- 1 HB539
- 2 116062-2
- 3 By Representative Black
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 11-FEB-10

116062-2:n:01/27/2010:LCG/th LRS2010-18R1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing law, an offender sentenced 8 SYNOPSIS: to probation may be incarcerated in the 9 10 penitentiary for the remainder of his or her 11 sentence if probation is revoked for one or more 12 technical violations. 13 This bill would prohibit incarceration in the penitentiary if a probationer has successfully 14 15 completed six months probation and has committed only technical violations. 16 17 Existing law limits the period of probation 18 to five years for a felony offense and two years 19 for a misdemeanor offense for all probation 20 periods. 21 This bill would specify the limits applying 22 to probation periods imposed as part of a split 23 sentence and would provide intermediate options a court may utilize in revoking probation. This bill 24 25 would provide retroactive application of the limits on incarceration to certain prisoners that are 26 27 currently incarcerated in the penitentiary on

1 probation revocation for technical violations upon 2 meeting certain conditions and would invest jurisdiction in the sentencing court to modify a 3 4 qualified offender's sentence. This bill would also 5 provide yearly appropriations for counties. 6 7 A BTTT TO BE ENTITLED 8 9 AN ACT 10 To amend Section 15-22-54, Code of Alabama 1975, to 11 12 limit the terms of probation; to prohibit incarceration in the 13 penitentiary for technical violations of probation with 14 retroactive application for certain offenders; to provide 15 intermediate sanctions for violations; and to add Sections 15-22-54.1 and 15-22-54.2 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to 16 17 provide for resentencing and yearly appropriations to counties. 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 19 Section 1. Section 15-22-54, Code of Alabama 1975, 20 21 is amended to read as follows: "\$15-22-54. 22 23 "(a) The period of probation or suspension of 24 execution of sentence shall be determined by the court, and 25 the period of probation or suspension may be continued, extended, or terminated. However, in no case shall the maximum 26 27 probation period of a defendant guilty of a misdemeanor exceed two years, nor shall the maximum probation period of a defendant guilty of a felony exceed five years. <u>These</u> <u>limitations shall also apply to the probation portion of a</u> <u>split sentence imposed pursuant to Section 15-18-8</u>. When the conditions of probation or suspension of sentence are fulfilled, the court shall, by order duly entered on its minutes, discharge the defendant.

8 "(b) The court granting probation may, upon the 9 recommendation of the officer supervising the probationer, 10 terminate all authority and supervision over the probationer 11 prior to the declared date of completion of probation upon 12 showing a continued satisfactory compliance with the 13 conditions of probation over a sufficient portion of the 14 period of the probation.

15 "(c) At any time during the period of probation or 16 suspension of execution of sentence, the court may issue a 17 warrant and cause the defendant to be arrested for violating 18 any of the conditions of probation or suspension of sentence.

19 "(d) Except as provided in Chapter 15 of Title 12, any probation officer, police officer, or other officer with 20 21 power of arrest, when requested by the probation officer, may 22 arrest a probationer without a warrant. In case of an arrest 23 without a warrant, the arresting officer shall have a written 24 statement by the probation officer setting forth that the 25 probationer has, in his or her judgment, violated the conditions of probation, and the statement shall be sufficient 26 27 warrant for the detention of the probationer in the county

jail or other appropriate place of detention until the probationer is brought before the court. The probation officer shall forthwith report the arrest and detention to the court and submit in writing a report showing in what manner the probationer has violated probation.

6 "(1) If the defendant violates a condition of 7 probation or suspension of execution of sentence, the court, 8 after a hearing, may implement one or more of the following 9 options:

10 "a. Continue the existing probation or and
11 suspension of execution of sentence.

12 "b. Issue a formal or informal warning to the 13 probationer that further violations may result in revocation 14 of probation or suspension of execution of sentence.

15 "c. Conduct a formal or informal conference with the 16 probationer to reemphasize the necessity of compliance with 17 the conditions of probation.

18 "d. Modify the conditions of probation or suspension
19 of execution of sentence, which conditions may include the
20 addition of short periods of confinement <u>in the county jail</u>.

21 "e. Revoke the probation or suspension of execution22 of sentence.

"(2) If the court revokes probation, it may, after a hearing, impose the sentence that was suspended at the original hearing or any lesser sentence, including any option listed in subdivision (1).

"(3) If revocation results in a sentence of 1 2 confinement, credit shall be given for all time spent in custody prior to revocation. Full credit shall be awarded for 3 4 full-time confinement in facilities such as county jail, state prison, and boot camp. Credit for other penalties, such as 5 6 work release programs, intermittent confinement, and home 7 detention, shall be left to the discretion of the court, with the presumption that time spent subject to these penalties 8 will receive half credit. The court shall also give 9 10 significant weight to the time spent on probation in substantial compliance with the conditions thereof. The total 11 12 time spent in confinement may not exceed the term of 13 confinement of the original sentence.

14 "(4) The court shall not revoke probation and order 15 the confinement of the probationer <u>for violations of the</u> 16 <u>conditions of probation</u> unless the court finds on the basis of 17 the original offense and the probationer's intervening 18 conduct, either of the following:

19 "a. No measure short of confinement will adequately 20 protect the community from further criminal activity by the 21 probationer.

"b. No measure short of confinement will avoiddepreciating the seriousness of the violation.

24 "(5) An offender who is sentenced to serve a period
 25 of probation for a felony who has not been arrested or charged
 26 with commission of a new criminal offense and has successfully
 27 fulfilled the conditions of probation, including remaining

1	current on payment of court ordered monies, for six months,
2	shall not be incarcerated in the state penitentiary if
3	probation is revoked only for technical violations. Technical
4	violations of conditions of probation shall be subject to the
5	options provided in subdivision (1), provided, however, the
6	court may also continue the existing probation and suspension
7	of execution of sentence with the additional condition that
8	the probationer does the following:
9	"a. Participates in a community corrections program.
10	"b. Participates in a county work release program.
11	"c. Performs community service.
12	"d. Undergoes intensive probation supervision.
13	"e. Participates in a residential or outpatient drug
14	<u>or alcohol treatment program.</u>
15	"f. Participates in and completes a Life Skills
16	Influenced by Freedom and Education Tech (LIFETech)
17	residential program administered through the Board of Pardons
18	and Paroles."
19	Section 2. Sections 15-22-54.1 and 15-22-54.2 are
20	added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:
21	\$15-22-54.1.
22	(a) Any person now serving a prison sentence based
23	on revocation of probation as a result of only technical
24	violations shall be entitled to be resentenced upon petition
25	to the sentencing court. Such petition shall be on a form and
26	filed in the manner prescribed by the Administrative Office of
27	Courts. Petitions shall be considered authorized motions for

1 modification of sentence, assigned a unique identifier by the 2 Administrative Office Courts, and shall not require payment of 3 a filing fee.

4 (b) The court shall have jurisdiction to resentence
5 the offender in accordance with the terms of this section,
6 upon a showing of the following:

7 (1) The offender successfully completed the terms of8 probation for six months.

9 (2) Probation was thereafter revoked and the 10 offender was sentenced to the penitentiary only as a result of 11 technical violations of probation.

12 (3) The offender has no disciplinary infractions13 while serving the sentence in the penitentiary.

14 (4) The offender has no pending charges or15 convictions for a new offense.

16

§15-22-54.2.

17 In addition to all other appropriations, there is hereby appropriated three million dollars (\$3,000,000) from 18 the State General Fund for the fiscal year ending September 19 30, 2011, and each fiscal year thereafter, earmarked for use 20 21 by counties for the purpose of establishing and enhancing 22 community correction programs, drug courts, county work 23 release programs, residential and outpatient drug and alcohol treatment programs, and other appropriate sentencing 24 alternatives, and to remunerate counties for the confinement 25 26 of probationers in the county jail. Such appropriation shall 27 be distributed on a quarterly basis to the counties by the

state Comptroller in accordance with a formula established by the Department of Corrections and upon verification of the number of felony offenders diverted from the Department of Corrections and the estimated cost savings achieved pursuant to the provisions of this act.

6 Section 3. This act shall become effective 7 immediately following its passage and approval by the 8 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.