- 1 SB163
- 2 126723-1
- 3 By Senator Smitherman
- 4 RFD: Small Business
- 5 First Read: 08-MAR-11

Ι	126/23-1:n:03/03/2011:KBH/tj LRS2011-1089
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8	SYNOPSIS: Existing law does not require a business
9	entity or public employer in the State of Alabama
10	to verify the legal status of a new employee when
11	hiring a new employee.
12	This bill would require a business entity or
13	public employer in the State of Alabama to verify
14	the legal status of a new employee through the
15	federal E-Verify program and would provide for the
16	suspension of the business licenses of a business
17	entity who violates this act.
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19	A BILL
20	TO BE ENTITLED
21	AN ACT
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23	Relating to the employment of unauthorized aliens,
24	to require a business entity or public employer located in the
25	State of Alabama to verify the legal status of a new employee
26	through the federal E-Verify program; and to provide for the

- 1 suspension of the business licenses of a business entity who
- 2 violates the requirements of this act.

- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- Section 1. (a) For the purposes of this act, the following words shall have the following meanings:
  - (1) ALIEN. Any person who is not a citizen or national of the United States, as described in 8 U.S.C. §1101, et seq., and any amendments thereto.
    - (2) BUSINESS ENTITY. Any person or group of persons performing or engaging in any activity, enterprise, profession, or occupation for gain, benefit, advantage, or livelihood, whether for profit or not-for-profit which is required to have a business license. "Business entity" shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
    - a. Self-employed individuals, business entities filing articles of incorporation, partnerships, limited partnerships, limited liability companies, foreign corporations, foreign limited partnerships, foreign limited liability companies authorized to transact business in this state, business trusts, and any business entity that registers with the Secretary of State.
  - b. Any business entity that possesses a business license, permit, certificate, approval, registration, charter, or similar form of authorization issued by a county or a municipality in the State of Alabama and any business entity that is operating unlawfully without a business license.

1 (3) EMPLOYEE. Any person directed, allowed, or
2 permitted to perform labor or service of any kind by a
3 business entity or public employer, with the exception of
4 casual domestic labor hired to work in or around the personal
5 abode of an individual. The employees of an independent
6 contractor working for a business entity shall not be regarded
7 as the employees of the business entity, for the purposes of
8 this act.

- (4) E-VERIFY. The electronic verification of federal employment authorization program of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, P.L. 104-208, Division C, Section 403(a); 8 U.S.C. §1324(a), and operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security, or its successor program.
- (5) PUBLIC EMPLOYER. Every department, agency, or instrumentality of the state or a political subdivision of the state.
  - (6) UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN. An alien who is not authorized to work in the United States, as defined in 8 U.S.C. \$1324a(h)(3).
  - (b) It is unlawful for a business entity located in the State of Alabama to knowingly hire or to recruit for a fee for employment an unauthorized alien.
  - (c) A business entity located in the State of
    Alabama shall be required to verify the employment eligibility
    of every new employee hired through E-Verify, as defined by

this act, and shall be subject to the following provisions of this subsection.

- (1) The business entity shall retain all documentation received in connection with its participation in E-Verify that verifies the employment authorization of every new employee verified through E-Verify for at least three years after the termination of the employment of the employee. This documentation shall be provided to the state upon request.
  - (2) Every public employer shall register with and utilize E-Verify to verify the employment authorization of a new employee.
  - (3) A public employer may not enter into a contract for the performance of services within the state unless the contractor is registered with and utilizing E-Verify to verify the employment authorization of a new employee of the contractor. This subdivision shall not apply to any contracts entered into prior to the effective date of this act even though the contracts may involve the performance of labor within the state after the effective date of this act.
  - (4) This section may be enforced in the courts of the State of Alabama by the district attorney for the county or the city attorney for a municipality in the county.
  - (5) On a finding of the first violation of this subsection by a business entity, the court shall order the suspension of all licenses issued by the state or a political

subdivision of the state that are held by the business entity for a minimum of one day and a maximum of 30 days.

- (6) On a second or subsequent violation of this subsection by a business entity, the court shall order the permanent suspension of all licenses issued by the state or a political subdivision of the state that are held by the business entity.
- (7) A business entity that has had its business license suspended shall not engage in any other form of business throughout the duration of the suspension, nor shall the business entity be allowed to open another business in any form.
- (8) In enforcing this subsection, no state, county, or local official shall attempt to independently determine whether an individual is an unauthorized alien or an alien not lawfully present in the United States. The determination shall only be made by verifying the immigration status of the alien with the federal government, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. §1373(c).
- (9) For the purposes of this subsection, when making a determination of whether an employee is an unauthorized alien, a court shall only consider the determination of the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. \$1373(c). The court shall take judicial notice of any verification of the immigration status previously provided by the federal government. The court may, and at the request of a party shall, request the federal government to provide, in automated, documentary, or testimonial form, a new

verification of the immigration status of the employee

pursuant to 8 U.S.C. §1373(c). The most recent determination

of the immigration status of an employee by the federal

government shall create a rebuttable presumption as to the

immigration status of the employee.

(10) For the purposes of this act, a business entity that has complied in good faith with the requirements of this act through enrollment in E-Verify and has utilized E-Verify to confirm the employment authorization of any employee in question will benefit from a rebuttable presumption that the business entity did not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.

Section 2. This act shall become effective on January 1 of the year following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.