- 1 SB124
- 2 116004-1
- 3 By Senator Penn
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 12-JAN-10

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8 SYNOPSIS: Existing law prohibits cock fights and
9 fines a person convicted of cock fighting not less
10 than twenty dollars nor more than fifty dollars.

This bill would make it a Class A misdemeanor upon a first conviction for a person to do any of the following: Sell or train a cock with the intent that the cock will fight another cock; cause any cock to fight with another cock or cause cocks to injure each other for amusement or gain; own, manage, operate, finance, commercially advertise, promote, sell admission tickets to, or employ persons at any facility for the purpose of cockfighting; possess or use any device or substance intended to enhance the ability of a cock to fight; wager money or anything of value on the results of a cockfight; pay or receive money or anything of value for admission to cock fights; permit or cause a minor to do certain acts relating to cockfighting; or knowingly permit any act in violation of the above. Upon a second or subsequent conviction of the above acts it would be a Class C felony.

This bill would make it a Class A misdemeanor for a person to do any of the following: Be knowingly present, as a spectator, at a place where preparations are being made for an exhibition of cockfighting with the intent to be present at the preparations; be knowingly present at an exhibition or to knowingly aid or abet another in the exhibition.

This bill would require persons who regularly keep cocks to register the location of the cocks with the Alabama Department of Agriculture and Industries for the purpose of disease control.

This bill would provide confiscation procedures for fighting cocks and would define terms.

This bill would also provide additional fines and forfeiture of certain property and profits and would provide procedures for filing a report on seizures of cocks found to be fighting and for destroying cocks found to be fighting.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general

law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose. 

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

18 A BILL

19 TO BE ENTITLED

20 AN ACT

To amend Section 13A-12-4 of the Code of Alabama 1975, relating to cockfighting; and to add Sections 13A-12-4.1 and 13A-12-4.2 to the Code of Alabama 1975; to make it a Class A misdemeanor upon a first conviction and a Class C felony upon a second or subsequent conviction of certain acts relating to cockfighting; to make it a Class A misdemeanor to

1	be present at cockfights under certain conditions; to require
2	the registration of the location of certain cocks; to provide
3	confiscation procedures for fighting cocks, define terms,
4	provide additional fines and forfeiture of certain property
5	and profits, and provide procedures for filing a report on
6	seizures of cocks found to be fighting and for destroying
7	cocks found to be fighting; and in connection therewith to
8	have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or
9	increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of
10	Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now
11	appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of
12	the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
14	Section 1. Section 13A-12-4, Code of Alabama 1975,
15	is amended to read as follows:
16	"§13A-12-4.
17	"Any person who keeps a cockpit or who in any public
18	place fights cocks shall, on conviction, be fined not less
19	than \$20.00 nor more than \$50.00.
20	"(a)(1) Upon a first conviction, it shall be a Class
21	A misdemeanor for any person to do any of the following:
22	"a. To sell a cock with the intent that the cock
23	will fight another cock or train a cock with the intent that
24	the cock will fight another cock.
25	"b. For amusement or gain, to cause any cock to
26	fight with another cock or cause any cock to injure another

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cock.

1	"c. To own, manage, or operate any facility or
2	property for the purpose of cockfighting, or to finance,
3	commercially advertise, promote, sell admission tickets, or
4	employ persons for the same.
5	"d. To possess or use any device or substance
6	intended to enhance the ability of a cock to fight or inflict
7	injury on another cock with the intent the device or substance
8	be used for such purposes.
9	"e. To wager money or anything of value on the
10	result of such fighting.
11	"f. To pay or receive money or anything of value for
12	the admission of a person to a place for cock fighting.
13	"g. To permit or cause a minor to do either of the
14	<pre>following:</pre>
15	"1. Attend an exhibition of the fighting of any
16	cock.
17	"2. Undertake or be involved in any act described in
18	this subsection.
19	"h. To knowingly permit any act in violation of
20	subdivision (1).
21	"(2) A second or subsequent conviction of this
22	subsection shall be a Class C felony.
23	"(b) It shall be a Class A misdemeanor for any
24	person to be knowingly present, as a spectator, at any place,
25	building, or tenement where preparations are being made for a
26	cockfight with the intent to be present at the cockfight, to

Т	be knowingly present at the cocklight, or to knowingly ald or
2	abet another in the cockfight.
3	"(c) Any cock used to fight another cock in
4	violation of subsection (a) shall be confiscated as contraband
5	by the sheriff or other law enforcement officer incident to a
6	lawful arrest or search warrant, or both, and shall not be
7	returned to the owner, trainer, or possessor of the cock until
8	a hearing has been conducted or otherwise pursuant to Section
9	<u>13A-12-4.2.</u>
10	"(d) Any person who regularly keeps cocks shall
11	register the location of the cocks with the Alabama Department
12	of Agriculture and Industries for the purpose of disease
13	control.
14	"(e) For purposes of this section and Sections
15	13A-12-4.1 and 13A-12-4.2, the following terms have the
16	following meanings:
17	"(1) COCK. A male chicken.
18	"(2) COCKFIGHTING. An intentional fight between two
19	or more cocks. The term does not include conduct which is
20	otherwise permitted under the agricultural or animal husbandry
21	laws, customs, or practices of this state or of the United
22	States not specifically prohibited by this section or other
23	laws, which include, but are not limited to, conditioning of
24	poultry for general health purposes.
25	" (3) TRAIN. To intentionally develop the skills of
26	a cock for the purpose of fighting, injuring, or killing
27	another cock."

Section 2. Sections 13A-12-4.1 and 13A-12-4.2 are added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

3 §13A-12-4.1.

Any person found to be in violation of subsection (a) of Section 13A-12-4 shall be subject to all of the following:

- (1) In addition to any other penalties provided by law, a fine of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) is imposed for conviction of a Class A misdemeanor and a fine of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) is imposed for conviction of a Class C felony.
- (2) Forfeiture of all profits resulting from the cockfighting as well as any property, real or personal, that is a proceed of profits derived from the cockfighting, traceable to the cockfighting, or used to facilitate the cockfighting.
- (3) Forfeiture of any interest in any property, real or otherwise, used directly in connection with the cockfighting.

20 \$13A-12-4.2.

(a) Upon seizure of any cock under subsection (c) of Section 13A-12-4, the law enforcement officer making the seizure shall report the seizure and the facts connected therewith to the state veterinarian or his or her designee, the district attorney, or other prosecuting official in the judicial circuit. The law enforcement agency shall provide the state veterinarian or his or her designee a reasonable period

of time to arrive and test the involved cocks for disease before transporting or destroying any cocks on the premises to prevent any possible transmission of disease. The report shall contain a full description of the cocks seized and detained, the name of the person in whose possession it was found, the name of the person making claim to the cocks, or any interest therein, if the name is known or can be ascertained, the date of seizure, and a statement of the circumstances surrounding the seizing of the cocks. The district attorney or other prosecuting officer of the judicial circuit upon receiving the report shall within three business days institute, or cause to be instituted, condemnation proceedings in the circuit court, on the civil docket.

- (b) A veterinarian, upon delivery of the seized cocks to his or her office, or should one not be willing or available, an animal shelter or at any time thereafter, after consulting with the state veterinarian or his or her designee, may destroy or order the destruction of any cock that is in his or her opinion injured, diseased past recovery, lacks any useful purpose due to training or viciousness, or whose continued existence is inhumane and destruction is necessary to relieve pain or suffering. A veterinarian shall not be held civilly or criminally liable for any actions taken under this section performed in good faith.
- (c) A cock confiscated pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 13A-12-4 shall be taken to a veterinarian, or should one not be willing or available an animal shelter, pending

condemnation proceedings. The court shall set a condemnation hearing date not more than 30 days from the filing of the application and shall give notice of the same to the owners of the cock. The state shall have the burden to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the confiscated cock was used in violation of Section 13A-12-4.

- (1) Upon a finding by the court that the cock was so used, the cock shall remain in the custody of a veterinarian, or should one not be willing or available, an animal shelter. It shall be within the sole discretion of the veterinarian or animal shelter to determine whether the cock is diseased, injured, or lacks any useful purpose due to training or viciousness, and if so, a veterinarian may humanely destroy or order the destruction of such cock.
  - (2) Expenses incurred in connection with the housing, care, or upkeep of a cock by any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity after seizure of the cock pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 13A-12-4 shall be taxed against the owner. In the event that no owner of the seized animals can be identified, the property owner or operator of the real property used for cockfighting shall be the presumptive owner of the cock. In the event that the owner is not charged with violating Section 13A-12-4 or is acquitted of violating that section, this subsection shall not apply if the court has also found by a preponderance of the evidence that the cock seized was not used in connection with cockfighting.

(3) If, after a hearing, the state is unable to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the confiscated cock was used in violation of Section 13A-12-4, then the seized cock shall remain in the custody of the veterinarian or animal shelter pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings brought against the owners of the cock.

(d) If any cock owner is acquitted of all criminal charges under Section 13A-12-4, and the cock seized has not been destroyed under subsection (b), or used in violation of Section 13A-12-4 as determined by the court under subsection (c), the cock shall be returned to the owner.

Section 3. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.