- 1 SB541
- 2 140781-3
- 3 By Senator Beason
- 4 RFD: Job Creation and Economic Development
- 5 First Read: 19-APR-12

140781-3:n:04/19/2012:JET/mfc LRS2012-2483R2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 This bill would make revisions to the 8 SYNOPSIS: Beason-Hammon Alabama Taxpayer and Citizen 9 10 Protection Act. 11 Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 12 of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the 13 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general 14 15 law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from 16 17 becoming effective with regard to a local 18 governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of 19 20 specified exceptions; it is approved by the 21 affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates 22 funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 23 the entity for the purpose. 24 The purpose or effect of this bill would be 25 to require a new or increased expenditure of local 26 funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, 27 this bill does not require approval of a local

1	governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to
2	become effective because it comes within one of the
3	specified exceptions contained in the amendment.
4	
5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT
8	
9	To amend Sections 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15, 20, 21,
10	24, 27, 29, and 30 of Act 2011-535, 2011 Regular Session, now
11	appearing as Sections 31-13-3, 31-13-5, 31-13-6, 31-13-8,
12	31-13-9, 31-13-11, 31-13-13, 31-13-15, 31-13-19, 31-13-20,
13	31-13-23, 31-13-26, 31-13-28, and 31-13-29, Code of Alabama
14	1975, and Section 32-6-9, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended by
15	Section 17 of Act 2011-535, 2011 Regular Session, to make
16	revisions to the Beason-Hammon Alabama Taxpayer and Citizen
17	Protection Act; and in connection therewith would have as its
18	purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased
19	expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621
20	of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as
21	Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the
22	Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
24	Section 1. (a) The Legislature finds that the United
25	States Department of Justice has unnecessarily and recklessly
26	threatened Alabama law enforcement officers with personal law
27	suits if the officer appears to make what the Department of

Justice deems a misstep in enforcing the Beason-Hammon Alabama
 Taxpayer and Citizen Protection Act.

3 (b) Because of this finding, it is necessary for the
4 Legislature to defend its law enforcement officers against
5 federal overreach.

6 (c) If the Attorney General deems that the law 7 enforcement officer performed his or her duties enforcing Act 8 2011-535 according to accepted standards of Alabama law 9 enforcement, the state shall defend the law enforcement 10 officer against actions brought personally against the officer 11 by the United States Department of Justice.

Section 2. (a) The Administrative Office of Courts shall submit a quarterly report, organized by county, to the Alabama Department of Homeland Security summarizing the number of cases in which an unlawfully present person was detained by law enforcement and appeared in court for any violation of state law and shall include all of the following information in the report:

19

(1) The name of the unlawfully present person.

20 (2) The violation or charge alleged to have been
21 committed by the unlawfully present person.

22

(3) The name of the judge presiding over the case.

(4) The final disposition of the case, including
whether the unlawfully present person was released from
custody, remained in detention, or was transferred to the
custody of the appropriate federal immigration authorities.

1 (b) The Alabama Department of Homeland Security 2 shall publish on its public website, in a convenient and prominent location, the information provided in the quarterly 3 4 report from the Administrative Office of Courts. The display of this information on the department's public website shall 5 6 be searchable by county and presiding judge. 7 Section 3. Sections 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15, 20, 21, 24, 27, 29, and 30 of Act 2011-535, 2011 Regular Session, 8 now appearing as Sections 31-13-3, 31-13-5, 31-13-6, 31-13-8, 9 10 31-13-9, 31-13-11, 31-13-13, 31-13-15, 31-13-19, 31-13-20, 31-13-23, 31-13-26, 31-13-28, and 31-13-29, Code of Alabama 11 12 1975, are amended to read as follows: "§31-13-3. 13 14 "For the purposes of this chapter, the following 15 words shall have the following meanings: "(1) ALIEN. Any person who is not a citizen or 16 17 national of the United States, as described in 8 U.S.C. § 1101, et seq., and any amendments thereto. 18 "(2) BUSINESS ENTITY. Any person or group of persons 19 employing one or more persons and performing or engaging in 20 21 any activity, enterprise, profession, or occupation for gain, 22 benefit, advantage, or livelihood, whether for profit or not 23 for profit. Business entity shall include, but not be limited 24 to, the following: "a. Self-employed individuals, business entities 25 filing articles of incorporation, partnerships, limited 26 27 partnerships, limited liability companies, foreign

corporations, foreign limited partnerships, foreign limited
 liability companies authorized to transact business in this
 state, business trusts, and any business entity that registers
 with the Secretary of State.

5 "b. Any business entity that possesses a business 6 license, permit, certificate, approval, registration, charter, 7 or similar form of authorization issued by the state, any 8 business entity that is exempt by law from obtaining such a 9 business license, and any business entity that is operating 10 unlawfully without a business license.

"(3) CONTRACTOR. A person, employer, or business entity that enters into an agreement to perform any service or work or to provide a certain product in exchange for valuable consideration. This definition shall include, but not be limited to, a general contractor, subcontractor, independent contractor, contract employee, project manager, or a recruiting or staffing entity.

18 "(4) EMPLOYEE. Any person directed, allowed, or 19 permitted to perform labor or service of any kind by an 20 employer. The employees of an independent contractor working 21 for a business entity shall not be regarded as the employees 22 of the business entity, for the purposes of this chapter. This 23 term does not include any inmate in the legal custody of the 24 state, a county, or a municipality.

"(5) EMPLOYER. Any person, firm, corporation,
partnership, joint stock association, agent, manager,
representative, foreman, or other person having control or

1 custody of any employment, place of employment, or of any 2 employee, including any person or entity employing any person 3 for hire within the State of Alabama, including a public 4 employer. This term shall not include the occupant of a 5 household contracting with another person to perform casual 6 domestic labor within the household.

7 "(6) EMPLOYMENT. The act of employing or state of being employed, engaged, or hired to perform work or service 8 of any kind or character within the State of Alabama, 9 10 including any job, task, work, labor, personal services, or any other activity for which compensation is provided, 11 12 expected, or due, including, but not limited to, all 13 activities conducted by a business entity or employer. This term shall not include casual domestic labor performed in a 14 15 household on behalf of the occupant of the household or the relationship between a contractor and the employees of a 16 17 subcontractor performing work for the contractor.

18 "(7) E-VERIFY. The electronic verification of 19 federal employment authorization program of the Illegal 20 Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, 21 P.L. 104-208, Division C, Section 403(a); 8 U.S.C. §1324(a), 22 and operated by the United States Department of Homeland 23 Security, or its successor program.

"(8) FEDERAL WORK AUTHORIZATION PROGRAM. Any of the
electronic verification of work authorization programs
operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security
or an equivalent federal work authorization program operated

by the United States Department of Homeland Security to verify
information of newly hired employees, under the Immigration
Reform and Control Act of 1986 (IRCA), P.L. 99-603 or the
Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of
1996, P.L. 104-208, Division C, Section 403(a); 8 U.S.C.
\$1324(a).

7 "(9) KNOWS or KNOWINGLY. A person acts knowingly or
8 with knowledge with respect to either of the following:

9 "a. The person's conduct or to attendant 10 circumstances when the person is aware of the nature of the 11 person's conduct or that those circumstances exist.

12 "b. A result of the person's conduct when the person 13 is reasonably aware that the person's conduct is likely to 14 cause that result.

"(10) LAWFUL PRESENCE or LAWFULLY PRESENT. A person 15 shall be regarded as an alien unlawfully present in the United 16 17 States only if the person's unlawful immigration status has been verified by the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 18 1373(c). No officer of this state or any political subdivision 19 of this state shall attempt to independently make a final 20 21 determination of an alien's immigration status. An alien 22 possessing self-identification in any of the following forms 23 is entitled to the presumption that he or she is an alien 24 lawfully present in the United States:

25 "a. A valid, unexpired Alabama driver's license.
26 "b. A valid, unexpired Alabama nondriver
27 identification card.

"c. A valid tribal enrollment card or other form of
 tribal identification bearing a photograph or other biometric
 identifier.

4 "d. Any valid United States federal or state
5 government issued identification document bearing a photograph
6 or other biometric identifier, if issued by an entity that
7 requires proof of lawful presence in the United States before
8 issuance.

9 "e. A foreign passport with an unexpired United 10 States Visa and a corresponding stamp or notation by the 11 United States Department of Homeland Security indicating the 12 bearer's admission to the United States.

"f. A foreign passport issued by a visa waiver country with the corresponding entry stamp and unexpired duration of stay annotation or an I-94W form by the United States Department of Homeland Security indicating the bearer's admission to the United States.

18 "(11) POLICY OR PRACTICE. A guiding principle or 19 rule that may be written or adopted through repeated actions 20 or customs, which must be sanctioned by an agency or the head 21 of an agency.

"(12) PROTECTIVE SERVICES PROVIDER. A child
protective services worker; adult protective services worker;
protective services provider; or provider of services to
victims of domestic violence, stalking, sexual assault, or
human trafficking that receives federal grants under the

Victim of Crimes Act, the Violence Against Women Act, or the
 Family Violence Prevention and Services Act.

3 "(13) PUBLIC EMPLOYER. Every department, agency, or
4 instrumentality of the state or a political subdivision of the
5 state including counties and municipalities.

6 "(14) STATE-FUNDED ENTITY. Any governmental entity 7 of the state or a political subdivision thereof or any other 8 entity that receives any state monies.

9 "(15) SUBCONTRACTOR. A subcontractor, contract
10 employee, staffing agency, or any contractor, regardless of
11 its tier.

"(16) UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN. An alien who is not
authorized to work in the United States as defined in 8 U.S.C.
\$ 1324a(h)(3).

15

"§31-13-5.

"(a) No official or agency of this state or any 16 17 political subdivision thereof, including, but not limited to, an officer of a court of this state, may adopt a policy or 18 practice that limits or restricts the enforcement of federal 19 immigration laws by limiting communication between its 20 21 officers and federal immigration officials in violation of 8 22 U.S.C. § 1373 or 8 U.S.C. § 1644, or that restricts its 23 officers in the enforcement of this chapter. If, in the 24 judgment of the Attorney General of Alabama, an official or 25 agency of this state or any political subdivision thereof, 26 including, but not limited to, an officer of a court in this 27 state, is in violation of this subsection, the Attorney

1 General shall report any violation of this subsection to the 2 Governor and the state Comptroller and that agency or political subdivision shall not be eligible to receive any 3 4 funds, grants, or appropriations from the State of Alabama until such violation has ceased and the Attorney General has 5 6 so certified. Any appeal of the determination of the Attorney 7 General as considered in this section shall be first appealed to the circuit court of the respective jurisdiction in which 8 9 the alleged offending agency resides.

10 "(b) All state officials, agencies, and personnel, 11 including, but not limited to, an officer of a court of this 12 state, shall fully comply with and, to the full extent 13 permitted by law, support the enforcement of federal law 14 prohibiting the entry into, presence, or residence in the 15 United States of aliens in violation of federal immigration 16 law.

"(c) Except as provided by federal law, officials or 17 agencies of this state or any political subdivision thereof, 18 including, but not limited to, an officer of a court of this 19 state, may not be prohibited or in any way be restricted from 20 21 sending, receiving, or maintaining information relating to the 22 immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any individual or 23 exchanging that information with any other federal, state, or 24 local governmental entity for any of the following official 25 purposes:

"(1) Determining the eligibility for any public
 benefit, service, or license provided by any state, local, or
 other political subdivision of this state.

4 "(2) Verifying any claim of residence or domicile if
5 determination of residence or domicile is required under the
6 laws of this state or a judicial order issued pursuant to a
7 civil or criminal proceeding of this state.

8 "(3) Pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373 and 8 U.S.C. §
9 1644.

10 "(d) A person who is a United States citizen or an alien who is lawfully present in the United States and is a 11 12 resident of this state may bring an action in circuit court to 13 challenge any official or head of an agency of this state or 14 political subdivision thereof, including, but not limited to, 15 an officer of a court in this state, that adopts or implements a policy or practice that is in violation of 8 U.S.C. § 1373 16 17 or 8 U.S.C. § 1644. If there is a judicial finding that an official or head of an agency, including, but not limited to, 18 an officer of a court in this state, has violated this 19 section, the court shall order that the officer, official, or 20 head of an agency pay a civil penalty of not less than one 21 22 thousand dollars (\$1,000) and not more than five thousand 23 dollars (\$5,000) for each day that the policy or practice has remained in effect after the filing of an action pursuant to 24 25 this section.

"(e) A court shall collect the civil penalty
 prescribed in subsection (d) and remit one half of the civil

penalty to the Alabama Department of Homeland Security and the second half shall be remitted to the Department of Public Safety.

4 "(f) Every person working for the State of Alabama or a political subdivision thereof, including, but not limited 5 6 to, a law enforcement agency in the State of Alabama or a 7 political subdivision thereof, shall have a duty to report violations of this section. Any person who willfully fails to 8 report any violation of this section when the person knows 9 10 that this section is being violated shall be guilty of obstructing governmental operations as defined in Section 11 12 13A-10-2.

"(g) For the purposes of this section, the term official or head of an agency of this state shall not include a law enforcement officer or other personnel employed in a jail who is acting within the line and scope of his or her duty, except for a sheriff or a chief of police.

18 "(h) For the purposes of this section, any 19 proceedings against an official shall be only in his or her official capacity. Each side on any litigation considered 20 21 within this section shall bear his or her own costs and fees 22 associated with the litigation unless otherwise ordered by the 23 court. For the purposes of this section, the relevant statute 24 of repose for assessing penalties shall be no more than 30 25 days prior to the initial allegation of the violations of this section. 26

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27 "$31-13-6.
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1 "(a) No official or agency of this state or any 2 political subdivision thereof, including, but not limited to, an officer of a court of this state, may adopt a policy or 3 4 practice that limits or restricts the enforcement of this chapter to less than the full extent permitted by this chapter 5 or that in any way limits communication between its officers 6 7 or officials in furtherance of the enforcement of this chapter. If, in the judgment of the Attorney General of 8 9 Alabama, an official or agency of this state or any political 10 subdivision thereof, including, but not limited to, an officer of a court of this state, is in violation of this subsection, 11 12 the Attorney General shall report any violation of this 13 subsection to the Governor and the state Comptroller and that 14 agency or political subdivision shall not be eligible to 15 receive any funds, grants, or appropriations from the State of Alabama until such violation has ceased and the Attorney 16 17 General has so certified.

18 "(b) All state officials, agencies, and personnel, 19 including, but not limited to, an officer of a court of this 20 state, shall fully comply with and, to the full extent 21 permitted by law, support the enforcement of this chapter.

"(c) Except as provided by this chapter, officials or agencies of this state or any political subdivision thereof, including, but not limited to, an officer of a court of this state, may not be prohibited or in any way be restricted from sending, receiving, or maintaining information relating to the immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any 1 individual or exchanging that information with any other
2 federal, state, or local governmental entity for any of the
3 following official purposes:

4 "(1) Determining the eligibility for any public
5 benefit, service, or license provided by any state, local, or
6 other political subdivision of this state.

7 "(2) Verifying any claim of residence or domicile if
8 determination of residence or domicile is required under the
9 laws of this state or a judicial order issued pursuant to a
10 civil or criminal proceeding of this state.

11 "(3) Pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373 and 8 U.S.C. § 12 1644.

13 "(d) A person who is a United States citizen or an 14 alien who is lawfully present in the United States and is a 15 resident of this state may bring an action in circuit court to challenge any official or head of an agency of this state or 16 17 political subdivision thereof, including, but not limited to, an officer of a court in this state, that adopts or implements 18 a policy or practice that limits or restricts the enforcement 19 of this chapter to less than the full extent permitted by this 20 21 chapter. Such person shall have actual knowledge that any 22 official or head of an agency of this state or political 23 subdivision thereof, including, but not limited to, an officer of a court in this state, has adopted or implemented a policy 24 or practice that limits or restricts the enforcement of this 25 26 chapter to less than the full extent permitted by this chapter. If there is a judicial finding that an official or 27

head of an agency, including, but not limited to, an officer of a court in this state, has violated this section, the court shall order that the officer, official, or head of an agency pay a civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each day that the policy or practice has remained in effect after the filing of an action pursuant to this section.

8 "(e) A court shall collect the civil penalty 9 prescribed in subsection (d) and remit one half of the civil 10 penalty to the Alabama Department of Homeland Security and the 11 second half shall be remitted to the Department of Public 12 Safety.

13 "(f) Every person working for the State of Alabama 14 or a political subdivision thereof, including, but not limited 15 to, a law enforcement agency in the State of Alabama or a political subdivision thereof, shall have a duty to report 16 17 violations of this section. Failure to report any violation of this section when there is reasonable cause to believe that 18 19 this section is being violated is Any person who willfully fails to report any violation of this section when the person 20 knows that this section is being violated shall be guilty of 21 22 obstructing governmental operations as defined in Section 23 13A-10-2, and shall be punishable pursuant to state law.

"(g) For the purposes of this section, the term
official or head of an agency of this state shall not include
a law enforcement officer or other personnel employed in a

jail who is acting within the line and scope of his or her duty, except for a sheriff or a chief of police.

3

"§31-13-8.

4 "An alien who is not lawfully present in the United States shall not be permitted to enroll in or attend any 5 6 public postsecondary education institution in this state. An 7 alien attending any public postsecondary institution in this 8 state must either possess lawful permanent residence or an 9 appropriate nonimmigrant visa under 8 U.S.C. § 1101, et seq. 10 For the purposes of this section, a public postsecondary education institution officer may seek federal verification of 11 12 an alien's immigration status with the federal government 13 pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). A public postsecondary education institution officer or official shall not attempt to 14 15 independently make a final determination of whether an alien is lawfully present in the United States. Except as otherwise 16 17 provided by law, an alien who is not lawfully present in the United States shall not be eligible for any postsecondary 18 education benefit, including, but not limited to, 19 scholarships, grants, or financial aid. 20

21

"§31-13-9.

"(a) As a condition for the award of any contract, grant, or incentive by the state, any political subdivision thereof, or any state-funded entity to a business entity or employer that employs one or more employees, the business entity or employer shall not knowingly employ, <u>for a project</u> <u>beginning on or renewed after October 1, 2011, hire for</u> employment, or continue to employ an unauthorized alien and shall attest to such, by sworn affidavit signed before a notary <u>if the awarded contract</u>, <u>grant</u>, <u>or incentive from the</u> <u>state or a political subdivision thereof was competitively bid</u> <u>or would</u>, <u>if entered into</u>, <u>be required to be submitted to the</u> <u>Contract Review Permanent Legislative Oversight Committee</u>.

7 "(b) As a condition for the award of any contract, grant, or incentive by the state, any political subdivision 8 thereof, or any state-funded entity to a business entity or 9 10 employer that employs one or more employees, for a project beginning on or renewed after October 1, 2011, the business 11 12 entity or employer that has received a contract, grant, or incentive from the state or a political subdivision thereof 13 was competitively bid or would, if entered into, be required 14 15 to be submitted to the Contract Review Permanent Legislative Oversight Committee shall provide documentation establishing 16 17 that the business entity or employer is enrolled in the E-Verify program. During the performance of the contract, the 18 business entity or employer shall participate in the E-Verify 19 program and shall verify every employee that is required to be 20 21 verified according to the applicable federal rules and 22 regulations.

"(c) No subcontractor on a project <u>beginning on or</u>
<u>renewed after October 1, 2011,</u> paid for by contract, grant, or
incentive by the state, any political subdivision thereof, or
any state-funded entity shall knowingly employ, hire for
employment, or continue to employ an unauthorized alien and

1 shall attest to such by sworn affidavit signed before a notary if the awarded contract, grant, or incentive from the state or 2 a political subdivision thereof was competitively bid or 3 would, if entered into, be required to be submitted to the 4 Contract Review Permanent Legislative Oversight Committee. The 5 subcontractor shall provide the attestation of compliance with 6 7 this section to the contractor. The subcontractor shall also enroll in the E-Verify program prior to performing any work on 8 the project and shall attach to the sworn affidavit 9 10 documentation establishing that the subcontractor is enrolled in the E-Verify program. This subsection shall only apply to 11 12 subcontractors performing work on the project and not collateral persons or business entities hired by the 13 14 subcontractor.

15 "(d) A contractor of any tier shall not be liable under this section when such contractor contracts with its 16 direct subcontractor who violates subsection (c), if the 17 contractor receives a sworn affidavit from the subcontractor 18 signed before a notary attesting to the fact that the direct 19 subcontractor, in good faith, has complied with subsection (c) 20 21 with respect to verifying each of its employee's eligibility 22 for employment, unless the contractor knows the direct subcontractor is violating subsection (c). 23

"(e)(1) Upon the first violation of subsection (a)
by any business entity or employer awarded a contract by the
state, any political subdivision thereof, or any state-funded
entity the business entity or employer shall be deemed in

breach of contract and the state, political subdivision 1 2 thereof, or state-funded entity may terminate the contract after providing notice and an opportunity to be heard. Upon 3 application by the state entity, political subdivision 4 thereof, or state-funded entity, the Attorney General may 5 6 bring an action to suspend the business licenses and permits 7 of the business entity or employer for a period not to exceed 60 days, according to the procedures described in Section 8 31-13-15. The court shall order the business entity or 9 10 employer to file a signed, sworn affidavit with the local district attorney within three days after the order is issued 11 12 by the court stating that the business entity or employer has 13 terminated the employment of every unauthorized alien and the 14 business entity or employer will not knowingly or 15 intentionally employ an unauthorized alien in this state. Before a business license or permit that has been suspended 16 17 under this subsection is reinstated, a legal representative of the business entity or employer shall submit to the court a 18 signed, sworn affidavit stating that the business entity or 19 employer is in compliance with the provisions of this chapter 20 21 and a copy of the memorandum of understanding issued to the business entity or employer at the time of enrollment in 22 23 E-Verify.

"(2) Upon a second or subsequent violation of
subsection (a) by any business entity or employer awarded a
contract by the state, any political subdivision thereof, or
any state-funded entity the business entity or employer shall

1 be deemed in breach of contract and the state, any political subdivision thereof, or any state-funded entity shall 2 terminate the contract after providing notice and an 3 4 opportunity to be heard. Upon application by the state entity, political subdivision thereof, or state-funded entity, the 5 Attorney General may bring an action to permanently revoke the 6 7 business licenses and permits of the business entity or employer according to the procedures described in Section 8 31-13-15. 9

10 "(f)(1) Upon the first violation of subsection (c) by a subcontractor, the state or political subdivision thereof 11 12 may bar the subcontractor from doing business with the state, 13 any political subdivision thereof, any state-funded entity, or 14 with any contractor who contracts with the state, any 15 political subdivision thereof, or any state-funded entity after providing notice and an opportunity to be heard. Upon 16 17 application by the state entity or political subdivision thereof, or state-funded entity, the Attorney General may 18 bring an action to suspend the business licenses and permits 19 of the subcontractor for a period not to exceed 60 days, 20 21 according to the procedures described in Section 31-13-15. The 22 court shall order the subcontractor to file a signed, sworn 23 affidavit with the local district attorney within three days 24 after the order is issued by the court stating that the 25 subcontractor has terminated the employment of every 26 unauthorized alien and the subcontractor will not knowingly or 27 intentionally employ an unauthorized alien in this state.

Before a business license or permit that has been suspended under this subsection is reinstated, a legal representative of the subcontractor shall submit to the court a signed, sworn affidavit stating that the subcontractor is in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and a copy of the memorandum of understanding issued to the subcontractor at the time of enrollment in E-Verify.

"(2) Upon a second or subsequent violation of 8 9 subsection (c) by a subcontractor and upon application by the 10 state entity or political subdivision thereof, or state-funded entity, the Attorney General may bring an action to 11 12 permanently suspend the business licenses of the business 13 entity or employer according to the procedures described in Section 31-13-15. The determination of a violation shall be 14 according to the procedures described in Section 31-13-15. 15

16 "(g) A business entity or employer that complies 17 with subsection (b) shall not be found to be in violation of 18 subsection (a). A subcontractor that is enrolled in the 19 E-Verify program during the full period of performance of the 20 subcontract shall not be found to be in violation of 21 subsection (c).

"(h) The state or any political subdivision thereof
 shall include a contractual provision in any contract
 negotiated and awarded that the business entity shall not
 knowingly employ, hire for employment, or continue to employ
 an unauthorized alien as provided in subsection (a). The
 following contractual damages shall be included in the

1 <u>contract and may be awarded by the court in addition to any</u>
2 <u>other damages as prescribed by law:</u>

"(1) Upon the first violation of the contractual 3 provision required by this subsection by any business entity 4 awarded a contract by the state or any political subdivision 5 thereof, the business entity shall be deemed in breach of 6 7 contract and the state or political subdivision thereof may terminate the contract and, in addition to such other remedies 8 as may be provided by law, withhold from amounts due or 9 10 recover as liquidated damages of no less than 10 percent or more than 25 percent of the total amount of the contract with 11 12 the business entity.

"(2) Upon a second or subsequent violation of the 13 contractual provision required by this subsection by any 14 business entity awarded a contract by the state or any 15 political subdivision thereof, the business entity shall be 16 17 deemed in breach of contract and the state or political subdivision thereof may terminate the contract and, in 18 addition to such other remedies as may be provided by law, 19 shall withhold from amounts due or recover as liquidated 20 21 damages 25 percent of the total amount of the contract with 2.2 the business entity.

"(h) (i) The Secretary of State shall adopt rules to
 administer this section and shall report any rules adopted to
 the Legislature.

26 "(i) (j) Compliance with this section may be
 27 verified by the state authorities or law enforcement at any

1 time to ensure a contractual agreement as provided for in this 2 section is being met.

3 "(j) (k) The suspension of a business license or
4 permit under subsection (e) (1) and (f) (1) shall terminate one
5 business day after a legal representative of the business
6 entity, employer, or subcontractor submits a signed, sworn
7 affidavit stating that the business entity, employer, or
8 subcontractor is in compliance with this chapter to the court.
9 "\$31-13-11.

10 "(a) It is unlawful for a person who is an 11 unauthorized alien to knowingly apply for work, solicit work 12 in a public or private place, or perform work as an employee 13 or independent contractor in this state.

14 "(b) In the enforcement of this section, an alien's 15 immigration status shall be determined by verification of the 16 alien's immigration status with the federal government 17 pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). A law enforcement officer 18 shall not attempt to independently make a final determination 19 on whether an alien is authorized to work in the United 20 States.

"(c) A law enforcement official or agency of this state or a county, city, or other political subdivision of this state may not consider race, color, or national origin in the enforcement of this section except to the extent permitted by the United States Constitution and the Constitution of Alabama of 1901. "(d) This section does not apply to a person who
 maintains authorization from the federal government to be
 employed in the United States.

4 "(e) Any record that relates to the employment authorization of a person is admissible in any court of this 5 state without further foundation or testimony from a custodian 6 7 of records if the record is certified as authentic by the federal government agency that is responsible for maintaining 8 the record. A verification of an alien's immigration status 9 10 received from the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c) shall constitute proof of that alien's status. A court 11 12 of this state shall consider only the federal government's 13 verification in determining whether a person is an unauthorized alien. 14

15 "(f) It is unlawful for an occupant of a motor 16 vehicle that is stopped on a street, roadway, or highway to 17 attempt to hire or hire and pick up passengers for work at a 18 different location if the motor vehicle blocks or impedes the 19 normal movement of traffic.

20 "(g) It is unlawful for a person to enter a motor 21 vehicle that is stopped on a street, roadway or highway in 22 order to be hired by an occupant of the motor vehicle and to 23 be transported to work at a different location if the motor 24 vehicle blocks or impedes the normal movement of traffic.

25 "(h)(f) A person who is in violation of this section 26 shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and subject to a fine 27 of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

"(i) (q) A court shall collect the assessments 1 2 prescribed in subsection (h) (f) and remit 50 percent of the assessments to the general fund of the local government where 3 4 the person was apprehended to be earmarked for law enforcement purposes, 25 percent of the assessments to the Alabama 5 6 Department of Homeland Security, and 25 percent of the 7 assessments to the Department of Public Safety. " (\uparrow) (h) The terms of this section shall be 8 interpreted consistently with 8 U.S.C. § 1324a and any 9 10 applicable federal rules and regulations.

11

"§31-13-13.

12 "(a) It shall be unlawful for a person to do any of13 the following:

14 "(1) Conceal, harbor, or shield from detection or attempt to conceal, harbor, or shield from detection or 15 conspire to conceal, harbor, or shield from detection an alien 16 17 from detection in any place in this state, including any building or any means of transportation, if the person knows 18 or recklessly disregards the fact that the alien has come to, 19 has entered, or remains in the United States in violation of 20 21 federal law. This subdivision should be interpreted consistent 22 with 8 U.S.C. § 1324(a)(1)(A).

"(2) Encourage or induce an alien to come to or
reside in this state in the United States if the person knows
or recklessly disregards the fact that such coming to,
entering, or residing in the United States is or will be in
violation of federal law.

1 "(3) Transport, or attempt to transport, or conspire 2 to transport in this state an alien in furtherance of the 3 unlawful presence of the alien in the United States, 4 knowingly, or in reckless disregard of the fact, that the 5 alien has come to, entered, or remained in the United States 6 in violation of federal law. Conspiracy to be so transported 7 shall be a violation of this subdivision.

8 "(4) Harbor an alien unlawfully present in the 9 United States by entering into a rental agreement, as defined 10 by Section 35-9A-141, with an alien to provide accommodations, 11 if the person knows or recklessly disregards the fact that the 12 alien is unlawfully present in the United States.

13 "(b) Any person violating this section is guilty of 14 a Class A misdemeanor for each unlawfully present alien, the 15 illegal presence of which in the United States and the State 16 of Alabama, he or she is facilitating or is attempting to 17 facilitate.

18 "(c) A person violating this section is guilty of a 19 Class C felony when the violation involves 10 five or more 20 aliens, the illegal presence of which in the United States and 21 the State of Alabama, he or she is facilitating or is 22 attempting to facilitate.

"(d) Notwithstanding any other law, a law
enforcement agency may securely transport an alien whom the
agency has received verification from the federal government
pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c) is unlawfully present in the
United States and who is in the agency's custody to a state

approved facility, to a federal facility in this state, or to any other point of transfer into federal custody that is outside the jurisdiction of the law enforcement agency. A law enforcement agency shall obtain judicial or executive authorization from the Governor before securely transporting an alien who is unlawfully present in the United States to a point of transfer that is outside this state.

8 "(e) Notwithstanding any other law, any person 9 acting in his or her official capacity as a first responder or 10 protective services provider may harbor, shelter, move, or 11 transport an alien unlawfully present in the United States 12 pursuant to state law.

"(f) Any conveyance, including any vessel, vehicle, or aircraft, that has been or is being used in the commission of a violation of this section, and the gross proceeds of such a violation, shall be subject to civil forfeiture under the procedures of Section 20-2-93.

18 "(g) In the enforcement of this section, an alien's 19 immigration status shall be determined by verification of the 20 alien's immigration status with the federal government 21 pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). A law enforcement officer 22 shall not attempt to independently make a final determination 23 of whether an alien is lawfully present in the United States.

24 "(h) Any record that relates to the immigration 25 status of a person is admissible in any court of this state 26 without further foundation or testimony from a custodian of 27 records if the record is certified as authentic by the federal 1 government agency that is responsible for maintaining the
2 record. A verification of an alien's immigration status
3 received from the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. §
4 1373(c) shall constitute proof of that alien's status. A court
5 of this state shall consider only the federal government's
6 verification in determining whether an alien is lawfully
7 present in the United States.

8

"§31-13-15.

9 "(a) No business entity, employer, or public 10 employer shall knowingly employ, hire for employment, or 11 continue to employ an unauthorized alien to perform work 12 within the State of Alabama. Knowingly employ, hire for 13 employment, or continue to employ an unauthorized alien means 14 the actions described in 8 U.S.C. § 1324a.

"(b) Effective April 1, 2012, every business entity 15 or employer in this state shall enroll in E-Verify and 16 17 thereafter, according to the federal statutes and regulations governing E-Verify, shall verify the employment eligibility of 18 the employee through E-Verify. A business entity or employer 19 that uses E-Verify to verify the work authorization of an 20 21 employee shall not be deemed to have violated this section 22 with respect to the employment of that employee.

"(c) On a finding of a first violation by a court of competent jurisdiction that a business entity or employer knowingly violated subsection (a), the court shall do all of the following: "(1) Order the business entity or employer to
 terminate the employment of every unauthorized alien.

3 "(2) Subject the business entity or employer to a
4 three-year probationary period throughout the state. During
5 the probationary period, the business entity or employer shall
6 file quarterly reports with the local district attorney of
7 each new employee who is hired by the business entity or
8 employer in the state.

9 "(3) Order the business entity or employer to file a 10 signed, sworn affidavit with the local district attorney 11 within three days after the order is issued by the court 12 stating that the business entity or employer has terminated 13 the employment of every unauthorized alien and the business 14 entity or employer will not knowingly or intentionally employ 15 an unauthorized alien in this state.

16 "(4) Direct the applicable state, county, or 17 municipal governing bodies to suspend the business licenses 18 and permits, if such exist, of the business entity or employer 19 for a period not to exceed 10 business days specific to the 20 business location where the unauthorized alien performed work.

"(d)(1) Before a business license or permit that has been suspended under subsection (c) is reinstated, a legal representative of the business entity or employer shall submit to the court a signed, sworn affidavit stating that the business entity or employer is in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and a copy of the memorandum of 1 understanding issued to the business entity or employer at the 2 time of enrollment in E-Verify.

3 "(2) The suspension of a business license or permit 4 under subsection (c) shall terminate one business day after a 5 legal representative of the business entity or employer 6 submits a signed, sworn affidavit stating that the business 7 entity or employer is in compliance with the provisions of 8 this chapter to the court.

9 "(d) Upon a finding by a court of competent 10 jurisdiction of a second violation of subsection (a) by a 11 business entity or employer that occurs within five years of a 12 finding by a court of competent jurisdiction of a first 13 violation by the business entity or employer:

"(e) For a second violation of subsection (a) by a 14 business entity or employer, the court shall direct the 15 applicable state, county, or municipal governing body to 16 17 permanently revoke all business licenses and permits, if such exist, held by the business entity or employer specific to the 18 business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. 19 On receipt of the order, and notwithstanding any other law, 20 21 the appropriate agencies shall immediately revoke the licenses 22 and permits held by the business entity or employer.

"(f) For a subsequent violation of subsection (a), the court shall direct the applicable governing bodies to forever suspend the business licenses and permits, if such exist, of the business entity or employer throughout the state.

"(q) This section shall not be construed to deny any 1 2 procedural mechanisms or legal defenses included in the E-Verify program or any other federal work authorization 3 4 program. A person or entity that establishes that it has complied in good faith with the requirements of 8 U.S.C. § 5 1324a(b) establishes an affirmative defense that the business 6 7 entity or employer did not knowingly hire or employ an unauthorized alien. 8

"(h) In proceedings of the court, the determination 9 10 of whether an employee is an unauthorized alien shall be made by the federal government, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). The 11 12 court shall consider only the federal government's 13 determination when deciding whether an employee is an 14 unauthorized alien. The court may take judicial notice of any 15 verification of an individual's immigration status previously provided by the federal government and may request the federal 16 17 government to provide further automated or testimonial 18 verification.

"(i) Any business entity or employer that terminates 19 an employee to comply with this section shall not be liable 20 21 for any claims made against the business entity or employer by the terminated employee, provided that such termination is 22 23 made without regard to the race, ethnicity, or national origin 24 of the employee and that such termination is consistent with the anti-discrimination laws of this state and of the United 25 26 States.

1 "(j) If any agency of the state or any political 2 subdivision thereof fails to suspend the business licenses or 3 permits, if such exist, as a result of a violation of this 4 section, the agency shall be deemed to have violated 5 subsection (a) of Section 31-13-5 and shall be subject to the 6 penalties thereunder.

7 "(k) In addition to the district attorneys of this
8 state, the Attorney General shall also have authority to bring
9 a civil complaint in any court of competent jurisdiction to
10 enforce the requirements of this section.

"(1) Any resident of this state may petition the Attorney General to bring an enforcement action against a specific business entity or employer by means of a written, signed petition. A valid petition shall include an allegation that describes the alleged violator or violators, as well as the action constituting the violation, and the date and location where the action occurred.

18 "(2) A petition that alleges a violation on the 19 basis of national origin, ethnicity, or race shall be deemed 20 invalid and shall not be acted upon.

"(3) The Attorney General shall respond to any petition under this subsection within 60 days of receiving the petition, either by filing a civil complaint in a court of competent jurisdiction or by informing the petitioner in writing that the Attorney General has determined that filing a civil complaint is not warranted. 1 "(1) This section does not apply to the relationship
2 between a party and the employees of an independent contractor
3 performing work for the party and does not apply to casual
4 domestic labor performed within a household.

5 "(m) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of 6 subsection (a) of this section that a business entity or 7 employer was entrapped.

8 "(1) To claim entrapment, the business entity or 9 employer must admit by testimony or other evidence the 10 substantial elements of the violation.

"(2) A business entity or employer who asserts an entrapment defense has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence the following:

14 "a. The idea of committing the violation started
15 with law enforcement officers or their agents rather than with
16 the business entity or employer.

17 "b. The law enforcement officers or their agents
18 urged and induced the business entity or employer to commit
19 the violation.

20 "c. The business entity or employer was not already 21 predisposed to commit the violation before the law enforcement 22 officers or their agents urged and induced the employer to 23 commit the violation.

"(n) In addition to actions taken by the state or
political subdivisions thereof, the Attorney General or the
district attorney of the relevant county may bring an action
to enforce the requirements of this section in any county

district court of this state wherein the business entity or
 employer does business.

3 "(o) The terms of this section shall be interpreted 4 consistently with 8 U.S.C. § 1324a and any applicable federal 5 rules and regulations.

6

"§31-13-19.

7 "If an alien who is unlawfully present in the United States is convicted of a violation of state or local law and 8 is within 30 days of release or has paid any fine as required 9 10 by operation of law, the agency responsible for his or her incarceration shall notify the United States Bureau of 11 12 Immigration and Customs Enforcement and the Alabama Department 13 of Homeland Security, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373. The Alabama 14 Department of Homeland Security shall assist in the 15 coordination of the transfer of the prisoner to the appropriate federal immigration authorities; however, the 16 17 Alabama Department of Corrections agency responsible for his 18 or her incarceration shall maintain custody during any transfer of the individual. 19

20

"§31-13-20.

"If a person is an alien who is unlawfully present in the United States and is a victim of a criminal act, is the child of a victim of a criminal act, <u>is a parent or guardian</u> of a victim of a criminal act who is a minor, is a critical witness in any prosecution, <u>is the parent or guardian of a</u> <u>critical witness in any prosecution who is a minor</u>, or is the child of a critical witness in any prosecution of a state or federal crime, all provisions of this chapter shall be stayed until all of the related legal proceedings are concluded. However, the relevant state, county, or local law enforcement agency shall comply with any request by federal immigration officers to take custody of the person.

6

"§31-13-23.

7 "(a) The Alabama Department of Homeland Security shall file a quarterly an annual report to the Legislature on 8 the progress being made regarding the enforcement of this 9 10 chapter and the status of the progress being made in the effort to reduce the number of illegal aliens in the State of 11 12 Alabama. The report shall include, but is not limited to, the statistics and results from the enforcement of the sections of 13 14 this chapter, and suggestions on what can be done including 15 additional legislation to further assist the federal government in its efforts to apprehend illegal aliens in the 16 17 State of Alabama. At the start of the 2013 fiscal year, the report shall be filed twice a year. At the start of the 2015 18 19 fiscal year, the report is required annually. This report shall also be made available to the public and shall be 20 21 announced through a press release from the Attorney General's 22 office.

"(b) The Alabama Department of Homeland Security
 shall create a mechanism for receiving tips or complaints from
 the general public regarding possible violations of this
 chapter, including the unlawful enforcement of this chapter.

"(c) Upon receipt of a complaint alleging a 1 violation of the provisions of this chapter, the Alabama 2 Department of Homeland Security shall have the authority to 3 request from the business entity or employer that is the 4 subject of the complaint, proof of lawful status of the 5 business entity or employer's employees. The department shall 6 7 further have the authority to inspect all records of the business entity which relate to the requests for verification 8 and determination of status through E-Verify. 9

10

"§31-13-26.

"(a) No court of this state shall enforce the terms 11 12 of, or otherwise regard as valid, any contract between a party 13 and an alien unlawfully present in the United States, if the 14 party had direct or constructive knowledge that the alien was 15 unlawfully present in the United States at the time the contract was entered into, and the performance of the contract 16 17 required the alien to remain unlawfully present in the United States for more than 24 hours after the time the contract was 18 entered into or performance could not reasonably be expected 19 to occur without such remaining. 20

"(b) This section shall not apply to a contract for lodging for one night, a contract for the purchase of food to be consumed by the alien, a contract for medical services, or a contract for transportation of the alien that is intended to facilitate the alien's return to his or her country of origin.

"(c) This section shall not apply to a contract
authorized by federal law, to a contract entered into prior to

October 1, 2011, or to a contract for the appointment or retention of legal counsel in legal matters.

"(d) In proceedings of the court, the determination 3 4 of whether an alien is unlawfully present in the United States shall be made by the federal government, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. 5 § 1373(c). The court shall consider only the federal 6 7 government's determination when deciding whether an alien is unlawfully present in the United States. The court may take 8 judicial notice of any verification of an individual's 9 10 immigration status previously provided by the federal 11 government and may request the federal government to provide 12 further automated or testimonial verification.

13

"§31-13-28.

"(a) Applications for voter registration shall 14 15 contain voter eligibility requirements and such information as is necessary to prevent duplicative voter registrations and 16 17 enable the relevant election officer county board of registrars to assess the eligibility of the applicant and to 18 administer voter registration, identify the applicant and to 19 determine the qualifications of the applicant as an elector 20 21 and the facts authorizing such person to be registered. 22 Applications shall contain a statement that the applicant shall be required to provide qualifying identification when 23 24 voting.

"(b) The Secretary of State shall create a process
for the county election officer board of registrars to check
to indicate whether an applicant has provided with the

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application the information necessary to assess the eligibility of the applicant, including the applicant's United States citizenship. This section shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with federal law. No eligible applicant whose qualifications have been assessed shall be denied registration.

7 "(c) The county election officer or Secretary of State's office board of registrars shall accept any completed 8 application for registration, but an applicant shall not be 9 10 registered until the applicant has provided satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship. Satisfactory evidence 11 12 of United States citizenship shall be provided in person at 13 the time of filing the application for registration or by 14 including, with a mailed registration application, a photocopy 15 of one of the documents listed as evidence of United States citizenship in subsection (k). After a person has submitted 16 17 satisfactory evidence of citizenship, the county election officer board of registrars shall indicate this information in 18 the person's permanent voter file. 19

"(d) Any person who is registered in this state on
September 1, 2011, is deemed to have provided satisfactory
evidence of United States citizenship and shall not be
required to submit evidence of citizenship.

24 "(e) For purposes of this section, proof of voter 25 registration from another state is not satisfactory evidence 26 of United States citizenship. "(f) A registered voter who moves from one residence
to another within the state or who modifies his or her voter
registration records for any other reason shall not be
required to submit evidence of United States citizenship.

5 "(g) If evidence of United States citizenship is
6 deemed to be unsatisfactory due to an inconsistency between
7 the document submitted as evidence and the name or sex
8 provided on the application for registration, such applicant
9 may sign an affidavit containing both of the following:

10 "(1) Stating the inconsistency or inconsistencies11 related to the name or sex, and the reason therefor.

"(2) Swearing under oath that, despite the
inconsistency, the applicant is the individual reflected in
the document provided as evidence of citizenship.

15 "(h) There shall be no inconsistency between the date of birth on the document provided as evidence of 16 17 citizenship and the date of birth provided on the application for registration. If such an affidavit is submitted by the 18 applicant, the county election officer or Secretary of State 19 20 board of registrars shall assess the eligibility of the 21 applicant without regard to any inconsistency stated in the 22 affidavit.

"(i) All documents submitted as evidence of United
 States citizenship shall be kept confidential by the county
 election officer or the Secretary of State board of registrars
 and maintained as provided by record retention laws.

1 "(j) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an applicant from providing, or the Secretary of State or county 2 election officer county board of registrars from obtaining, 3 4 satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, as described in this section, at a different time or in a 5 6 different manner than an application for registration is 7 provided, as long as the applicant's eligibility can be adequately assessed by the Secretary of State or county 8 election officer county board of registrars as required by 9 10 this section.

11 "(k) Evidence of United States citizenship shall be 12 demonstrated by one of the following documents, or a legible 13 photocopy <u>or a copy in a digital or other electronic format</u> of 14 one of the following documents:

15 "(1) The applicant's driver's license or nondriver's 16 identification card issued by the division of motor vehicles 17 or the equivalent governmental agency of another state within 18 the United States if the <u>issuing</u> agency <u>verifies</u> indicates on 19 the applicant's driver's license or nondriver's identification 20 card that the person has provided satisfactory proof of United 21 States citizenship.

"(2) The applicant's birth certificate that verifies
 United States citizenship to the satisfaction of the county
 election officer or Secretary of State board of registrars.

"(3) Pertinent pages of the applicant's United
States valid or expired passport identifying the applicant and
the applicant's passport number, or presentation to the county

election officer <u>board of registrars</u> of the applicant's United
 States passport.

"(4) The applicant's United States naturalization 3 4 documents or the number of the certificate of naturalization. If only the number of the certificate of naturalization is 5 6 provided, the applicant shall not be included in the 7 registration rolls until the number of the certificate of naturalization is verified with the United States Bureau of 8 Citizenship and Immigration Services by the county election 9 10 officer or the Secretary of State, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). 11

"(5) Other documents or methods of proof of United States citizenship issued by the federal government pursuant to the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, and amendments thereto.

16 "(6) The applicant's Bureau of Indian Affairs card 17 number, tribal treaty card number, or tribal enrollment 18 number.

"(7) The applicant's consular report of birth abroad
of a citizen of the United States of America.

"(8) The applicant's certificate of citizenship
issued by the United States Citizenship and Immigration
Services.

24 "(9) The applicant's certification of report of25 birth issued by the United States Department of State.

"(10) The applicant's American Indian card, with KIC
 classification, issued by the United States Department of
 Homeland Security.

4 "(11) The applicant's final adoption decree showing
5 the applicant's name and United States birthplace.

6 "(12) The applicant's official United States
7 military record of service showing the applicant's place of
8 birth in the United States, including, but not limited to, a
9 valid Uniformed Services Privileges and Identification Card.

10 "(13) An extract from a United States hospital 11 record of birth created at the time of the applicant's birth 12 indicating the applicant's place of birth in the United 13 States.

"(1) There is hereby established the State Election
Board, consisting of the Secretary of State, the Attorney
General, and the Lieutenant Governor. The State Election Board
shall meet on the call of the Secretary of State. The State
Election Board shall do both of the following:

19 "(1) Assess information provided by any applicant 20 for voter registration as evidence of citizenship pursuant to 21 subsection (m).

22

"(2) Adopt rules to implement subsection (m).

"(m)(1) If an applicant is a United States citizen
but does not have any of the documentation listed in this
section as satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship,
the applicant may submit any evidence that the applicant

believes demonstrates the applicant's United States
 citizenship.

3 "(2) Any applicant seeking an assessment of evidence
4 under this section may directly contact the office of the
5 Secretary of State by submitting a voter registration
6 application or the national voter registration form and any
7 supporting evidence of United States citizenship. Upon receipt
8 of this information, the Secretary of State shall notify the
9 State Election Board that such application is pending.

10 "(3) The State Election Board shall give the 11 applicant an opportunity for a hearing, upon the applicant's 12 request in writing, and an opportunity to present any 13 additional evidence to the State Election Board. Notice of 14 such hearing shall be given to the applicant at least five 15 days prior to the hearing date. An applicant shall have the 16 opportunity to be represented by counsel at such hearing.

17 "(4) The State Election Board shall assess the 18 evidence provided by the applicant to determine whether the 19 applicant has provided satisfactory evidence of United States 20 citizenship. A decision of the State Election Board shall be 21 determined by a majority vote of the board.

"(5) If an applicant submits an application and any
supporting evidence prior to the close of registration for an
election cycle, a determination by the State Election Board
shall be issued at least five days before such election date.

"(6) If the State Election Board finds that the
evidence presented by the applicant constitutes satisfactory

evidence of United States citizenship, the applicant shall
 meet the requirements under this section to provide
 satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship.

4 "(7) If the State Election Board finds that the evidence presented by an applicant does not constitute 5 6 satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, the 7 applicant shall have the right to appeal such determination by the State Election Board by instituting an action under 8 8 U.S.C. § 1503. Any negative assessment of an applicant's 9 10 eligibility by the State Election Board shall be reversed if the applicant obtains a declaratory judgment pursuant to 8 11 12 U.S.C. § 1503, demonstrating that the applicant is a national 13 of the United States.

14 "(n)(1) The Department of Public Health shall not 15 charge or accept any fee for a certified copy of a birth 16 certificate if the certificate is requested by any person who 17 is 17 years of age or older for purposes of meeting the voter 18 registration requirements of this chapter. The person 19 requesting a certified copy of a birth certificate shall swear 20 under oath to both of the following:

21 "a. That the person plans to register to vote in22 this state.

"b. That the person does not possess any of the
documents that constitute evidence of United States
citizenship as defined in this chapter.

"(2) The affidavit shall specifically list the
 documents that constitute evidence of United States
 citizenship as defined in this chapter.

4

"§31-13-29.

"(a) For the purposes of this section, business 5 6 license transaction includes any transaction between a person 7 or a business entity and the state or a political subdivision of the state in which the state or political subdivision 8 issues a license to the person, including, but not limited to, 9 10 applying for or renewing a motor vehicle license plate, applying for or renewing a driver's license or nondriver 11 12 identification card, applying for incorporation status, or 13 applying for or renewing a business license, but excluding. 14 Business transaction does not include applying an application 15 for a marriage license, any transaction relating to housing under Title 24 or the ownership of real property, including 16 17 the payment of property taxes, or the payment of any other tax 18 to the state or a political subdivision of the state.

19 "(b) An alien not lawfully present in the United States shall not enter into or attempt to enter into a 20 21 business license transaction with the state or a political 22 subdivision of the state except for the application of a marriage license, any transaction relating to housing under 23 Title 24 or the ownership of real property, including the 24 25 payment of property taxes, or the payment of any other tax to the state or a political subdivision of the state, and no 26 person shall enter into a business license transaction or 27

1 attempt to enter into a business license transaction on behalf 2 of an alien not lawfully present in the United States. The 3 state or a political subdivision of the state entering into a 4 license transaction as authorized by this section shall make a 5 notation on its record of the transaction that the person was 6 not lawfully present.

7 "(c) Any person entering into a business license transaction or attempting to enter into a business license 8 transaction with this state or a political subdivision of this 9 10 state shall be required to demonstrate his or her United States citizenship to the person conducting the license 11 12 transaction upon the initial application or upon the first renewal after the effective date of the act adding this 13 14 language. A record of this verification may be kept by the 15 state or political subdivision thereof., or if If he or she is an alien, he or she must demonstrate his or her lawful 16 17 presence in the United States to the person conducting the 18 business license transaction on behalf of this state or a political subdivision of this state. United States citizenship 19 shall be demonstrated by presentation of one of the documents 20 21 listed in subsection (k) of Section 31-13-28. An alien's 22 lawful presence in the United States shall be demonstrated by 23 this state's or a political subdivision of this state's 24 verification of the alien's lawful presence through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements program 25 26 operated by the Department of Homeland Security, or by other 27 verification with the Department of Homeland Security pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c) or by presenting one of the documents
 listed in subdivision (10) of Section 31-13-10.

"(d) A violation of this section subsection (b) or
(c) by any person presenting the required documentation, an
alien not lawfully present in the United States, or by a
person knowingly acting on behalf of an alien not lawfully
present in the United States is a Class C felony.

8 "(e) An agency of this state or a county, city, 9 town, or other political subdivision of this state may not 10 consider race, color, or national origin in the enforcement of 11 this section except to the extent permitted by the United 12 States Constitution or the Constitution of Alabama of 1901.

"(f) In the enforcement of this section, an alien's immigration status shall be determined by verification of the alien's immigration status with the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). An official of this state or political subdivision of this state shall not attempt to independently make a final determination of whether an alien is lawfully present in the United States."

20 Section 4. Section 32-6-9, Code of Alabama 1975, as 21 amended by Section 17 of Act 2011-535, 2011 Regular Session, 22 "\$32-6-9.

(a) Every licensee shall have his or her license in
his or her immediate possession at all times when driving a
motor vehicle and shall display the same, upon demand of a
judge of any court, a peace officer or a state trooper.
However, no person charged with violating this section shall

be convicted if he or she produces in court or the office of the arresting officer a driver's license theretofore issued to him or her and valid at the time of his or her arrest.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 32-1-4, if a law officer
arrests shall arrest a person for a violation of this section
and if the officer is unable to determine by any other means
that the person has a valid driver's license, the officer
shall transport the person to the nearest or most accessible
magistrate for a determination of citizenship pursuant to
subsection (c).

(c) A reasonable effort shall be made to determine the citizenship of the person and if an alien, whether the alien is lawfully present in the United States by verification with the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). An officer shall not attempt to independently make a final determination of whether an alien is lawfully present in the United States.

(d) A verification inquiry, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 18 1373(c), shall be made within 48 hours to the Law Enforcement 19 20 Support Center of the United States Department of Homeland 21 Security or other office or agency designated for that purpose 22 by the federal government. If the person is determined to be 23 an alien unlawfully present in the United States, the person shall be considered a flight risk and shall be detained until 24 25 prosecution or until handed over to federal immigration 26 authorities.

Section 5. The provisions of this act are severable.
 If any part of this act is declared invalid or
 unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part
 which remains.

5 Section 6. This act shall become effective 6 immediately following its passage and approval by the 7 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.