- 1 SB61
- 2 126241-1
- 3 By Senators Ward, Waggoner, Beason and Dial (Constitutional
- 4 Amendment)
- 5 RFD: Judiciary
- 6 First Read: 01-MAR-11

1	126241-1:n:02/28/2011:LCG/mfp LRS2011-764	
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill proposes an amendment to the	
9	Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to prohibit the	
10	application of foreign law in violation of rights	
11	guaranteed natural citizens by the United States	
12	and Alabama Constitutions, and the statutes, laws	,
13	and public policy of this state.	
14	This amendment would not apply to a	
15	corporation, partnership, limited liability	
16	company, business association, or other legal	
17	entity that contracts to subject itself to foreign	n
18	laws.	
19		
20	A BILL	
21	TO BE ENTITLED	
22	AN ACT	
23		
24	Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of	
25	Alabama of 1901, to prohibit the application of foreign law	in
26	violation of rights quaranteed natural citizens by the United	d

States and Alabama Constitutions, and the laws and public policy of the state, without application to business entities.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. The following amendment to the

Section 1. The following amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, is proposed and shall become valid as a part thereof when approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon and in accordance with Sections 284, 285, and 287 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended:

PROPOSED AMENDMENT

- (a) This amendment shall be known and may be cited as the American and Alabama Laws for Alabama Courts Amendment.
 - (b) The law of Alabama provides:
- (1) The State of Alabama has developed its unique public policy of laws based on the United States Constitution, as protected by Amendment 10 to the United States

 Constitution.
- (2) Upon becoming a state in 1819, Alabama adopted its first constitutional and statutory enactments, upon which it has built the rights, privileges, obligations, and requirements of its government and citizens.
- (3) Both the provisions of the Alabama Constitution and the statutes and regulations of the State of Alabama, with interpreting opinions by its courts of competent jurisdiction, have developed the state's public policy.
- (4) The public policy of the State of Alabama protects the unique rights of its citizens beginning with

Article I, Section 1 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901,
guaranteeing the equality and rights of men. Except as
permitted by due process of law and the right of the people to
vote for self-determination, the rights, privileges, and
immunities of the citizens of the State of Alabama are
inviolate.

- (5) Different from the law of the State of Alabama is foreign law, which is any law, rule, or legal code, or system established, used, or applied in a jurisdiction outside of the states or territories of the United States, or which exist as a separate body of law, legal code, or system adopted or used anywhere by any people, group, or culture different from the Constitution and laws of the United States or the State of Alabama.
- (6) Alabama has a favorable business climate and has attracted many international businesses. While Alabama business persons and companies may decide to use foreign law in foreign courts, the public policy of Alabama is to prohibit anyone from requiring Alabama courts to apply and enforce foreign laws.
- (7) The public policy of this state is to protect its citizens from the application of foreign laws when the application of a foreign law will result in the violation of a right guaranteed by the Alabama Constitution or of the United States Constitution, including, but not limited to, due process, freedom of religion, speech, assembly, or press, or any right of privacy or marriage.

(c) A court, arbitrator, administrative agency, or other adjudicative, arbitrative, or enforcement authority shall not apply or enforce a foreign law if doing so would violate any state law or a right guaranteed by the Constitution of this state or of the United States.

- (d) If any contractual provision or agreement provides for the choice of a foreign law to govern its interpretation or the resolution of any dispute between the parties, and if the enforcement or interpretation of the contractual provision or agreement would result in a violation of a right guaranteed by the Constitution of this state or of the United States, the agreement or contractual provision shall be modified or amended to the extent necessary to preserve the constitutional rights of the parties.
- (e) If any contractual provision or agreement provides for the choice of venue or forum outside of the states or territories of the United States, and if the enforcement or interpretation of the contract or agreement applying that choice of venue or forum provision would result in a violation of any right guaranteed by the Constitution of this state or of the United States, that contractual provision or agreement shall be interpreted or construed to preserve the constitutional rights of the person against whom enforcement is sought. If a natural person subject to personal jurisdiction in this state seeks to maintain litigation, arbitration, an administrative proceeding, or a similarly binding proceeding in this state, and if a court of this state

finds that granting a claim of forum non conveniens or a related claim violates or would likely lead to the violation of the constitutional rights of the nonclaimant in the foreign forum with respect to the matter in dispute, the claim shall be denied.

- (f) Any contractual provision or agreement incapable of being modified or amended in order to preserve the constitutional rights of the parties pursuant to the provisions of this amendment shall be null and void.
- (g) Nothing in this amendment shall be interpreted to limit the right of a natural person or entity of this state to voluntarily restrict or limit his, her, or its own constitutional rights by contract or specific waiver consistent with constitutional principles. However, the language of any such contract or other waiver shall be strictly construed in favor of preserving the constitutional rights of the natural person in this state. Further, no Alabama court shall be required by any contract or other obligation entered into by a person or entity to apply or enforce any foreign law.
- (h) Except as limited by subsection (g), without prejudice to any legal right, this amendment shall not apply to a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, business association, or other legal entity that contracts to subject itself to foreign law in a jurisdiction other than this state or the United States.

1 Section 2. An election upon the proposed amendment 2 shall be held in accordance with Sections 284 and 285 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Sections 284 3 and 285 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, and the election laws of this 5 6 state. 7 Section 3. The appropriate election official shall assign a ballot number for the proposed constitutional 8 amendment on the election ballot and shall set forth the 9 10 following description of the substance or subject matter of 11 the proposed constitutional amendment: 12 "Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of 13 Alabama of 1901, to prohibit the application of foreign law in 14 violation of rights guaranteed natural citizens by the United 15 States and Alabama Constitutions, and the statutes, laws, and public policy thereof, but without application to business 16 17 entities. "Proposed by Act ." 18 This description shall be followed by the following 19 20 language:

"Yes () No ()."