- 1 SB4
- 2 113060-1
- 3 By Senators Brooks and Pittman
- 4 RFD: Constitution, Campaign Finance, Ethics, and Elections
- 5 First Read: 12-JAN-10
- 6 PFD: 05/16/2009

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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would substantially revise and
9		reorganize existing law contained in Chapter 25 of
10		Title 36, the Alabama Code of Ethics. Certain
11		provisions of existing law would be moved,
12		clarified, and revised in nine new articles as
13		follows: General Provisions; State Ethics
14		Commission; Complaints and Investigations; Misuse
15		of Official Position; Gifts, Meals, Travel, etc.;
16		Conflicting Financial Interests; Financial
17		Disclosures; Lobbyists, Principals, and Others
18		Interested in Government Action; and Violations -
19		Reporting and Penalties.
20		This bill would clarify and revise the
21		definitions of certain terms and add new terms and
22		definitions.
23		This bill would amend the procedures for
24		appointment and confirmation of members of the
25		State Ethics Commission and provide for: A
26		guaranteed minimum level of annual appropriations;
27		electronic filing of and Internet public access to

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statements, reports, notices, and other filings required by the chapter; revised standards and procedures for acting on complaints and authorizing a formal investigation; subpoena power for the commission; new procedures for post-investigation referral and status reports by the Attorney General or district attorney; revised rules concerning the solicitation and acceptance of gifts, meals, travel or reimbursement for travel expenses, and other things of value by public officials and public employees; required registration of lobbyists who influence or attempt to influence Executive Department agencies and personnel and the awarding of grants or contracts; mandatory disclosure by public officials and public employees of their contractual arrangements, or those of their family or business, with entities that receive public funds, including government departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and institutions; and mandatory quarterly reporting by registered lobbyists of all things of value provided to and all financial transactions with public officials, public employees, and the members of their household.

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A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

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To amend Sections 36-25-1 and 36-25-2 of the Code of 3 4 Alabama 1975; to amend and renumber Sections 36-25-3, 36-25-4, 36-25-5, 36-25-6, 36-25-7, 36-25-9, 36-25-10, 36-25-11, 5 36-25-13, 36-25-14, 36-25-15, 36-25-16, 36-25-17, 36-25-18, 6 7 36-25-19, 36-25-20, 36-25-21, 36-25-22, 36-25-23, 36-25-24, 36-25-26, 36-25-27, 36-25-29, and 36-25-30 of the Code of 8 Alabama 1975; to add Sections 36-25-5, 36-25-11, 36-25-12, 9 10 36-25-14, 36-25-15, 36-25-16, 36-25-20, 36-25-21, 36-25-22, 36-25-23, 36-25-24, 36-25-25, 36-25-26, 36-25-31, 36-25-32, 11 12 36-25-40, 36-25-42, 36-25-43, and 36-25-83 to the Code of 13 Alabama 1975; to repeal Sections 36-25-8 and 36-25-28 of the 14 Code of Alabama 1975; to substantially revise and reorganize 15 existing law contained in Chapter of 25 of Title 36, the Alabama Code of Ethics; to move, clarify, and revise certain 16 provisions of existing law; to clarify and revise the 17 definitions of certain terms and add new terms and 18 definitions; to further revise the legislative findings and 19 20 declarations and purposes of the chapter; to amend the 21 procedures for appointment and confirmation of members of the 22 State Ethics Commission and provide for: A quaranteed minimum 23 level of annual appropriations, electronic filing of and 24 Internet public access to statements, reports, notices, and 25 other filings required by the chapter, revised standards and 26 procedures for acting on complaints and authorizing a formal 27 investigation, subpoena power for the commission, new

Τ	procedures for post-investigation referral and status reports
2	by the Attorney General or district attorney, revised rules
3	concerning the solicitation and acceptance of gifts, meals,
4	travel or reimbursement for travel expenses, and other things
5	of value by public officials and public employees, require
6	registration of lobbyists who influence or attempt to
7	influence Executive Department agencies and personnel and the
8	awarding of grants or contracts, mandatory disclosure by
9	public officials and public employees of their contractual
10	arrangements, or those of their family or business, with
11	entities that receive public funds, including government
12	departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and institutions,
13	and mandatory quarterly reporting by registered lobbyists of
14	all things of value provided to and all financial transactions
15	with public officials, public employees, and the members of
16	their household.
17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
18	Section 1. The heading of Chapter 25 (commencing
19	with Section 36-25-1) of Title 36 of the Code of Alabama 1975,
20	is amended to read:
21	"CODE OF <u>PUBLIC</u> ETHICS FOR PUBLIC OFFICIALS,
22	EMPLOYEES, ETC."
23	Section 1.5. An article heading is added preceding
24	Section 36-25-1 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:
25	"ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS"
26	Section 2. Section 36-25-1 of the Code of Alabama
27	1975, is amended to read:

1	" §36-25-1.
2	"Whenever used in this chapter, the following words
3	and terms shall have the following meanings:
4	"(1) BUSINESS. Any corporation, partnership,
5	proprietorship, firm, enterprise, franchise, association,
6	organization, self-employed individual, or any other legal
7	entity.
8	"(2) BUSINESS WITH WHICH THE PERSON IS ASSOCIATED.
9	Any business of which the person or a member of his or her
10	family is an officer, owner, partner, board of director
11	member, employee, or holder of more than five percent of the
12	fair market value of the business.
13	"(3) CANDIDATE. This term as used in this chapter
14	shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in Section $\frac{17-22A-2}{2}$
15	<u>17-5-2</u> .
16	"(4) COMMISSION. The State Ethics Commission.
17	"(5) COMPLAINT. Written allegation or allegations
18	that a violation of this chapter has occurred.
19	"(6) COMPLAINANT. A person who alleges a violation
20	or violations of this chapter by filing a complaint against a
21	respondent.
22	"(7) CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. A complaint filed
23	pursuant to this chapter, together with any statement,
24	conversations, knowledge of evidence, or information received
25	from the complainant, witness, or other person related to such

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complaint.

1 "(8) (7) CONFLICT OF INTEREST. A conflict on the 2 part of a public official or public employee servant between his or her private interests and the official responsibilities 3 4 inherent in an office or position of public trust. A conflict of interest involves any action, inaction, or decision by a 5 public official or public employee servant in the discharge of 6 7 his or her official duties which would materially affect his or her financial interest or those of his or her family 8 members or any business with which the person is associated in 9 10 a manner different from the manner it affects the other members of the class to which he or she belongs. A conflict of 11 12 interest shall does not include arise from any of the following: 13

"a. A loan or financial transaction made or conducted in the ordinary course of business.

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"b. An occasional nonpecuniary award publicly presented by an organization for performance of public service.

"c. Payment of or reimbursement for actual and necessary expenditures for travel and subsistence for the personal attendance of a public official or public employee servant at a convention or other meeting at which he or she is scheduled to meaningfully participate in connection with his or her official duties and for which attendance no reimbursement is made by the state.

"d. Any campaign contribution, including the purchase of tickets to, or advertisements in journals, for

political or testimonial dinners, if the contribution is actually used for political purposes and is not given under circumstances from which it could reasonably be inferred that the purpose of the contribution is to substantially influence a public official in the performance of his or her official

6 duties.

"(9) (8) DAY. Calendar day.

"(10) (9) DEPENDENT. Any person, regardless of his or her legal residence or domicile, who receives 50 percent or more of his or her support from the public official or public employee servant or his or her spouse or who resided with the public official or public employee servant for more than 180 days during the reporting period.

"(11) FAMILY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE. The spouse or a dependent of the public employee.

"(12) (10) FAMILY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC OFFICIAL

SERVANT. The spouse, a dependent, an adult child and his or
her spouse, a parent, a spouse's parents, a sibling and his or
her spouse, of the public official servant.

"(13) (11) GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND
AUTHORITIES. Public or private corporations and authorities,
including but not limited to, hospitals or other health care
corporations, established pursuant to state law by state,
county or municipal governments for the purpose of carrying
out a specific governmental function. Notwithstanding the
foregoing, all employees, including contract employees, of

1 hospitals or other health care corporations and authorities 2 are exempt from the provisions of this chapter. "(14) (12) HOUSEHOLD. The public official, public 3 4 employee, and his or her spouse and dependents. "(15) (13) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. A full-time 5 6 employee of a governmental unit responsible for the prevention 7 or investigation of crime who is authorized by law to carry firearms, execute search warrants, and make arrests. 8 "(16) (14) LEGISLATIVE BODY. The Senate of Alabama, 9 10 the House of Representatives of Alabama, a county commission, city council, city commission, town council, or municipal 11 12 council or commission, and any committee or subcommittee thereof. 13 "(17) (15) LOBBYING. 14 15 "a. The practice of promoting, opposing, or in any 16 manner influencing or attempting to influence any of the 17 following: "1. The the introduction, defeat, or enactment of 18 legislation before any legislative body; opposing or in any 19 20 manner influencing the. 21 "2. The executive approval, veto, or amendment of 22 legislation; or the practice of promoting, opposing, or in any 23 manner influencing or attempting to influence the. "3. The enactment, promulgation, modification, or 24 25 deletion of regulations before any regulatory body; provided,

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however, that.

1	"4. The awarding of a grant or contract by any
2	executive, legislative, or judicial department, agency, or
3	other body.
4	"b. The term does not include providing public
5	testimony before a legislative body or regulatory body or any
6	committee thereof shall not be deemed lobbying.
7	" (18) <u>(16)</u> LOBBYIST.
8	"a. The term lobbyist includes any of the following:
9	"1. A person who receives compensation or
10	reimbursement from another person, group, or entity to lobby.
11	"2. A person who lobbies as a regular and usual part
12	of employment, whether or not any compensation in addition to
13	regular salary and benefits is received.
14	"3. A person who expends in excess of one hundred
15	dollars (\$100) for a thing of value, not including funds
16	expended for the person's travel, subsistence expenses, and
17	literature, buttons, stickers, publications, or other acts of
18	free speech, during a calendar year to lobby.
19	"4. A consultant to the state, county, or municipal
20	levels of government or their instrumentalities, in any manner
21	employed to influence legislation or regulation, regardless
22	whether the consultant is paid in whole or part from state,
23	county, municipal, or private funds.
24	"5. An employee, a paid consultant, or a member of
25	the staff of a lobbyist, whether or not he or she is paid, who

regularly communicates with members of a legislative body

- regarding pending legislation and other matters while the
- 2 legislative body is in session.

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- "b. The term lobbyist does not include any of the
 following:
- 5 "1. A member of a legislative body on a matter which 6 involves that person's official duties.
- "2. A person or attorney rendering professional
 services in drafting bills or in advising clients and in
 rendering opinions as to the construction and effect of
 proposed or pending legislation, executive action, or rules or
 regulations, where those professional services are not
 otherwise connected with legislative, executive, or regulatory
 action.
 - "3. Reporters and editors while pursuing normal reportorial and editorial duties.
 - "4. Any citizen not expending funds as set out above in paragraph a.3. or not lobbying for compensation who contacts a member of a legislative body or other public servant, or gives public testimony on a particular issue or on particular, legislation, or regulation, or for the purpose of influencing legislation, regulation, or the award of a grant or contract and who is merely exercising his or her constitutional right to communicate with members of a legislative body or other public servants.
 - "5. A person who appears before a legislative body, a regulatory body, or an executive agency to either sell or purchase goods or services.

responsibilities do not include lobbying, but who may, from
time to time, organize social events for members of a
legislative body to meet and confer with members of
professional organizations and who may have only irregular
contacts with members of a legislative body when the body is
not in session or when the body is in recess.

"(19) (17) MINOR VIOLATION. Any violation of this chapter in which the public official or public employee servant receives an economic gain in an aggregate amount less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) or the governmental entity has an economic loss of less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

"(18) NONPUBLIC INFORMATION. Information that the public servant gains by reason of his or her government position or office which is privileged or protected from public disclosure by law or which he or she knows or reasonably should know has not been made available to the general public.

"(20) (19) PERSON. A business, individual, corporation, partnership, union, association, firm, committee, club, or other organization or group of persons.

"(21) (20) PRINCIPAL. A person or business which employs, hires, or otherwise retains a lobbyist. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to prohibit a principal from simultaneously serving as his or her own lobbyist.

Τ.	"(22) (21) PROBABLE CAUSE. A TINGING CHAC CHE
2	allegations are more likely than not to have occurred. An
3	evidentiary standard that is satisfied when reasonable grounds
4	exist to believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred
5	and that the respondent is the person who committed the
6	violation.
7	"(22) PROHIBITED SOURCE. Any of the following
8	persons:
9	"a. A lobbyist or any other person who is seeking
10	official action by the public servant or his or her agency.
11	"b. A government contractor or any other person who
12	does business or seeks to do business with the public
13	servant's agency.
14	"c. A person who conducts activities regulated by
15	the public servant or his or her agency.
16	"d. A person who has interests that may be
17	substantially affected by performance or nonperformance of the
18	<pre>public servant's official duties.</pre>
19	"(23) PUBLIC EMPLOYEE. Any person employed at the
20	state, county, or municipal level of government or their
21	instrumentalities, including governmental corporations and
22	authorities, but excluding employees of hospitals or other
23	health care corporations including contract employees of those
24	hospitals or other health care corporations, who is paid in
25	whole or in part from state, county or municipal funds. For
26	purposes of this chapter, a public employee does not include a
27	person employed on a part-time basis whose employment is

1 limited to providing professional services other than
2 lobbying, the compensation for which constitutes less than 50
3 percent of the part-time employee's income.

- "(24) PUBLIC OFFICIAL. Any person elected to public office, whether or not that person has taken office, by the vote of the people at state, county, or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations, and any person appointed to a position at the state, county, or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations. For purposes of this chapter, a public official includes the chairs and vice-chairs or the equivalent offices of each state political party as defined in Section 17-16-2.
- "(25) PUBLIC SERVANT. Any person who is a public official or a public employee.
- "(25) (26) REGULATORY BODY. A state agency which issues regulations in accordance with the Alabama

 Administrative Procedure Act or a state, county, or municipal department, agency, board, or commission which controls, according to rule or regulation, the activities, business licensure, or functions of any group, person, or persons.
- "(26) (27) REPORTING PERIOD. The reporting official's or employee's fiscal tax year as it applies to his or her United States personal income tax return.
- "(27) (28) REPORTING YEAR. The reporting official's or employee's fiscal tax year as it applies to his or her United States personal income tax return.

"(28) (29) RESPONDENT. A person alleged to have
violated a provision of this chapter and against whom a
complaint has been filed with the commission.

"(29) (30) STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS. A financial disclosure form made available by the commission which shall be completed and filed with the commission prior to April 30 of each year covering the preceding calendar year by certain public officials and public employees.

"(30) (31) SUPERVISOR. Any person having authority to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, or discipline other public employees, or any person responsible to direct them, or to adjust their grievances, or to recommend personnel action, if, in connection with the foregoing, the exercise of the authority is not of a merely routine or clerical nature but requires the use of independent judgment.

"(31) (32) THING OF VALUE.

"a. Any gift, benefit, favor, service, gratuity, discount, tickets or passes to an entertainment, social or sporting event offered only to public officials, hospitality unsecured loan, other than those loans made in the ordinary course of business forbearance, reward, promise of future employment, or honoraria, or other item having monetary value.

"b. The term, thing of value, does not include any of the following, provided that if no particular course of action is required as a condition to the receipt thereof:

"1. Campaign contribution. Modest food and beverages, such as soft drinks, coffee and donuts, offered other than as part of a meal.

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- "2. Seasonal gifts of an insignificant economic value of less than one hundred dollars (\$100) if the aggregate value of such gifts from any single donor is less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) during any one calendar year.

 Items with little intrinsic value which are intended solely for presentation, such as plagues, certificates, and trophies.
- "3. Hospitality extended to a public official, public employee, and his or her respective household as a social occasion in the form of food and beverages where the provider is present, lodging in the continental United States and Alaska incidental to the social occasion, and tickets to social or sporting events if the hospitality does not extend beyond three consecutive days and is not continuous in nature and the aggregate value of such hospitality in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) within a calendar day is reported to the commission by the provider provided that the reporting requirement contained in this section shall not apply where the expenditures are made to or on behalf of an organization to which a federal income tax deduction is permitted under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or any charitable, education or eleemosynary cause of Section 501 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code, and where the public official or public employee does not receive any direct financial benefit.

The reporting shall include the name or names of the recipient or recipients, the value of the entire expenditure, the date or dates of the expenditure, and the type of expenditure.

Loans from banks and other financial institutions on terms generally available to the public.

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"4. Reasonable transportation, food and beverages where the provider is present, and lodging expenses in the continental United States and Alaska which are provided in conjunction with an educational or informational purpose, together with any hospitality associated therewith; provided, that such hospitality is less than 50 percent of the time spent at such event, and provided further that if the aggregate value of such transportation, lodging, food, beverages, and any hospitality provided to such public employee, public official, and his or her respective household is in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) within a calendar day the total amount expended shall be reported to the commission by the provider. The reporting shall include the name or names of the recipient or recipients, the value of the entire expenditure, the date or dates of the expenditure, and the type of expenditure. Opportunities and benefits, including favorable rates and commercial discounts, available to the public or to government employees as a general class.

"5. Payment of or reimbursement for actual and necessary expenditures for travel and subsistence of a public official or public employee in connection with an economic development research or trade mission, or for attendance at a

mission or meeting in which he or she is scheduled to meaningfully participate, or regarding matters related to his or her official duties, and for which attendance no reimbursement is made by the state; provided, that any hospitality in the form of entertainment, recreation, or sporting events shall constitute less than 25% of the time spent in connection with the event. If the aggregate value of any such hospitality extended to the public employee, public official, and his or her respective household is in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) within a calendar day, the total amount expended for that day shall be reported to the commission by the provider. The reporting shall include the name or names of the recipient or recipients, the value of such expenditures, the date or dates of the expenditure, and the type of expenditure. Anything that is paid for by the government or secured by the government under government contract.

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"6. Promotional items commonly distributed to the general public and food or beverages of a nominal value.

Anything for which the public servant pays full value.

"c. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to limit, prohibit, or otherwise require the disclosure of a personal gift made to a public official or public employee from a spouse, intended spouse, dependent, adult child, sibling, parent, grandparent, uncle, aunt, nephews, nieces or cousins of the public official or public employee, except as otherwise provided by law.

- "d. c. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to
 limit, prohibit, or otherwise require the disclosure of gifts
 through inheritance received by a public employee or public
 official.
- 5 "(32) (33) VALUE. The fair market price of a like 6 item if purchased by a private citizen."
- Section 3. Section 36-25-2, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended to read as follows:
- 9 "\$36-25-2.

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- "Legislative findings and declarations; purpose of chapter.
- 12 "(a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares:
- "(1) It is essential to the proper operation of
 democratic government that public officials servant be
 independent and impartial.
 - "(2) Governmental decisions and policy should be made in the proper channels of the governmental structure.
 - "(3) No public office <u>or position</u> should be used for private gain other than the remuneration provided by law.
 - "(4) It is important that there be public confidence in the integrity of government.
 - "(5) The attainment of one or more of the ends set forth in this subsection is impaired whenever there exists a conflict of interest between the private interests of a public official or a public employee servant and the duties of the public official or public employee servant.

"(6) The public interest requires that the law protect against such conflicts of interest and establish appropriate ethical standards with respect to the conduct of public officials and public employees servants in situations where conflicts exist or appear to exist from the perspective of a reasonable person with knowledge of the relevant facts.

"(b) It is also essential to the proper operation of government that those best qualified be encouraged to serve in government. Accordingly, legal safeguards against conflicts of interest shall be so designed as not to unnecessarily or unreasonably impede the service of those men and women who are elected or appointed to do so. An essential principle underlying the staffing of our governmental structure is that its public officials and public employees should not be denied the opportunity, available to all other citizens, to acquire and retain private economic and other interests, except where conflicts with the responsibility of public officials and public employees servants to the public cannot be avoided.

"(c) The Legislature declares that the operation of responsible democratic government requires that the fullest opportunity be afforded to the people to petition their government for the redress of grievances and to express freely to the legislative bodies and to officials of the Executive Branch, their opinions on legislation, on pending governmental actions, and on current issues. To preserve and maintain the integrity of the legislative and administrative processes, it is necessary that the identity, expenditures, and activities

of certain persons who engage in efforts to persuade members of the legislative bodies or members of the Executive Branch to take specific actions, either by direct communication to these officials, or by solicitation of others to engage in such efforts, be publicly and regularly disclosed. This chapter shall be liberally construed to promote complete disclosure of all relevant information and to insure that the public interest is fully protected.

"(d) It is the policy and purpose of this chapter to implement these objectives of protecting the integrity of all governmental units of this state and of facilitating the service of qualified personnel by prescribing essential restrictions against conflicts of interest and prudent protections against the appearance of conflicts of interest in public service without creating unnecessary barriers thereto."

Section 4. Section 36-25-30, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-30. \$36-25-3.

"(a) This chapter shall be construed in pari materia with other laws dealing with the subject of ethics.

"(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to limit the right of a public servant to publicly or privately express his or her support for or to encourage others to support and contribute to any candidate, political action committee as defined in Section 17-5-2, referendum, ballot question, issue, or constitutional amendment.

1	"(c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as
2	to deprive any citizen of the citizen's constitutional right
3	to communicate with members of the Legislature or other public
4	servants."
5	Section 5. Section 36-25-29, Code of Alabama 1975,
6	is amended and renumbered to read:
7	" §36-25-29. <u>§36-25-4.</u>
8	"The Legislature shall appropriate such sums as it
9	deems necessary to implement the provisions of and administer
10	this chapter."
11	Section 6. A new Section 36-25-5 is added to the
12	Code of Alabama 1975, to read:
13	§36-25-5.
14	The commission, by April 1, 2010, shall implement
15	and maintain each of the following:
16	(1) A system for electronic filing of complaints and
17	all statements, reports, registrations, and notices required
18	by this chapter.
19	(2) An electronic database accessible to the public
20	through an Internet website which provides at least the
21	following capabilities:
22	a. Search and retrieval of all statements, reports,
23	and other filings required by this chapter, excluding
24	complaints, by the name of the public servant to which they
25	pertain.
26	b. Generation of an aggregate list of all things of
27	value provided to each public servant and family member of a

public servant as reported pursuant to Section 36-25-71, searchable and retrievable by the name of the public servant.

Section 7. An article heading is added preceding Section 36-25-3 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:

"ARTICLE 2. STATE ETHICS COMMISSION"

Section 8. Section 36-25-3, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-3. \$36-25-10.

"(a) There is hereby created a State Ethics

Commission composed of five members, each of whom shall be a fair, equitable citizen of this state and of high moral character and ability. The following persons shall not be eligible to be appointed as members: (1) a public official; (2) a candidate; (3) a registered lobbyist and his or her principal; or (4) a former employee of the commission. For purposes of this section, a public official servant shall not be deemed to include a part-time municipal judge and a registered lobbyist shall not be deemed to include a person whose lobbying activities are limited to providing public testimony to a legislative body or regulatory body or committee thereof.

"(b) No member of the commission shall be eligible for reappointment to succeed himself or herself. The members of the commission shall be appointed by the following officers: the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, or in the absence of a Lieutenant Governor, the Presiding Officer of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and

shall assume their duties upon confirmation by the Senate ad interim, until confirmation or rejection by the Senate. The members of the first commission shall be appointed for terms of office expiring one, two, three, four and five years, respectively, from September 1, 1975. Successors to the members of the first commission shall serve for a term of five years beginning service on September 1 of the year appointed and serving until their successors are appointed and confirmed. If at any time there should be a vacancy on the commission, a successor member to serve for the unexpired term applicable to such vacancy shall be appointed by the Governor. The commission shall elect one member to serve as chair of the commission and one member to serve as vice chair. The vice chair shall act as chair in the absence or disability of the chair or in the event of a vacancy in that office. No appointee whose confirmation is rejected by the Senate may be reappointed.

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"Beginning with the first vacancy on the Ethics
Commission after October 1, 1995, if there is not a Black
member serving on the commission, that vacancy shall be filled
by a Black appointee. Any vacancy thereafter occurring on the
commission, shall also be filled by a Black appointee if there
is no Black member serving on the commission at that time.

"(b) A vacancy in the commission shall not impair
the right of the remaining members to exercise all the powers
of the commission, and three members thereof shall constitute
a quorum.

"(c) The commission shall at the close of each fiscal year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, report to the Legislature and the Governor concerning the actions it has taken, the name, salary, and duties of the director, the names and duties of all individuals in its employ, the money it has disbursed, other relevant matters within its jurisdiction, and such recommendations for legislation as the commission deems appropriate.

on the business of the commission, be entitled to receive compensation at the rate of fifty dollars (\$50) per day, and each member shall be paid his or her travel expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties as a member of the commission as other state employees and officials are paid when approved by the chair. If for any reason a member of the commission wishes not to claim and accept the compensation or travel expenses, the member shall inform the director, in writing, of the refusal. The member may at any time during his or her term begin accepting compensation or travel expenses; however, the member's refusal for any covered period shall act as an irrevocable waiver for that period.

"(c) If at any time there should be a vacancy on the commission, a successor member to serve for the unexpired term applicable to such vacancy shall be appointed by the Governor and shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed and confirmed as provided by this section. A vacancy in the commission shall not impair the right of the remaining members

to exercise all the powers of the commission, and three members thereof shall constitute a quorum.

"(e) All members, officers, agents, attorneys, and employees of the commission shall be subject to this chapter. The director, members of the commission, and all employees of the commission shall not engage in direct partisan political activity, including the making of campaign contributions, on the state, county, and local levels. The prohibition shall in no way act to limit or restrict such persons' ability to vote in any election.

"(d) The commission shall elect one member to serve as chair of the commission and one member to serve as vice chair. The vice chair shall act as chair in the absence or disability of the chair or in the event of a vacancy in that office.

"(f) The commission shall appoint a full-time director. The director shall serve at the pleasure of the commission and shall appoint such other employees as needed. All such employees, except the director, shall be employed subject to the provisions of the state Merit System law, and their compensation shall be prescribed pursuant to such law. The employment of attorneys shall be subject to subsection (h). The compensation of the director shall be fixed by the commission, payable as the salaries of other state employees. The director shall be responsible for the administrative operations of the commission and shall administer this chapter in accordance with the commission's policies. No regulation

shall be implemented by the director until adopted by the commission in accordance with Sections 41-22-1 to 41-22-27, inclusive, the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act.

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"(g) The director may appoint part-time stenographic reporters or certified court reporters, as needed, to take and transcribe the testimony in any formal or informal hearing or investigation before the commission or before any person authorized by the commission. The reporters shall not be full-time employees of the commission and shall not be subject to the Merit System law and may not participate in the State Retirement System.

"(h) The director may, with the approval of the Attorney General, appoint a competent attorney as legal counsel for the commission. The legal counsel shall be of good moral and ethical character, licensed to practice law in this state, and a member in good standing of the Alabama Bar Association. The legal counsel shall be commissioned as an assistant or deputy attorney general and shall, in addition to the powers and duties herein conferred, have the authority and duties of an assistant or deputy attorney general, except, that his or her entire time shall be devoted to the commission. The attorney shall act as an attorney for the commission in actions or proceedings brought by or against the commission pursuant to any provisions of law under the commission's jurisdiction, or in which the commission joins or intervenes as to a matter within the commission's jurisdiction, or as a friend of the court or otherwise;

provided however, nothing in this chapter shall be deemed as a direct grant of subpoena power to the commission.

"(i) The director shall designate in writing the chief investigator, should there be one, and a maximum of six full-time investigators who shall be and are hereby constituted law enforcement officers of the State of Alabama with full and unlimited police power and jurisdiction to enforce the laws of this state pertaining to the operation and administration of the commission and this chapter.

Investigators shall meet the requirements of the Alabama Peace Officers' Standards and Training Act, Sections 36-21-40 to 36-21-51, inclusive, and shall in all ways and for all purposes be considered law enforcement officers entitled to all benefits provided in Section 36-15-6(f); provided however such investigators shall only exercise their power of arrest as granted under this chapter pursuant to an order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction."

Section 9. A new Section 36-25-11 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:

§36-25-11.

Members of the commission, while serving on the business of the commission, shall be entitled to receive compensation at the rate of fifty dollars (\$50) per day, and each member shall be paid his or her travel expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties as a member of the commission as other state employees and officials are paid when approved by the chair. If for any reason a member of the

commission wishes not to claim and accept the compensation or travel expenses, the member shall inform the director, in writing, of the refusal. The member may at any time during his or her term begin accepting compensation or travel expenses; however, the member's refusal for any covered period shall act as an irrevocable waiver for that period.

Section 10. Section 36-25-12 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:

§36-25-12.

All members, officers, agents, attorneys, and employees of the commission shall be subject to this chapter. The director, members of the commission, and all employees of the commission may not engage in direct partisan political activity, including the making of campaign contributions, on the state, county, and local levels. The prohibition shall in no way act to limit or restrict such persons' ability to vote in any election.

Section 11. Section 36-25-4, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-4. \$36-25-13.

"(a) The commission shall do all of the following:

"(1) Submit an annual report at the close of each fiscal year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to the Legislature and the Governor concerning the actions it has taken, the name, salary, and duties of the director, the names and duties of all individuals in its employ, the money it has disbursed, other relevant matters within its jurisdiction, and

- such recommendations for legislation as the commission deems 1 2 appropriate.
- "(1) (2) Prescribe forms for statements required to 3 be filed by this chapter and make the forms available to persons required to file such statements.

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- "(2) (3) Prepare guidelines setting forth recommended uniform methods of reporting for use by persons required to file statements required by this chapter.
- "(3) (4) Accept and file any written information voluntarily supplied that exceeds the requirements of this chapter.
- " $\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ Develop, where practicable, a filing, coding, and cross-indexing system consistent with the purposes of this chapter.
- "(5) (6) Make reports and statements filed with the commission available during regular business hours and online via the Internet to public inquiry subject to such regulations as the commission may prescribe including, but not limited to, regulations requiring identification by name, occupation, address, and telephone number of each person examining information on file with the commission.
- "(6) (7) Preserve reports and statements for a period consistent with the statute of limitations as contained in this chapter. The reports and statements, when no longer required to be retained, shall be disposed of by shredding the reports and statements and disposing of or recycling them, or otherwise disposing of the reports and statements in any other

manner prescribed by law. Nothing in this section shall in any manner limit the Department of Archives and History from receiving and retaining any documents pursuant to existing law.

"(7) (8) Make investigations with respect to statements filed pursuant to this chapter, and with respect to alleged failures to file, or omissions contained therein, any statement required pursuant to this chapter and, upon complaint by any individual, with respect to alleged violation of any part of this chapter to the extent authorized by law. when When in its opinion a thorough audit of any person or any business should be made in order to determine whether this chapter has been violated, the commission shall direct the Examiner of Public Accounts to have an audit made and a report thereof filed with the commission. The Examiner of Public Accounts shall, upon receipt of the directive, comply therewith.

" $\overline{(8)}$ (9) Report suspected violations of law to the appropriate law-enforcement authorities.

"(9) Issue and publish advisory opinions on the requirements of this chapter, based on a real or hypothetical set of circumstances. Such advisory opinions shall be adopted by a majority vote of the members of the commission present and shall be effective and deemed valid until expressly overruled or altered by the commission or a court of competent jurisdiction. The written advisory opinions of the commission shall protect the person at whose request the opinion was

issued and any other person reasonably relying, in good faith, on the advisory opinion in a materially like circumstance from liability to the state, a county, or a municipal subdivision of the state because of any action performed or action refrained from in reliance of the advisory opinion. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to protect any person relying on the advisory opinion if the reliance is not in good faith, is not reasonable, is not in a materially like circumstance. The commission may impose reasonable charges for publication of the advisory opinions and monies shall be collected, deposited, dispensed, or retained as provided herein. On October 1, 1995, all prior advisory opinions of the commission in conflict with this chapter, shall be ineffective and thereby deemed invalid and otherwise overruled unless there has been any action performed or action refrained from in reliance of a prior advisory opinion.

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- "(10) Initiate and continue, where practicable, programs for the purpose of educating candidates, officials, employees, and citizens of Alabama on matters of ethics in government service, including online ethics training seminars.
- "(11) In accordance with Sections 41-22-1 to 41-22-27, inclusive, the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, prescribe, publish, and enforce rules and regulations to carry out this chapter.
- "(b) A complaint filed pursuant to this chapter,
 together with any statement, evidence, or information received
 from the complainant, witnesses, or other persons shall be

protected by and subject to the same restrictions relating to secrecy and nondisclosure of information, conversation, knowledge, or evidence of Sections 12-16-214 to 12-16-216, inclusive. Such restrictions shall apply to all investigatory activities taken by the director, the commission or a member thereof, staff, employees, or any person engaged by the commission in response to a complaint filed with the commission and to all proceedings relating thereto before the commission.

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"(c) The commission shall not take any investigatory action on a telephonic or written complaint against a respondent so long as the complainant remains anonymous. Investigatory action on a complaint from an identifiable source shall not be initiated until the true identity of the source has been ascertained and written verification of such ascertainment is in the commission's files. The complaint may only be filed by a person who has or persons who have actual knowledge of the allegations contained in the complaint. A complainant may not file a complaint for another person or persons in order to circumvent this subsection. Prior to commencing any investigation, the commission shall: (1) receive a written and signed complaint which sets forth in detail the specific charges against a respondent, and the factual allegations which support such charges and (2) the director shall conduct a preliminary inquiry in order to make an initial determination that reasonable cause exists to conduct an investigation. If the director determines

reasonable cause does not exist, the charges shall be dismissed, but such action must be reported to the commission. The commission shall be entitled to authorize an investigation upon a unanimous written consent of all five (5) commission members, upon an express finding that probable cause exists that a violation or violations of this chapter have occurred. A complaint may be initiated by the unanimous vote of the commission, provided, however, that the commission shall not conduct the hearing, but rather the hearing shall be conducted by three (3) active or retired judges, who shall be appointed by the Chief Justice of the Alabama Supreme Court, at least one of whom shall be Black. The three (3) judge panel shall conduct the hearing in accordance with the procedures contained in this chapter and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the commission. If the three (3) judge panel unanimously finds that a person covered by this chapter has violated it, the three (3) judge panel shall forward the case to the district attorney for the jurisdiction in which the alleged acts occurred or to the Attorney General. In all matters that come before the commission concerning a complaint on an individual, the laws of due process shall apply.

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"(d) Not less than 45 days prior to any hearing before the commission, the respondent shall be given notice that a complaint has been filed against him or her and shall be given a summary of the charges contained therein. Upon the timely request of the respondent, a continuance of the hearing for not less than 30 days shall be granted for good cause

shown. The respondent charged in the complaint shall have the right to be represented by retained legal counsel. The commission may not require the respondent to be a witness against himself or herself.

"(e) The commission shall provide discovery to the respondent pursuant to the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure as promulgated by the Alabama Supreme Court.

"(f)(1) All fees, penalties, and fines collected by the commission pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited into the State General Fund.

"(2) All monies collected as reasonable payment of costs for copying, reproductions, publications, and lists shall be deemed a refund against disbursement and shall be deposited into the appropriate fund account for the use of the commission.

"(g) If the commission finds cause that a person covered by this chapter has violated it, the case and the commission's findings shall be forwarded to the district attorney for the jurisdiction in which the alleged acts occurred or to the Attorney General. The case, along with the commission's findings, shall be referred for appropriate legal action. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to limit the commission's ability to take appropriate legal action when so requested by the district attorney for the appropriate jurisdiction or by the Attorney General."

Section 12. Section 36-25-14 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:

1 \$36-25-14.

(a) The commission shall issue and publish advisory opinions on the requirements of this chapter, based on a real or hypothetical set of circumstances. Such advisory opinions shall be adopted by a majority vote of the members of the commission present and shall be effective and deemed valid until expressly overruled or altered by the commission or a court of competent jurisdiction.

- shall protect the person at whose request the opinion was issued and any other person reasonably relying, in good faith, on the advisory opinion in a materially like circumstance from liability to the state, a county, or a municipal subdivision of the state because of any action performed or action refrained from in reliance of the advisory opinion. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to protect any person relying on the advisory opinion if the reliance is not in good faith, is not reasonable, or is not in a materially like circumstance.
- (c) The commission may impose reasonable charges for publication of the advisory opinions and monies shall be collected, deposited, dispensed, or retained as provided herein.
- (d) On July 1, 2009, this chapter shall supersede all prior advisory opinions of the commission in conflict with this chapter. Any person who relied on an advisory opinion issued before July 1, 2009, shall be protected pursuant to subsection (b) with respect to conduct occurring before that

date in reliance on the prior advisory opinion, but shall be subject to this chapter, notwithstanding the prior advisory opinion, with respect to all conduct occurring thereafter.

Section 13. Section 36-25-15 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:

§36-25-15.

- (a) The commission shall appoint a full-time director. The director shall serve at the pleasure of the commission and shall appoint such other employees as needed. All such employees, except the director, shall be employed subject to the provisions of the state Merit System law, and their compensation shall be prescribed pursuant to such law. The employment of attorneys shall be subject to subsection (c). The compensation of the director shall be fixed by the commission, payable as the salaries of other state employees. The director shall be responsible for the administrative operations of the commission and shall administer this chapter in accordance with the commission's policies. No regulation shall be implemented by the director until adopted by the commission in accordance with Sections 41-22-1 to 41-22-27, inclusive, the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act.
- (b) The director may appoint part-time stenographic reporters or certified court reporters, as needed, to take and transcribe the testimony in any formal or informal hearing or investigation before the commission or before any person authorized by the commission. The reporters shall not be full-time employees of the commission and shall not be subject

to the Merit System law and may not participate in the State
Retirement System.

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- (c) The director may, with the approval of the Attorney General, appoint a competent attorney as legal counsel for the commission. The legal counsel shall be of good moral and ethical character, licensed to practice law in this state, and a member in good standing of the Alabama Bar Association. The legal counsel shall be commissioned as an assistant or deputy attorney general and shall, in addition to the powers and duties herein conferred, have the authority and duties of an assistant or deputy attorney general, except, that his or her entire time shall be devoted to the commission. The attorney shall act as an attorney for the commission in actions or proceedings brought by or against the commission pursuant to any provisions of law under the commission's jurisdiction, or in which the commission joins or intervenes as to a matter within the commission's jurisdiction, or as a friend of the court or otherwise.
- (d) The director shall designate in writing the chief investigator, should there be one, and a maximum of six full-time investigators who shall be and are hereby constituted law enforcement officers of the State of Alabama with full and unlimited police power and jurisdiction to enforce the laws of this state pertaining to the operation and administration of the commission and this chapter.

 Investigators shall meet the requirements of the Alabama Peace Officers' Standards and Training Act, Sections 36-21-40 to

- 1 36-21-51, inclusive, and shall in all ways and for all
- 2 purposes be considered law enforcement officers; provided,
- 3 however, such investigators shall only exercise their power of
- 4 arrest as granted under this chapter pursuant to an order
- 5 issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 6 Section 14. Section 36-25-16 is added to the Code of
- 7 Alabama 1975, to read:
- 8 \$36-25-16.
- All monies collected by the commission as reasonable payment of costs for copying, reproductions, publications, and lists shall be deemed a refund against disbursement and shall be deposited into the appropriate fund account for the use of the commission.
- Section 15. A new article heading is added following

 Section 36-25-16 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:
- 16 "ARTICLE 3. COMPLAINTS AND INVESTIGATIONS"
- 17 Section 16. Sections 36-25-20, 36-25-21, 36-25-22,
- 18 36-25-23, 36-25-24, 36-25-25, and 36-25-26 are added to the
- 19 Code of Alabama 1975, to read:
- \$36-25-20.

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A complaint filed pursuant to this chapter, together
with any statement, evidence, or information received from the
complainant, witnesses, or other persons shall be protected by
and subject to the same restrictions relating to secrecy and
nondisclosure of information, conversation, knowledge, or
evidence of Sections 12-16-214 to 12-16-216, inclusive. Such

restrictions shall apply to all investigatory activities taken

by the director, the commission or a member thereof, staff,
employees, or any person engaged by the commission in response
to a complaint filed with the commission and to all
proceedings relating thereto before the commission.

\$36-25-21.

The commission may not take any investigatory action on a telephonic or written complaint against a respondent so long as the complainant remains anonymous. Investigatory action on a complaint from an identifiable source may not be initiated until the true identity of the source has been ascertained and written verification of such ascertainment is in the commission's files.

§36-25-22.

- (a) Upon the filing of a complaint by any person other than the commission or a member thereof, the director shall conduct a preliminary inquiry and forward the complaint to the commission for further proceedings under this article only if he or she finds that the complaint satisfies all of the following criteria:
- (1) That the complaint sets forth in detail the specific charges against a respondent and the factual allegations which support such charges.
- (2) That the complaint is supported by verifiable information.
- 25 (3) That reasonable cause exists to conduct an investigation.

(b) If the director finds that the complaint fails to satisfy the requirements of subsection (a), the complaint shall be dismissed, but such action must be reported to the commission.

\$36-25-23.

- (a) A complaint may be initiated by the unanimous vote of the commission.
- (b) Whenever a complaint is initiated by the commission under this section, the commission shall not conduct the hearing, but rather the hearing shall be conducted by three active or retired judges, who shall be appointed by the Chief Justice of the Alabama Supreme Court, at least one of whom shall be Black. The three judge panel shall conduct the hearing in accordance with the procedures contained in this chapter and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the commission. If the three judge panel unanimously finds that a person covered by this chapter has violated it, the three judge panel shall forward the case to the district attorney for the jurisdiction in which the alleged acts occurred or to the Attorney General.

\$36-25-24.

- (a) In all matters that come before the commission concerning a complaint on an individual, the laws of due process shall apply.
- (b) Not less than 45 days prior to any hearing before the commission, the respondent shall be given notice that a complaint has been filed against him or her and shall

- be given a summary of the charges contained therein. Upon the timely request of the respondent, a continuance of the hearing for not less than 30 days shall be granted for good cause shown.
 - (c) The respondent charged in the complaint shall have the right to be represented by retained legal counsel.

 The commission may not require the respondent to be a witness against himself or herself.
 - (d) The commission shall provide discovery to the respondent pursuant to the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure as promulgated by the Alabama Supreme Court.

\$36-25-25.

(a) In the course of an investigation, the commission may subpoen witnesses and compel their attendance, and may also require the production of books, papers, documents, and other evidence. If any person fails to comply with any subpoena lawfully issued, or if any witness refuses to produce evidence or to testify as to any matter relevant to the investigation, it shall be the duty of any court of competent jurisdiction or the judge thereof, upon the application of the director to compel obedience by attachment proceedings for contempt, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued for such court or a refusal to testify therein. A subpoena shall be issued only upon the express written authorization of the director with the approval of a majority of the commission.

(b) If the commission finds probable cause that a person covered by this chapter has violated it, the case and the commission's findings shall be forwarded to the district attorney for the jurisdiction in which the alleged acts occurred or to the Attorney General. The case, along with the commission's findings, shall be referred for appropriate legal action. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to limit the commission's ability to take appropriate legal action when so requested by the district attorney for the appropriate jurisdiction or by the Attorney General.

\$36-25-26.

Within 180 days of receiving a case referred by the commission, the Attorney General or district attorney to whom the case was referred shall respond to the commission, in writing, stating whether he or she intends to take action against the respondent, including an administrative disposition or settlement, conduct further investigation, or close the case without taking action. If the Attorney General or district attorney decides to close the case, he or she shall state the reasons in writing. If the Attorney General or district attorney decides to pursue the case, he or she shall send the commission a status report every 180 days and a final report upon final disposition of the case. The reports required by this section shall be maintained by the commission and made available upon request as a public record.

Section 17. A new article heading is added preceding Section 36-25-5 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:

"ARTICLE 4. MISUSE OF OFFICIAL POSITION"

Section 18. Section 36-25-5, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-5. <u>\$36-25-30.</u>

"(a) No public official or public employee Unless otherwise specifically authorized by law, a public servant shall not use or cause to be used his or her official position or office to obtain for the purpose of obtaining personal gain for himself or herself, or a family member of the public employee or family member of the public official servant, or any business with which the person is associated. unless the use and gain are otherwise specifically authorized by law.

Personal For purposes of determining when the limitations period begins to run, personal gain is achieved when the public official, public employee servant, or a family member thereof, receives, obtains, exerts control over, or otherwise converts to personal use the object constituting such personal gain.

"(b) Unless prohibited by the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a public official from introducing bills, ordinances, resolutions, or other legislative matters, serving on committees, or making statements or taking action in the exercise of his or her duties as a public official. A member of a legislative body may not vote for any legislation in which he or she knows or should have known that he or she has a conflict of interest.

"(c) No public official or public employee shall use or cause to be used equipment, facilities, time, materials, human labor, or other public property under his or her discretion or control for the private benefit or business benefit of the public official, public employee, any other person, or principal campaign committee as defined in Section 17-22A-2, which would materially affect his or her financial interest, except as otherwise provided by law or as provided pursuant to a lawful employment agreement regulated by agency policy. Provided, however, nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to limit or otherwise prohibit communication between public officials or public employees and eleemosynary or membership organizations or such organizations communicating with public officials or public employees. A member of a legislative body may not vote regarding any legislation in which he or she knows or should have known that he or she has a conflict of interest.

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"(d) No person shall solicit a public official or public employee to use or cause to be used equipment, facilities, time, materials, human labor, or other public property for such person's private benefit or business benefit, which would materially affect his or her financial interest, except as otherwise provided by law. A public servant shall not solicit or accept any money in addition to the salary received by the public servant in an official capacity for lobbying or otherwise providing advice or assistance on matters concerning the Legislature, a

legislative body, an executive department, or any public
regulatory board, commission, or other body of which he or she
is a member. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this
subsection shall be construed to prohibit a public servant
from the performance of his or her official duties or
responsibilities.

"(e) No public official or public employee shall,
other than in the ordinary course of business, solicit a thing
of value from a subordinate or person or business with whom he
or she directly inspects, regulates, or supervises in his or
her official capacity.

"(f) A conflict of interest shall exist when a member of a legislative body, public official, or public employee has a substantial financial interest by reason of ownership of, control of, or the exercise of power over any interest greater than five percent of the value of any corporation, company, association, or firm, partnership, proprietorship, or any other business entity of any kind or character which is uniquely affected by proposed or pending legislation; or who is an officer or director for any such corporation, company, association, or firm, partnership, proprietorship, or any other business entity of any kind or character which is uniquely affected by proposed or pending legislation."

Section 19. Sections 36-25-31 and 36-25-32 are added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:

§36-25-31.

1 (a) A public servant shall not use or cause to be 2 used equipment, facilities, time, materials, human labor, or other public property under his or her discretion or control 3 4 for the private benefit or business benefit of the public servant, any other person, or principal campaign committee as 5 defined in Section 17-5-2, which would materially affect the 6 7 public servant's financial interest, except as otherwise provided by law or as provided pursuant to a lawful employment 8 agreement regulated by agency policy. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to limit or otherwise prohibit communication between public servants and eleemosynary or 11 12 membership organizations or such organizations communicating 13 with public servants.

> (b) No person shall solicit a public servant to use or cause to be used equipment, facilities, time, materials, human labor, or other public property for such person's private benefit or business benefit, which would materially affect his or her financial interest, except as otherwise provided by law.

> > \$36-25-32.

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A public servant shall not use or disclose nonpublic information in any way that could result in financial gain, other than his or her regular salary as a public servant, for himself or herself or any other person or business.

Section 20. Section 36-25-6, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-6. \$36-25-33.

1	"Contributions to an office holder, a candidate, or
2	to a public official's inaugural or transitional fund shall
3	not be converted to personal use."
4	Section 21. An article heading is added following
5	Section 36-25-33 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:
6	"ARTICLE 5. GIFTS, MEALS, TRAVEL EXPENSES, ETC."
7	Section 22. Section 36-25-40 is added to the Code of
8	Alabama 1975, to read:
9	§36-25-40.
10	For purposes of this article, a thing of value which
11	is offered, solicited, or accepted indirectly includes any
12	thing of value that is either of the following:
13	(1) Given with the public servant's knowledge and
14	acquiescence to a family member of the public servant because
15	of the family member's relationship to the public servant.
16	(2) Given to any other person on the basis of
17	designation, recommendation, or other specification by the
18	public servant, except for the disposition of perishable items
19	or for payment made to charitable organizations in lieu of
20	honoraria.
21	Section 23. Section 36-25-7, Code of Alabama 1975,
22	is amended and renumbered to read:
23	" §36-25-7. <u>§36-25-41.</u>
24	"(a) No person shall offer or give to a public
25	official or public employee or a member of the household of a
26	public employee or a member of the household of the public
27	official and none of the aforementioned shall solicit or

receive a thing of value for the purpose of influencing

official action. A public servant, directly or indirectly,

shall not solicit or accept a thing of value for any person,

including himself or herself, for the purpose of influencing

official action, nor shall any person, directly or indirectly,

offer or give to any public servant a thing of value for the

purpose of influencing official action.

"(b) No public official or public employee shall solicit or receive a thing of value for himself or herself or for a family member of the public employee or family member of the public official for the purpose of influencing official action. Except as provided in Section 36-25-42, a public servant shall not, directly or indirectly, solicit or accept a thing of value from a prohibited source or given because of the public servant's official position. A thing of value is given because of the public servant's official position if it would not have been solicited or given had the public servant not held the status, authority, or duties associated with his or her official position.

"(c) No person shall offer or give a family member of the public official or family member of the public employee a thing of value for the purpose of influencing official action.

"(d) No public official or public employee, shall solicit or receive any money in addition to that received by the public official or public employee in an official capacity for advice or assistance on matters concerning the

1	Legislature, lobbying a legislative body, an executive
2	department or any public regulatory board, commission or other
3	body of which he or she is a member. Notwithstanding the
4	foregoing, nothing in this section shall be construed to
5	prohibit a public official or public employee from the
6	performance of his or her official duties or
7	responsibilities."
8	Section 24. Sections 36-25-42 and 36-25-43 are added
9	to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:
10	§36-25-42.
11	Notwithstanding the prohibitions of paragraph (b) of
12	Section 36-25-41, a public servant may accept any of the
13	following:
14	(a) Seasonal gifts of an insignificant economic
15	value of less than fifty dollars (\$50) if the aggregate value
16	of such gifts from any single source is less than two hundred
17	fifty dollars (\$250) during any one calendar year.
18	(b) Anything given by a relative, regardless of
19	value, under circumstances which make it clear that the gift
20	is motivated by a family relationship.
21	(c) Anything given by a friend, regardless of value,
22	under circumstances which make it clear that the gift is

(d) Opportunities and benefits, including favorable rates and commercial discounts, if the same opportunities and

motivated by a personal friendship, unless the friend is a

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prohibited source.

benefits are offered on the same terms to any of the
following:

- 3 (1) Members of a group or class in which membership 4 is unrelated to government employment or office.
 - (2) Members of an organization, such as an employees' association or agency credit union, in which membership is related to government employment, if the same offer is broadly available to large segments of the public.
 - (3) Members of any group or class that is not defined in a manner that specifically discriminates among public servants on the basis of rank or type of official responsibility.
 - (e) Reduced membership or other fees for participation in organization activities offered to all government employees by professional organizations if the only restrictions on membership relate to professional qualifications.
 - (f) Payment of or reimbursement for actual and necessary transportation and lodging expenses in connection with any of the following:
 - (1) An activity or event within the continental
 United States or Alaska with a primary purpose that is
 educational or informational in nature and which is
 substantially related to the public servant's official duties
 or in the interest of the public servant's agency, provided
 that any associated hospitality or entertainment is limited to

- less than 50 percent of the time spent at the activity or event.
- (2) Participation in an official economic
 development research or trade mission sponsored or organized
 by a state, county, or municipal government entity.

- (3) Attendance at a mission or meeting in which the public servant is scheduled to meaningfully participate in his or her official capacity or regarding matters substantially related to his or her official duties, and for which attendance no reimbursement is made by the public servant's agency; provided that any associated hospitality or entertainment is limited to less than 25 percent of the time spent in connection with the event.
- (g) Meals or other food and beverages where the provider is present; provided, however, that whenever the provider is a prohibited source, the total value of the food and beverages accepted by the public servant and members of his or her household may not exceed fifty dollars (\$50) per occasion from all sources or an aggregate value of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) from any one source during a calendar year. A prohibited source may not pay for food and beverages indirectly in order to assist a public servant in circumventing the limitations of this subsection. Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve a lobbyist, principal, or other person of the duty to make reports of all expenditures pursuant to Section 36-25-71.

1 (h) With regard to a cultural or sporting event, 2 tickets or admission and, where the provider is present, hospitality in the form of food and beverages, subject to the 3 4 limitations of paragraph (g); provided that the event does not 5 extend beyond one day. 6 (i) With regard to active participation in political 7 management or in a political campaign, meals, lodging, transportation, and other benefits, including free attendance 8 at related events, when provided by a political party as 9 10 defined in Section 17-13-40, or a principal campaign committee as defined in Section 17-5-2. 11 12 (j) Anything required to be reported under Section 17-5-8 of the Fair Campaign Practices Act. 13 14 \$36-25-43. A public servant shall not, other than in the 15 ordinary course of business, solicit a thing of value from a 16 17 subordinate or person or business that the public servant directly inspects, regulates, or supervises in his or her 18 official capacity. 19 Section 25. Section 36-25-8, Code of Alabama 1975, 20 21 is repealed. 22 Section 26. An article heading is added preceding 23 Section 36-25-9 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read: "ARTICLE 6. CONFLICTING FINANCIAL INTERESTS" 24 Section 27. Section 36-25-9 of the Code of Alabama 25 26 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-9. \$36-25-50.

"(a) Unless expressly provided otherwise by law, no person public servant shall not serve as a member or employee of a state, county, or municipal regulatory board or commission or other body that regulates any business with which he the person is associated. Nothing herein shall prohibit real estate brokers, agents, developers, appraisers, mortgage bankers, or other persons in the real estate field, or other state-licensed professionals, from serving on any planning boards or commissions, housing authorities, zoning board, board of adjustment, code enforcement board, industrial board, utilities board, state board, or commission.

"(b) All county or municipal regulatory boards, authorities, or commissions currently comprised of any real estate brokers, agents, developers, appraisers, mortgage bankers, or other persons in the real estate industry may allow these individuals to continue to serve out their current term if appointed before December 31, 1991, except that at the conclusion of such term subsequent appointments shall reflect that membership of real estate brokers and agents shall not exceed more than one less of a majority of any county or municipal regulatory board or commission effective January 1, 1994.

"(c) No \underline{A} member of any county or municipal agency, board, or commission shall <u>not</u> vote or participate in any matter in which the member or family member of the member has any financial gain or interest.

"(d) All acts, actions, and votes taken by such local boards and commissions between January 1, 1991 and December 31, 1993 are affirmed and ratified."

Section 28. Section 36-25-10, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-10. <u>\$36-25-51.</u>

"If a public official or public employee servant, or a family member of the public employee or family member of the public official servant, or a business with which the person is associated, represents a client or constituent for a fee before any quasi-judicial board or commission, regulatory body, or executive department or agency, notice of the representation shall be given within 10 days after the first day of the appearance. Notice shall be filed with the commission in the manner prescribed by it. No member of the Legislature shall for a fee, reward, or other compensation represent any person, firm, or corporation before the Public Service Commission or the State Board of Adjustment."

Section 29. Section 36-25-16, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-16. \$36-25-52.

"(a) When any citizen of the state or business with which he or she is associated represents for a fee any person before a regulatory body of the Executive Branch, he or she shall report to the commission the name of any adult child, parent, spouse, brother, or sister who is a public official or

a public employee of that regulatory body of the Executive
Branch.

"(b) When any citizen of the state or business with which the person is associated enters into a contract for the sale of goods or services to the State of Alabama or any of its agencies or any county or municipality and any of their respective agencies in amounts exceeding seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500), he or she shall report to the commission the names of any adult child, parent, spouse, brother, or sister who is a public official or public employee of the agency or department with whom the contract is made.

"(c) This section shall not apply to any contract for the sale of goods or services awarded through a process of public notice and competitive bidding.

"(d) Each regulatory body of the Executive Branch, or any agency of the State of Alabama shall be responsible for notifying citizens affected by this chapter of the requirements of this section."

Section 30. Section 36-25-11, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-11. \$36-25-53.

"Unless exempt pursuant to Alabama competitive bid laws or otherwise permitted by law, no public official or public employee servant, or a member of the household of the public employee or the public official servant, and no business with which the person is associated shall enter into any contract to provide goods or services which is to be paid

in whole or in part out of state, county, or municipal funds unless the contract has been awarded through a process of competitive bidding and a copy of the contract is filed with the commission. All such contract awards shall be made as a result of original bid takings, and no awards from negotiations after bidding shall be allowed. A copy of each contract, regardless of the amount, entered into by a public official, public employee servant, a member of the household of the public employee or the public official servant, and any business with which the person is associated shall be filed with the commission within 10 days after the contract has been entered into whether or not the contract was required to be competitively bid."

Section 31. Section 36-25-13, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-13. <u>\$36-25-54.</u>

"(a) No A former public official servant shall not serve for a fee as a lobbyist or otherwise represent clients, including his or her employer before the board, agency, commission, department, or legislative body, of which he or she is a former member, official, or employee for a period of two years after he or she leaves such membership leaving the position. For the purposes of this subsection, such this prohibition shall not include apply to a former member of the Alabama judiciary who as an attorney represents a client in a legal, non-lobbying capacity.

"(b) No public employee shall serve for a fee as a lobbyist or otherwise represent clients, including his or her employer before the board, agency, commission, or department, of which he or she is a former employee for a period of two years after he or she leaves such employment. For the purposes of this subsection, such prohibition shall not include a former employee of the Alabama judiciary who as an attorney represents a client in a legal, non-lobbying capacity.

"(c) (b) No A former public official, director, assistant director, department or division chief, purchasing agent or procurement agent having had the authority to make purchases, on behalf of his or her governmental agency, and any person who participates participated in the negotiation or approval of contracts, grants, or awards or any person who negotiates or approves contracts, grants, or awards shall on behalf of his or her governmental agency, shall not enter into, solicit, or negotiate a contract, grant, or award with the governmental agency of which the person was a member, official, or employee for a period of two years after he or she leaves leaving the membership or employment of such position with the governmental agency.

"(d) (c) No public official or public employee A former public servant who personally participates participated in the direct regulation, audit, or investigation of a private business, corporation, partnership, or individual shall not, within two years of leaving his or her departure from such employment government position, solicit or accept employment

with such the private business, corporation, partnership, or individual.

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"(e) (d) No A former public official or public employee servant of the state acting as an attorney may not, within two years after termination of office or employment, act as attorney for any person other than himself or herself or the state, of leaving his or her government position, represent or aid, counsel, advise, consult or assist in representing any other another person, other than the state in connection with any judicial proceeding or other matter in which the state is a party or has a direct and substantial interest and in which the former public official or public employee servant participated personally and substantially as a public official or employee servant or which was within or under the public official or public employee's servant's official responsibility as an official or employee. This prohibition shall extend to all judicial proceedings or other matters in which the state is a party or has a direct and substantial interest, whether arising during or subsequent to the public official or public employee's servant's term of office or employment.

"(f) Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to limit the right of a public official or public employee to publicly or privately express his or her support for or to encourage others to support and contribute to any candidate, political committee as defined in Section 17-22A-2,

1	referendum, ballot question, issue, or constitutional
2	amendment."
3	Section 32. An article heading is added preceding
4	Section 36-25-14, Code of Alabama 1975, to read:
5	"ARTICLE 7. FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES"
6	Section 33. Section 36-25-14, Code of Alabama 1975,
7	is amended and renumbered to read:
8	" \$36-25-14. <u>\$36-25-60.</u>
9	"(a) A statement of economic interests shall be
10	completed and filed in accordance with this chapter with the
11	commission no later than April 30 of each year covering the
12	period of the preceding calendar year by each of the
13	following:
14	"(1) All elected public officials at the state,
15	county, or municipal level of government or their
16	instrumentalities.
17	"(2) Any person appointed as a public official and
18	any person employed as a public employee at the state, county,
19	or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities
20	who occupies a position whose base pay is fifty thousand
21	dollars (\$50,000) or more annually.
22	"(3) All candidates, simultaneously with the date he
23	or she becomes a candidate as defined in Section $\frac{17-22A-2}{2}$
24	17-5-2, or the date the candidate files his or her qualifying
25	papers, whichever comes first.
26	"(4) Members of the Alabama Ethics Commission;
27	appointed members of boards and commissions having statewide

1 jurisdiction (but excluding members of solely advisory 2 boards). "(5) All full-time nonmerit employees, other than 3 those employed in maintenance, clerical, secretarial, or other 4 similar positions. 5 "(6) Chief clerks and chief managers. 6 7 "(7) Chief county clerks and chief county managers. "(8) Chief administrators. 8 "(9) Chief county administrators. 9 10 "(10) Any public official or public employee servant whose primary duty is to invest public funds. 11 "(11) Chief administrative officers of any political 12 13 subdivision. 14 "(12) Chief and assistant county building 15 inspectors. "(13) Any county or municipal administrator with 16 17 power to grant or deny land development permits. "(14) Chief municipal clerks. 18 "(15) Chiefs of police. 19 "(16) Fire chiefs. 20 21 "(17) City and county school superintendents and 22 school board members. 23 "(18) City and county school principals or 24 administrators. "(19) Purchasing or procurement agents having the 25

authority to make any purchase.

- "(20) Directors and assistant directors of state
 agencies.
- 3 "(21) Chief financial and accounting directors.
- 4 "(22) Chief grant coordinators.

- "(23) Each employee of the Legislature or of agencies, including temporary committees and commissions established by the Legislature, other than those employed in maintenance, clerical, secretarial, or similar positions.
 - "(24) Each employee of the Judicial Branch of government, including active supernumerary district attorneys and judges, other than those employed in maintenance, clerical, secretarial, or other similar positions.
 - "(b) Unless otherwise required by law, no public employee occupying a position earning less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per year shall be required to file a statement of economic interests. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) or any other provision of this chapter, no coach of an athletic team of any four-year institution of higher education which receives state funds shall be required to include any income, donations, gifts, or benefits, other than salary, on the statement of economic interests, if the income, donations, gifts, or benefits are a condition of the employment contract. Such statement shall be made on a form made available by the commission. The duty to file the statement of economic interests shall rest with the person covered by this chapter. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to exclude any public employee or public official

servant from this chapter regardless of whether they are required to file a statement of economic interests. The statement shall contain the following information on the person making the filing:

- "(1) Name, residential address, business; name, address, and business of living spouse and dependents; name of living adult children; name of parents and siblings; name of living parents of spouse. Undercover law enforcement officers may have their residential addresses and the names of family members removed from public scrutiny by filing an affidavit stating that publicizing this information would potentially endanger their families.
- "(2) A list of occupations to which one third or more of working time was given during previous reporting year by the public official, public employee, or his or her spouse.
- "(3) A listing of total combined household income of the public official or public employee servant during the most recent reporting year as to income from salaries, fees, dividends, profits, commissions, and other compensation and listing the names of each business, including government departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and institutions, and the income derived from such business in the following categorical amounts: less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000); at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); at least ten thousand dollars (\$50,000); at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and less than one

hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000); at least one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) and less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); or and at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more. The person reporting shall also name any business or subsidiary thereof in which he or she or his or her spouse or dependents, jointly or severally, own five percent or more of the stock or in which he or she or his or her spouse or dependents serves as an officer, director, trustee, or consultant where the service provides income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000); or and at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more for the reporting period.

"(4) If the filing public official or public employee servant, or his or her spouse, has engaged in a business during the last reporting year which provides legal, accounting, medical or health related, real estate, banking, insurance, educational, farming, engineering, architectural management, or other professional services or consultations, then the filing party shall report the number and names of any clients of such business which are government departments, agencies, boards, commissions, or institutions, and the number of other clients of such business in each of the following categories, and the income in categorical amounts received during the reporting period from the combined number of clients in each category: Electric Government instrumentalities, electric utilities, gas utilities, telephone utilities, water utilities, cable television

1 companies, intrastate transportation companies, pipeline 2 companies, oil or gas exploration companies, or both, oil and gas retail companies, banks, savings and loan associations, 3 4 loan or finance companies, or both, manufacturing firms, mining companies, life insurance companies, casualty insurance 5 6 companies, other insurance companies, retail companies, beer, 7 wine or liquor companies or distributors, or combination thereof, trade associations, professional associations, 8 governmental associations, associations of public employees or 9 10 public officials, counties, and any other businesses or 11 associations that the commission may deem appropriate. Amounts 12 received from combined clients in each category shall be 13 reported in the following categorical amounts: Less than one 14 thousand dollars (\$1,000); more than one thousand dollars 15 (\$1,000) and less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and less than twenty-five 16 17 thousand dollars (\$25,000); at least twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) and less than fifty thousand dollars 18 (\$50,000); at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and less 19 than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); at least one 20 21 hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) and less than one hundred 22 fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000); at least one hundred fifty 23 thousand dollars (\$150,000) and less than two hundred fifty 24 thousand dollars (\$250,000); or and at least two hundred fifty 25 thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more.

"(5) A listing of any persons, businesses, nonprofit organizations, and other entities other than government

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instrumentalities the public servant knows or reasonably should know received public funds, including grants or contracts, during the last reporting year and which employed the filing public servant or a family member of the public servant or to which the public servant, or his or her spouse, or a business with which the person is or was associated, provided services under a personal or professional services contract during the last reporting year.

"(5) (6) If retainers are in existence or contracted for in any of the above categories of clients, a listing of the categories along with the anticipated income to be expected annually from each category of clients shall be shown in the following categorical amounts: less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000); at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000); or and at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more.

"(6) (7) If real estate is held for investment or revenue production by a public official, his or her spouse or dependents, then a listing thereof in the following fair market value categorical amounts: Under fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000); at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) and less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000); at least one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) and less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more. A listing of annual gross

rent and lease income on real estate shall be made in the following categorical amounts: Less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000); fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more. If a public official or a business in which the person is associated received rent or lease income from any governmental agency in Alabama, specific details of the lease or rent agreement shall be filed with the commission.

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"(7) (8) A listing of indebtedness to businesses operating in Alabama showing types and number of each as follows: Banks, savings and loan associations, insurance companies, mortgage firms, stockbrokers and brokerages or bond firms; and the indebtedness to combined organizations in the following categorical amounts: Less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) and less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000); fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) and less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000); one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) and less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more. The commission may add additional business to this listing. Indebtedness associated with the homestead of the person filing is exempted from this disclosure requirement.

"(c) Filing required by this section shall reflect
information and facts in existence at the end of the reporting
year.

- "(d) If the information required herein is not filed as required, the commission shall notify the public official or public employee servant concerned as to his or her failure to so file and the public official or public employee servant shall have 10 days to file the report after receipt of the notification. The commission may, in its discretion, assess a fine of ten dollars (\$10) a day, not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), for failure to file timely.
- "(e) A person who intentionally violates any financial disclosure filing requirement of this chapter shall be subject to administrative fines imposed by the commission, or shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, or both.
- "(f) Any person who unintentionally neglects to include any information relating to the financial disclosure filing requirements of this chapter shall have 90 days to file an amended statement of economic interests without penalty."
- Section 34. Section 36-25-15, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-15. \$36-25-61.

"(a) Candidates at every level of government shall file a completed statement of economic interests for the previous calendar year with the appropriate election official simultaneously with the date he or she becomes a candidate as

defined in Section 17-22A-2 17-5-2 or the date such candidate files his or her qualifying papers with the appropriate election official, whichever date occurs first. Such election official shall within five days forward the statement of economic interests of the candidate to the commission. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require a second filing of the person's statement of economic interests if a current statement of economic interests is on file with the commission.

"(b) Each election official who receives a declaration of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot for election from a candidate and each official who nominates a person to serve as a public official shall, within five days of the receipt or nomination, notify the commission of the name of the candidate, as defined in this chapter, and the date on which the person became a candidate or was nominated as a public official.

"(c) Other provisions of the law notwithstanding, if a candidate does not submit a statement of economic interests in accordance with the requirements of this chapter, the name of the person shall not appear on the ballot and the candidate shall be deemed not qualified as a candidate in that election. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the commission may, for good cause shown, allow the candidate an additional five days to file such statement of economic interests. If a candidate is deemed not qualified, the appropriate election official shall remove the name of the candidate from the ballot."

1	Section 35. An article heading is added preceding
2	Section 36-25-18 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read:
3	"ARTICLE 8. LOBBYISTS, PRINCIPALS, AND OTHERS
4	INTERESTED IN GOVERNMENT ACTION"
5	Section 36. Section 36-25-18 of the Code of Alabama
6	1975, is amended and renumbered to read:
7	" §36-25-18. <u>§36-25-70.</u>
8	"(a) Every lobbyist shall register by filing a form
9	prescribed by the commission no later than January 31 of each
10	year or within 10 days after the first undertaking requiring
11	such registration. Each lobbyist, except public employees who
12	are lobbyists, shall pay an annual fee of one hundred dollars
13	(\$100) on or before January 31 of each year or within 10 days
14	of the first undertaking requiring such registration.
15	"(b) The registration shall be in writing and shall
16	contain the following information:
17	"(1) The registrant's full name and business
18	address.
19	"(2) The registrant's normal business and address.
20	"(3) The full name and address of the registrant's
21	principal or principals.
22	"(4) The listing of the categories of subject
23	matters on which the registrant is to communicate directly
24	with a member of the legislative body to influence legislation
25	or legislative action.
26	"(5) If a registrant's activity is done on behalf of

the members of a group other than a corporation, a categorical

disclosure of the number of persons of the group as follows: 1-5; 6-10; 11-25; over 25.

- "(6) A statement signed by each principal that he or she has read the registration, knows its contents and has authorized the registrant to be a lobbyist in his or her behalf as specified therein, and that no compensation will be paid to the registrant contingent upon passage or defeat of any legislative measure.
 - "(c) A registrant shall file a supplemental registration indicating any substantial change or changes in the information contained in the prior registration within 10 days after the date of the change."

Section 37. Section 36-25-19, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-19. <u>\$36-25-71.</u>

"(a) Every person registered as a lobbyist pursuant to Section 36-25-18 36-25-70 and every principal employing or contracting for the services of any lobbyist shall file with the commission a report in a form provided by the commission pertaining to the activities set out in that section. The report shall be filed with the commission no later than January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 for each preceding calendar quarter, and contain, but not be limited to, the following information:

"(1) The cost of those items excluded from the definition of a thing of value which are described in Section 36-25-1(32)b. and which are expended within a 24-hour period

on a public official, public employee, and members of his or her respective household in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) with the name or names of the recipient or recipients and the date of the expenditure. An itemized list of each thing of value provided to a public servant and any member of the household of a public servant, including the date the thing of value was provided, a description of the thing of value, its value, the name or names of the recipient or recipients and, in the case of household members, the name of the related public servant.

- "(2) The nature and date of any financial transaction between the public official, candidate, or member of the household of such public official or candidate and the lobbyist or principal of a value in excess of five hundred dollars (\$500) in the prior quarter, excluding those financial transactions which are required to be reported by candidates under the Fair Campaign Practices Act as provided in Chapter 22A 5 (commencing with Section 17-22A-1 17-5-1) of Title 17.
- "(3) A detailed statement showing the exact amount of any loan given or promised to a public official, candidate, any public official or servant, family member of a public servant, candidate, and family member of a candidate.
- "(4) A detailed statement showing any direct business association or partnership with any public official, candidate, or members of the household of such public official or candidate; provided, however, that campaign expenditures shall not be deemed a business association or partnership.

"(b) Any person not otherwise deemed a lobbyist pursuant to this chapter who negotiates or attempts to negotiate a contract, sells or attempts to sell goods or services, or engages or attempts to engage in a financial transaction with a public official or public employee servant in their his or her official capacity and who within a calendar day expends in excess provides any thing of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) on such public employee, public official, and his or her respective household value to the public servant shall file a detailed quarterly report of the expenditure with the commission pursuant to this section.

"(c) Any other provision of this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding, no organization whose officer or employee serves as a public official under this chapter shall be required to report expenditures or reimbursement paid to such officer or employee in the performance of the duties with the organization."

Section 38. Section 36-25-20, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-20. \$36-25-72.

- "(a) A person who ceases to engage in activities requiring registration pursuant to Section 36-25-18 this article shall file a written, verified statement with the commission acknowledging the termination of activities. The notice shall be effective immediately.
- "(b) A person who files a notice of termination pursuant to this section shall file the reports required

1 pursuant to Sections 36-25-18 and 36-25-19 this section for 2 any reporting period during which he or she was registered pursuant to this chapter." 3 Section 39. Section 36-25-21, Code of Alabama 1975, 4 is amended and renumbered to read: 5 "\$36-25-21. \$36-25-73. 6 7 "All reports filed pursuant to Sections 36-25-18 to 36-25-20 36-25-70 to 36-25-72, inclusive, are public records 8 and shall be made available for public inspection during 9 10 regular business hours and online via the Internet in a way 11 that is searchable and retrievable by the name of the filing 12 person or business and the name of the public servant or public servants to which the reports pertain." 13 Section 40. Section 36-25-22, Code of Alabama 1975, 14 15 is amended and renumbered to read: "\$36-25-22. \$36-25-74. 16 17 "Sections $\frac{36-25-18}{100}$ to $\frac{36-25-21}{100}$ 36-25-70 to 36-25-73, inclusive, shall not be construed as affecting professional 18 services in drafting bills or in advising clients and in 19 rendering opinions as to the construction and effect of 20 21 proposed or pending legislation, executive action, rules, or 22 regulations, where those professional services are not 23 otherwise connected with legislative, executive, or regulatory 24 action." Section 41. Section 36-25-23, Code of Alabama 1975, 25 is amended and renumbered to read: 26 27 "\$36-25-23. \$36-25-75.

1	"(a) No former member of the House of						
2	Representatives or the Senate of the State of Alabama shall be						
3	extended floor privileges of either body in a lobbying						
4	capacity.						
5	"(b) No public official, public employee servant, or						
6	group of public officials or public employees servants, shall						
7	solicit any lobbyist to give any thing whether or not the						
8	thing solicited is a thing of value to any person or entity						
9	for any purpose other than a campaign contribution.						
10	"(c) No principal or lobbyist shall accept						
11	compensation for, or enter into a contract to provide lobbying						
12	services which is contingent upon the passage or defeat of any						
13	legislative action."						
14	Section 42. Section 36-25-26, Code of Alabama 1975,						
15	is renumbered to read:						
16	" §36-25-26. <u>§36-25-76.</u>						
17	"No person, for the purpose of influencing						
18	legislation, may do either of the following:						
19	"(1) Knowingly or willfully make any false statement						
20	or misrepresentation of the facts to a member of the						
21	Legislative or Executive Branch.						
22	"(2) Knowing a document to contain a false						
23	statement, cause a copy of the document to be received by a						
24	member of the Legislative or Executive Branch without						
25	notifying the member in writing of the truth."						
26	Section 43. An article heading is added preceding						
27	Section 36-25-17, Code of Alabama 1975, to read:						

1 "	'ARTICLE	9.	VIOLATIONS	_	REPORTING	AND	PENALTIES"

Section 44. Section 36-25-17, Code of Alabama 1975,

is renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-17. <u>\$36-25-80.</u>

"(a) Every governmental agency head shall within 10 days file reports with the commission on any matters that come to his or her attention in his or her official capacity which constitute a violation of this chapter.

"(b) Governmental agency heads shall cooperate in every possible manner in connection with any investigation or hearing, public or private, which may be conducted by the commission."

Section 45. Section 36-25-24, Code of Alabama 1975, is renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-24. <u>\$36-25-81.</u>

"(a) A supervisor shall not discharge, demote, transfer, or otherwise discriminate against a public employee regarding such employee's compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment based on the employee's reporting a violation, or what he or she believes in good faith to be a violation, of this chapter or giving truthful statements or truthful testimony concerning an alleged ethics violation.

"(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed in any manner to prevent or prohibit or otherwise limit a supervisor from disciplining, discharging, transferring, or otherwise affecting the terms and conditions of a public employee's employment so long as the disciplinary action does

not result from or is in no other manner connected with the public employee's filing a complaint with the commission, giving truthful statements, and truthfully testifying.

- "(c) No public employee shall file a complaint or otherwise initiate action against a public official or other public employee without a good faith basis for believing the complaint to be true and accurate.
- "(d) A supervisor who is alleged to have violated this section shall be subject to civil action in the circuit courts of this state pursuant to the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure as promulgated by the Alabama Supreme Court.
- "(e) A public employee who without a good faith belief in the truthfulness and accuracy of a complaint filed against a supervisor, shall be subject to a civil action in the circuit courts in the State of Alabama pursuant to the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure as promulgated by the Supreme Court. Additionally, a public employee who without a good faith belief in the truthfulness and accuracy of a complaint as filed against a supervisor shall be subject to appropriate and applicable personnel action.
- "(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a public employee to file a complaint to prevent, mitigate, lessen, or otherwise to extinguish existing or anticipated personnel action by a supervisor. A public employee who willfully files such a complaint against a supervisor shall, upon conviction, be guilty of the crime of false reporting."

Section 46. Section 36-25-27, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended and renumbered to read:

"\$36-25-27. \$36-25-82.

- "(a)(1) Except as otherwise provided, any person subject to this chapter who intentionally violates any provision of this chapter other than those for which a separate penalty is provided for in this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class B felony.
- "(2) Any person subject to this chapter who violates any provision of this chapter other than those for which a separate penalty is provided for in this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- "(3) Any person subject to this chapter who knowingly violates any disclosure requirement of this chapter shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- "(4) Any person who knowingly makes or transmits a false report or complaint pursuant to this chapter shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be liable for the actual legal expenses incurred by the respondent against whom the false report or complaint was filed.
- "(5) Any person who makes false statements to an employee of the commission or to the commission itself pursuant to this chapter without reason to believe the accuracy of the statements shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

"(6) Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally violates this chapter relating to secrecy shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

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- "(7) Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally fails to disclose information required by this chapter shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- "(b) The commission if petitioned or agreed to by a respondent and the Attorney General or district attorney having jurisdiction, by unanimous vote of the members present may administratively resolve a complaint filed pursuant to this chapter for minor violations. The commission may levy an administrative penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for any minor violation of this chapter including, but not limited to, the failure to timely file a complete and correct statement of economic interests. The commission shall, in addition to any administrative penalty, order restitution in the amount of any economic loss to the state, county, and municipal governments and their instrumentalities and such restitution shall when collected be paid by the commission, to the entity having the economic loss. In any case in which an administrative penalty is imposed, the administrative penalty shall not be less than three times the amount of any economic loss to the state, county, and municipal governments or their instrumentalities or any economic gain or benefit to the public official or public employee servant, or whichever sum is greater. The commission, through its attorney, shall

institute proceedings to recover any penalties or restitution or other such funds so ordered pursuant to this section which are not paid by, or on behalf of the public official or public employee servant or other person who has violated this chapter. Nothing in this section shall be deemed in any manner to prohibit the commission and the respondent from entering into a consent decree settling a complaint which has previously been designated by the commission for administrative resolution, so long as the consent decree is approved by the commission. If the commission, the respondent, and the Attorney General or district attorney having jurisdiction, all concur that a complaint is deemed to be handled administratively, the action shall preclude any criminal prosecution pursuant to this chapter at the state, county, or municipal level.

"(c) The enforcement of this chapter shall be vested in the commission; provided however, nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to limit or otherwise prohibit the Attorney General or the district attorney for the appropriate jurisdiction from enforcing any provision of this chapter as they deem appropriate. In the event the commission, by majority vote, finds that any provision of this chapter has been violated, the alleged violation and any investigation conducted by the commission shall be referred to the district attorney of the appropriate jurisdiction or the Attorney General. The commission shall provide any and all appropriate assistance to such district attorney or Attorney General. Upon

the request of such district attorney or the Attorney General, the commission may institute, prosecute, or take such other appropriate legal action regarding such violations, proceeding therein with all rights, privileges, and powers conferred by law upon assistant attorneys general.

- "(d) Nothing in this chapter limits the power of the state to punish any person for any conduct which otherwise constitutes a crime by statute or at common law.
- "(e) The penalties prescribed in this chapter do not in any manner limit the power of a legislative body to discipline its own members or to impeach public officials and do not limit the powers of agencies, departments, boards, or commissions to discipline their respective officials, members, or employees.
- "(f) Each circuit court of this state shall have jurisdiction of all cases and actions relative to judicial review, violations, or the enforcement of this chapter, and the venue of any action pursuant to this chapter shall be in the county in which the alleged violation occurred, or in those cases where the violation or violations occurred outside the State of Alabama, in Montgomery County. In the case of judicial review of any administrative decision of the commission, the commission's order, rule, or decision shall be taken as prima facie just and reasonable and the court shall not substitute its judgment for that of the commission as to the weight of the evidence on questions of fact except where otherwise authorized by law.

1 "(g) Any felony prosecution brought pursuant to this 2 chapter shall be commenced within four years after the commission of the offense. 3 4 "(h) Any misdemeanor prosecution brought pursuant to this chapter shall be commenced within two years after the 5 commission of the offense. 6 7 "(i) Nothing in this chapter is intended to nor is to be construed as repealing in any way the provisions of any 8 of the criminal laws of this state." 9 10 Section 47. Section 36-25-83 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read: 11 12 §36-25-83. All fees, penalties, and fines collected by the 13 commission pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited into 14 15 the State General Fund. Section 48. Section 36-25-28, Code of Alabama 1975, 16 17 is repealed.

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Section 49. This act shall become effective July 1,