- 1 HB28
- 2 209491-1
- 3 By Representatives Hollis and Hall
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 11-JAN-22

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SYNOPSIS: This bill would provide for prohibited
practices relating to a pregnant female inmate or a
female inmate who is in the immediate postpartum
period.
This bill would also specifically prohibit
certain actions relating to strip searches,
restraints, examinations, labor and delivery,
solitary confinement, and transfer.
A BILL
TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT
Relating to inmates; to provide for prohibited
practices relating to the treatment of a pregnant female
inmate or a female inmate who is in the immediate postpartum
period.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
Section 1. For purposes of this act, the following
terms have the following meanings:

(1) CUSTODIAN. A warden, sheriff, jailer, deputy
 sheriff, police officer, or any other law enforcement officer.

3 (2) IMMEDIATE POSTPARTUM PERIOD. The six-week period
4 following childbirth unless extended by a physician due to
5 complications.

6 (3) OFFICER IN CHARGE. The individual who is 7 responsible for the supervision of a penal institution.

8 (4) PENAL INSTITUTION. Any place of confinement for 9 juvenile or adult individuals accused of, convicted of, or 10 adjudicated for violating a law of this state or an ordinance 11 of a political subdivision of this state.

(5) PREGNANT WOMAN. A juvenile or adult female whose
 pregnancy has been verified by a pregnancy test or through a
 medical examination conducted by a physician who is in the
 second or third trimester of pregnancy.

16 Section 2. (a) A pregnant woman may not be required 17 to squat or cough during a strip search conducted by a 18 custodian.

(b) A pregnant woman may not be required to undergo
any vaginal examination unless prescribed and performed by a
licensed health care professional.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
a custodian may not use handcuffs, waist shackles, leg irons,
or restraints of any kind on a pregnant woman in labor, in
delivery, or on a woman in the immediate postpartum period
while in custody.

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1 (d) A woman who is in the immediate postpartum 2 period may only be restrained using wrist handcuffs with her 3 wrists held in front of her body and only if there are 4 compelling grounds to believe that the woman presents either 5 of the following:

6 (1) An immediate and serious threat of harm to 7 herself, staff, or others.

8 (2) A substantial flight risk and cannot be
9 reasonably contained by other means.

10 (e) If a custodian uses wrist handcuffs on a woman who is in the immediate postpartum period under an exception 11 provided in paragraph (d) of this subsection, the 12 13 circumstances for and details of the exception shall be documented within two days of the incident. The information 14 15 shall include the nature of the circumstances and the length of time of the use of restraints. The documentation shall be 16 17 reviewed by the officer in charge and retained by the penal institution for reporting purposes. 18

(f) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the
use of medical restraints by a licensed health care
professional to ensure the medical safety of a pregnant woman.

(g) A pregnant woman or woman who is in the
immediate postpartum period may not be placed in solitary
confinement, in administrative segregation, or for medical
observation in a solitary confinement setting.

(h) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit theplacement of the woman in a cell or hospital room by herself.

(i) A pregnant woman who is temporarily held in a
 county jail pending transfer to a state penal institution
 shall be transferred as expeditiously as possible.

(j) The Department of Corrections and a sheriff
overseeing a county jail in which a pregnant woman is
incarcerated shall make all reasonable efforts to facilitate
the transfer. This subsection does not apply to a pregnant
woman who has been sentenced to a county jail by a judge.

9 Section 3. This act shall become effective on the 10 first day of the third month following its passage and 11 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.