- 1 SB468
- 2 118542-1
- 3 By Senator Little (Z)
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 23-FEB-10

1	118542-1:n:02/19/2010:KBH/mfp LRS2010-1186
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8	SYNOPSIS: Existing law provides the circuit and
9	district courts with either exclusive or concurrent
10	jurisdiction over certain amounts in controversy.
11	This bill would increase the amount in
12	controversy over which the courts have concurrent
13	jurisdiction.
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15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
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19	To amend Sections 12-11-30 and 12-12-30 of the Code
20	of Alabama 1975, relating to civil jurisdiction in the circuit
21	or district court; to increase the amount in controversy over
22	which the courts have concurrent jurisdiction.
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
24	Section 1. Sections 12-11-30 and 12-12-30 of the
25	Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follow:
26	"\$12-11-30.

"(1) CIVIL. The circuit court shall have exclusive 1 2 original jurisdiction of all civil actions in which the matter in controversy exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) fifty 3 thousand dollars (\$50,000), exclusive of interest and costs, 4 and shall exercise original jurisdiction concurrent with the 5 district court in all civil actions in which the matter in 6 7 controversy exceeds three thousand dollars (\$3,000), exclusive of interest and costs. 8

"(2) CRIMINAL. The circuit court shall have 9 10 exclusive original jurisdiction of all felony prosecutions and of misdemeanor or ordinance violations which are lesser 11 12 included offenses within a felony charge or which arise from 13 the same incident as a felony charge; except, that the 14 district court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the 15 circuit court to receive pleas of guilty in felony cases not punishable by sentence of death. The circuit court may, on 16 17 conviction of a defendant, upon a showing of inability to make immediate payment of fine and costs, continue the case from 18 time to time to permit the fine and costs to be paid. 19

20 "(3) APPELLATE. The circuit court shall have
21 appellate jurisdiction of civil, criminal, and juvenile cases
22 in district court and prosecutions for ordinance violations in
23 municipal courts, except in cases in which direct appeal to
24 the Courts of Civil or Criminal Appeals is provided by law or
25 rule. Appeals to the circuit court shall be tried de novo,
26 with or without a jury, as provided by law.

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"(4) SUPERINTENDENCE OF DISTRICT, MUNICIPAL AND
 PROBATE COURTS. The circuit court shall exercise a general
 superintendence over all district courts, municipal courts,
 and probate courts.

5 "(5) CONTEMPTS. The circuit court may punish 6 contempts by fines not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100) 7 and by imprisonment not exceeding five days. The power of the 8 circuit court to enforce its orders and judgements by 9 determinations of civil contempt shall be unaffected by this 10 section.

"(6) GENERAL. The circuit court shall have otherpowers as provided by law.

13 "§12-12-30.

"The original civil jurisdiction of the district 14 court of Alabama shall be uniform throughout the state, 15 concurrent with the circuit court, except as otherwise 16 provided, and shall include all civil actions in which the 17 matter in controversy does not exceed ten thousand dollars 18 (\$10,000) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), exclusive of 19 interest and costs, and civil actions based on unlawful 20 21 detainer; except, that the district court shall not exercise 22 jurisdiction over any of the following matters:

"(1) Actions seeking equitable relief other than:
"a. Equitable questions arising in juvenile cases
within the jurisdiction of the district court.

"b. Equitable defenses asserted or compulsory 1 2 counterclaims filed by any party in any civil action within the jurisdiction of the district court. 3 4 "(2) Any actions enumerated in Rule 81 of the 5 Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure other than any of the following: 6 7 "a. Actions based in negligence against municipalities. 8 "b. Actions seeking substitution of lost or 9 10 destroyed records or instruments. 11 "c. Summary motion proceedings. 12 "d. Relieving disabilities of nonage. "(3) Actions seeking declaratory judgments. 13 "(4) Appeals from probate or municipal courts." 14 Section 2. This act shall become effective on the 15 first day of the third month following its passage and 16 17 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.