as a co-payee on an insurer's payment 12 of a claim.

13 (2) If the compensation is based on a share of the14 insurance settlement, the exact percentage shall be specified.

(3) Initial expenses to be reimbursed to the public
adjuster from the proceeds of the claim payment shall be
specified by type, with dollar estimates set forth in the
contract and with any additional expenses first approved by
the insured.

(4) Compensation provisions in a public adjusting
contract shall not be redacted in any copy of the contract
provided to the commissioner. Such a redaction shall
constitute an omission of a material fact is hereby declared a
deceptive act in violation of Chapter 12 of Title 27, Code of
Alabama 1975.

(c) The contract shall provide that the insured has
 the right to cancel the contract without penalty or obligation

1 within three business days after the date the contract was 2 signed, provided that during any state of emergency declared under Section 31-9-8, Code of Alabama 1975, and for a period 3 4 of one year after the date of the loss, the insured shall have five business days after the date on which the contract is 5 6 executed to cancel the contract. The contract may provide that 7 notice of cancellation be in writing and sent to the public adjuster by certified mail, return receipt requested, or other 8 form of mailing which provides proof of delivery, at the 9 address in the contract within the cancellation period. The 10 contract shall provide that if the insured exercises the right 11 12 to cancel the contract, anything of value given by the insured 13 under the contract will be returned to the insured within 15 14 business days following the receipt by the public adjuster of 15 the cancellation notice.

(d) If the insurer, not later than 72 hours after
the date on which the loss is reported to the insurer, either
pays or commits in writing to pay to the insured the policy
limit of the insurance policy, the public adjuster shall:

20 (1) Not receive a commission consisting of a
21 percentage of the total amount paid by an insurer to resolve a
22 claim.

(2) Inform the insured that loss recovery amountmight not be increased by insurer.

(3) Be entitled only to reasonable compensation from
the insured for services provided by the public adjuster on
behalf of the insured, based on the time spent on a claim and

expenses incurred by the public adjuster, until the claim is paid or the insured receives a written commitment to pay from the insurer.

4 (e) A public adjuster shall provide the insured a written disclosure concerning any direct or indirect financial 5 6 interest that the public adjuster has with any other party who 7 is involved in any aspect of the claim, other than the salary, fee, commission or other consideration established in the 8 written contract with the insured, including but not limited 9 10 to any ownership of, other than as a minority stockholder, or 11 any compensation expected to be received from, any 12 construction firm, salvage firm, building appraisal firm, 13 motor vehicle repair shop, or any other firm which that 14 provides estimates for work, or that performs any work, in 15 conjunction with damages caused by the insured loss on which the public adjuster is engaged. The word "firm" shall include 16 any corporation, partnership, association, joint-stock 17 company, or person. 18

19 (f) A public adjuster contract may not contain any 20 contract term that:

(1) Allows the public adjuster's percentage fee to be collected when money is due from an insurance company, but not paid, or that allows a public adjuster to collect the entire fee from the first check issued by an insurance company, rather than as percentage of each check issued by an insurance company. (2) Requires the insured to authorize an insurance
 company to issue a check only in the name of the public
 adjuster.

4 (3) Imposes collection costs or late fees.
5 (4) Precludes an insured from pursuing civil
6 remedies.

7 (g) Prior to the signing of the contract the public
8 adjuster shall provide the insured with a separate disclosure
9 document regarding the claim process that states:

10 "(1) Property insurance policies obligate the 11 insured to present a claim to his or her insurance company for 12 consideration. There are three types of adjusters that could 13 be involved in that process. The definitions of the three 14 types are as follows:

"a. "Company adjuster" means the insurance adjusters who are employees of an insurance company. They represent the interest of the insurance company and are paid by the insurance company. They will not charge you a fee.

19 "b. "Independent adjuster" means the insurance 20 adjusters who are hired on a contract basis by an insurance 21 company to represent the insurance company's interest in the 22 settlement of the claim. They are paid by your insurance 23 company. They will not charge you a fee.

24 "c. "Public adjuster" means the insurance adjusters 25 who do not work for any insurance company. They work for the 26 insured to assist in the preparation, presentation and 27 settlement of the claim. The insured hires them by signing a contract agreeing to pay them a fee or commission based on a
 percentage of the settlement, or other method of compensation.

3 "(2) The insured is not required to hire a public 4 adjuster to help the insured meet his or her obligations under 5 the policy, but has the right to do so.

6 "(3) The insured has the right to initiate direct 7 communications with the insured's attorney, the insurer, the 8 insurer's adjuster, and the insurer's attorney, or any other 9 person regarding the settlement of the insured's claim.

10 "(4) The public adjuster is not a representative or 11 employee of the insurer.

"(5) The salary, fee, commission or other consideration of the public adjuster is the obligation of the insured, not the insurer.

"(6) If the insured also hires an attorney, the fees and expenses to be paid to the attorney will be in addition to the fees and expenses charged by the public adjuster."

(h) The contracts shall be executed in duplicate to
provide an original contract to the public adjuster and an
original contract to the insured. The public adjuster's
original contract shall be available at all times for
inspection without notice by the commissioner.

(i) The public adjuster shall provide the insurer a
notification letter, which has been signed by the insured,
authorizing the public adjuster to represent the insured's
interest.

27

Section 15. Escrow or trust accounts.

A public adjuster who receives, accepts, or holds 1 2 any funds on behalf of an insured towards the settlement of a claim for loss or damage shall deposit the funds in a 3 4 non-interest bearing escrow or trust account in a financial institution that is insured by an agency of the federal 5 government in the public adjuster's home state or where the 6 7 loss occurred. Section 16. Record retention. 8 9 (a) A public adjuster shall maintain a complete 10 record of each transaction as a public adjuster. The records required by this section shall include the following: 11 12 (1) Name of the insured. 13 (2) Date, location and amount of the loss. 14 (3) Copy of the contract between the public adjuster 15 and insured. (4) Name of the insurer, amount, expiration date and 16 17 number of each policy carried with respect to the loss. (5) Itemized statement of the insured's recoveries. 18 (6) Itemized statement of all compensation received 19 20 by the public adjuster, from any source whatsoever, in 21 connection with the loss. 22 (7) A register of all monies received, deposited, 23 disbursed, or withdrawn in connection with a transaction with 24 an insured, including fees transfers and disbursements from a 25 trust account and all transactions concerning all interest 26 bearing accounts.

(8) Name of the public adjuster who executed the
 contract.

3 (9) Name of the attorney representing the insured,
4 if applicable, and the name of the claims representatives of
5 the insurance company.

6 (10) Evidence of financial responsibility in a
7 format prescribed by the insurance commissioner.

8 (b) Records shall be maintained for at least five 9 years after the termination of the transaction with an insured 10 and shall be open to examination by the commissioner at all 11 times.

12 (c) Records submitted to the commissioner in 13 accordance with this section that contain information 14 identified in writing as proprietary by the public adjuster 15 shall be treated as confidential by the commissioner and shall 16 not be subject to any open record laws of this state.

17

Section 17. Standards of conduct of public adjuster.

(a) A public adjuster is obligated, under the
adjuster's license, to serve with objectivity and complete
loyalty the interest of the client alone; and to render to the
insured such information, counsel, and service, as within the
knowledge, understanding, and opinion in good faith of the
licensee, as will best serve the insured's insurance claim
needs and interest.

(b) A public adjuster shall not misrepresent to a
claimant that the adjuster is an adjuster representing an
insurer in any capacity, including acting as an employee of

the insurer or acting as an independent adjuster unless so appointed by an insurer in writing to act on the insurer's behalf for that specific claim or purpose. A licensed public adjuster is prohibited from charging that specific claimant a fee when appointed by the insurer and the appointment is accepted by the public adjuster.

7 (c) A public adjuster shall not solicit, or attempt
8 to solicit, an insured during the progress of a loss-producing
9 occurrence, as defined in the insured's insurance contract.

(d) A public adjuster shall not permit an unlicensed
employee or representative of the public adjuster to conduct
business for which a license is required under this act.

(e) A public adjuster shall not have a direct or
indirect financial interest in any aspect of the claim, other
than the salary, fee, commission, or other consideration
established in the written contract with the insured, unless
full written disclosure has been made to the insured as set
forth in subsection (h).

(f) A public adjuster shall not acquire any interest in salvage of property subject to the contract with the insured unless the public adjuster obtains written permission from the insured after settlement of the claim with the insurer as set forth in subsection (h).

(g) A public adjuster shall abstain from referring
 or directing the insured to get needed repairs or services in
 connection with a loss from any person, unless disclosed to
 the insured:

(1) With whom the public adjuster has a financial
 interest.

3 (2) From whom the public adjuster may receive direct
4 or indirect compensation for the referral.

5 (h) A public adjuster shall disclose to an insured 6 if the adjuster has any interest in or will be compensated by 7 any construction firm, salvage firm, building appraisal firm, 8 motor vehicle repair shop, or any other firm that performs any 9 work in conjunction with damages caused by the insured loss. 10 The word "firm" shall include any corporation, partnership, 11 association, joint-stock company or individual.

(i) Any compensation or anything of value in
connection with an insured's specific loss that will be
received by a public adjuster shall be disclosed by the public
adjuster to the insured in writing including the source and
amount of the compensation.

(j) A public adjuster shall not give or offer to give a monetary loan or advance to a client or prospective client.

(k) A public adjuster or any individual or entity
acting on behalf of a public adjuster shall not directly or
indirectly give or offer to give any article of merchandise
having a value in excess of fifteen dollars (\$15) to any
individual for the purpose of advertising or as an inducement
to enter into a contract with a public adjuster.

(1) Public adjusters shall adhere to the followinggeneral ethical requirements:

1 (1) A public adjuster shall not undertake the 2 adjustment of any claim if the public adjuster is not 3 competent and knowledgeable as to the terms and conditions of 4 the insurance coverage, or which otherwise exceeds the public 5 adjuster's current expertise.

6 (2) A public adjuster shall not knowingly make any 7 oral or written material misrepresentations or statements 8 which are false or maliciously critical and intended to injure 9 any person engaged in the business of insurance to any insured 10 client or potential insured client.

11 (3) No public adjuster, while so licensed by the 12 Department, may represent or act as a company adjuster or 13 independent adjuster on the same claim.

14 (4) The contract shall not be construed to prevent
15 an insured from pursuing any civil remedy after the
16 three-business day revocation or cancellation period.

(5) A public adjuster shall not enter into a
contract or accept a power of attorney that vests in the
public adjuster the effective authority to choose the persons
who shall perform repair work.

(6) A public adjuster shall ensure that all
contracts for the public adjuster's services are in writing
and set forth all terms and conditions of the engagement.

(m) A public adjuster may not agree to any loss
 settlement without the insured's knowledge and consent.

(n) A public adjuster who is not actively licensed
 as an attorney in this state shall not give legal advice or
 otherwise engage in activities which are the practice of law.
 Section 18. Reporting of actions.

5 (a) A public adjuster shall report to the 6 commissioner any administrative action taken against the 7 public adjuster in another jurisdiction or by another 8 governmental agency in this state within 30 days of the final 9 disposition of the matter. This report shall include a copy of 10 the order, consent to order, or other relevant legal 11 documents.

(b) Within 30 days of the initial pretrial hearing date, a public adjuster shall report to the commissioner any criminal action taken against the public adjuster in this or any jurisdiction. The report shall include a copy of the initial complaint filed, the order resulting from the hearing, and any other relevant legal documents.

18

Section 19. Fingerprints.

(a) In order to make a determination of license
eligibility, the commissioner is authorized to require
fingerprints of applicants and submit the fingerprints and the
fee required to perform the criminal history record checks to
the Alabama Department of Public Safety and the Federal Bureau
of Investigation (FBI) for state and national criminal history
record checks.

(b) The commissioner is authorized to require a
 criminal history record check on each applicant in accordance

1 with this section. The commissioner shall require each 2 applicant to submit a full set of fingerprints (including a scanned file from a hard copy fingerprint) in order for the 3 4 commissioner to obtain and receive national criminal history records from the FBI Criminal Justice Information Services 5 6 Division. In the case of business entity applicants, the 7 commissioner shall require the submission of fingerprints of all of the following: 8

9 (1) All executive officers and directors of the 10 applicant.

(2) Any individual owning, directly or indirectly,
51 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of the
applicant.

14 (3) All executive officers and directors of entities
15 owning 51 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities
16 of the applicant.

(c) The commissioner may contract for the collection, transmission and resubmission of fingerprints required under this section. If the commissioner does so, the fee for collecting, transmitting and retaining fingerprints shall be payable directly to the contractor by the person. The commissioner may agree to a reasonable fingerprinting fee to be charged by the contractor.

(d) The commissioner may waive submission of
fingerprints by any person who has previously furnished
fingerprints and those fingerprints are on file with the
centralized repository of the NAIC.

(e) The commissioner is authorized to receive
 criminal history record information in lieu of the Alabama
 Department of Public Safety that submitted the fingerprints to
 the FBI.

5 (f) The commissioner is authorized to submit 6 electronic fingerprint records and necessary identifying 7 information to the NAIC for permanent retention in a 8 centralized repository. The purpose of such a centralized 9 repository is to provide insurance commissioners with access 10 to fingerprint records in order to perform criminal history 11 record checks.

12 (q) The commissioner shall treat and maintain an 13 applicant's fingerprints and any criminal history record 14 information obtained under this section as confidential and 15 shall apply security measures consistent with the Criminal Justice Information Services Division of the Federal Bureau of 16 17 Investigation standards for the electronic storage of fingerprints and necessary identifying information and limit 18 the use of records solely to the purposes authorized in this 19 section. The fingerprints and any criminal history record 20 21 information shall not be subject to subpoena, other than one 22 issued in a criminal action or investigation, and shall be 23 confidential.

24

Section 20. Rules.

(a) The commissioner may promulgate reasonable rules
 as are necessary or proper to carry out the purposes of this

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act in accordance with Chapter 2 of Title 27, Code of Alabama
 1975.

3 (b) The commissioner may by rule provide for delayed 4 enforcement dates of up to 24 months following the effective 5 date of this act to allow for the implementation of the 6 provisions of this act relating to fingerprinting, the 7 prelicensing course and examination, and continuing education.

Section 21. Civil actions; liability.

8

The commissioner, the Attorney General, the district 9 attorney of a county within which an alleged violation has 10 11 occurred, or any person may bring a civil action against a 12 person or business entity violating this act in the 13 appropriate court in the county where the alleged violator 14 resides or where the principal place of business of the alleged violator is located or in the county where the alleged 15 violation occurred. Upon a proper showing of a violation, the 16 17 court may temporarily, preliminarily, or permanently enjoin the defendant from violations of this act and award any other 18 legal or equitable relief, including actual damages and 19 punitive damages, as may be appropriate in light of the nature 20 21 of the violation.

Section 22. Section 27-4-2, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended by Act 2011-637, is amended to read as follows: "\$27-4-2.

"(a) The Commissioner of Insurance shall collect in
advance fees, licenses, and miscellaneous charges as follows:
"(1) Certificate of authority:

1	"a. Initial application for original certificate of
2	authority, including the filing with the commissioner of all
3	documents incidental thereto \$500
4	"b. Issuance of original certificate of authority
5	500
6	"c. Annual continuation or renewal fee 500
7	"d. Reinstatement fee 500
8	"(2) Charter documents, filing with the commissioner
9	amendment to articles of incorporation or of association, or
10	of other charter documents or to bylaws 25
11	"(3) Solicitation permit, filing application and
12	issuance 250
13	"(4) Annual statement of insurer, except when filed
14	as part of application for original certificate of authority,
15	filing 25
16	"(5) Producer licenses (resident or nonresident):
17	"a. Individuals:
18	"1. Application fee (For filing of initial
19	application for license) 20
20	"2. License fee (For issuance of original license)
21	40
22	"b. Business entities:
23	"1. Application fee (For filing of initial
24	application for license) 20
25	"2. License fee (For original license and each
26	biennial renewal) 100

"c. Examination fees (For producer examination or 1 2 reexamination, each classification of examination) ..... 50 "(6) Producer appointment fee: 3 4 "a. Filing notice of appointment ..... 30 "b. Annual continuation of appointment ..... 10 5 "(7) Reinsurance intermediary license: 6 7 "a. Filing application for license ..... 30 "b. Issuance of initial license ..... 140 8 "c. Annual continuation of license ..... 100 9 10 "(8) Managing general agent license: 11 "a. Application fee (For filing of initial application for license, each insurer) ..... 30 12 "b. Issuance of initial license, each insurer ..... 13 125 14 "c. Annual continuation of license, each insurer 15 .... 75 16 17 "(9) Service representative's license: "a. Application fee (For filing of initial 18 application for license, each insurer) ..... 20 19 20 "b. Appointment fee, property and casualty, each 21 insurer (For original appointment and each annual renewal) 22 ..... 30 "(10) Surplus line broker: 23 24 "a. Application fee (For filing of initial application for license) .... 20 25 "b. License fee (For original license and each 26 27 annual renewal):

"1. Individual licensees ..... 200 1 2 "2. Business entity licensees ..... 500 "(11) Adjusters (independent and public; resident or 3 4 nonresident): "a. Application fee (For filing of initial 5 application for license; individuals and business entities) 6 7 ..... 20 "b. License fee (For original license and each 8 biennial continuation) 9 10 "1. Individual licensees ..... 80 "2. Business entity licensees ..... 200 11 12 "c. Examination fee, an amount set by the 13 commissioner not to exceed ..... 100 "(12) Miscellaneous services: 14 15 "a. For copies of documents, records on file in Insurance Department, per page ..... 1 16 17 "b. For each certificate under seal of the commissioner, other than licenses ..... 5 18 "(13) The commissioner shall collect a fee of fifty 19 dollars (\$50) when, in acting as agent for service of process 20 21 for any insurance company, fraternal benefit society, mutual 22 aid association, nonresident producer, nonresident independent 23 or public adjuster, or nonresident surplus line broker, he or 24 she accepts the service of legal process as provided by the laws of this state. The commissioner shall refuse to receive 25 26 and file or serve any process unless the process is

1 accompanied by the aforementioned fee, which shall be taxed as 2 costs in the action.

"(b) The fees and licenses specified in subsection
(a) shall be deposited in the State Treasury with 50 percent
credited to the General Fund and 50 percent credited to the
Insurance Department Fund."

Section 23. This act shall become effective on the
first day of January next following its passage and approval
by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.