- 1 SB411
- 2 116460-1
- 3 By Senator Pittman
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation Education
- 5 First Read: 11-FEB-10

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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, the Fair Dismissal Act
9		provides procedures for the transfer and
10		termination of employment contracts of
11		postsecondary education employees.
12		This bill would establish the "Postsecondary
13		Instructional and Support Workers Act of 2010."
14		This bill would define postsecondary
15		probationary employees and nonprobationary
16		employees.
17		This bill would define postsecondary
18		full-time employees as those working 32.5 hours or
19		more each week.
20		This bill would establish employment
21		termination procedures for probationary employees
22		and nonprobationary employees.
23		This bill would allow a postsecondary
24		college president to transfer or reassign any
25		employee upon written notification to the employee.
26		This bill would allow employees to be
27		suspended without pay as a disciplinary measure and

establish a hearing process for an employee to contest his or her suspension.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

24 A BILL

25 TO BE ENTITLED

26 AN ACT

2 Workers Act of 2010, relating to the transfer and termination of employment of probationary and nonprobationary 3 postsecondary educational employees; to add Chapter 24C of Title 16 to the Code of Alabama 1975; to define probationary 5 6 and nonprobationary employees; to define full-time employees; 7 to establish employment termination procedures for probationary and nonprobationary employees; to allow a 8 postsecondary college president to transfer or reassign any 9 10 employee upon written notification to the employee; to allow 11 employees to be suspended without pay as a disciplinary 12 measure and to establish a hearing process for an employee to 13 contest his or her suspension; and in connection therewith 14 would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new 15 or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now 16 17 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended. 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 19 Section 1. Chapter 24C of Title 16 is added to the 20 21 Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows: 22 \$16-24C-1. Definitions. For purposes of this chapter, the following terms 23 24 shall have the following meanings:

Creating the Postsecondary Instructional and Support

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(1) EMPLOYEE. As used in this chapter, includes all persons employed as instructors or support personnel by two-year educational institutions under the control and

auspices of the State Board of Education. Full-time employees are employees whose duties require 32.5 or more hours in each normal working week of the college term, employing board holidays excepted. Employees serving as presidents, vice presidents, deans, program directors, or in an administrative capacity, as well as all employees of the Department of Postsecondary Education, are excluded from this chapter.

- (2) NONPROBATIONARY EMPLOYEE. A regular employee of a postsecondary college covered under this chapter who has been employed for 60 consecutive months, and has been offered and accepted reemployment for the succeeding college term.
- (3) PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEE. A regular employee of a postsecondary college covered under this chapter who has been employed less than 60 consecutive months. For the purpose of this definition, full-time instructors who are employed on an academic year basis shall be considered to have been employed 12 months for each academic year served. An academic year is the annual instructional calendar period beginning with the first instructional day of the fall semester and ending on the last instructional day of the ensuing spring semester.

\$16-24C-2. Termination.

(a) Probationary employees. At any time during the employee's probationary period, the college president may terminate the employee by furnishing the employee written notification at least 15 days prior to the effective date of termination. The fact that an employee may have a written employment contract does not suspend the provisions of this

section and any such contract shall be construed as including the provisions of this section. The termination of a probationary employee shall be final as of the effective date specified in the notice.

- (b) Nonprobationary employees. Termination of employment of a nonprobationary employee may be for incompetency, insubordination, neglect of duty, immorality, felony conviction, violation of state or federal law, violation of State Board of Education policies, violation of directives or guidelines issued by the Chancellor of Postsecondary Education, failure to perform duties in a satisfactory manner, justifiable decrease in the number of positions, or other good and just cause.
  - (c) A nonprobationary employee may be terminated only in the following manner:
  - (1) The president of the employing college shall give notice in writing to the nonprobationary employee stating in detail the reasons for the proposed termination and an effective date for such termination. The notice shall also inform the nonprobationary employee that in order to contest the cancellation the nonprobationary employee shall file with the president, at least five days prior to the effective date of the termination, notice of an intention to contest. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the suspension of a nonprobationary employee pending a hearing on a proposed termination and the final determination after the hearing. If the nonprobationary employee does not properly file a notice

of intention to contest with the president at least five days prior to the date established in the notice as the effective date of the termination, the termination shall be final and effective on such date.

- (2) Should the employee properly file a notice of intention to contest with the president within the time allotted in this subsection, the president shall thereafter serve a notice of hearing upon the employee by either personal delivery to the employee or by United States registered or certified mail with postage prepaid thereon to the nonprobationary employee's last known address, notifying the employee of the exact date, time, and place at which the nonprobationary employee may appear at a hearing before a hearing officer, whose name and mailing address shall be set forth on the notice, to contest the termination, which date and time shall be at least 20, but no more than 45, days after the date of service of the notice, the service being effective upon personal delivery, or upon five days after the date of mailing, if mailed.
- (3) At the contested hearing, which shall be public or private at the discretion of the nonprobationary employee, or the hearing officer in cases where the evidence involves the good name and character of an individual or involves or is about a minor child, the employee may appear with or without counsel, be heard, present the testimony of witnesses under oath, and present other evidence bearing upon the reasons for the proposed termination, and may cross-examine witnesses. The

president, in person or by and through his or her designee or the college's attorney, may also provide witnesses under oath and other evidence in support of the termination. The hearing officer shall administer oaths and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and production of papers necessary as evidence in connection with the dispute or claim. If requested, the hearing officer shall issue subpoenas for witnesses to testify under oath, either in support of the termination or on behalf of the nonprobationary employee, and the witnesses may receive the same mileage and per diem as witnesses called in civil cases in the circuit court of the county where the hearing is held, which shall be paid out of college funds. The college may not be held accountable for witness fees for more than 10 of the witnesses subpoenaed by the nonprobationary employee. If a person refuses to obey a subpoena, the hearing officer, or his or her authorized representative, may invoke the aid of the circuit court in order that the testimony or evidence be produced. Upon proper showing, the court shall issue a subpoena or order requiring the person to appear before the hearing officer in a continuation of the hearing and produce evidence and give testimony relating to the matter at issue. A person failing to obey the court's subpoena or order shall be punishable by the court as for contempt.

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(4) Absent good cause demonstrated to the hearing officer at the time of the hearing, the nonprobationary employee and the president or representative may not call more

than 10 witnesses each. The hearing officer may refuse to allow as evidence, exhibits or testimony that he or she determines to be cumulative, irrelevant, immaterial, impertinent, or scandalous. It shall be the duty of the college to employ a court reporter to keep, and upon request transcribe, a record of the proceedings at the hearing, and to assemble and annex to the record all notices given to the nonprobationary employee regarding the termination, all papers filed with the president by the nonprobationary employee in compliance with this chapter, a transcript of testimony and other evidence at the hearing and the findings and decisions of the president, such exhibits as may have been admitted to the record by the hearing officer during the hearing, and a separate annex of exhibits offered but not admitted to the record, all of which shall be preserved by the hearing officer for filing with the Court of Civil Appeals, should an appeal be taken as provided in this chapter. The record shall be delivered to the Clerk of the Court of Civil Appeals, to the president of the college, and to the nonprobationary employee within 30 business days from the day of the filing of a notice of appeal.

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(5) During the hearing, the hearing officer may also consider the nonprobationary employee's employment history, including matters occurring in prior years. Relevant and material documents not contained in the employee's personnel record file may be considered by the hearing officer. After all evidence has been presented at the hearing, the hearing

officer shall accept the president's determination of termination absent finding that the preponderance of credible evidence demonstrates that the president's determination of termination was arbitrary or capricious, or otherwise unlawful. Within 15 days of a hearing, the hearing officer shall make a written determination and shall report to the parties whether the hearing officer accepts or rejects the president's determination of termination by either personal delivery to the president and employee or by United States registered or certified mail, with postage prepaid thereon, service of the report of decision being effective upon personal delivery or upon five days after the date of mailing, if mailed. The report of decisions shall include the findings and reasons which support the hearing officer's decision. Failure of the hearing officer to submit the report in a timely manner shall not be prejudicial to the president or to the employee.

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\$16-24C-3. Pay and benefits of employee after cancellation or termination.

If the written determination after the hearing supports the president's decision to terminate, the employment of the nonprobationary employee is terminated. If the action of the president is reversed upon court review, the employee shall be entitled to any benefits or compensation he or she would have been entitled to as an employee.

\$16-24C-4. Hearing officers.

Hearing officers selected under this chapter shall be selected by the Chancellor of the Department of Postsecondary Education from a panel of hearing officers established and maintained by the State Board of Education for their fitness of character, impartiality, and otherwise in accordance with State Board of Education policies. Hearing officers may not have been employed by the employing college in the preceding seven consecutive years.

\$16-24C-5. Appeals.

- (a) Upon appeal, the decision of the president in terminating the employment of the nonprobationary employee shall be final if the action complied with this chapter and was not arbitrary or capricious, or otherwise unlawful. The nonprobationary employee may appeal to obtain review upon the record and exhibits of the hearing by the Alabama Court of Civil Appeals.
- (b) An appeal shall be taken by personal delivery or by United States mail certified or return receipt requested, delivered on or before the fifteenth day after service of the report of decision of the hearing officer, a written notice of appeal filed with the Court of Civil Appeals with a copy delivered to the opposing party by the same means. If notice of appeal is not properly filed and delivered within 15 days after the employee or president receives the decision of the hearing officer, the hearing officer's decision shall be final. Notice shall be deemed received five days after it has

been sent by United States mail, certified or return receipt
requested.

(c) Upon appeal to the Court of Civil Appeals, the appealing employee shall have the burden on appeal to show from the record on appeal that the president's decision to terminate was arbitrary or capricious, or otherwise unlawful.

\$16-24C-6. Transfers and reassignment.

The president may transfer or reassign any employee within the college upon written notification to the employee by personal service or United States mail, certified or return receipt requested to the employee's last known address. The employee shall be deemed to have received notice five days after the notice has been sent by United States mail, certified or return receipt requested, to his or her last known address.

§16-24C-7. Suspension without pay.

An employee may be suspended without pay as a disciplinary measure for any of the grounds enumerated in Section 16-24C-2 in the following manner:

(1) For suspensions without pay of not more than 30 days, the president shall give notice in writing to the employee stating in detail the reason for the suspension without pay and name an exact time and place at which the employee may appear to answer the notice. The hearing before the president shall not be less than 20 nor more than 30 calendar days after service of the notice on the employee by United States mail, certified or return receipt requested, to

his or her last known address. The notice shall also inform 1 2 the employee that in order to contest the suspension, the employee shall file by personal delivery, United States mail, 3 certified or return receipt requested, written notice of an intent to contest the suspension with the president at least 5 6 five days before the date the matter is set for a hearing. 7 Upon failure to file notice of intent to contest, the suspension without pay shall become effective. The hearing 8 proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with Section 9 10 16-24C-2, except that the college may not be required to employ a court reporter to transcribe a record of the hearing, 11 12 and the hearing shall be conducted before the president, in 13 lieu of a hearing officer, unless the president shall notify 14 the employee of his or her decision to request that the 15 hearing be conducted by a hearing officer as provided in Section 16-24C-2. The decision of the president or hearing 16 17 officer on a suspension without pay for greater than 10 days, 18 but not more than 30 days, shall be final and not subject to 19 appeal.

(2) Suspensions without pay of greater than 30 days shall require notice and any hearing or appeal conducted shall be in the same manner as is required for terminations.

\$16-24C-8. Other discipline.

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Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit or otherwise limit the discretion of a president to impose discipline upon any college employee and other discipline in the nature of oral or written counseling or

reprimand, and suspension with pay, and neither shall this 1 chapter require a review, hearing, or appeal of the imposition 2 of other discipline, unless compensation is suspended, 3 reduced, or terminated in association therewith. 5 Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 6 7 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 8 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of 9 10 the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the 11 bill requires expenditures only by a school board. 12 Section 3. This act shall become effective upon its 13 passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise

becoming law.