- 1 SB164
- 2 115993-1
- 3 By Senators Little (T) and Mitchem
- 4 RFD: Economic Expansion and Trade
- 5 First Read: 12-JAN-10

1	115993-1:n:01/05/2010:JRC/tan LRS2010-28
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would expand the definition of
9	"lobbyist" to include a person seeking to obtain a
10	contract with a governmental entity on behalf of a
11	third party.
12	
13	A BILL
14	TO BE ENTITLED
15	AN ACT
16	
17	To amend Section 36-25-1, Code of Alabama 1975,
18	relating to the definition of lobbyist, to expand the
19	definition to include a person seeking to obtain a contract
20	with a governmental entity on behalf of a third party.
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
22	Section 1. Section 36-25-1, Code of Alabama 1975, is
23	amended to read as follows:
24	"\$36-25-1.
25	"Whenever used in this chapter, the following words
26	and terms shall have the following meanings:

"(1) BUSINESS. Any corporation, partnership,
 proprietorship, firm, enterprise, franchise, association,
 organization, self-employed individual, or any other legal
 entity.

"(2) BUSINESS WITH WHICH THE PERSON IS ASSOCIATED.
Any business of which the person or a member of his or her
family is an officer, owner, partner, board of director
member, employee, or holder of more than five percent of the
fair market value of the business.

10 "(3) CANDIDATE. This term as used in this chapter 11 shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in Section 12 17-22A-2.

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"(4) COMMISSION. The State Ethics Commission.

14 "(5) COMPLAINT. Written allegation or allegations15 that a violation of this chapter has occurred.

16 "(6) COMPLAINANT. A person who alleges a violation 17 or violations of this chapter by filing a complaint against a 18 respondent.

19 "(7) CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. A complaint filed 20 pursuant to this chapter, together with any statement, 21 conversations, knowledge of evidence, or information received 22 from the complainant, witness, or other person related to such 23 complaint.

"(8) CONFLICT OF INTEREST. A conflict on the part of
a public official or public employee between his or her
private interests and the official responsibilities inherent
in an office of public trust. A conflict of interest involves

1 any action, inaction, or decision by a public official or 2 public employee in the discharge of his or her official duties which would materially affect his or her financial interest or 3 4 those of his or her family members or any business with which the person is associated in a manner different from the manner 5 it affects the other members of the class to which he or she 6 7 belongs. A conflict of interest shall not include any of the following: 8

9 "a. A loan or financial transaction made or10 conducted in the ordinary course of business.

"b. An occasional nonpecuniary award publicly
presented by an organization for performance of public
service.

14 "c. Payment of or reimbursement for actual and 15 necessary expenditures for travel and subsistence for the 16 personal attendance of a public official or public employee at 17 a convention or other meeting at which he or she is scheduled 18 to meaningfully participate in connection with his or her 19 official duties and for which attendance no reimbursement is 20 made by the state.

"d. Any campaign contribution, including the purchase of tickets to, or advertisements in journals, for political or testimonial dinners, if the contribution is actually used for political purposes and is not given under circumstances from which it could reasonably be inferred that the purpose of the contribution is to substantially influence a public official in the performance of his or her official
 duties.

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"(9) DAY. Calendar day.

4 "(10) DEPENDENT. Any person, regardless of his or
5 her legal residence or domicile, who receives 50 percent or
6 more of his or her support from the public official or public
7 employee or his or her spouse or who resided with the public
8 official or public employee for more than 180 days during the
9 reporting period.

10 "(11) FAMILY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE. The11 spouse or a dependent of the public employee.

12 "(12) FAMILY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC OFFICIAL. The 13 spouse, a dependent, an adult child and his or her spouse, a 14 parent, a spouse's parents, a sibling and his or her spouse, 15 of the public official.

"(13) GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND AUTHORITIES. 16 17 Public or private corporations and authorities, including but 18 not limited to, hospitals or other health care corporations, 19 established pursuant to state law by state, county or municipal governments for the purpose of carrying out a 20 21 specific governmental function. Notwithstanding the foregoing, 22 all employees, including contract employees, of hospitals or 23 other health care corporations and authorities are exempt from 24 the provisions of this chapter.

25 "(14) HOUSEHOLD. The public official, public
26 employee, and his or her spouse and dependents.

"(15) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. A full-time employee
 of a governmental unit responsible for the prevention or
 investigation of crime who is authorized by law to carry
 firearms, execute search warrants, and make arrests.

5 "(16) LEGISLATIVE BODY. The Senate of Alabama, the 6 House of Representatives of Alabama, a county commission, city 7 council, city commission, town council, or municipal council 8 or commission, and any committee or subcommittee thereof.

"(17) LOBBYING. The practice of promoting, opposing, 9 10 or in any manner influencing or attempting to influence the introduction, defeat, or enactment of legislation before any 11 12 legislative body; opposing or in any manner influencing the 13 executive approval, veto, or amendment of legislation; or the 14 practice of promoting, opposing, or in any manner influencing or attempting to influence the enactment, promulgation, 15 modification, or deletion of regulations before any regulatory 16 17 body; provided, however, that providing public testimony before a legislative body or regulatory body or any committee 18 thereof shall not be deemed lobbying. 19

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"(18) LOBBYIST.

"a. The term lobbyist includes any of the following:
"1. A person who receives compensation or
reimbursement from another person, group, or entity to lobby.

24 "2. A person who lobbies as a regular and usual part
25 of employment, whether or not any compensation in addition to
26 regular salary and benefits is received.

"3. A person who expends in excess of one hundred
 dollars (\$100) for a thing of value, not including funds
 expended for travel, subsistence expenses, and literature,
 buttons, stickers, publications, or other acts of free speech,
 during a calendar year to lobby.

6 "4. A consultant to the state, county, or municipal 7 levels of government or their instrumentalities, in any manner 8 employed to influence legislation or regulation, regardless 9 whether the consultant is paid in whole or part from state, 10 county, municipal, or private funds.

"5. An employee, a paid consultant, or a member of the staff of a lobbyist, whether or not he or she is paid, who regularly communicates with members of a legislative body regarding pending legislation and other matters while the legislative body is in session.

16 "<u>6. A person seeking to obtain a contract with</u>
 17 <u>state, county, or municipal levels of government or their</u>
 18 <u>instrumentalities on behalf of a third person, excluding</u>
 19 <u>contracts for utility services where no competition exists or</u>
 20 <u>where the rates are set by law, regulation, or ordinance.</u>

21 "b. The term lobbyist does not include any of the 22 following:

23 "1. A member of a legislative body on a matter which24 involves that person's official duties.

25 "2. A person or attorney rendering professional
26 services in drafting bills or in advising clients and in
27 rendering opinions as to the construction and effect of

proposed or pending legislation, executive action, or rules or regulations, where those professional services are not otherwise connected with legislative, executive, or regulatory action.

5 "3. Reporters and editors while pursuing normal6 reportorial and editorial duties.

"4. Any citizen not expending funds as set out above
in paragraph a.3. or not lobbying for compensation who
contacts a member of a legislative body, or gives public
testimony on a particular issue or on particular legislation,
or for the purpose of influencing legislation and who is
merely exercising his or her constitutional right to
communicate with members of a legislative body.

14 "5. A person who appears before a legislative body,
15 a regulatory body, or an executive agency to either sell or
16 purchase goods or services.

17 "6. A person whose primary duties or 18 responsibilities do not include lobbying, but who may, from 19 time to time, organize social events for members of a 20 legislative body to meet and confer with members of 21 professional organizations and who may have only irregular 22 contacts with members of a legislative body when the body is 23 not in session or when the body is in recess.

"(19) MINOR VIOLATION. Any violation of this chapter
in which the public official or public employee receives an
economic gain in an amount less than two hundred fifty dollars

(\$250) or the governmental entity has an economic loss of less
 than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

"(20) PERSON. A business, individual, corporation,
partnership, union, association, firm, committee, club, or
other organization or group of persons.

"(21) PRINCIPAL. A person or business which employs,
hires, or otherwise retains a lobbyist. Nothing in this
chapter shall be deemed to prohibit a principal from
simultaneously serving as his or her own lobbyist.

10 "(22) PROBABLE CAUSE. A finding that the allegations11 are more likely than not to have occurred.

12 "(23) PUBLIC EMPLOYEE. Any person employed at the 13 state, county, or municipal level of government or their 14 instrumentalities, including governmental corporations and 15 authorities, but excluding employees of hospitals or other health care corporations including contract employees of those 16 17 hospitals or other health care corporations, who is paid in whole or in part from state, county or municipal funds. For 18 purposes of this chapter, a public employee does not include a 19 person employed on a part-time basis whose employment is 20 21 limited to providing professional services other than lobbying, the compensation for which constitutes less than 50 22 23 percent of the part-time employee's income.

24 "(24) PUBLIC OFFICIAL. Any person elected to public 25 office, whether or not that person has taken office, by the 26 vote of the people at state, county, or municipal level of 27 government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations, and any person appointed to a position at the state, county, or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations. For purposes of this chapter, a public official includes the chairs and vice-chairs or the equivalent offices of each state political party as defined in Section 17-16-2.

7 "(25) REGULATORY BODY. A state agency which issues
8 regulations in accordance with the Alabama Administrative
9 Procedure Act or a state, county, or municipal department,
10 agency, board, or commission which controls, according to rule
11 or regulation, the activities, business licensure, or
12 functions of any group, person, or persons.

13 "(26) REPORTING PERIOD. The reporting official's or 14 employee's fiscal tax year as it applies to his or her United 15 States personal income tax return.

16 "(27) REPORTING YEAR. The reporting official's or 17 employee's fiscal tax year as it applies to his or her United 18 States personal income tax return.

19 "(28) RESPONDENT. A person alleged to have violated 20 a provision of this chapter and against whom a complaint has 21 been filed with the commission.

"(29) STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS. A financial disclosure form made available by the commission which shall be completed and filed with the commission prior to April 30 of each year covering the preceding calendar year by certain public officials and public employees.

"(30) SUPERVISOR. Any person having authority to 1 2 hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, or discipline other public employees, or any person 3 4 responsible to direct them, or to adjust their grievances, or to recommend personnel action, if, in connection with the 5 foregoing, the exercise of the authority is not of a merely 6 7 routine or clerical nature but requires the use of independent 8 judgment.

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"(31) THING OF VALUE.

"a. Any gift, benefit, favor, service, gratuity,
tickets or passes to an entertainment, social or sporting
event offered only to public officials, unsecured loan, other
than those loans made in the ordinary course of business,
reward, promise of future employment, or honoraria.

15 "b. The term, thing of value, does not include any 16 of the following, provided that no particular course of action 17 is required as a condition to the receipt thereof:

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"1. Campaign contribution.

19 "2. Seasonal gifts of an insignificant economic
20 value of less than one hundred dollars (\$100) if the aggregate
21 value of such gifts from any single donor is less than two
22 hundred fifty dollars (\$250) during any one calendar year.

"3. Hospitality extended to a public official,
public employee, and his or her respective household as a
social occasion in the form of food and beverages where the
provider is present, lodging in the continental United States
and Alaska incidental to the social occasion, and tickets to

1 social or sporting events if the hospitality does not extend 2 beyond three consecutive days and is not continuous in nature and the aggregate value of such hospitality in excess of two 3 4 hundred fifty dollars (\$250) within a calendar day is reported to the commission by the provider provided that the reporting 5 6 requirement contained in this section shall not apply where 7 the expenditures are made to or on behalf of an organization to which a federal income tax deduction is permitted under 8 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 9 10 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or any charitable, education or eleemosynary cause of Section 501 of 11 12 Title 26 of the U.S. Code, and where the public official or 13 public employee does not receive any direct financial benefit. 14 The reporting shall include the name or names of the recipient 15 or recipients, the value of the entire expenditure, the date or dates of the expenditure, and the type of expenditure. 16

"4. Reasonable transportation, food and beverages 17 where the provider is present, and lodging expenses in the 18 continental United States and Alaska which are provided in 19 conjunction with an educational or informational purpose, 20 21 together with any hospitality associated therewith; provided, that such hospitality is less than 50 percent of the time 22 23 spent at such event, and provided further that if the 24 aggregate value of such transportation, lodging, food, 25 beverages, and any hospitality provided to such public employee, public official, and his or her respective household 26 27 is in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) within a

1 calendar day the total amount expended shall be reported to 2 the commission by the provider. The reporting shall include 3 the name or names of the recipient or recipients, the value of 4 the entire expenditure, the date or dates of the expenditure, 5 and the type of expenditure.

6 "5. Payment of or reimbursement for actual and 7 necessary expenditures for travel and subsistence of a public official or public employee in connection with an economic 8 development research or trade mission, or for attendance at a 9 10 mission or meeting in which he or she is scheduled to meaningfully participate, or regarding matters related to his 11 12 or her official duties, and for which attendance no 13 reimbursement is made by the state; provided, that any 14 hospitality in the form of entertainment, recreation, or sporting events shall constitute less than 25% of the time 15 spent in connection with the event. If the aggregate value of 16 17 any such hospitality extended to the public employee, public official, and his or her respective household is in excess of 18 two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) within a calendar day, the 19 total amount expended for that day shall be reported to the 20 21 commission by the provider. The reporting shall include the 22 name or names of the recipient or recipients, the value of 23 such expenditures, the date or dates of the expenditure, and 24 the type of expenditure.

25 "6. Promotional items commonly distributed to the26 general public and food or beverages of a nominal value.

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"c. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to
limit, prohibit, or otherwise require the disclosure of a
personal gift made to a public official or public employee
from a spouse, intended spouse, dependent, adult child,
sibling, parent, grandparent, uncle, aunt, nephews, nieces or
cousins of the public official or public employee, except as
otherwise provided by law.

8 "d. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to 9 limit, prohibit, or otherwise require the disclosure of gifts 10 through inheritance received by a public employee or public 11 official.

12 "(32) VALUE. The fair market price of a like item if 13 purchased by a private citizen."

14 Section 2. This act shall become effective 15 immediately following its passage and approval by the 16 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.