- 1 SB518
- 2 135585-3
- 3 By Senator McGill
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 12-APR-12

1	135585-3:n:04/12/2012:JET/tj LRS2012-65R2	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	SYNOPSIS:	Existing law does not provide for the
9		chemical castration of convicted sex offenders.
10		This bill would authorize the chemical
11		castration or physical castration of certain
12		criminal sex offenders under certain conditions
13		contingent upon a determination by a
14		court-appointed medical expert that the defendant
15		is an appropriate candidate for the drug injections
16		or physical castration.
17		This bill also would provide that once an
18		offender begins receiving court-ordered injections
19		for chemical castration, the failure to continue to
20		use the drug, without authorization by the court,
21		is a Class B felony.
22		Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
23		of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the
24		Official Recompilation of the Constitution of
25		Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general
26		law whose purpose or effect would be to require a

27

new or increased expenditure of local funds from

1 becoming effective with regard to a local 2 governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of 3 specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 6 7 the entity for the purpose.

> The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

15

5

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

## 16 A BILL

17 TO BE ENTITLED

18 AN ACT

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

26

27

Relating to the punishment of sex offenders; to provide for the use of chemical castration or physical castration for certain criminal sex offenders under certain conditions; to provide criminal penalties for failure to comply with the chemical castration process; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of

- 1 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official
- 2 Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as
- 3 amended.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 5 Section 1. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the
- 6 court may sentence a defendant to be treated with
- 7 medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA), according to a schedule of
- 8 administration monitored by the Department of Corrections,
- 9 upon the defendant's first conviction of any of the following
- 10 offenses:
- 11 (1) Rape in the first degree, Section 13A-6-61, Code
- 12 of Alabama 1975.
- 13 (2) Rape in the second degree, Section 13A-6-62,
- 14 Code of Alabama 1975.
- 15 (3) Sodomy in the first degree, Section 13A-6-63,
- 16 Code of Alabama 1975.
- 17 (4) Sexual torture, Section 13A-6-65.1, Code of
- 18 Alabama 1975.
- 19 (5) Sexual abuse in the first degree, Section
- 20 13A-6-66, Code of Alabama 1975.
- 21 (6) Sexual abuse of a child less than 12 years old,
- 22 Section 13A-6-69.1, Code of Alabama 1975.
- (b) (1) Notwithstanding any other law, the court
- shall sentence a defendant to be treated with
- 25 medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA), according to a schedule of
- administration monitored by the Department of Corrections,
- 27 upon the defendant's second or subsequent conviction of a

violation of any offense specified in subsection (a), or may, in its discretion, order the physical castration of the defendant.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other law, the court shall sentence a defendant to be physically castrated upon the defendant's third conviction of a violation of any offense specified in subsection (a).
- (c) If the court sentences a defendant to be treated with medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA), the penalty may not be imposed in lieu of, or reduce, any other penalty prescribed under law. However, in lieu of treatment with medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA), the court may order the defendant to undergo physical castration upon written motion by the defendant providing the defendant's intelligent, knowing, and voluntary consent to physical castration as an alternative penalty.
- (d) (1) An order of the court sentencing a defendant to medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA) treatment or physical castration under this section shall be contingent upon a determination by a court-appointed medical expert that the defendant is an appropriate candidate for treatment or physical castration. Such determination is to be made not later than 60 days from the imposition of sentence. An order of the court sentencing a defendant to medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA) treatment shall specify the duration of treatment for a specific term of years, or in the discretion of the court, up to the life of the defendant.

(2) In all cases involving defendants sentenced to a period of incarceration, the administration of treatment with medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA) shall commence not later than one week prior to the defendant's release from prison or other institution.

- (e) The Department of Corrections shall provide the services necessary to administer medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA) treatment. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to require the continued administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA) treatment when it is not medically appropriate.
- (f) A defendant whom the court has sentenced to be treated with medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA) who fails or refuses to do any of the following shall be guilty of a Class B felony:
- (1) Appear as required by the Department of Corrections for purposes of administering the medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA).
- (2) Allow the administration of medroxyprogesterone acetate (MPA).

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the

- bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an
  existing crime.
- Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.