- 1 HB444
- 2 116826-1
- 3 By Representatives McClurkin, Love, Hubbard, Allen, Greeson,
- 4 Millican and Bridges
- 5 RFD: Health
- 6 First Read: 26-JAN-10

1	116826-1:n:01/20/2010:JRC/th LRS2010-450
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, there are no express
9	provisions regarding the use of umbilical cord
10	blood.
11	This bill would establish the Umbilical Cord
12	Blood Use Act and would provide for education about
13	umbilical cord blood and its storage and use.
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15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
18	
19	To establish the Umbilical Cord Blood Use Act; to
20	provide for the dissemination of information to pregnant women
21	regarding umbilical cord blood donation, use, and storage.
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
23	Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited
24	as the "Umbilical Cord Blood Use Act."
25	Section 2. The Legislature declares that the purpose
26	of this act is to educate pregnant women and others regarding
27	the potential medical benefits and use of stem cells found in

1 umbilical cord blood and to provide opportunities for banking 2 or donating umbilical cord blood when desired by a pregnant 3 woman.

Section 3. As used in this act, the following terms
shall have the following meanings:

6 (1) BANKING. The act of storing umbilical cord blood
7 in a private facility for possible use by the woman, her
8 child, or her biological family.

9 (2) DONATING. The act of storing umbilical cord 10 blood in a public facility for use by non-family persons who 11 are medically eligible.

12 (3) HEALTH CARE FACILITY. An institution providing
13 health care services to pregnant women, including a hospital,
14 a clinic, or other inpatient center, outpatient facility, or
15 diagnostic or treatment center.

16 (4) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER. A medical physician,
17 osteopathic physician, certified nurse practitioner, or
18 certified nurse midwife who is licensed, certified, or
19 otherwise authorized by law to provide or render health care
20 services to pregnant women in Alabama in the ordinary course
21 of business or practice of a profession.

(5) UMBILICAL CORD BLOOD. The blood that remains in
 the umbilical cord and placenta after the birth of a newborn
 child.

Section 4. All health care providers providing
 health care services to a pregnant woman during the last
 trimester of her pregnancy directly related to her pregnancy

1 shall advise her of the possible medical uses of stem cells 2 found in the umbilical cord blood and options for banking or 3 donating umbilical cord blood following the delivery of a 4 newborn child. Provision in a timely manner of publications 5 prepared by the Department of Public Health relating to the 6 Umbilical Cord Blood Use Act shall constitute compliance with 7 this subsection.

8 Section 5. The Department of Public Health, by 9 January 1, 2010, shall prepare and distribute by electronic 10 means to health care providers written publications that 11 include all of the following information:

12 (1) The medical processes involved in the collection13 of umbilical cord blood.

14 (2) The medical risks, if any, to a mother and her15 newborn child of umbilical cord blood collection.

16 (3) The current and potential future medical uses 17 and benefits of stem cells in the umbilical cord blood and its 18 collection for a mother, her newborn child, and her biological 19 family.

(4) The current and potential future medical uses
and benefits of stem cells in the umbilical cord blood and its
collection for persons who are not biologically related to a
mother or her newborn child.

24 (5) Any costs that may be incurred by a pregnant
25 woman who chooses to bank or donate an umbilical cord blood.

26 (6) Options for ownership and future use of the27 banked or donated material.

(7) The availability in this state of umbilical cord
 blood banks and donations.

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(8) Resources available for further information.

Section 6. (a) Unless it is medically inadvisable,
all health care facilities and health care providers treating
a pregnant woman during the delivery of a newborn child, if
requested by that woman, shall permit her to arrange for
banking or donating her umbilical cord blood.

9 (b) Nothing in this section imposes an obligation 10 upon a health care facility or health care provider to permit 11 umbilical cord blood banking or donating if in the 12 professional judgment of the health care provider the banking 13 or donating of umbilical cord blood would threaten the health 14 of the mother or newborn child.

15 (c) Nothing in this section imposes an obligation upon a health care facility or health care provider to permit 16 17 umbilical cord blood banking or donating if the banking or donating conflicts with bona fide religious beliefs of the 18 health care facility or health care provider. If a health care 19 facility or health care provider declines to engage in 20 21 umbilical cord blood banking or donating, that fact shall be 22 made known to pregnant patients of that facility or provider 23 as soon as reasonably feasible.

24 Section 7. This act shall become effective on the 25 first day of the third month following its passage and 26 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.