- 1 SB118
- 2 115592-1
- 3 By Senators Orr and Little (T)
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 12-JAN-10

115592-1:n:12/11/2009:JMH/th LRS2009-5055

8 SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, the Uniform

Guardianship Act provides a system of general and
limited guardianships for minors and incapacitated
persons.

This bill would provide for the adoption of the Uniform Adult Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Jurisdiction Act which would provide an additional system to classify and address jurisdiction issues in adult guardianship cases where the guardian of an incapacitated adult is located in a different jurisdiction than the incapacitated adult. This bill would provide a procedure to facilitate cooperation between courts in different states. This bill would specify which court has jurisdiction to appoint a guardian or conservator. This bill would provide a procedure for transferring a guardianship or conservatorship proceeding from one state to another. This bill would also provide guidelines for enforcement of

1	guardianship and protective orders from other
2	states.
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4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
7	
8	Relating to guardianships and protective
9	proceedings; to provide for the adoption of the Uniform Adult
10	Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Jurisdiction Act; to
11	provide for jurisdiction of certain cases where a party is
12	located in a different state; to provide for transfer of adult
13	guardianship or conservatorship proceedings to another
14	jurisdiction; to provide for recognition and enforcement of
15	guardianship and protective orders from other states; to amend
16	Sections 26-2A-31, 26-2A-109, and 26-2A-131, Code of Alabama
17	1975, of the Uniform Guardianship Act to reference the Uniform
18	Adult Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Jurisdiction
19	Act; and to specify that both acts are operative.
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
21	Section 1. Chapter 2B of Title 26 is added to the
22	Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:
23	ARTICLE 1
24	GENERAL PROVISIONS
25	\$26-2B-101. SHORT TITLE. This act may be cited as
26	the Alabama Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings
27	Jurisdiction Act.

1 §26-2B-102. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter, the 2 following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) ADULT. An individual who has attained 19 years of age or who by statute has otherwise been deemed to be an adult under the laws of the State of Alabama or the laws of another state.
- (2) CONSERVATOR. A person appointed by the court to administer the property of an adult, including a person appointed under Section 26-2A-20(2) of the Alabama Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Act.
- (3) COURT. A probate court of this state and includes an appropriate court of another state.
- (4) GUARDIAN. A person appointed by the court to make decisions regarding the person of an adult, including a person appointed under Section 26-2A-20(7) of the Alabama Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Act.
 - (5) GUARDIANSHIP. An order appointing a guardian.
- (6) GUARDIANSHIP PROCEEDING. A judicial proceeding in which an order for the appointment of a guardian is sought or has been issued.
- (7) INCAPACITATED PERSON. An adult for whom a guardian has been appointed.
- (8) PARTY. The respondent, petitioner, guardian, conservator, or any other person allowed by the court to participate in a guardianship or protective proceeding.
- (9) PERSON. Except as used in the term incapacitated person or protected person, an individual, corporation,

- 1 business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability
- 2 company, association, joint venture, public corporation,
- 3 government or governmental subdivision, agency, or
- 4 instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 5 (10) PROTECTED PERSON. An adult for whom a
- 6 protective order has been issued.
- 7 (11) PROTECTIVE ORDER. An order appointing a
- 8 conservator or other order related to management of an adult's
- 9 property.
- 10 (12) PROTECTIVE PROCEEDING. A judicial proceeding in
- which a protective order is sought or has been issued.
- 12 (13) RECORD. Information that is inscribed on a
- 13 tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other
- 14 medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- 15 (14) RESPONDENT. An adult for whom a protective
- order or the appointment of a guardian is sought.
- 17 (15) STATE. A state of the United States, the
- 18 District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
- 19 Islands, a federally recognized Indian tribe, or any territory
- or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the
- 21 United States.
- 22 \$26-2B-103. INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION OF ACT.
- 23 (a) A court of this state, by written order, may
- treat a foreign country as if it were a state of the United
- 25 States for the purpose of applying this article and Articles
- 26 2, 3, and 5.

1 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c),
2 a guardianship or conservatorship determination made in a
3 foreign country under factual circumstances in substantial
4 conformity with the jurisdictional standards of this chapter
5 shall be recognized and enforced under Article 3.

(c) A court of this state need not apply this chapter if the guardianship or conservatorship law of a foreign country violates fundamental principles of human rights.

\$26-2B-104. COMMUNICATION BETWEEN COURTS.

- (a) A court of this state may communicate with a court in another state concerning a proceeding arising under this chapter. The court may allow the parties to participate in the communication.
- (b) If the parties are not allowed to participate in the communication, the court shall give all parties the opportunity to present facts and legal arguments before the court issues an order establishing jurisdiction.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), the court shall make a record of any communication under this section and promptly inform the parties of the communication and grant them access to the record.
- (d) Courts may communicate concerning schedules, calendars, court records, and other administrative matters without making a record.
- \$26-2B-105. COOPERATION BETWEEN COURTS.

- 1 (a) In a guardianship or protective proceeding in 2 this state, a court of this state may request the appropriate 3 court of another state to do any of the following:
 - (1) Hold an evidentiary hearing.

- (2) Order a person in that state to produce evidence or give testimony pursuant to procedures of that state.
 - (3) Order that an evaluation or assessment be made of the respondent.
 - (4) Order any appropriate investigation of a person involved in a proceeding.
 - (5) Forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript or other record of a hearing under paragraph (1) or any other proceeding, any evidence otherwise produced under paragraph (2), and any evaluation or assessment prepared in compliance with an order under paragraph (3) or (4).
 - (6) Issue any order necessary to assure the appearance in the proceeding of a person whose presence is necessary for the court to make a determination, including the respondent or the incapacitated or protected person.
 - (7) Issue an order authorizing the release of medical, financial, criminal, or other relevant information in that state, including protected health information as defined in 45 C.F.R. Section 164.504, as amended.
 - (b) If a court of another state in which a guardianship or protective proceeding is pending requests assistance of the kind provided in subsection (a), a court of

this state has jurisdiction for the limited purpose of granting the request or making reasonable efforts to comply with the request.

\$26-2B-106. TAKING TESTIMONY IN ANOTHER STATE.

- (a) In a guardianship or protective proceeding, in addition to other procedures that may be available, testimony of a witness who is located in another state may be offered by deposition or other means allowable in this state for testimony taken in another state. The court on its own motion may order that the testimony of a witness be taken in another state and may prescribe the manner in which and the terms upon which the testimony is to be taken.
- (b) In a guardianship or protective proceeding, a court in this state may permit a witness located in another state to be deposed or to testify by telephone or audiovisual or other electronic means. A court of this state shall cooperate with the court of the other state in designating an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.
- (c) Documentary evidence transmitted from another state to a court of this state by technological means that do not produce an original writing may not be excluded from evidence solely on an objection based on the means of transmission.

ARTICLE 2

JURISDICTION

\$26-2B-201. DEFINITIONS; SIGNIFICANT CONNECTION FACTORS.

1 (a) In this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) EMERGENCY. A circumstance that likely will result in substantial harm to a respondent's health, safety, or welfare, and for which the appointment of a guardian is necessary because no other person has authority and is willing to act on the respondent's behalf.
- was physically present, including any period of temporary absence, for at least six consecutive months immediately before the filing of a petition for a protective order or the appointment of a guardian; or if none, the state in which the respondent was physically present, including any period of temporary absence, for at least six consecutive months ending within the six months prior to the filing of the petition.
- (3) SIGNIFICANT-CONNECTION STATE. A state, other than the home state, with which a respondent has a significant connection other than mere physical presence and in which substantial evidence concerning the respondent is available.
- (b) In determining under Section 26-2B-203 and subsection (e) of Section 26-2B-301 whether a respondent has a significant connection with a particular state, the court shall consider:
- (1) the location of the respondent's family and other persons required to be notified of the guardianship or protective proceeding;

- 1 (2) the length of time the respondent at any time 2 was physically present in the state and the duration of any 3 absence;
 - (3) the location of the respondent's property; and
 - (4) the extent to which the respondent has ties to the state such as voting registration, state or local tax return filing, vehicle registration, driver's license, social relationship, and receipt of services.

\$26-2B-202. EXCLUSIVE BASIS.

This article provides the exclusive jurisdictional basis for a court of this state to appoint a guardian or issue a protective order for an adult.

\$26-2B-203. JURISDICTION.

- (a) A court of this state has jurisdiction to appoint a guardian or issue a protective order for a respondent if:
 - (1) this state is the respondent's home state;
 - (2) on the date the petition is filed, this state is a significant-connection state and:
 - (A) the respondent does not have a home state or a court of the respondent's home state has declined to exercise jurisdiction because this state is a more appropriate forum; or
 - (B) the respondent has a home state, a petition for an appointment or order is not pending in a court of that state or another significant-connection state and before the court makes the appointment or issues the order:

- (ii) an objection to the court's jurisdiction is not
 filed by a person required to be notified of the proceeding;
 and
 - (iii) the court in this state concludes that it is an appropriate forum under the factors set forth in Section 26-2B-206;
 - (3) this state does not have jurisdiction under either paragraph (1) or (2), the respondent's home state and all significant-connection states have declined to exercise jurisdiction because this state is the more appropriate forum, and jurisdiction in this state is consistent with the Constitutions of this state and the United States; or
 - (4) the requirements for special jurisdiction under Section 26-2B-204 are met.
 - (b) When the jurisdiction of a court of this state is contested under this article, such guardianship or protective proceeding may be removed to circuit court by the court's own motion or in accordance with Section 26-2-2.
 - (c) Nothing in this section is intended to limit the jurisdiction of those Alabama probate courts which have been granted equity jurisdiction.
 - (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed as extending the provisions of this chapter to proceedings brought pursuant to Sections 30-5-1, et seq., the Protection

from Abuse Act or Sections 38-9-1, et seq., the Adult
Protective Services Act.

3 §26-2B-204. SPECIAL JURISDICTION.

- (a) A court of this state lacking jurisdiction under Section 26-2B-203 has special jurisdiction to do any of the following:
- (1) appoint a guardian in an emergency for a term not exceeding 90 days for a respondent who is physically present in this state;
- (2) issue a protective order with respect to real or tangible personal property located in this state;
- (3) appoint a guardian or conservator for an incapacitated or protected person for whom a provisional order to transfer the proceeding from another state has been issued under procedures similar to Section 26-2B-301.
- (b) If a petition for the appointment of a guardian in an emergency is brought in this state and this state was not the respondent's home state on the date the petition was filed, the court shall dismiss the proceeding at the request of the court of the home state, if any, whether dismissal is requested before or after the emergency appointment.
- (c) The court may entertain successive petitions based upon its special jurisdiction under this section provided that the court receives no request for dismissal from the court of the respondent's home state and the court determines that the need for guardianship and/or conservatorship under this section continues.

1 §26-2B-205. EXCLUSIVE AND CONTINUING JURISDICTION.

Except as otherwise provided in Section 26-2B-204, a court that has appointed a guardian or issued a protective order consistent with this chapter has exclusive and continuing jurisdiction over the proceeding until it is terminated by the court or the appointment or order expires by its own terms.

\$26-2B-206. APPROPRIATE FORUM.

- (a) A court of this state having jurisdiction under Section 26-2B-203 to appoint a guardian or issue a protective order may decline to exercise its jurisdiction if it determines at any time that a court of another state is a more appropriate forum.
- (b) If a court of this state declines to exercise its jurisdiction under subsection (a), it shall either dismiss or stay the proceeding. The court may impose any condition the court considers just and proper, including the condition that a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order be filed promptly in another state.
- (c) In determining whether it is an appropriate forum, the court shall consider all relevant factors, including:
 - (1) any expressed preference of the respondent;
- (2) whether abuse, neglect, or exploitation of the respondent has occurred or is likely to occur and which state could best protect the respondent from the abuse, neglect, or exploitation;

- 1 (3) the length of time the respondent was physically 2 present in or was a legal resident of this or another state;
- 3 (4) the distance of the respondent from the court in 4 each state;
- 5 (5) the financial circumstances of the respondent's estate;

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- (6) the nature and location of the evidence;
- 8 (7) the ability of the court in each state to decide 9 the issue expeditiously and the procedures necessary to 10 present evidence;
 - (8) the familiarity of the court of each state with the facts and issues in the proceeding; and
 - (9) if an appointment were made, the court's ability to monitor the conduct of the quardian or conservator.
- 15 §26-2B-207. JURISDICTION DECLINED BY REASON OF 16 CONDUCT.
 - (a) If at any time a court of this state determines that it acquired jurisdiction to appoint a guardian or issue a protective order because of unjustifiable conduct, the court may:
 - (1) decline to exercise jurisdiction;
 - (2) exercise jurisdiction for the limited purpose of fashioning an appropriate remedy to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the respondent or the protection of the respondent's property or prevent a repetition of the unjustifiable conduct, including staying the proceeding until a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a

- protective order is filed in a court of another state having jurisdiction; or
- 3 (3) continue to exercise jurisdiction after
 4 considering:

- (A) the extent to which the respondent and all persons required to be notified of the proceedings have acquiesced in the exercise of the court's jurisdiction;
- (B) whether it is a more appropriate forum than the court of any other state under the factors set forth in subsection (c) of Section 26-2B-206; and
- (C) whether the court of any other state would have jurisdiction under factual circumstances in substantial conformity with the jurisdictional standards of Section 26-2B-203.
- (b) If a court of this state determines that it acquired jurisdiction to appoint a guardian or issue a protective order because a party seeking to invoke its jurisdiction engaged in unjustifiable conduct, it may assess against that party necessary and reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees, investigative fees, court costs, communication expenses, witness fees and expenses, and travel expenses. The court may not assess fees, costs, or expenses of any kind against this state or a governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of this state unless authorized by law other than this chapter.

\$26-2B-208. NOTICE OF PROCEEDING.

If a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order is brought in this state and this state was not the respondent's home state on the date the petition was filed, in addition to complying with the notice requirements of this state, notice of the petition must be given to those persons who would be entitled to notice of the petition if a proceeding were brought in the respondent's home state, if any. The notice must be given in the same manner as notice is required to be given in this state, pursuant to Section 26-2A-50 of the Alabama Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Act.

\$26-2B-209. PROCEEDINGS IN MORE THAN ONE STATE.

Except for a petition for the appointment of a guardian in an emergency or issuance of a protective order limited to property located in this state under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of Section 26-2B-204, if a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order is filed in this state and in another state and neither petition has been dismissed or withdrawn, the following rules apply:

(1) If the court in this state has jurisdiction under Section 26-2B-203, it may proceed with the case unless a court in another state issues an order establishing jurisdiction under provisions similar to Section 26-2B-203 before the appointment or issuance of an order by the court in this state.

jurisdiction under Section 26-2B-203, whether at the time the petition is filed or at any time before the appointment or issuance of the order, the court shall stay the proceeding and communicate with the court in the other state. If the court in the other state has jurisdiction, the court in this state shall dismiss the petition unless the court in the other state determines that the court in this state is a more appropriate forum.

\$26-2B-210. INFORMATION TO BE SUBMITTED TO COURT.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, each party, in its first pleading or in an attached affidavit, shall give information, if reasonably ascertainable, under oath as to the respondent's present address or whereabouts, the places and addresses where the respondent has lived during the last five years. The pleading or affidavit must state whether the party:
- (1) Has participated, as a party or witness or in any other capacity, in any other proceeding concerning the guardianship or conservatorship of the respondent and, if so, identify the court, the case number, and the date of the guardianship or conservatorship determination, if any;
- (2) Knows of any proceeding that could affect the current proceeding, including, but not limited to, proceedings for the establishment, modification, termination, or enforcement of a protective order, and, if so, identify the court, the case number, and the nature of the proceeding;

1 (3) Knows the names and addresses of any person not
2 a party to the proceeding who has physical custody of the
3 respondent, and, if so, the names and addresses of any such
4 person; and

- (4) Knows the names and addresses of any person not a party to the proceeding who holds an appointment or alternate appointment as legal agent of the respondent and, if so, the names and addresses of any such person;
- (b) If the information required by subsection (a) is not furnished, the court, upon motion of a party or its own motion, may stay the proceeding until the information is furnished.
- (c) If the declaration as to any of the items described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (a) is in the affirmative, the declarant shall give additional information under oath as may be required by the court. The court may examine the parties and other persons under oath as to details of the information furnished and other matters pertinent to the court's jurisdiction and the disposition of the case.
- (d) Each party has a continuing duty to inform the court of any proceeding in this or any other state that could affect the current proceeding.
- (e) If a party alleges in an affidavit or pleading under oath that the health, safety, or liberty of a party or incapacitated person would be jeopardized by disclosure of the present address or whereabouts of a party or incapacitated

person, the information must be sealed and may not be disclosed to the other party or the public unless the court orders the disclosure to be made after a hearing in which the court takes into consideration the health, safety, or liberty of the party or incapacitated person and determines that the disclosure is in the interest of justice.

ARTICLE 3

8 TRANSFER OF GUARDIANSHIP OR CONSERVATORSHIP
9 \$26-2B-301. TRANSFER OF GUARDIANSHIP OR
10 CONSERVATORSHIP TO ANOTHER STATE.

- (a) A guardian or conservator appointed in this state may petition the court to transfer the guardianship or conservatorship to another state.
- (b) Notice of a petition under subsection (a) must be given to the persons that would be entitled to notice of a petition in this state for the appointment of a guardian or conservator pursuant to Section 26-2A-103 as required by Section 26-2A-50 of the Alabama Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Act.
- (c) On the court's own motion or on request of the guardian or conservator, the incapacitated or protected person, or other person required to be notified of the petition, the court shall hold a hearing on a petition filed pursuant to subsection (a).
- (d) The court shall issue a provisional order granting a petition to transfer a guardianship and shall direct the guardian to petition for guardianship in the other

state if the court is satisfied that the guardianship will be accepted by the court in the other state and the court finds that:

- (1) the incapacitated person is physically present in or is reasonably expected to move permanently to the other state;
- (2) an objection to the transfer has not been made or, if an objection has been made, the objector has not established that the transfer would be contrary to the interests of the incapacitated person; and
- (3) plans for care and services for the incapacitated person in the other state are reasonable and sufficient.
- (e) The court shall issue a provisional order granting a petition to transfer a conservatorship and shall direct the conservator to petition for conservatorship in the other state if the court is satisfied that the conservatorship will be accepted by the court of the other state and the court finds that:
- (1) the protected person is physically present in or is reasonably expected to move permanently to the other state, or the protected person has a significant connection to the other state considering the factors in subsection (b) of Section 26-2B-201;
- (2) an objection to the transfer has not been made or, if an objection has been made, the objector has not

- 1 established that the transfer would be contrary to the 2 interests of the protected person; and (3) adequate arrangements will be made for 3 management of the protected person's property. (f) The court shall issue a final order confirming 5 the transfer and terminating the quardianship or 6 7 conservatorship upon its receipt of: (1) a provisional order accepting the proceeding 8 from the court to which the proceeding is to be transferred 9 10 which is issued under provisions similar to Section 26-2B-302; 11 and 12 (2) the documents required to terminate a 13 quardianship or conservatorship in this state. 14 (g) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to 15 represent the best interests of the incapacitated or protected person in any proceeding initiated by petition under 16 17 subsection (a) and may require prepayment of guardian ad litem fees. 18 \$26-2B-302, ACCEPTING GUARDIANSHIP OR 19 CONSERVATORSHIP TRANSFERRED FROM ANOTHER STATE. 20 21 (a) To confirm transfer of a guardianship or 22 conservatorship transferred to this state under provisions 23 similar to Section 26-2B-301, the guardian or conservator must 24 petition the court in this state to accept the guardianship or 25 conservatorship. The petition must include the following:
 - (1) a certified copy of the other state's
 provisional order of transfer;

1 (2) an inventory of the protected person's estate as
2 of the date of the petition including certified records of all
3 bank accounts in the protected person's estate as of the date
4 of the petition;

- (3) proof of the conservator's bond; and
- (4) any final accounting of the protected person's estate which has been submitted in the prior jurisdiction. If no such accounting was required by the transferring court, the petitioner must prepare and submit an accounting prior to acceptance.
- (b) Notice of a petition under subsection (a) must be given to those persons that would be entitled to notice if the petition were a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order in both the transferring state and this state. The notice must be given in the same manner as notice is required to be given in this state.
- (c) On the court's own motion or on request of the guardian or conservator, the incapacitated or protected person, or other person required to be notified of the proceeding, the court shall hold a hearing on a petition filed pursuant to subsection (a).
- (d) The court shall issue a provisional order granting a petition filed under subsection (a) unless:
- (1) an objection is made and the objector establishes that transfer of the proceeding would be contrary to the interests of the incapacitated or protected person;

- 1 (2) the guardian or conservator is ineligible for 2 appointment in this state; or
 - (3) the petitioner fails to comply with the provisions of subsection (a).

- (e) The court shall issue a final order accepting the proceeding and appointing the guardian or conservator as guardian or conservator in this state upon its receipt from the court from which the proceeding is being transferred of a final order issued under provisions similar to Section 26-2B-301 transferring the proceeding to this state and upon compliance with Section 26-2A-139.
- (f) Not later than 90 days after issuance of a final order accepting transfer of a guardianship or conservatorship, the court shall determine whether the guardianship or conservatorship needs to be modified to conform to the law of this state. Such modification may include, among other things, an inventory or an accounting pursuant to Sections 26-2A-146 and 26-2A-147.
- (g) In granting a petition under this section, the court shall recognize a guardianship or conservatorship order from the other state, including the determination of the incapacitated or protected person's incapacity and the appointment of the guardian or conservator.
- (h) The denial by a court of this state of a petition to accept a guardianship or conservatorship transferred from another state does not affect the ability of the guardian or conservator to seek appointment as quardian or

conservator in this state under Sections 26-2A-1, et seq., if the court has jurisdiction to make an appointment other than by reason of the provisional order of transfer.

ARTICLE 4

5 RECORDING AND RECOGNITION OF ORDERS FROM OTHER
6 STATES

7 §26-2B-401. RECORDING OF GUARDIANSHIP ORDERS.

If a guardian has been appointed in another state and a petition for the appointment of a guardian is not pending in this state, the guardian appointed in the other state, after giving notice to the appointing court of an intent to register, may record the guardianship order in this state by recording as a foreign judgment in a court, in any appropriate county of this state, certified copies of the order and letters of office.

\$26-2B-402. RECORDING OF PROTECTIVE ORDERS.

If a conservator has been appointed in another state and a petition for a protective order is not pending in this state, the conservator appointed in the other state, after giving notice to the appointing court of an intent to record, may record the protective order in this state by recording as a foreign judgment in a court of this state, in any county in which property belonging to the protected person is located, certified copies of the order and letters of office and of any bond.

\$26-2B-403. EFFECT OF RECORDING.

1 (a) Upon the recording of a guardianship or 2 protective order from another state, the quardian or conservator may exercise in this state all powers provided in 3 Section 26-2A-160. (b) A court of this state may grant any relief 5 available under this chapter and other law of this state to 6 7 enforce a recorded order. ARTICLE 5 8 9 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS 10 \$26-2B-501. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION. 11 12 In applying and construing this uniform act, 13 consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity 14 of the law with respect to its subject matter among states 15 that enact it. \$26-2B-502. RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN 16 17 GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT. This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the 18 federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce 19 Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001, et seq., but does not modify, 20 21 limit, or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. 22 Section 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of 23 the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b). 24 \$26-2B-503. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION. 25 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as 26 27 repealing any portion of Chapter 2A of this title, the Alabama

1 Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Act, unless 2 specifically addressed. Section 2. Sections 26-2A-31, 26-2A-109, and 3 4 26-2A-131, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows: 5 6 "\$26-2A-31. 7 "(a) To the full extent permitted by the constitution and as permitted under Article 2 of Chapter 2B of 8 this title, the court has jurisdiction over all subject matter 9 10 relating to estates of protected persons and protection of 11 minors and incapacitated persons. 12 "(b) The court has full power to make order, 13 judgments, and decrees and take all other action necessary and 14 proper to administer justice in the matters that come before 15 it. "(c) The court has jurisdiction over protective 16 17 proceedings and guardianship proceedings. "(d) If both guardianship and protective proceedings 18 as to the same person are commenced or pending in the same 19 20 court, the proceedings may be consolidated. 21 "(e) No provision of this chapter shall be construed 22 to void, abate, or diminish, the powers or equity 23 jurisdiction, when invoked, heretofore or hereafter granted by 24 statute to certain probate courts.

"\$26-2A-109.

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"The authority and responsibility of a guardian of an incapacitated person terminates upon the death of the

guardian or ward, the determination of incapacity of the
guardian, upon transfer to another state as provided in

Section 26-2B-301, or upon removal or resignation as provided
in Section 26-2A-110. Termination does not affect a guardian's
liability for prior acts or the obligation to account for
funds and assets of the ward.

"\$26-2A-131.

"After Subject to Section 26-2A-31, after the service of notice in a proceeding seeking the appointment of a conservator or other protective order and until termination of the proceeding, the court in which the petition is filed has:

- "(1) Exclusive jurisdiction to determine the need for a conservator or other protective order until the proceedings are terminated; and
- "(2) Exclusive jurisdiction to determine how the estate of the protected person which is subject to the laws of this state must be managed, expended, or distributed to or for the use of the protected person, the protected person's dependents, or other claimants."

20 Section 3. This act shall become effective January 21 1, 2011.