- 1 HB404
- 2 116168-1
- 3 By Representatives Canfield, Williams (J) and DeMarco
- 4 RFD: County and Municipal Government
- 5 First Read: 21-JAN-10

116168-1:n:01/13/2010:JMH/tan LRS2009-5137

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8 SYNOPSIS:

may opt to adopt a council-manager form of government that provides for a five-member council with the mayor and one council member elected at large and the remaining three council members elected from districts. This change must be initiated by petition of qualified electors and requires a referendum. At various times, existing law has provided alternate methods of limited duration for adopting a council-manager form of government in Class 6 municipalities. One alternate method provided a one-time provision in 1983 for an election in certain Class 6 municipalities to convert to a council-manager form of government that did not have to be initiated by petition of qualified electors. This alternate method provided for a nine-member council consisting of a mayor elected at large and eight council members elected from four dual-member districts. Another alternate method provided for a council initiated change,

Under existing law, a Class 6 municipality

1 required a referendum, and provided for a mayor 2 elected at large and seven council members elected by districts. This change had to be approved at a 3 referendum held between October 1991 and March 1992. 5 This bill would provide an additional method 6 7 by which a Class 6 municipality could convert to a council-manager form of government. This bill would 8 authorize the governing body of a Class 6 9 10 municipality, by resolution and without the requirement of a petition, to call an election on 11 12 the adoption of a council-manager form of 13 government with a five-member council consisting of 14 a mayor and four council members elected at large. This bill would provide a specific time period in 15 16 which a municipality could call an election on the 17 adoption of a council-manager form of government 18 using this method. This bill would provide a 19 specific time for the term of office of the council 20 in municipalities electing to adopt this alternate 21 method of conversation. 22 23 A BILL

24 TO BE ENTITLED

25 AN ACT

26

To amend Sections 11-43A-3.1, 11-43A-3.2, 11-43A-7, 1 11-43A-8, 1143A-9, 11-43A-14, 11-43A-16, 11-43A-18, and 2 11-43A-32, Code of Alabama 1975; to provide an alternate 3 method for adopting a council-manager form of government in certain Class 6 municipalities; to provide for a five-member 5 6 council with a mayor and four council members elected at 7 large; to provide that the council of certain Class 6 municipalities, by resolution and without petition, could call 8 for an election on the adoption of a council-manager form of 9 10 government using the alternate method; to provide a limited period of time in which the alternate method may be used; and 11 12 to provide for the term of office of the council.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Sections 11-43A-3.1, 11-43A-3.2, 11-43A-7, 11-43A-8, 11-43A-9, 11-43A-14, 11-43A-16, 11-43A-18, and 11-43A-32, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

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"(a) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, an election shall be held in every Class 6 municipality wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council, at the same time that the election for members of the Alabama legislature is held in 1983; and the question submitted at such election shall be: "shall the council-manager form of government, provided in the Council-Manager Act of 1982, with the change in the form of government of such municipality to become operative on the

first Monday in October 1986, be adopted for the municipality of ____?" The election shall be held and in all things governed as nearly as possible by the provisions regulating elections on the question the adoption of the council-manager form of government provided in the Council-Manager Act of 1982, except that no petition of any of the qualified voters of the municipality need be filed and the mayor of any city in which such election is hereby required shall within 10 days after July 26, 1983, by proclamation, submit the question of the adoption of the council-manager plan at a special election to be held at the same time as the election held in 1983 for members of the Alabama legislature. Should the election not be called by proclamation of the mayor within said 10-day period, the judge of probate shall call such election by order.

"(b) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, before

January 1, 2011, an election shall be held in every Class 6

municipality wherein the municipal governing body has elected

to have a five-member council with the mayor and four council

members elected in an at-large election. The question

submitted at the election shall be "shall the municipality of

adopt a council-manager form of government provided

in the Council-Manager Act of 1982, as amended, consisting of

a mayor and four council members elected in an at-large
election to become operative on the first Monday in November

2012?" No petition of any of the qualified voters of the

municipality need be filed. The mayor of any municipality in

which an election is hereby required, by proclamation within

10 days of the election by the governing body, shall submit the question of the adoption of the council-manager plan at a special election to be held before January 1, 2011. Should the mayor, by proclamation within the 10-day period, fail to call the election, the judge of probate shall call the election by order.

"\$11-43A-3.2.

"The provisions of section 11-43A-3.1, authorizing an election in certain Class 6 municipalities in 1983 or 2010 on the question of the adoption of the council-manager form of government provided in the Council-Manager Act of 1982 and providing for the effective date of such change if the council-manager form of government is approved, shall supersede all other laws in conflict herewith only for the purpose of holding the election in 1983 or 2010 and making the change in the form of government approved at such election; when such purposes have been effectuated it shall have no further force or effect.

"\$11-43A-7.

"(a) The change in the form of government shall take place on the first Monday in October following the date of the next ensuing municipal election for the election of members of the governing body held by the municipality during a general municipal election year as established by Section 11-46-21, except in Class 6 cities wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council as authorized in Section 11-43A-8; and in such cities the change in the form of

government may take place on the first Monday in October in any even-numbered year, designated therefor by the municipal governing body unless the election approving such change was held in 1983, in which case the change shall take place on the first Monday in October 1986.

"(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), in Class 6
municipalities wherein the governing body has elected to have
a five-member council as authorized in subsection (c) of
Section 11-43A-8, the election approving the change in the
form of government shall be held before January 1, 2011, and
the change shall take place on the first Monday in November
2012.

"\$11-43A-8.

"(a) The governing body provided for herein shall be known collectively as the "Council of the City (Town) of _____ (name of city or town to be inserted)" and shall have the powers and duties hereinafter provided. Except as hereinafter provided, the council shall have five members. One member shall be the mayor, elected by the voters at large, to preside over the deliberations of the council. One member shall be a council member elected by the voters at large. Three members shall be council members elected by the voters from each of three single-member districts. The council first elected shall qualify and take office on the first Monday in October following the date of the next ensuing municipal election held for the election of members of a municipal governing body during a general municipal election year.

"(b) In Class 6 cities the municipal governing body, by resolution, may elect to have the council composed and elected as above prescribed or to have the alternate form as hereinafter prescribed. If the municipal governing body, by resolution, elects to have the alternate form, it shall immediately notify the judge of probate, who shall have the ballots for the election, authorized in section 11-43A-3, prepared to pose the question of the adoption of the alternate form of government authorized in this section. The council shall have nine members. One member shall be the mayor, who shall be a voting member, elected by the voters at large, to preside over the deliberations of the council. Eight members shall be council members elected by the voters, two from each of four dual-member districts. The council first elected shall qualify and take office on the first Monday in October in an even-numbered year designated by the municipal governing body unless the election approving the change in the form of government was held in 1983, in which case such council shall qualify and take office on the first Monday in October 1986.

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"(c) In Class 6 municipalities, the municipal governing body, by resolution, may elect to have an alternate form of government prescribed in this subsection. If the municipal governing body, by resolution, elects to have the alternate form prescribed in this subsection, it shall immediately notify the judge of probate, who shall have the ballots for the election authorized in Section 11-43A-3 prepared to pose the question of the adoption of the alternate

form of government prescribed in this subsection. If the voters elect to adopt the form of government authorized by this subsection, the council shall take office on the first Monday in November 2012. The council shall have five members. One member shall be the mayor, who shall be a voting member, elected by the voters at large to preside over the council. Four members shall be council members elected by the voters at large. The mayor shall serve as president of the council and the council shall elect one of its members to serve as the pro tempore.

"(d) Subsequent to the seating of the initial council, the next council shall be elected at an election to be held in accordance with provisions of the general municipal election laws.

"§11-43A-9.

"(a) In all cities to which this section applies, except Class 6 cities wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council or a five-member council elected at large, as authorized in Section 11-43A-8, the election for the first officers of the municipality shall be held on the same date as the date of election for the next ensuing general municipal election. Before such election the governing body of the municipality shall cause the municipality to be divided into three districts containing as nearly an equal number of people as possible. Candidates shall qualify in the manner prescribed in the general municipal election laws and shall have the qualifications and

eligibility set forth therein. Each candidate shall announce that he or she is to become a candidate for mayor, or councilman-at-large, or if he or she desires to become a candidate for one of the three district posts, either district post 1, district post 2, or district post 3. A candidate for a district position shall reside in his or her district. Each voter in the election may cast one vote for a candidate for mayor, one vote for a councilman-at-large, and one vote for the candidate from the district in which he or she resides. Any candidate receiving a majority of the total votes cast for mayor, councilman-at-large, district post 1, district post 2, and district post 3 shall be elected. In the event no candidate receives a majority for a place on the council there shall be a runoff election for such place held in the manner prescribed by the general municipal election laws. The councilmen elected shall take office as herein provided. Each councilman shall hold office for four years and shall serve until his or her successor shall have been elected and qualified.

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"(b) In Class 6 cities wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council as authorized in Section 11-43A-8, the election for the first officers of the municipality shall be held on the same date as the date of election for the next ensuing general municipal election. Before such election the governing body of the municipality shall cause the municipality to be divided into four districts containing as nearly an equal number of people

as possible. Candidates shall qualify in the manner prescribed 1 2 in the general municipal election laws and shall have the qualifications and eligibility set forth therein. Each 3 candidate shall announce that he or she is to become a candidate for mayor, or if he or she desires to become a 5 6 candidate for one of the eight district posts, either district 7 1 post 1, district 1 post 2, district 2 post 1, district 2 post 2, district 3 post 1, district 3 post 2, district 4 post 8 1, or district 4 post 2. A candidate for a district position 9 10 shall reside in his or her district. The municipal governing body shall have the authority by ordinance to establish 11 12 geographic boundaries of approximately equal population for 13 each of the two posts in any or all of the four districts. The 14 ordinance of the city required by the preceding sentence shall 15 be adopted no later than 75 days prior to the date of the election with respect to which the establishment of districts 16 17 is to be effective. In establishing any such posts within a district, the city shall not be required to comply with 18 Section 11-43A-33 except with respect to elections held 19 subsequent to the publication of a federal census or 20 21 population subsequent to the 1990 federal census of 22 population. Each voter in the election may cast one vote for a 23 candidate for mayor and one vote for a candidate for each of 24 the two posts for the district in which he or she resides 25 unless the municipal governing body has designated geographic 26 boundaries for the two posts in a district. If the governing 27 body has designated by ordinance geographic post boundaries

one vote for a candidate for the post position within the district geographic boundaries where he or she resides. Any candidate receiving a majority of the total votes cast for mayor, or for a district post shall be elected. In the event no candidate receives a majority for a place on the council there shall be a runoff election for such place held in the manner prescribed by the general municipal election laws. The councilmen elected shall take office as herein provided.

Councilmen elected hereunder, each, shall hold office for four years and shall serve until his or her successor shall have been elected and qualified.

"\$11-43A-14.

"At every such election all ballots to be used by the voters shall be printed and prepared by the municipality and shall contain the names of all candidates seeking election to the office of mayor, councilman-at-large, or one of the three district council seats except that in all Class 6 cities wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council as authorized and in Class 6 cities wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a five-member council elected at large, as authorized in section subsection (c) of Section 11-43A-8, supra, the ballot shall contain the names of all candidates seeking election to the office of mayor, or to each post in one of the four council districts.

"The ballot shall conform, as nearly as can be, to the ballot prescribed in the general municipal election laws and the election shall be conducted as nearly as can be as prescribed by such laws.

"\$11-43A-16.

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"The mayor shall preside at the meetings of the council and shall be recognized as the head of the municipal government for all ceremonial purposes and by the governor for purpose of military law, but shall have no other administrative duties. In all cities to which this section applies, except Class 6 cities wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council an alternate form, as authorized in section subsections (b) and (c) of Section 11-43A-8, supra, the councilman-at-large shall be assistant mayor and shall act as mayor during the absence or disability of the mayor. Any vacancy in the office of the mayor shall be filled by the councilman-at-large. In such Class 6 cities, a mayor pro tem shall be elected from the membership by a majority vote of the council at its first meeting following its election. The mayor pro tem shall act as mayor during the absence or disability of the mayor. Any vacancy in the office of the mayor shall be filled by the mayor pro tem. Any vacancies on the council, except that of the office of mayor, shall be filled by the council at the next regular meeting of the council following the date of the vacancy. The election of a new councilman shall require the affirmative vote of at least three members in all cities to

which this section applies, except Class 6 cities wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council an alternate form, as authorized in section subsections (b) and (c) of Section 11-43A-8, supra, and in such. In Class 6 cities such wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council, election shall require the affirmative vote of five members. In Class 6 cities wherein the municipal governing body has elected to have a five-member council elected at large, the election shall require the affirmative vote of three members. A vacancy in one of the district council seats shall be filled by a person who shall reside within the district from whence the vacancy arose.

"\$11-43A-18.

"The council, by a majority vote of the whole qualified membership of the council, shall appoint a city manager, who shall be an officer of the city, and shall have the powers to perform the duties in this chapter provided. No councilman shall receive such appointment during the term for which he the council member shall have been elected nor within one year after expiration of his the term. Any civil service act, applicable to the municipality, shall not apply to the appointment or the removal of the city manager.

"A temporary acting city manager may be designated by the council to serve for not more than four months in these events, but only in these events: (1) When the first council

takes office after adoption of this article or (2) following the removal of any permanent city manager.

"Such temporary acting city manager shall perform the duties and assume the obligations of the office of city manager and may be removed by the council at any time. If the council shall permit the temporary acting manager to serve for longer than four months, he shall become the permanent city manager.

"Any person appointed as acting city manager or as city manager need not be a resident of the city nor a resident of the State of Alabama at the time of his appointment.

"The council shall appoint the city manager for an indefinite term, but the council may remove him the manager at any time by a majority vote of the whole qualified membership of the council. However, in any Class 6 city in which the governing body has elected to have a nine-member council, as authorized in is organized as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of Section 11-43A-8, supra, any such removal shall be subject to any agreements contained in a contract between the council and the city manager.

"Neither the council nor any of its members shall direct or request the appointment of any person to, or his removal from, office by the city manager, or in any manner take part in the appointment or removal of officers and employees in the administrative service to the city. Except for the purpose of inquiry, the mayor and the members of the council shall deal with the administrative service only

through the city manager and neither the mayor nor any member of the council shall give orders to any subordinates of the city manager, either publicly or privately. The mayor or any member of the council violating the provisions of this section or voting for a resolution or ordinance in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor. Upon conviction of a second violation of this section, the person so convicted shall forfeit his office.

"\$11-43A-32.

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"In all cities to which this section applies, except Class 6 cities in which the municipal governing body has elected to have a nine-member council, and Class 6 cities in which the municipal governing body has elected to have a five-member council elected at large, as authorized in subsections (b) and (c) of Section 11-43A-8, supra, there shall be established three council districts to be designated respectively as district post 1, district post 2, and district post 3, and in such Class 6 cities, there shall be established four council districts with eight district posts to be designated district 1 post 1, district 1 post 2, district 2 post 1, district 2 post 2, district 3 post 1, district 3 post 2, district 4 post 1, and district 4 post 2. Such districts shall have, as nearly as is reasonable, the same population. The designation and boundaries of the initial council districts shall be specifically described and set forth. In all cities to which this section applies, except the above-described Class 6 cities, the two at-large posts on the

1	council shall be designated as mayor and councilman-at-large;
2	and in such Class 6 cities the one at-large post on the
3	council shall be designated as mayor."
4	Section 2. This act shall become effective
5	immediately following its passage and approval by the
6	Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.