- 1 SB14
- 2 215062-1
- 3 By Senator Melson
- 4 RFD: Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry
- 5 First Read: 11-JAN-22
- 6 PFD: 12/07/2021

1	215062-1:n:10/14/2021:SLU/ma LSA2021-1989
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	SYNOPSIS: Existing law provides that an alien, whether
9	resident or nonresident, may own, hold, or dispose
10	of real property with the same rights as a native
11	citizen.
12	This bill would restrict ownership of
13	agricultural land to United States citizens and
14	resident aliens only, subject to certain limited
15	exceptions.
16	This bill would further provide a civil
17	penalty for violation of certain registration
18	requirements.
19	
20	A BILL
21	TO BE ENTITLED
22	AN ACT
23	
24	Relating to ownership of agricultural land; to
25	restrict ownership of agricultural land to United States
26	citizens and resident aliens only, subject to certain limited

- exceptions; and to provide a civil penalty for violation of certain registration requirements.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

2.0

- Section 1. As used in this act, the following terms
 have the following meanings:
 - (1) AGRICULTURAL LAND. Land suitable for use in farming.
 - (2) FARMING. The cultivation of land for the production of agricultural crops, the raising of poultry, the production of eggs, the production of milk, the production of fruit or other horticultural crops, and grazing or production of livestock. The term includes the production of timber, forest products, nursery products, or sod. The term does not include a contract where a processor or distributor of farm products or supplies provides spraying, harvesting, or other farm services.
 - (3) FOREIGN BUSINESS. A corporation incorporated under the laws of a foreign country, or a business entity whether or not incorporated, in which a majority interest is owned directly or indirectly by nonresident aliens. Legal entities, including, but not limited to, trusts, holding companies, multiple corporations, and other business arrangements, do not affect the determination of ownership or control of a foreign business.
 - (4) FOREIGN GOVERNMENT. A government other than the government of the United States, its states, territories, or possessions.

- (5) NONRESIDENT ALIEN. An individual who is not any 1 of the following: 2
- a. A citizen of the United States. 3

5

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2.0

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

b. An individual lawfully admitted into the United States for permanent residence by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service. An individual is 7 lawfully admitted for permanent residence, regardless of whether the individual's lawful permanent resident status is conditional.

Section 2. An alien, resident or nonresident, may take and hold property, real and personal, in this state, either by purchase, descent, or devise, and may dispose of and transmit the same by sale, descent, or devise as a native citizen.

Section 3. (a) Notwithstanding Section 35-5-1, Code of Alabama 1975, a nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, or an agent, trustee, or fiduciary thereof, may not purchase or otherwise acquire agricultural land in this state. A nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, or an agent, trustee, or fiduciary thereof, that owns or holds agricultural land in this state on the effective date of this act, may continue to own or hold the land, but shall not purchase or otherwise acquire additional agricultural land in this state.

- (b) The restriction set forth in subsection (a) does not apply to the following:
 - (1) Agricultural land acquired by devise or descent.

1 (2) A bona fide encumbrance on agricultural land 2 taken for purposes of security.

2.0

- in the collection of debts, by a deed in lieu of foreclosure, pursuant to a forfeiture of a contract for deed, or by any procedure for the enforcement of a lien or claim on the land, whether created by mortgage or otherwise. However, agricultural land so acquired shall be sold or otherwise disposed of within two years after title is transferred. Pending the sale or disposition, the land shall not be used for any purpose other than farming, and the land shall not be used for farming except under lease to an individual, trust, corporation, partnership, or other business entity.
 - (c) A person who acquires agricultural land in violation of this act, remains in violation for as long as the person holds an interest in the land.

Section 4. A nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, or an agent, trustee, or fiduciary thereof, that acquires agricultural land or an interest in agricultural land, by devise or descent after the effective date of this act, shall divest itself of all right, title, and interest in the land within two years following the date of acquiring the land or interest.

Section 5. A person or business that purchases or otherwise acquires agricultural land in this state, except by devise or descent, following the date of this act, and whose status changes so that it becomes a foreign business or

nonresident alien subject to this act, shall divest itself of all right, title, and interest in the land within two years following the date that its status changed.

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

Section 6. A nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, or an agent, trustee, or fiduciary thereof, that owns an interest in agricultural land shall register with the Secretary of State. The registration shall be made not later than 60 days after the effective date of this act or not later than 60 days after acquiring the land or the interest in land, whichever time is later. The registration shall be in the form and manner prescribed by the Secretary of State and shall contain the name of the owner and the location and number of acres of the agricultural land by municipality and county. If the owner of the agricultural land or owner of the interest in agricultural land is an agent, trustee, or fiduciary of a nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, the registration shall also include the name of any principal for whom that land, or interest in that land, was purchased as agent.

Section 7. (a) If a court of competent jurisdiction finds that the land in question has been acquired in violation of this act, the court shall declare the land escheated to the state. When escheat is decreed by the court, the clerk of court shall notify the Governor that the title to the real estate is vested in the state by decree of the court.

(b) Any real estate, the title to which is acquired by the state under this act, shall be sold in the manner

estate for default of payment. The proceeds of the sale shall be used to pay court costs, and the remaining funds, if any, shall be paid to the person divested of the property, but only in an amount not exceeding the actual cost paid by the person for that property. Proceeds remaining after the payment of court costs and the payment to the person divested of the property shall become a part of the funds of the county or counties in which the land is located, in proportion to the part of the land in each county.

Section 8. A civil penalty of not more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) shall be imposed for each offense upon a nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, or an agent, trustee, or other fiduciary thereof, who fails to timely file the registration as required by Section 6.

Section 9. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.