- 1 HB186
- 2 114974-1
- 3 By Representative Gaston
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 12-JAN-10

1	114974-1:n:10/28/2009:JMH/th LRS2009-4180	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, upon granting a
9		divorce, if either spouse has no separate estate or
10		if the estate is insufficient for the maintenance
11		of a spouse, the court, in its discretion, may
12		include in a division of property the present value
13		of future or current retirement benefits subject to
14		certain additional conditions.
15		This bill would specifically provide that
16		where a court orders a division of military retired
17		pay pursuant to a divorce, the court shall use the
18		military member's rank, pay rate, and years of
19		service at the time of the divorce. This bill would
20		also specify that future pay increases attributable
21		to promotion or additional time served by the
22		military member spouse would not be subject to
23		property division.
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25		A BILL
26		TO BE ENTITLED
27		AN ACT

To amend Section 30-2-51, Code of Alabama 1975, to provide further for the division of retirement benefits in a divorce; and to provide that where a court orders a spousal allowance of military retired pay as part of a property settlement pursuant to divorce, the allowance shall be based on rank, pay rate, and years of service at the time of the divorce.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Section 30-2-51, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended to read as follows:

"\$30-2-51.

"(a) If either spouse has no separate estate or if it is insufficient for the maintenance of a spouse, the judge, upon granting a divorce, at his or her discretion, may order to a spouse an allowance out of the estate of the other spouse, taking into consideration the value thereof and the condition of the spouse's family. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the judge may not take into consideration any property acquired prior to the marriage of the parties or by inheritance or gift unless the judge finds from the evidence that the property, or income produced by the property, has been used regularly for the common benefit of the parties during their marriage.

"(b) The judge, at his or her discretion, may include in the estate of either spouse the present value of any future or current retirement benefits, that a spouse may

have a vested interest in or may be receiving on the date the action for divorce is filed, provided that the following conditions are met:

- "(1) The parties have been married for a period of 10 years during which the retirement was being accumulated.
- "(2) The court shall not include in the estate the value of any retirement benefits acquired prior to the marriage including any interest or appreciation of the benefits.
- "(3) The total amount of the retirement benefits payable to the non-covered spouse shall not exceed 50 percent of the retirement benefits that may be considered by the court.
- "(c) If the court finds in its discretion that any of the covered spouse's retirement benefits should be distributed to the non-covered spouse, the amount is not payable to the non-covered spouse until the covered spouse begins to receive his or her retirement benefits or reaches the age of 65 years, unless both parties agree to a lump sum settlement of the non-covered spouse's benefits payable in one or more installments.
- "(d) If the court, in its discretion, determines
 that it is appropriate to include an allowance of military
 retired pay in a division of property pursuant to a divorce,
 the division is subject to subsections (a), (b), and (c)
 above, and the court shall base the allowance of military
 retired pay on a percentage calculated at the time of

retirement using the rank, pay rate, and years of service of
the military member on the date of the final order granting
the divorce. Future pay increases attributable to promotion or
additional time served by the military member spouse after the
final decree of divorce are not subject to division. The
former spouse may gain the benefit only of cost-of-living
increases received by the military member during his or her
years of service as specified in the current pay table for the
appropriate rank and pay rate that the military member spouse
had achieved as of the date of the final order of divorce."
Section 2. This act shall become effective on the
first day of the third month following its passage and
approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.