- 1 SB365
- 2 108728-1
- 3 By Senator Beason
- 4 RFD: Economic Expansion and Trade
- 5 First Read: 02-FEB-10

1	108728-1:n:03/02/2009:JRC/th LRS2009-1425
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would provide that, prior to
9	performing any abortion, the physician or certified
10	technician working in conjunction with the
11	physician must perform an obstetric ultrasound on
12	the pregnant woman and would provide for civil
13	penalties.
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15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
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19	To provide that, prior to performing any abortion,
20	the physician or certified technician working in conjunction
21	with the physician must perform an obstetric ultrasound on the
22	pregnant woman and to provide for civil penalties.
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
24	Section 1. As used in this act, the following terms
25	shall have the following meanings:
26	(1) ABORTION. The intentional use or prescription of
27	any instrument, medicine, drug, or any other substance or

1 device or method to terminate the life of an unborn child, or 2 to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant with an intention other than to produce a live birth and 3 4 preserve the life and health of the child after live birth or to remove an ectopic pregnancy, or to remove a dead unborn 5 6 child who died as the result of a spontaneous abortion, 7 accidental trauma, or a criminal assault on the pregnant female or her unborn child. 8

9 (2) CERTIFICATION. The determination by the abortion 10 provider that a medical emergency exists and the specific 11 medical conditions that constitute the medical emergency.

12 (3) FALSE STATEMENT. A willful false certification13 by an abortion provider.

(4) MEDICAL EMERGENCY. A condition which, in the reasonable medical judgment of the abortion provider, so complicates the medical condition of the pregnant woman that a delay in commencing an abortion procedure would impose a serious risk of causing grave and irreversible physical health damage entailing substantial impairment of a major bodily function.

(5) REASONABLE MEDICAL JUDGMENT. A medical judgment
that would be made by a reasonably prudent physician,
knowledgeable about the case and the treatment possibilities
with respect to the medical conditions involved.

25 (6) UNBORN CHILD. A member of the species homo
26 sapiens, at any stage of development before birth.

(7) WOMAN. A female human being whether or not she
 has reached the age of majority.

Section 2. (a) Any abortion provider who knowingly
performs any abortion shall comply with the requirements of
this section.

6 (b) Prior to a woman giving informed consent to 7 having any part of an abortion performed, the physician who is 8 to perform the abortion or the certified technician working in 9 conjunction with the physician shall do all of the following:

10 (1) Perform an obstetric ultrasound on the pregnant 11 woman.

12 (2) Provide an explanation of the results of the13 ultrasound.

14 (3) Display the ultrasound images so that the15 pregnant woman may view them.

16 (4) Provide a medical description of the ultrasound
17 images, which shall include the dimensions of the embryo or
18 fetus and the presence of external members and internal
19 organs, if present and viewable.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a pregnant woman from averting her eyes from the ultrasound images required to be provided to and reviewed with her. Neither the physician nor the pregnant woman shall be subject to any penalty if she refuses to look at the presented ultrasound images. (d) The provisions of this section shall not apply
 to an abortion provider or facility in the case of a medical
 emergency.

4 Section 3. (a) An abortion provider who knowingly 5 violates a provision of this act shall be liable for damages 6 as provided in this section and may be enjoined from such acts 7 in accordance with this section in an appropriate court.

8 (b)(1) A cause of action for injunctive relief 9 against any person who has knowingly violated a provision of 10 Section 3 may be maintained by any of the following:

a. The female upon whom an abortion was performed orattempted to be performed.

b. Any person who is the spouse, parent, sibling, or
guardian of, or a current or former licensed health care
provider of, the female upon whom an abortion has been
performed or attempted to be performed.

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c. The Attorney General.

18 d. The district attorney in whose district the act19 was committed.

(2) The injunction shall prevent the abortion
 provider from performing further abortions.

(c) Any person who knowingly violates the terms of an junction issued in accordance with this section shall be subject to civil contempt and shall be fined ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for the first violation, fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the second violation, and one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for the third and subsequent violations. The fines shall be the exclusive penalties for the
contempt. Each performance or attempted performance of an
abortion in violation of the terms of an injunction is a
separate violation. The fines shall be cumulative. No fine may
be assessed against the woman upon whom an abortion is
performed or attempted.

7 (d) A pregnant woman upon whom an abortion has been
8 performed in violation of this act or the parent or legal
9 guardian of the woman if she is an unemancipated minor may
10 commence a civil action against the abortion provider for any
11 knowing or reckless violation of this act for actual and
12 punitive damages.

(d) An abortion provider who performed an abortion in violation of this act shall be considered to have engaged in unprofessional conduct for which his or her license to provide health care services in Alabama shall be suspended or revoked by the Medical Licensure Board.

Section 4. The provisions of this act are severable.
If any part of this act is declared invalid or
unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part
which remains.

22 Section 5. This act shall become effective on the 23 first day of the third month following its passage and 24 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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