- 1 HB22
- 2 112958-1
- 3 By Representative Mitchell
- 4 RFD: Banking and Insurance
- 5 First Read: 12-JAN-10
- 6 PFD: 09/23/2009

1	112958-1:n:05/11/2009:LLR/11 LRS2009-2859
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, property that is sold
9	for nonpayment of taxes may be redeemed by payment
10	of the amount for which the land was sold, plus
11	delinquent taxes and interest.
12	This bill would reduce the rate of interest
13	that a person is required to pay to redeem property
14	that is sold for nonpayment of taxes.
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16	A BILL
17	TO BE ENTITLED
18	AN ACT
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20	To amend Sections 40-10-121 and 40-10-122, Code of
21	Alabama 1975, relating to interest charges on the sale and
22	redemption of property for unpaid taxes, to reduce the rate of
23	interest that a person is required to pay to redeem property
24	that is sold for nonpayment of taxes.
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
26	Section 1. Sections 40-10-121 and 40-10-122, Code of
27	Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

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"§40-10-121.

2 "(a) In order to obtain the redemption of land from tax sales where the same has been heretofore or hereafter sold 3 4 to the state, the party desiring to make such redemption shall apply therefor as hereinafter provided and shall deposit with 5 6 the judge of probate of the county in which the land is 7 situated the amount of money for which the lands were sold, with interest thereon at the rate of  $\frac{12}{12}$  seven percent, 8 together with the amount of all taxes found to be due on such 9 10 land since the date of sale, as provided herein, with interest at the rate of  $\frac{12}{2}$  seven percent and all costs and fees due to 11 12 officers.

"(b) Upon application to the probate judge to redeem 13 14 land where the same has been sold to the state for taxes, 15 which application shall be made on blank forms to be furnished by the Land Commissioner, the probate judge shall submit such 16 17 application to the tax assessor of the county in which the land sought to be redeemed is located, and the assessor shall 18 without delay enter on such application an assessment value 19 for each of the years for which taxes are due, subsequent to 20 21 the year for which such land was sold to the state for taxes, 22 and such assessment value shall be such percentage as 23 established by law of the fair and reasonable market value of 24 such lands as of October 1 of the year or years subsequent to 25 the year for which the land was sold for taxes.

"(c) Any party having a right to redeem said
property, his agents, or attorney, shall have the right to

1 file a written protest with the board of equalization, 2 objecting to the valuation of said land as placed on said property by the tax assessor, setting forth his ground of 3 4 objection to the assessed value of said property as fixed by said tax assessor, and the board of equalization shall, 5 6 thereafter, fix a day for hearing said protest by giving to 7 the tax assessor and party desiring to redeem, his agents, or attorney, at least 10 days' written notice of the day and 8 place of hearing said petition, and upon the hearing of said 9 10 cause, the board of equalization shall have the right to review the assessed value of said property as fixed by the tax 11 12 assessor and shall fix and determine the assessed value for 13 each of the years subsequent to the year for which such land 14 was sold to the state for taxes, and the board of equalization shall certify to the probate judge the assessed value of the 15 land so fixed. 16

17 "(d) The redemptioner shall deposit with the probate 18 judge the amount of money for which lands were sold for taxes, 19 plus the amount due for subsequent years based on the 20 assessment value as required to be fixed herein, and interest, 21 costs, and fees as provided in this section.

"(e) If any balance remains due to the state upon any lien arising by reason of any installment redemption the payment of which is secured under the provisions of Section 40-10-141, the redemptioner shall also deposit with the probate judge the amount of the balance due upon such lien, with interest to the date of redemption.

1 "(f) If the lands sought to be redeemed, or any 2 portion thereof, are situated in any municipality, the redemptioner shall also deposit with the probate judge the 3 4 amount of any unpaid taxes assessed against the same by such municipality, and an amount equal to any municipal taxes 5 6 thereon which, subsequent to the tax sale, were not assessed 7 by reason of the fact that such land had been purchased by the State of Alabama, plus interest which would have accrued upon 8 such municipal taxes from the time the same would have 9 10 otherwise become delinquent, which amounts, with interest, shall be treated and distributed in the same manner as taxes 11 12 and interest thereon.

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"§40-10-122.

14 "(a) In order to obtain the redemption of land from tax sales where the same has been sold to one other than the 15 state, the party desiring to make such redemption shall 16 17 deposit with the judge of probate of the county in which the land is situated the amount of money for which the lands were 18 sold, with interest payable at the rate of 12 seven percent 19 per annum from date of sale, and, on the portion of any excess 20 21 bid that is less than or equal to 15 percent of the market 22 value as established by the county board of equalization, 23 together with the amount of all taxes which have been paid by 24 the purchaser, which fact shall be ascertained by consulting the records in the office of the tax collector, or other tax 25 26 collecting official, with interest on said payment at 12 seven 27 percent per annum. If any taxes on said land have been

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1 assessed to the purchaser and have not been paid, and if said 2 taxes are due which may be ascertained by consulting the tax collector or other tax collecting official of the county, the 3 4 probate judge shall also require the party desiring to redeem said land to pay the tax collector or other tax collecting 5 official the taxes due on said lands which have not been paid 6 7 by the purchaser before he or she is entitled to redeem the same. In all redemptions of land from tax sales, the party 8 9 securing the redemption shall pay all costs and fees as herein 10 provided for due to officers and a fee of \$.50 to the judge of probate for his or her services in the matter of redemption. 11 12 This application and payment may be executed by an on-line 13 transaction via the Internet or other on-line provision.

14 "(b) With respect to property located within an 15 urban renewal or urban redevelopment project area designated 16 pursuant to Chapters 2 or 3 of Title 24, the proposed 17 redemptioner must pay to the purchaser or his or her 18 transferee, in addition to any other requirements set forth in 19 this section, the amounts set forth below:

"(1) All insurance premiums paid or owed by the
purchaser for casualty loss coverage on insurable structures
with interest on said payments at 12 seven percent per annum.

"(2) The value of all permanent improvements made on
the property determined in accordance with this section with
interest on said value at 12 seven percent per annum.

"(c) With respect to property which contains a
residential structure at the time of the sale regardless of

1 its location, the proposed redemptioner must pay to the 2 purchaser or his or her transferee, in addition to any other 3 requirements set forth in this section, the amounts set forth 4 below:

5 "(1) All insurance premiums paid or owed by the 6 purchaser for casualty loss coverage on the residential 7 structure with interest on the payments at <del>12</del> <u>seven</u> percent 8 per annum.

9 "(2) The value of all preservation improvements made 10 on the property determined in accordance with this section 11 with interest on the value at <del>12</del> <u>seven</u> percent per annum.

12 "(d) As used herein, "permanent improvements" shall 13 include, but not be limited to, all repairs, improvements, and 14 equipment attached to the property as fixtures. As used herein, "preservation improvements" shall mean improvements 15 made to preserve the property by properly keeping it in repair 16 17 for its proper and reasonable use, having due regard for the kind and character of the property at the time of sale. The 18 proposed redemptioner shall make written demand upon the 19 purchaser of a statement of the value of all permanent or 20 21 preservation improvements as applicable made on the property 22 since the tax sale. In response to written demand made 23 pursuant to this subsection, within 10 days from the receipt 24 of such demand, the purchaser shall furnish the proposed 25 redemptioner with the amount claimed as the value of such 26 permanent or preservation improvements as applicable; and 27 within 10 days after receipt of such response, the proposed

1 redemptioner either shall accept the value so stated by the 2 purchaser or, disagreeing therewith, shall appoint a referee to ascertain the value of such permanent or preservation 3 4 improvements as applicable. The proposed redemptioner shall in writing (i) notify the purchaser of his or her disagreement as 5 6 to the value; and (ii) inform the purchaser of the name of the 7 referee appointed by him or her. Within 10 days after the receipt of such notice, the purchaser shall appoint a referee 8 to ascertain the value of the permanent or preservation 9 10 improvements as applicable and advise the proposed redemptioner of the name of the appointee. Within 10 days 11 12 after the purchaser has appointed his or her referee, the two referees shall meet and confer upon the award to be made by 13 14 them. If they cannot agree, the referees shall at once appoint 15 an umpire, and the award by a majority of such body shall be made within 10 days after the appointment of the umpire and 16 17 shall be final between the parties.

"(e) If the proposed redemptioner fails or refuses 18 to nominate a referee as provided in subsection (d), he or she 19 20 must pay the value put upon the improvements by the purchaser. 21 If the purchaser refuses or fails to appoint a referee, as 22 provided in subsection (d), the purchaser shall forfeit his or 23 her claim to compensation for such improvements. The failure 24 of the referees or either of them to act or to appoint an 25 umpire shall not operate to impair or forfeit the right of either the proposed redemptioner or the purchaser in the 26 27 premises and in the event of failure without fault of the

parties to affect an award, the appropriate court shall proceed to ascertain the true value of such permanent or preservation improvements as applicable and enforce the redemption accordingly."

5 Section 2. This act shall become effective for all 6 tax years beginning on or after October 1, 2010, following its 7 passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise 8 becoming law.