- 1 HB711
- 2 116555-2
- 3 By Representatives Baker (A), Faust, McMillan, Wren, Ison and
- 4 Gaston
- 5 RFD: Education Policy
- 6 First Read: 11-MAR-10

1	116555-2:n:02/18/2010:KMS/ll LRS2010-183
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a private school is
9	defined as including both profit and nonprofit
LO	entities and may apply for exemption from state
L1	licensing requirements if in continuous operation
L2	for 20 years or more as of April 29, 1980.
L3	This bill would clarify the meaning of
L4	profit and nonprofit as the terms relate to the
L5	definition of a private school.
L6	This bill would also change the baseline
L7	exemption date from April 29, 1980, to January 1,
L8	2004.
L9	
20	A BILL
21	TO BE ENTITLED
22	AN ACT
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24	To amend Sections 16-46-1 and 16-46-3, Code of
25	Alabama 1975, relating to the regulation of private schools
26	and courses of instruction; to clarify the terms profit and
27	nonprofit as used in the definition of a private school; and

- to change the baseline exemption date from April 29, 1980, to
 January 1, 2004.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- Section 1. Sections 16-46-1 and 16-46-3 of the Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
- 6 "\$16-46-1.

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- "For the purposes of this chapter, the following words shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section:
- "(1) COURSE. Any course, or portion of a plan or
 program of instruction, whether conducted in person, by mail,
 or by any other method.
- "(2) SCHOOL. Any person, group of people, institution, establishment, agency, or organization offering or administering a plan, course, or program of instruction whether conducted in person, by mail, or by any other method.
 - "(3) PRIVATE SCHOOL. Operation of either profit or nonprofit entity as opposed to publicly owned or operated schools.
 - "(4) AGENT or REPRESENTATIVE. Salesperson who presents materials, sells courses, or solicits students for enrollment therefor in this state outside the boundaries of the school facilities.
 - "(5) LICENSE. A private school license identifying the name and location of the school and establishing the courses which may be offered thereunder.

- "(6) PERMIT. A pocket card issued to a

 representative providing identification as an authorized agent

 of a school.
- "(7) ECONOMIC FRAUD. The sale of courses or programs of study which an institution is unable or unwilling to 5 6 provide as advertised or described because of inadequate 7 financial stability, facilities, instructional staff, or commitment to honor written or verbal contracts made with 8 students. Included is the solicitation of students for 9 10 enrollment through intentional deception or misrepresentation of fact and the use of advertising which is known to be false, 11 12 inaccurate, or misleading. Failure to properly administer 13 student cancellation and refund policies according to 14 appropriate regulations or agreements made with students shall 15 also constitute economic fraud.

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- "(8) ACADEMIC FRAUD. Courses offered are insufficient in quality, content, or administration to achieve the stated or implied educational objective. Persons offering such courses who know or reasonably should know that said courses cannot achieve the stated or implied educational objective shall be considered to be involved in academic fraud.
- "(9) RESIDENT PRIVATE SCHOOL. A school which is domiciled within Alabama and has established for a period of three years permanent administrative and management facilities in this state.

"(10) PRINCIPAL BASE OF OPERATIONS. A school which
has established a main campus in Alabama. Administrative and
managerial support and physical plant facilities are
maintained continuously in this location. Franchises chartered
independently of parent corporations may be accorded this
status provided they comply with the residency requirements.

"(11) CHURCH SCHOOL. A school operated by a local church, group of churches, denomination, and/or association of churches on a nonprofit basis.

"\$16-46-3.

- "(a) This chapter shall not apply to any of the following schools nor to any person in regard to the operation of such schools, except for the conditions stated in this section:
- "(1) Schools operated on a nonprofit basis offering only courses or programs of study in the performance of or preparation for the ministry of any established church, denomination, or religion.
- "(2) Courses conducted by employers exclusively for their employees and courses conducted by labor unions exclusively for their members.
- "(3) Schools offering instruction in grades K-12, including the kindergarten, elementary, or secondary level and operated by a parochial, denominational, or religious organization, and/or as a ministry of a local church or group of churches on a nonprofit basis.

"(4) Schools offering instruction in grades K-12, including the kindergarten, elementary, or secondary level, and operated by a community, educational organization, or group of parents, organized as a nonprofit educational corporation with the expectation of establishing a more favorable environment for those in attendance.

- "(5) Schools, colleges, and universities principally operated and supported by the State of Alabama or its political subdivisions.
- "(6) Seminars and short courses sponsored or offered by professional business, trade, or religious organizations primarily for benefit of members thereof, or similar public programs of training where the majority of the students have at least half of their tuition and enrollment fees paid by their employers, provided that evidence is supplied supporting this exemption continuously over the preceding five years.
- "(7) Any private school conducting resident courses whose principal base of operation is within the State of Alabama which has been in continuous operation for 20 years or more as of April 29, 1980 January 1, 2004, and that held accreditation as of that date by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education.
- "(8) Programs of study regulated by other state boards, commissions, or agencies requiring school licensure and/or performance bonding, except where the appropriate regulatory agency requires a license under this chapter.

"(9) Any proprietary postsecondary institution conducting resident courses that has been in operation within Alabama for at least five years as of July 1, 2004, and that is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education shall be accorded the following provisions: Upon proof of such accreditation, such schools shall be issued a license and representative permits after required fees are paid to the Alabama Department of Postsecondary Education. The requisite accreditation shall satisfy the minimum standards of this chapter.

- "(b) Any private school exempted in this section shall retain the exempted status as long as the conditions of exemption remain valid. An accredited private school or program of study not elsewhere exempted whose accreditation is withdrawn, suspended, or revoked shall forfeit its exemption status until the grant of accreditation is restored. Due process of the accrediting agency shall be allowed prior to withdrawal of an exemption. Schools having accreditation withheld as a result of transfer of ownership shall be allowed a period of time to regain the grant in accordance with the appropriate accrediting agency regulations.
- "(c) An exemption pursuant to this section shall not be construed to constitute approval or endorsement by the State of Alabama for any purpose.
- "(d) Exempted private schools may voluntarily request to be licensed without surety as described in Sections 16-46-5 and 16-46-6.

1	"(e) Private schools which cease operations shall
2	place the student academic, attendance, and financial aid
3	records in the office of the appropriate school administrator
4	where a repository shall exist to safeguard and to make
5	available these records to authorized persons upon request as
6	follows:

- "(1) Schools which merge, consolidate, or undergo change of ownership shall deposit with the continuing school.
- "(2) Schools which are a part of a system, organization, franchise, or a ministry of a local church or a group of churches shall deposit with the administrative office thereof if such is to remain in operation.
- "(3) Elementary and secondary schools without system support shall deposit with the superintendent of the public county or city within whose district the school is located.
- "(4) Postsecondary, higher, and others not elsewhere designated shall deposit with the Alabama Department of Postsecondary Education."

Section 2. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.