- 1 HB56
- 2 215932-1
- 3 By Representative England
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 11-JAN-22
- 6 PFD: 01/06/2022

1	215932-1:n	1:12/21/2021:CNB/bm LSA2021-2576
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under the existing habitual felony offender
9		act, enhanced penalties are established for felony
10		criminal defendants who have been previously
11		convicted of one or more felony offenses.
12		This bill would repeal the Habitual Felony
13		Offender Act.
14		This bill would provide for resentencing for
15		defendants whose sentences were based on the
16		Habitual Felony Offender Act.
17		This bill would also make nonsubstantive,
18		technical revisions to update the existing code
19		language to current style.
20		Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
21		of 1901, as amended by Amendment 890, now appearing
22		as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of
23		the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, prohibits a
24		general law whose purpose or effect would be to
25		require a new or increased expenditure of local
26		funds from becoming effective with regard to a
27		local governmental entity without enactment by a

2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

14 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

16 AN ACT

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Relating sentencing; to amend Sections 13A-5-6, 13A-5-13, 13A-11-241, 13A-12-231, 13A-12-233, 14-9-44, 32-5A-154, and 32-5A-191, Code of Alabama 1975; to revise sentencing standards in certain circumstances; to repeal Sections 13A-5-9 and 13A-5-10, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the Habitual Felony Offender Act; to add Section 13A-5-14 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to provide for resentencing for defendants whose sentences were based on the Habitual Felony Offender Act; to make nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the existing code language to current style; and in

- 1 connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the
- 2 requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds
- 3 within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of
- 4 Alabama of 1901, as amended by Amendment 890, now appearing as
- 5 Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the
- 6 Constitution of Alabama of 1901.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 8 Section 1. Sections 13A-5-6, 13A-5-13, 13A-11-241,
- 9 13A-12-231, 13A-12-233, 14-9-44, and 32-5A-154, Code of
- 10 Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
- 11 "\$13A-5-6.
- "(a) Sentences for felonies shall be for a definite term of imprisonment, which imprisonment includes hard labor,
- 14 within the following limitations:
- "(1) For a Class A felony, for life or not more than
- 99 years or less than 10 years.
- "(2) For a Class B felony, not more than 20 years or
- less than 2 years.
- "(3) For a Class C felony, not more than 10 years or
- less than 1 year and 1 day and must be in accordance with
- 21 subsection (b) of Section 15-18-8 unless sentencing is
- 22 pursuant to Section 13A-5-9 or the offense is a sex offense
- pursuant to Section 15-20A-5.
- "(4) For a Class D felony, not more than 5 years or
- less than 1 year and 1 day and must be in accordance with
- subsection (b) of Section 15-18-8.

"(5) For a Class A felony in which a firearm or deadly weapon was used or attempted to be used in the commission of the felony, or a Class A felony sex offense involving a child as defined in Section 15-20A-4, not less than 20 years.

- "(6) For a Class B or C felony in which a firearm or deadly weapon was used or attempted to be used in the commission of the felony, or a Class B felony sex offense involving a child as defined in Section 15-20A-4, not less than 10 years.
- "(b) The actual time of release within the limitations established by subsection (a) shall be determined under procedures established elsewhere by law.
- "(c) In addition to any other penalties heretofore or hereafter provided by law, in all cases where an offender is designated as a sexually violent predator pursuant to Section 15-20A-19, or where an offender is convicted of a Class A felony sex offense involving a child as defined in Section 15-20A-4, and is sentenced to a county jail or the Alabama Department of Corrections, the sentencing judge shall impose an additional penalty of not less than 10 years of post-release supervision to be served upon the defendant's release from incarceration.
- "(d) In addition to any other penalties heretofore or hereafter provided by law, in all cases where an offender is convicted of a sex offense pursuant to Section 13A-6-61, 13A-6-63, or 13A-6-65.1, when the defendant was 21 years of

age or older and the victim was six years of age or less at the time the offense was committed, the defendant shall be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole.

"\$13A-5-13.

- "(a) The Legislature finds and declares the following:
- "(1) It is the right of every person, regardless of race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, or physical or mental disability, to be secure and protected from threats of reasonable fear, intimidation, harassment, and physical harm caused by activities of groups and individuals.
 - "(2) It is not the intent, by enactment of this section, to interfere with the exercise of rights protected by the Constitution of the State of Alabama or the United States.
- "(3) The intentional advocacy of unlawful acts by groups or individuals against other persons or groups and bodily injury or death to persons is not constitutionally protected when violence or civil disorder is imminent, and poses a threat to public order and safety, and such the conduct should be subjected to criminal sanctions.
- "(b) The purpose of this section is to impose additional penalties where it is shown that a perpetrator committing the underlying offense was motivated by the victim's actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, or physical or mental disability.

"(c) A person who has been found guilty of a crime, the commission of which was shown beyond a reasonable doubt to have been motivated by the victim's actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, or physical or mental disability, shall be punished as follows:

"(1) Felonies:

- "(1) For a. On conviction of a Class A felony that was found to have been motivated by the victim's actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, or physical or mental disability, the sentence shall not be less than 15 years.
- "(2) For b. On conviction of a Class B felony that was found to have been motivated by the victim's actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, or physical or mental disability, the sentence shall not be less than 10 years.
- "(3) For c. On conviction of a Class C felony that was found to have been motivated by the victim's actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, or physical or mental disability, the sentence shall not be less than two years.
- "(4) For d. On conviction of a Class D felony that was found to have been motivated by the victim's actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, or physical or mental disability, the sentence shall not be less than 18 months.

"e. For purposes of this subdivision, a criminal defendant who has been previously convicted of any felony and receives an enhanced sentence pursuant to this section is also subject to enhanced punishment under the Alabama Habitual Felony Offender Act, Section 13A-5-9.

"(2) Misdemeanors:

"(5) For On conviction of a misdemeanor which was found beyond a reasonable doubt to have been motivated by the victim's actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, or physical or mental disability, the defendant shall be sentenced for a Class A misdemeanor, except that the defendant shall be sentenced to a minimum of three months.

"\$13A-11-241.

"(a) A person commits the crime of cruelty to a dog or cat in the first degree if he or she intentionally tortures any dog or cat or skins a domestic dog or cat or offers for sale or exchange or offers to buy or exchange the fur, hide, or pelt of a domestic dog or cat. Cruelty to a dog or cat in the first degree is a Class C felony. A conviction for a felony pursuant to this section shall not be considered a felony for purposes of the Habitual Felony Offender Act, Sections 13A-5-9 to 13A-5-10.1, inclusive.

"(b) A person commits the crime of cruelty to a dog or cat in the second degree if he or she, in a cruel manner, overloads, overdrives, deprives of necessary sustenance or shelter, unnecessarily or cruelly beats, injuries injures,

mutilates, or causes the same to be done. Cruelty to a dog or cat in the second degree is a Class A misdemeanor.

"\$13A-12-231.

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"Except as authorized in Chapter 2, of Title 20:

"(1) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, in excess of one kilo or 2.2 pounds of any part of the plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or resin including the completely defoliated mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil, or cake, or the completely sterilized samples of seeds of the plant which are incapable of germination is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in cannabis." Nothing in this subdivision shall apply to samples of tetrahydrocannabinols including, but not limited to, all synthetic or naturally produced samples of tetrahydrocannabinols which contain more than 15 percent by weight of tetrahydrocannabinols and which do not contain plant material exhibiting the external morphological features of the plant cannabis. If the quantity of cannabis involved:

"a. Is in excess of one kilo or 2.2 pounds, but less than 100 pounds, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

"b. Is 100 pounds or more, but less than 500 pounds, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five calendar years and to pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).

- "c. Is 500 pounds or more, but less than 1,000 pounds, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and to pay a fine of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).
- "d. Is 1,000 pounds or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.
- "(2) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or more of cocaine or of any mixture containing cocaine, described in Section 20-2-25(1), is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in cocaine." If the quantity involved:
- "a. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 500 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
- "b. Is 500 grams or more, but less than one kilo, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five calendar years and to pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- "c. Is one kilo, but less than 10 kilos, then the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of

- imprisonment of 15 calendar years and to pay a fine of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- "d. Is 10 kilos or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.

- "(3) Any person, except as otherwise authorized by law, who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, four grams or more of any morphine, opium, or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in Section 20-2-23(b)(2) or Section 20-2-25(1)a., or four grams or more of any mixture containing any such substance, or any mixture containing Fentanyl or any synthetic controlled substance Fentanyl analogue, as described in Sections 20-2-23 and 20-2-25, is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs." If the quantity involved:
- "a. Is four grams or more, but less than 14 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
- "b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 10 calendar years and to pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- "c. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 56 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of

- imprisonment of 25 calendar years and to pay a fine of five 1
- hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000). 2

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- "d. Is 56 grams or more, the person shall be 3 sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life. 4
 - "(4) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of 1,000 or more pills or capsules of methagualone, as described in Section 20-2-1, et seq., is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs." If the quantity involved:
 - "a. Is 1,000 pills or capsules, but less than 5,000 pills or capsules, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three calendar years and pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
 - "b. Is 5,000 capsules or more, but less than 25,000 capsules, that person shall be imprisoned to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 10 calendar years and pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
 - "c. Is 25,000 pills or more, but less than 100,000 pills or capsules, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 calendar years and pay a fine of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
 - "d. Is 100,000 capsules or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.
 - "(5) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of 500 or more pills or

- capsules of hydromorphone as is described in Section 20-2-1, et seq., is quilty of a felony which shall be known as

pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).

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- 3 "trafficking in illegal drugs." If the quantity involved:
- "a. Is 500 pills or capsules or more but less than

 1,000 pills or capsules, the person shall be sentenced to a

 mandatory term of imprisonment of three calendar years and to
- "b. Is 1,000 pills or capsules or more, but less
 than 4,000 pills or capsules, the person shall be sentenced to
 a mandatory term of imprisonment of 10 calendar years and to
 pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
 - "c. Is 4,000 pills or capsules or more but less than 10,000 pills or capsules, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of 25 calendar years and to pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
 - "d. Is more than 10,000 pills or capsules, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of life.
 - "(6) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or more of 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine, or of any mixture containing 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine, is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs." If the quantity involved:
 - "a. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 500 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of

imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).

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- "b. Is 500 grams or more, but less than one kilo, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five calendar years and to pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
 - "c. Is one kilo, but less than 10 kilos, then the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and to pay a fine of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
 - "d. Is 10 kilos or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.
 - "(7) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or more of 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine, or of any mixture containing 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs" if the quantity involved:
 - "a. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 500 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
 - "b. Is 500 grams or more, but less than one kilo, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five calendar years and to pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

"c. Is one kilo, but less than 10 kilos, then the 1 2 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and to pay a fine of two 3 hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).

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- "d. Is 10 kilos or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.
 - "(8) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, four grams or more of phencyclidine, or any mixture containing phencyclidine, is quilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs." If the quantity involved:
 - "a. Is four grams or more, but less than 14 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
 - "b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five calendar years and to pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
 - "c. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 56 grams, then the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and to pay a fine of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- "d. Is 56 grams or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.

"(9) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures,

delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in

actual or constructive possession of, four grams or more of

lysergic acid diethylamide, of four grams or more of any

mixture containing lysergic acid diethylamide, is guilty of a

felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal

drugs." If the quantity involved:

- "a. Is four grams or more, but less than 14 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
- "b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 10 calendar years and to pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- "c. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 56 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 calendar years and to pay a fine of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
- "d. Is 56 grams or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.
- "(10) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or more of amphetamine or any mixture containing amphetamine, its salt, optical isomer, or salt of its optical isomer thereof, is

- 1 guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as
- 2 "trafficking in amphetamine." If the quantity involved:
- "a. Is 28 grams or more but less than 500 grams, the
- 4 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of
- 5 imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of
- fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
- 7 "b. Is 500 grams or more, but less than one kilo,
- 8 the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of
- 9 imprisonment of five calendar years and to pay a fine of one
- hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- "c. Is one kilo but less than 10 kilos, then the
- 12 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of
- imprisonment of 15 calendar years and to pay a fine of two
- hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- "d. Is 10 kilos or more, the person shall be
- 16 sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.
- 17 "(11) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures,
- delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in
- 19 actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or more of
- 20 methamphetamine or any mixture containing methamphetamine, its
- 21 salts, optical isomers, or salt of its optical isomers
- thereof, is quilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as
- "trafficking in methamphetamine." If the quantity involved:
- "a. Is 28 grams or more but less than 500 grams, the
- 25 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of
- imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of
- 27 fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).

"b. Is 500 grams or more, but less than one kilo, 1 2 the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five calendar years and to pay a fine of one 3 hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

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- "c. Is one kilo but less than 10 kilos, then the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and to pay a fine of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- "d. Is 10 kilos or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.
 - "(12) Any person who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of 56 or more grams of a synthetic controlled substance or a synthetic controlled substance analogue, as described in subdivision (4) or (5) of subsection (a) of Section 20-2-23, except for any synthetic controlled substance Fentanyl analogue referenced in subdivision (13), is quilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in synthetic controlled substances." If the quantity involved:
 - "a. Is 56 grams or more, but less than 500 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three calendar years and to pay a fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
- "b. Is 500 grams or more, but less than 1 kilo, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of

- imprisonment of 10 calendar years and to pay a fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- "c. Is one kilo, but less than 10 kilos, then the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and to pay a fine of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- 7 "d. Is 10 kilos or more, the person shall be 8 sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of life.

- "(13) Any person, unless otherwise authorized by law, who knowingly sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, one gram or more of Fentanyl or any synthetic controlled substance Fentanyl analogue, as a single component as described in Sections 20-2-23 and 20-2-25, is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs." If the quantity involved:
- "a. Is one gram or more, but less than two grams, the person shall be ordered to pay a minimum fine of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
- "b. Is two grams or more, but less than four grams, the person shall be ordered to pay a minimum fine of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- "c. Is four grams or more, but less than eight grams, the person shall be ordered to pay a minimum fine of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).

"d. Is eight grams or more, the person shall be ordered to pay a minimum fine of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000).

"(14) In lieu of the weight ranges listed in subdivision (12), a person may instead be charged with trafficking any substance listed in subdivisions (3) and (12) if that person possesses 50 or more individual packages of that substance. The person shall only be sentenced according to the sentence range provision listed in paragraph a. of each subdivision for the specific substance contained in the 50 or more individual packages if charged pursuant to this subdivision, subdivision (15), or subdivision (16), if applicable. In order to charge a person pursuant to this subdivision, the same substance must be contained in each of the 50 or more individual packages.

"trafficking in cocaine," "trafficking in illegal drugs,"
"trafficking in amphetamine," "trafficking in
methamphetamine," and "trafficking in synthetic controlled
substances" as defined in subdivisions (1) through (14),
above, shall be treated as Class A felonies for purposes of
this title, including sentencing under Section 13A-5-9.

Provided, however, that the sentence of imprisonment for a
defendant with one or more prior felony convictions who
violates subdivisions (1) through (14) of this section shall
be the sentence provided therein, or the sentence provided
under Section 13A-5-9, whichever is greater. Provided further,

that the fine for a defendant with one or more prior felony convictions who violates subdivisions (1) through (14) of this section shall be the fine provided therein, or the fine provided under Section 13A-5-9, whichever is greater.

"(16) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any person who has possession of a firearm during the commission of any act proscribed by this section shall be punished by a term of imprisonment of five calendar years which shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, the punishment otherwise provided, and a fine of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); the the court shall not suspend the five-year additional sentence of the person or give the person a probationary sentence.

"\$13A-12-233.

- "(a) This section shall be known as the "Alabama Drug Trafficking Enterprise Act." For purposes of this section, a person is engaged in a criminal enterprise for the purpose of trafficking in illegal drugs if that person violates any provision of Section 13A-12-231, and such violation is both of the following occur:
- "(1) Undertaken by such The violation is undertaken by the person in concert with five or more other persons with respect to whom such, and the person occupies a position of is an organizer, in a supervisory position, or any other position of management, and.
- "(2) From which such The person obtains substantial income or resources from the criminal enterprises.

"(b) For purposes of this section, "substantial income" means any amount exceeding the established minimum wage, as established by law.

- "(c) Any person who engages in a criminal enterprise for the purpose of trafficking in illegal drugs shall be punished as follows:
- "(1) Upon the first conviction of violation of this section, he or she shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 calendar years or for any mandatory term of calendar years up to and including life without parole and to a fine of not less than fifty thousand dollars

 (\$50,000.00) nor more than five hundred thousand dollars

 (\$500,000.00).
- "(2) Upon the second conviction of violation of this section, he must or she shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment for life without parole and to a fine of not less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000.00) nor more than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00).
- "(3) In no event shall the term of imprisonment or the amount of fine imposed under this section be less than the corresponding term of imprisonment or fine authorized in Section 13A-12-231, for the underlying violation of that section, including application of the Habitual Felony Offender Act, as determined by the type and amount of the particular illegal drug involved.
- "(d) The courts of Alabama shall have jurisdiction to may enter such restraining orders or prohibitions, or to

may take such any other actions, including the acceptance of satisfactory performance bonds, in connection with any property or other interest subject to forfeiture under Section 20-2-93 as they shall deem proper.

"§14-9-44.

"(a) Nothing herein in this article shall be interpreted to give any retroactive effect to this article.

"(b) Nothing contained in this article shall in any way be construed to repeal or affect the provisions of Section 13A-5-9, or any other statute heretofore or hereinafter enacted in this state dealing with habitual felony offenders or the sentencing of such offenders.

"\$32-5A-154.

"(a) The driver of a vehicle upon meeting or overtaking from either direction any school bus which has stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging any school children on a highway, on a roadway, on school property, or upon a private road or any church bus which has stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging passengers shall bring the vehicle to a complete stop before reaching the school or church bus when there is in operation on the school or church bus a visual signal as specified in Section 32-5A-155. The driver shall not proceed until the school or church bus resumes motion or is signaled by the school or church bus driver to proceed or the visual signals are no longer actuated.

"(b) Every bus used for the transportation of school children shall bear upon the front and rear thereof of the bus plainly visible signs containing the words "school bus" in letters not less than eight inches in height, and in addition shall be equipped with visual signals meeting the requirements of Section 32-5A-155, which shall be actuated by the driver of the school bus only when the vehicle is stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging school children. The visual signals shall not be actuated at any other time.

"(c)(1) Every bus used for the transportation of passengers to or from church shall bear upon the front and rear thereof of the bus plainly visible signs containing the words "church bus" in letters not less than eight inches in height. Visual signals meeting the requirements of Section 32-5A-155, on a church bus, if any, may be actuated by the driver of the church bus only when the vehicle is stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging passengers.

- "(2) A bus operated by the Association for Retarded Citizens ARC of Alabama, or an affiliate thereof, transporting its clients shall be considered a bus to which this section is applicable.
- "(d) The driver of a vehicle upon a divided highway having four or more lanes which permits at least two lanes of traffic to travel in opposite directions need not stop the vehicle upon meeting a school or church bus which is stopped in the opposing roadway or if the school or church bus is stopped in a loading zone which is a part of or adjacent to

such highway and where pedestrians are not permitted to cross the roadway.

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"(e) If the driver of any vehicle is witnessed by a peace law enforcement officer or the driver of a school bus to have violated this section and the identity of the driver of the vehicle is not otherwise apparent, it shall be an inference that the person in whose name such the vehicle is registered committed the violation. In the event that charges are filed against multiple owners of a motor vehicle, only one of the owners may be convicted and court costs may be assessed against only one of the owners. If the vehicle which is involved in the violation is registered in the name of a rental or leasing company and the vehicle is rented or leased to another person at the time of the violation, the rental or leasing company may rebut the inference by providing the peace law enforcement officer or prosecuting authority with a copy of the rental or lease agreement in effect at the time of the violation.

"(f)(1) Upon first conviction, a person violating subsection (a) shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor more than three hundred dollars (\$300).

"(2) On a second conviction, a person convicted of violating subsection (a) shall be punished by a fine of not less than three hundred dollars (\$300) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and shall complete at least 100 hours of community service. In addition, the Director Secretary of

the Department of Public Safety Alabama State Law Enforcement

Agency shall suspend the driving privileges or driver's

license of the person convicted for a period of 30 days.

"(3) On a third conviction, a person convicted of violating subsection (a) shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and shall complete at least 200 hours of community service. In addition, the Director

Secretary of the Department of Public Safety Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 days.

"(4) On a fourth or subsequent conviction, a person convicted of violating subsection (a) shall be guilty of a Class C felony and punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000). In addition to the other penalties authorized, the Director Secretary of the Department of Public Safety Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall revoke the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of one year.

"(g) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, the Alabama habitual felony offender law shall not apply to a conviction of a felony pursuant to subsection (f), and a conviction of a felony pursuant to subsection (f) shall not be a felony conviction for purposes of the enhancement of punishment pursuant to Alabama's habitual felony offender law.

1	"(h) (g) All fines and penalties imposed pursuant to		
2	this section shall be forwarded immediately upon collection by		
3	the officer of the court who collects the proceeds to the		
4	general fund of the respective agency that enforced this		
5	section.		
6	"(i) (h) Neither reckless driving nor any other		
7	traffic infraction is a lesser included offense under a charge		
8	of overtaking and passing a school bus or church bus."		
9	Section 2. Section 32-5A-191, Code of Alabama 1975,		
10	effective until July 1, 2023, is amended to read as follows:		
11	"§32-5A-191.		
12	"(a) A person shall not drive or be in actual		
13	physical control of any vehicle while:		
14	"(1) There is 0.08 percent or more by weight of		
15	alcohol in his or her blood;		
16	"(2) Under the influence of alcohol;		
17	"(3) Under the influence of a controlled substance		
18	to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely		
19	driving;		
20	"(4) Under the combined influence of alcohol and a		
21	controlled substance to a degree which renders him or her		
22	incapable of safely driving; or		
23	"(5) Under the influence of any substance which		
24	impairs the mental or physical faculties of such person to a		
25	degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving.		
26	"(b) $\underline{(1)}$ A person who is under the age of 21 years		

shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any

vehicle if there is 0.02 percent or more by weight of alcohol 1 2 in his or her blood. The Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend or revoke the driver's license of any person, 3 including, but not limited to, a juvenile, child, or youthful 4 5 offender, convicted or adjudicated of, or subjected to a 6 finding of, delinquency based on this subsection. 7 Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon the first violation of 8 this subsection by a person whose blood alcohol level is between 0.02 and 0.08, the person's driver's license or 9 10 driving privilege shall be suspended for a period of 30 days in lieu of any penalties provided in subsection (e) of this 11 section, and there shall be no disclosure, other than to 12 13 courts, law enforcement agencies, the person's attorney of 14 record, and the person's employer, by any entity or person of 15 any information, documents, or records relating to the person's arrest, conviction, or adjudication of or finding of 16 17 delinquency based on this subsection.

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"(2) All persons, except as otherwise provided in this subsection for a first offense, including, but not limited to, a juvenile, child, or youthful offender, convicted or adjudicated of or subjected to a finding of delinquency based on this subsection shall be fined pursuant to this section, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, and the person shall also be required to attend and complete a DUI or substance abuse court referral program in accordance with subsection (k).

"(c) (1) A school bus or day care driver shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle while in performance of his or her duties if there is greater than 0.02 percent by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. A person convicted pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the penalties provided by this section, except that on the first conviction the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privilege or driver's license for a period of one year.

"(2) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in 49 CFR Part 383.5 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations as adopted pursuant to Section 32-9A-2, if there is 0.04 percent or greater by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the commercial driver's license or commercial driving privilege of a person convicted of violating this subdivision shall be disqualified for the period provided in accordance with 49 CFR Part 383.51, as applicable, and the person's regular driver's license or privilege to drive a regular motor vehicle shall be governed by the remainder of this section if the person is guilty of a violation of another provision of this section.

"(3) Any commutation of suspension or revocation time as it relates to a court order, approval, and installation of an ignition interlock device shall not apply to commercial driving privileges or disqualifications. "(d) The fact that any person charged with violating this section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol or a controlled substance shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this section.

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"(e) Upon first conviction, a person violating this section shall be punished by imprisonment in the county or municipal jail for not more than one year, or by fine of not less than six hundred dollars (\$600) nor more than two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100), or by both a fine and imprisonment. In addition, on a first conviction, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privilege or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 days. The 90-day suspension shall be stayed if the offender elects to have an approved ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for 90 days. The offender shall present proof of installation of the approved ignition interlock device to the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency and obtain an ignition interlock restricted driver license. The remainder of the suspension shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the elected use, mandated use, or both, of the ignition interlock device. If, on a first conviction, any person refusing to provide a blood alcohol concentration, if a child under the age of 14 years was a passenger in the vehicle at the time of the offense, if someone else besides the offender was injured at the time of the offense, or if the offender is found to have had at least

0.15 percent or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood while operating or being in actual physical control of a vehicle, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privilege or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 days and the person shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period of one year from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. Upon receipt of a court order from the convicting court, upon issuance of an ignition interlock restricted driver license, and upon proof of installation of an operational approved ignition interlock device on the designated vehicle of the person convicted, the mandated ignition interlock period of one year provided in this subsection shall start and the suspension period, revocation period, or both, as required under this subsection shall be stayed. The remainder of the driver license revocation period, suspension period, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

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"(f) On a second conviction, a person convicted of violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand one hundred dollars (\$1,100) nor more than

five thousand one hundred dollars (\$5,100) and by imprisonment, which may include hard labor in the county or municipal jail for not more than one year. The sentence shall include a mandatory sentence, which is not subject to suspension or probation, of imprisonment in the county or municipal jail for not less than five days or community service for not less than 30 days. In addition, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall revoke the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of one year and the offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period of two years from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. After a minimum of 45 days of the license revocation or suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-304, this section, or both, is completed, upon receipt of a court order from the convicting court, upon issuance of an ignition interlock restricted driver license, and upon proof of installation of an operational approved ignition interlock device on the designated vehicle of the person convicted, the mandated ignition interlock period of two years approved in this subsection shall start and the suspension period, revocation period, or both, as required under this subsection shall be stayed. The remainder of the driver license revocation period,

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suspension period, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

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"(g) On a third conviction, a person convicted of violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100) nor more than ten thousand one hundred dollars (\$10,100) and by imprisonment, which may include hard labor, in the county or municipal jail for not less than 60 days nor more than one year, to include a minimum of 60 days which shall be served in the county or municipal jail and cannot be probated or suspended. In addition, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall revoke the driving privilege or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of three years and the offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period of three years from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. After a minimum of 60 days of the license revocation or suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-304, this section, or both, is completed, upon receipt of a court order from the convicting court, upon issuance of an ignition interlock restricted driver license, and upon proof of installation of an operational approved

ignition interlock device on the designated vehicle of the person convicted, the mandated ignition interlock period of three years provided in this subsection shall start and the suspension period, revocation period, or both, as required under this subsection shall be stayed. The remainder of the driver license revocation period, suspension period, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

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"(h)(1) On a fourth or subsequent conviction, or if the person has a previous felony DUI conviction, a person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a Class C felony and punished by a fine of not less than four thousand one hundred dollars (\$4,100) nor more than ten thousand one hundred dollars (\$10,100) and by imprisonment of not less than one year and one day nor more than 10 years. Any term of imprisonment may include hard labor for the county or state, and where imprisonment does not exceed three years, confinement may be in the county jail. Where imprisonment does not exceed one year and one day, confinement shall be in the county jail. The minimum sentence shall include a term of imprisonment for at least one year and one day, provided, however, that there shall be a minimum mandatory sentence of 10 days which shall be served in the county jail. The remainder of the sentence may be suspended or probated, but only if as a condition of probation the defendant enrolls and successfully completes a state certified chemical dependency

program recommended by the court referral officer and approved by the sentencing court. Where probation is granted, the sentencing court may, in its discretion, and where monitoring equipment is available, place the defendant on house arrest under electronic surveillance during the probationary term. In addition to the other penalties authorized, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall revoke the driving privilege or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of five years and the offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period of four years from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. After a minimum of one year of the license revocation or suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-304, this section, or both, is completed, upon receipt of a court order from the convicting court, upon issuance of an ignition interlock restricted driver license, and upon proof of installation of an operational approved ignition interlock device on the designated vehicle of the person convicted, the mandated ignition interlock period of four years provided in this subsection shall start and the suspension period, revocation period, or both, as required under this subsection shall be stayed. The remainder of the driver license revocation period, suspension period, or both, shall be commuted upon the

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successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

"(2) The Alabama habitual felony offender law shall not apply to a conviction of a felony pursuant to this subsection, and a conviction of a felony pursuant to this subsection shall not be a felony conviction for purposes of the enhancement of punishment pursuant to Alabama's habitual felony offender law. However, prior Prior misdemeanor or felony convictions for driving under the influence may be considered as part of the sentencing calculations or determinations under the Alabama Sentencing Guidelines or rules promulgated adopted by the Alabama Sentencing Commission.

"(i) When any person convicted of violating this section is found to have had at least 0.15 percent or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood while operating or being in actual physical control of a vehicle, he or she shall be sentenced to at least double the minimum punishment that the person would have received if he or she had had less than 0.15 percent by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. This subsection does not apply to the duration of time an ignition interlock device is required by this section. If the adjudicated offense is a misdemeanor, the minimum punishment shall be imprisonment for one year, all of which may be suspended except as otherwise provided for in subsections (f) and (g).

"(j) When any person over the age of 21 years is convicted of violating this section and it is found that a child under the age of 14 years was a passenger in the vehicle at the time of the offense, the person shall be sentenced to at least double the minimum punishment that the person would have received if the child had not been a passenger in the motor vehicle. This subsection does not apply to the duration of time an ignition interlock device is required by this section.

"(k)(1) In addition to the penalties provided herein, any person convicted of violating this section shall be referred to the court referral officer for evaluation and referral to appropriate community resources. The defendant shall, at a minimum, be required to complete a DUI or substance abuse court referral program approved by the Administrative Office of Courts and operated in accordance with provisions of the Mandatory Treatment Act of 1990, Sections 12-23-1 to 12-23-19, inclusive. The Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall not reissue a driver's license to a person convicted under this section without receiving proof that the defendant has successfully completed the required program.

"(2) Upon conviction, the court shall notify the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency if the person convicted is required to install and maintain an approved ignition interlock device. The agency shall suspend or revoke a person's driving privileges until completion of the mandatory

suspension or revocation period required by this section, and clearance of all other suspensions, revocations, cancellations, or denials, and proof of installation of an approved ignition interlock device is presented to the agency. The agency shall not reissue a driver's license to a person who has been ordered by a court or is required by law to have the ignition interlock device installed until proof is presented that the person is eliqible for reinstatement of driving privileges. Upon presentation of proof and compliance with all ignition interlock requirements, the agency shall issue a driver's license with a restriction indicating that the licensee may operate a motor vehicle only with the certified ignition interlock device installed and properly operating. If the licensee fails to maintain the approved ignition interlock device as required or is otherwise not in compliance with any order of the court, the court shall notify the agency of the noncompliance and the agency shall suspend the person's driving privileges until the agency receives notification from the court that the licensee is in compliance. The requirement that the licensee use the ignition interlock device may be removed only when the court of conviction confirms to the agency that the licensee is no longer subject to the ignition interlock device requirement.

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"(1) Neither reckless driving nor any other traffic infraction is a lesser included offense under a charge of driving under the influence of alcohol or of a controlled substance.

"(m)(1) Except for fines collected for violations of this section charged pursuant to a municipal ordinance, fines collected for violations of this section shall be deposited to the State General Fund; however, beginning October 1, 1995, of any amount collected over two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for a first conviction, over five hundred dollars (\$500) for a second conviction within 10 years, over one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for a third conviction within 10 years, and over two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for a fourth or subsequent conviction within 10 years, the first one hundred dollars (\$100) of that additional amount shall be deposited to the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Trust Fund, after three percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) is deducted for administrative costs, and beginning October 1, 1997, and thereafter, the second one hundred dollars (\$100) of that additional amount shall be deposited in the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund after deducting five percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) for administrative costs and the remainder of the funds shall be deposited to the State General Fund.

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"(2) Fines collected for violations of this section charged pursuant to a municipal ordinance where the total fine is paid at one time shall be deposited as follows: The first three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) collected for a first conviction, the first six hundred dollars (\$600) collected for a second conviction within 10 years, the first one thousand one hundred dollars (\$1,100) collected for a third conviction,

and the first two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100) collected for a fourth or subsequent conviction shall be deposited to the State Treasury with the first one hundred dollars (\$100) collected for each conviction credited to the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Trust Fund and the second one hundred dollars (\$100) to the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund after deducting five percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) for administrative costs and depositing this amount in the general fund of the municipality, and the balance credited to the State General Fund. Any amounts collected over these amounts shall be deposited as otherwise provided by law.

"(3) Fines collected for violations of this section charged pursuant to a municipal ordinance, where the fine is paid on a partial or installment basis, shall be deposited as follows: The first two hundred dollars (\$200) of the fine collected for any conviction shall be deposited to the State Treasury with the first one hundred dollars (\$100) collected for any conviction credited to the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Trust Fund and the second one hundred dollars (\$100) for any conviction credited to the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund after deducting five percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) for administrative costs and depositing this amount in the general fund of the municipality. The second three hundred dollars (\$300) of the fine collected for a first conviction, the second eight hundred dollars (\$800) collected for a second conviction, the

second one thousand eight hundred dollars (\$1,800) collected for a third conviction, and the second three thousand eight hundred dollars (\$3,800) collected for a fourth conviction shall be divided with 50 percent of the funds collected to be deposited to the State Treasury to be credited to the State General Fund and 50 percent deposited as otherwise provided by law for municipal ordinance violations. Any amounts collected over these amounts shall be deposited as otherwise provided by law for municipal ordinance violations.

- "(4) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 90 percent of any fine assessed and collected for any DUI offense charged by municipal ordinance violation in district or circuit court shall be computed only on the amount assessed over the minimum fine authorized, and upon collection shall be distributed to the municipal general fund with the remaining 10 percent distributed to the State General Fund.
- "(5) In addition to fines imposed pursuant to this subsection, a mandatory fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be collected from any individual who successfully completes any pretrial diversion or deferral program in any municipal, district, or circuit court where the individual was charged with a violation of this section or a corresponding municipal ordinance. The one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be deposited into the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Fund.
- "(6) In addition to the fines and fees imposed pursuant to this subsection, a mandatory fee of one hundred

dollars (\$100) shall be collected from any individual who successfully completes any pretrial diversion or deferral program in any municipal, district, or circuit court where the individual was charged with a violation of this section or a corresponding municipal ordinance. The one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be deposited into the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund.

- "(n) A person who has been arrested for violating this section shall not be released from jail under bond or otherwise, until there is less than the same percent by weight of alcohol in his or her blood as specified in subsection

 (a) (1) or, in the case of a person who is under the age of 21 years, subsection (b) hereof.
- "(o) Upon verification that a defendant arrested pursuant to this section is currently on probation from another court of this state as a result of a conviction for any criminal offense, the prosecutor shall provide written or oral notification of the defendant's subsequent arrest and pending prosecution to the court in which the prior conviction occurred.
- "(p) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2), a prior conviction for driving under the influence from this state, a municipality within this state, or another state or territory or a municipality of another state or territory shall be considered by a court for imposing a sentence pursuant to this section if the prior conviction occurred within 10 years of the date of the current offense.

"(2) If the person has a previous felony DUI conviction, then all of the person's subsequent DUI convictions shall be treated as felonies regardless of the date of the previous felony DUI conviction.

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"(g) Any person convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, or a controlled substance, or both, or any substance which impairs the mental or physical faculties in violation of this section, a municipal ordinance adopting this section, or a similar law from another state or territory or a municipality of another state or territory more than once in a 10-year period shall have his or her motor vehicle registration for all vehicles owned by the repeat offender suspended by the Alabama Department of Revenue for the duration of the offender's driver's license suspension period, unless such action would impose an undue hardship to any individual, not including the repeat offender, who is completely dependent on the motor vehicle for the necessities of life, including any family member of the repeat offender and any co-owner of the vehicle or, in the case of a repeat offender, if the repeat offender has a functioning ignition interlock device installed on the designated vehicle for the duration of the offender's driver's license suspension period.

"(r)(1) Any person ordered by the court to have an ignition interlock device installed on a designated vehicle, and any person who elects to have the ignition interlock device installed on a designated vehicle for the purpose of reducing a period of suspension or revocation of his or her

driver's license, shall pay to the court, following his or her conviction, two hundred dollars (\$200), which may be paid in

3 installments and which shall be divided as follows:

"a. Seventeen percent to the Alabama Interlock
Indigent Fund.

"b. For cases in the district or circuit court, 30 percent to the State Judicial Administration Fund administered by the Administrative Office of Courts and for cases in the municipal court, 30 percent to the municipal judicial administration fund of the municipality where the municipal court is located to be used for the operation of the municipal court.

- "c. Thirty percent to the Highway Traffic Safety
 Fund administered by the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency.
- "d. Twenty-three percent to the District Attorney'sSolicitor Fund.
 - "(2) In addition to paying the court clerk the fee required in subdivision (1) following the conviction or the voluntary installation of the ignition interlock device, the defendant shall pay all costs associated with the installation, purchase, maintenance, or lease of the ignition interlock devices to an approved ignition interlock provider pursuant to the rules of the Department of Forensic Sciences, unless the defendant is subject to Section 32-5A-191.4(i)(4).
 - "(s) The defendant shall designate the vehicle to be used by identifying the vehicle by the vehicle identification number to the court. The defendant, at his or her own expense,

may designate additional motor vehicles on which an ignition interlock device may be installed for the use of the defendant.

- "(t)(1) Any person who is required to comply with the ignition interlock provisions of this section as a condition of restoration or reinstatement of his or her driver's license, shall only operate the designated vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device for the period of time consistent with the offense for which he or she was convicted as provided for in this section.
- "(2) The duration of the time an ignition interlock device is required by this section shall be one additional year if the offender refused the prescribed chemical test for intoxication.

"(u)(1) The Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency may set a fee of not more than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for the issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. Fifteen percent of the fee shall be distributed to the general fund of the county where the person was convicted to be utilized for law enforcement purposes. Eighty-five percent shall be distributed to the State General Fund. In addition, at the end of the time the person's driving privileges are subject to the above conditions, the agency shall set a fee of not more than seventy-five dollars (\$75) to

- reissue a regular driver's license. The fee shall be deposited as provided in Sections 32-6-5, 32-6-6, and 32-6-6.1.
 - "(2) The defendant shall provide proof of installation of an approved ignition interlock device to the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency as a condition of the issuance of a restricted driver's license.

- "(3) Any ignition interlock driving violation committed by the offender during the mandated ignition interlock period shall extend the duration of ignition interlock use for six months. Ignition interlock driving violations include any of the following:
- "a. A breath sample at or above a minimum blood alcohol concentration level of 0.02 recorded four or more times during the monthly reporting period unless a subsequent test performed within 10 minutes registers a breath alcohol concentration lower than 0.02.
- "b. Any tampering, circumvention, or bypassing of the ignition interlock device, or attempt thereof.
- "c. Failure to comply with the servicing or calibration requirements of the ignition interlock device every 30 days.
- "(v) Nothing in this section and Section 32-5A-191.4 shall require an employer to install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle owned or operated by the employer for use by an employee required to use the device as a condition of driving pursuant to this section and Section 32-5A-191.4.

"(w) The provisions in this section and Section

2 32-5A-191.4 relating to ignition interlock devices shall not

3 apply to persons who commit violations of this section while

4 under 19 years of age and who are adjudicated in juvenile

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"(x)(1) The amendatory language in Act 2014-222 to this section, authorizing the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency to stay a driver's license suspension or revocation upon compliance with the ignition interlock requirement shall apply retroactively if any of the following occurs:

court, unless specifically ordered otherwise by the court.

- "a. The offender files an appeal with the court of jurisdiction requesting all prior suspensions or revocation, or both, be stayed upon compliance with the ignition interlock requirement.
- "b. The offender wins appeal with the court of jurisdiction relating to this section.
 - "c. The court of jurisdiction notifies the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency that the offender is eligible to have the driver's license stayed.
 - "d. The Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency issues an ignition interlock restricted driver's license.
 - "e. The offender remains in compliance of ignition interlock requirements.
 - "(2) The remainder of the driver license revocation, suspension, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

"(y) (1) Any person charged in a district, circuit, or municipal court with a violation of this section or a municipal ordinance adopted in conformance with this section who is approved for any pretrial diversion program or similar program shall be required to install an ignition interlock device for a minimum of six months or the duration of the pretrial diversion program, whichever is greater, and meet all the requirements of this section and Section 32-5A-191.4. A participant in a pretrial diversion program shall be eligible for indigency status if the program enrolls indigent defendants and waives fees for indigent defendants.

"(2) Upon receipt of a court order or an agreement from the district attorney or prosecutor indicating the offender has entered a pretrial diversion program or any other form of deferred prosecution agreement, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall indicate, as the agency shall determine, the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. Any driver's license suspension period pursuant to Section 32-5A-304 shall be stayed and then commuted upon the successful completion of the pretrial diversion program, or any other form of deferred prosecution agreement.

"(3) Upon receipt of a court order detailing any ignition interlock violation of the requirements of this section or Section 32-5A-191.4 or termination of the participation in any pretrial diversion program, the Alabama

State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend or revoke driving privileges pursuant to this section and Section 32-5A-304.

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- "(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency to issue an ignition interlock license or stay or commute any license suspension or revocation period of a holder of a commercial driver's license, an operator of a commercial motor vehicle, or a commercial driver learner permit holder in violation of other state or federal laws.
 - "(z) Pursuant to Section 15-22-54, the maximum probation period for persons convicted under this section shall be extended until all ignition interlock requirements have been completed by the offender.
 - "(aa) Notwithstanding the ignition interlock requirements of this section, no person may be required to install an ignition interlock device if there is not a certified ignition interlock provider available within a 50 mile radius of his or her place of residence or place of business or employment."

Section 3. Section 32-5A-191, Code of Alabama 1975, effective July 1, 2023, is amended to read as follows:

"\$32-5A-191.

- "(a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle while:
- "(1) There is 0.08 percent or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood;
 - "(2) Under the influence of alcohol;

"(3) Under the influence of a controlled substance
to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely
driving;

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- "(4) Under the combined influence of alcohol and a controlled substance to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving; or
- "(5) Under the influence of any substance which impairs the mental or physical faculties of such person to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving.

"(b)(1) A person who is under the age of 21 years shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle if there is 0.02 percent or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. The Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend or revoke the driver's license of any person, including, but not limited to, a juvenile, child, or youthful offender, convicted or adjudicated of, or subjected to a finding of, delinquency based on this subsection. Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon the first violation of this subsection by a person whose blood alcohol level is between 0.02 and 0.08, the person's driver's license or driving privilege shall be suspended for a period of 30 days in lieu of any penalties provided in subsection (e) of this section, and there shall be no disclosure, other than to courts, law enforcement agencies, the person's attorney of record, and the person's employer, by any entity or person of any information, documents, or records relating to the

person's arrest, conviction, or adjudication of or finding of delinquency based on this subsection.

"(2) All persons, except as otherwise provided in this subsection for a first offense, including, but not limited to, a juvenile, child, or youthful offender, convicted or adjudicated of or subjected to a finding of delinquency based on this subsection shall be fined pursuant to this section, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, and the person shall also be required to attend and complete a DUI or substance abuse court referral program in accordance with subsection (k).

"(c)(1) A school bus or day care driver shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle while in performance of his or her duties if there is greater than 0.02 percent by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. A person convicted pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the penalties provided by this section, except that on the first conviction the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privilege or driver's license for a period of one year.

"(2) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in 49 CFR Part 383.5 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations as adopted pursuant to Section 32-9A-2, if there is 0.04 percent or greater by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the commercial driver's license or commercial driving

privilege of a person convicted of violating this subdivision shall be disqualified for the period provided in accordance with 49 CFR Part 383.51, as applicable, and the person's regular driver's license or privilege to drive a regular motor vehicle shall be governed by the remainder of this section if the person is guilty of a violation of another provision of this section.

- "(3) Any commutation of suspension or revocation time as it relates to a court order, approval, and installation of an ignition interlock device shall not apply to commercial driving privileges or disqualifications.
- "(d) The fact that any person charged with violating this section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol or a controlled substance shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this section.
- "(e) Upon first conviction, a person violating this section shall be punished by imprisonment in the county or municipal jail for not more than one year, or by fine of not less than six hundred dollars (\$600) nor more than two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100), or by both a fine and imprisonment. In addition, on a first conviction, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privilege or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 days. The 90-day suspension shall be stayed if the offender elects to have an approved ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for 90

days. The offender shall present proof of installation of the approved ignition interlock device to the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency and obtain an ignition interlock restricted driver license. The remainder of the suspension shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the elected use, mandated use, or both, of the ignition interlock device. If, on a first conviction, any person refusing to provide a blood alcohol concentration or if a child under the age of 14 years was a passenger in the vehicle at the time of the offense or if someone else besides the offender was injured at the time of the offense, or if the offender is found to have had at least 0.15 percent or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood while operating or being in actual physical control of a vehicle, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privilege or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 days and the person shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period of one year from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. After a minimum of 45 days of the license revocation or suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-304 or this section, or both, is completed, upon receipt of a court order from the convicting court, upon issuance of an ignition interlock restricted driver license, and upon proof of

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installation of an operational approved ignition interlock device on the designated vehicle of the person convicted, the mandated ignition interlock period of one year provided in this subsection shall start and the suspension period, revocation period, or both, as required under this subsection shall be stayed. The remainder of the driver license revocation period, suspension period, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

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"(f) On a second conviction, a person convicted of violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand one hundred dollars (\$1,100) nor more than five thousand one hundred dollars (\$5,100) and by imprisonment, which may include hard labor in the county or municipal jail for not more than one year. The sentence shall include a mandatory sentence, which is not subject to suspension or probation, of imprisonment in the county or municipal jail for not less than five days or community service for not less than 30 days. In addition, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall revoke the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of one year and the offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period of two years from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are

subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. After a minimum of 45 days of the license revocation or suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-304, this section, or both, is completed, upon receipt of a court order from the convicting court, upon issuance of an ignition interlock restricted driver license, and upon proof of installation of an operational approved ignition interlock device on the designated vehicle of the person convicted, the mandated ignition interlock period of two years approved in this subsection shall start and the suspension period, revocation period, or both, as required under this subsection shall be stayed. The remainder of the driver license revocation period, suspension period, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

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"(g) On a third conviction, a person convicted of violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100) nor more than ten thousand one hundred dollars (\$10,100) and by imprisonment, which may include hard labor, in the county or municipal jail for not less than 60 days nor more than one year, to include a minimum of 60 days which shall be served in the county or municipal jail and cannot be probated or suspended. In addition, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall revoke the driving privilege or

driver's license of the person convicted for a period of three years and the offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period of three years from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. After a minimum of 60 days of the license revocation or suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-304, this section, or both, is completed, upon receipt of a court order from the convicting court, upon issuance of an ignition interlock restricted driver license, and upon proof of installation of an operational approved ignition interlock device on the designated vehicle of the person convicted, the mandated ignition interlock period of three years provided in this subsection shall start and the suspension period, revocation period, or both, as required under this subsection shall be stayed. The remainder of the driver license revocation period, suspension period, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

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"(h) (1) On a fourth or subsequent conviction, or if the person has a previous felony DUI conviction, a person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a Class C felony and punished by a fine of not less than four thousand one hundred dollars (\$4,100) nor more than ten thousand one

hundred dollars (\$10,100) and by imprisonment of not less than 1 2 one year and one day nor more than 10 years. Any term of imprisonment may include hard labor for the county or state, 3 and where imprisonment does not exceed three years, 4 5 confinement may be in the county jail. Where imprisonment does not exceed one year and one day, confinement shall be in the 6 7 county jail. The minimum sentence shall include a term of imprisonment for at least one year and one day; provided, 9 however, that there shall be a minimum mandatory sentence of 10 10 days which shall be served in the county jail. The remainder of the sentence may be suspended or probated, but 11 only if, as a condition of probation, the defendant enrolls 12 13 and successfully completes a state certified chemical 14 dependency program recommended by the court referral officer 15 and approved by the sentencing court. Where probation is granted, the sentencing court may, in its discretion, and 16 where monitoring equipment is available, place the defendant 17 18 on house arrest under electronic surveillance during the 19 probationary term. In addition to the other penalties 20 authorized, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement 21 Agency shall revoke the driving privilege or driver's license 22 of the person convicted for a period of five years and the 23 offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock 24 device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle 25 driven by the offender for a period of four years from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the 26 person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of 27

the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. After a minimum of one year of the license revocation or suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-304, this section, or both, is completed, upon receipt of a court order from the convicting court, upon issuance of an ignition interlock restricted driver license, and upon proof of installation of an operational approved ignition interlock device on the designated vehicle of the person convicted, the mandated ignition interlock period of four years provided in this subsection shall start and the suspension period, revocation period, or both, as required under this subsection shall be stayed. The remainder of the driver license revocation period, suspension period, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

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"(2) The Alabama habitual felony offender law shall not apply to a conviction of a felony pursuant to this subsection, and a conviction of a felony pursuant to this subsection shall not be a felony conviction for purposes of the enhancement of punishment pursuant to Alabama's habitual felony offender law. However, prior Prior misdemeanor or felony convictions for driving under the influence may be considered as part of the sentencing calculations or determinations under the Alabama Sentencing Guidelines or rules promulgated adopted by the Alabama Sentencing Commission.

"(i) When any person convicted of violating this section is found to have had at least 0.15 percent or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood while operating or being in actual physical control of a vehicle, he or she shall be sentenced to at least double the minimum punishment that the person would have received if he or she had had less than 0.15 percent by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. This subsection does not apply to the duration of time an ignition interlock device is required by this section. If the adjudicated offense is a misdemeanor, the minimum punishment shall be imprisonment for one year, all of which may be suspended except as otherwise provided for in subsections (f) and (g).

"(j) When any person over the age of 21 years is convicted of violating this section and it is found that a child under the age of 14 years was a passenger in the vehicle at the time of the offense, the person shall be sentenced to at least double the minimum punishment that the person would have received if the child had not been a passenger in the motor vehicle. This subsection does not apply to the duration of time an ignition interlock device is required by this section.

"(k)(1) In addition to the penalties provided herein, any person convicted of violating this section shall be referred to the court referral officer for evaluation and referral to appropriate community resources. The defendant shall, at a minimum, be required to complete a DUI or

substance abuse court referral program approved by the Administrative Office of Courts and operated in accordance with provisions of the Mandatory Treatment Act of 1990, Sections 12-23-1 to 12-23-19, inclusive. The Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall not reissue a driver's license to a person convicted under this section without receiving proof that the defendant has successfully completed the required program.

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"(2) Upon conviction, the court shall notify the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency if the person convicted is required to install and maintain an approved ignition interlock device. The agency shall suspend or revoke a person's driving privileges until completion of the mandatory suspension or revocation period required by this section, and clearance of all other suspensions, revocations, cancellations, or denials, and proof of installation of an approved ignition interlock device is presented to the agency. The agency shall not reissue a driver's license to a person who has been ordered by a court or is required by law to have the ignition interlock device installed until proof is presented that the person is eligible for reinstatement of driving privileges. Upon presentation of proof and compliance with all ignition interlock requirements, the agency shall issue a driver's license with a restriction indicating that the licensee may operate a motor vehicle only with the certified ignition interlock device installed and properly operating. If the licensee fails to maintain the approved

ignition interlock device as required or is otherwise not in compliance with any order of the court, the court shall notify the agency of the noncompliance and the agency shall suspend the person's driving privileges until the agency receives notification from the court that the licensee is in compliance. The requirement that the licensee use the ignition interlock device may be removed only when the court of conviction confirms to the agency that the licensee is no longer subject to the ignition interlock device requirement.

"(1) Neither reckless driving nor any other traffic infraction is a lesser included offense under a charge of driving under the influence of alcohol or of a controlled substance.

"(m)(1) Except for fines collected for violations of this section charged pursuant to a municipal ordinance, fines collected for violations of this section shall be deposited to the State General Fund; however, beginning October 1, 1995, of any amount collected over two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for a first conviction, over five hundred dollars (\$500) for a second conviction within 10 years, over one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for a third conviction within 10 years, and over two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for a fourth or subsequent conviction within 10 years, the first one hundred dollars (\$100) of that additional amount shall be deposited to the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Trust Fund, after three percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) is deducted for administrative costs, and beginning October 1,

1997, and thereafter, the second one hundred dollars (\$100) of that additional amount shall be deposited in the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund after deducting five percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) for administrative costs and the remainder of the funds shall be deposited to the State General Fund.

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"(2) Fines collected for violations of this section charged pursuant to a municipal ordinance where the total fine is paid at one time shall be deposited as follows: The first three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) collected for a first conviction, the first six hundred dollars (\$600) collected for a second conviction within 10 years, the first one thousand one hundred dollars (\$1,100) collected for a third conviction, and the first two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100) collected for a fourth or subsequent conviction shall be deposited to the State Treasury with the first one hundred dollars (\$100) collected for each conviction credited to the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Trust Fund and the second one hundred dollars (\$100) to the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund after deducting five percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) for administrative costs and depositing this amount in the general fund of the municipality, and the balance credited to the State General Fund. Any amounts collected over these amounts shall be deposited as otherwise provided by law.

"(3) Fines collected for violations of this section charged pursuant to a municipal ordinance, where the fine is

paid on a partial or installment basis, shall be deposited as follows: The first two hundred dollars (\$200) of the fine collected for any conviction shall be deposited to the State Treasury with the first one hundred dollars (\$100) collected for any conviction credited to the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Trust Fund and the second one hundred dollars (\$100) for any conviction credited to the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund after deducting five percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) for administrative costs and depositing this amount in the general fund of the municipality. The second three hundred dollars (\$300) of the fine collected for a first conviction, the second eight hundred dollars (\$800) collected for a second conviction, the second one thousand eight hundred dollars (\$1,800) collected for a third conviction, and the second three thousand eight hundred dollars (\$3,800) collected for a fourth conviction shall be divided with 50 percent of the funds collected to be deposited to the State Treasury to be credited to the State General Fund and 50 percent deposited as otherwise provided by law for municipal ordinance violations. Any amounts collected over these amounts shall be deposited as otherwise provided by law for municipal ordinance violations.

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"(4) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 90 percent of any fine assessed and collected for any DUI offense charged by municipal ordinance violation in district or circuit court shall be computed only on the amount assessed over the minimum fine authorized, and upon collection

shall be distributed to the municipal general fund with the remaining 10 percent distributed to the State General Fund.

"(5) In addition to fines imposed pursuant to this subsection, a mandatory fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be collected from any individual who successfully completes any pretrial diversion or deferral program in any municipal, district, or circuit court where the individual was charged with a violation of this section or a corresponding municipal ordinance. The one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be deposited into the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Fund.

"(6) In addition to the fines and fees imposed pursuant to this subsection, a mandatory fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be collected from any individual who successfully completes any pretrial diversion or deferral program in any municipal, district, or circuit court where the individual was charged with a violation of this section or a corresponding municipal ordinance. The one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be deposited into the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund.

"(n)(1) A person who has been arrested for violating this section shall not be released from jail under bond or otherwise, until there is less than the same percent by weight of alcohol in his or her blood as specified in subsection

(a)(1) or, in the case of a person who is under the age of 21 years, subsection (b) hereof.

"(2) A judge may require an offender to install and use a certified ignition interlock device as a condition of bond. In that instance, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall issue the offender a restricted driver's license indicating the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. Any driver's license suspension or revocation period pursuant to Section 32-5A-304 shall be stayed during the period the offender is under the bond condition. The period of time the offender has the ignition interlock device installed as a condition of bond shall not be credited to any requirement to have an ignition interlock device upon conviction.

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"(o) Upon verification that a defendant arrested pursuant to this section is currently on probation from another court of this state as a result of a conviction for any criminal offense, the prosecutor shall provide written or oral notification of the defendant's subsequent arrest and pending prosecution to the court in which the prior conviction occurred.

"(p)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2), a prior conviction for driving under the influence from this state, a municipality within this state, or another state or territory or a municipality of another state or territory shall be considered by a court for imposing a sentence pursuant to this section if the prior conviction occurred within 10 years of the date of the current offense.

"(2) If the person has a previous felony DUI conviction, then all of the person's subsequent DUI convictions shall be treated as felonies regardless of the date of the previous felony DUI conviction.

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"(g) Any person convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, or a controlled substance, or both, or any substance which impairs the mental or physical faculties in violation of this section, a municipal ordinance adopting this section, or a similar law from another state or territory or a municipality of another state or territory more than once in a 10-year period shall have his or her motor vehicle registration for all vehicles owned by the repeat offender suspended by the Alabama Department of Revenue for the duration of the offender's driver's license suspension period, unless such action would impose an undue hardship to any individual, not including the repeat offender, who is completely dependent on the motor vehicle for the necessities of life, including any family member of the repeat offender and any co-owner of the vehicle or, in the case of a repeat offender, if the repeat offender has a functioning ignition interlock device installed on the designated vehicle for the duration of the offender's driver's license suspension period.

"(r)(1) Any person ordered by the court to have an ignition interlock device installed on a designated vehicle, and any person who elects to have the ignition interlock device installed on a designated vehicle for the purpose of reducing a period of suspension or revocation of his or her

driver's license, shall pay to the court, following his or her

conviction, two hundred dollars (\$200), which may be paid in

3 installments and which shall be divided as follows:

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- "a. Seventeen percent to the Alabama InterlockIndigent Fund.
- "b. For cases in the district or circuit court, 30

 percent to the State Judicial Administration Fund administered

 by the Administrative Office of Courts and for cases in the

 municipal court, 30 percent to the municipal judicial

 administration fund of the municipality where the municipal

 court is located to be used for the operation of the municipal

 court.
 - "c. Thirty percent to the Highway Traffic Safety
 Fund administered by the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency.
 - "d. Twenty-three percent to the District Attorney's Solicitor Fund.
 - "(2) In addition to paying the court clerk the fee required above following the conviction or the voluntary installation of the ignition interlock device, the defendant shall pay all costs associated with the installation, purchase, maintenance, or lease of the ignition interlock devices to an approved ignition interlock provider pursuant to the rules of the Department of Forensic Sciences, unless the defendant is subject to Section 32-5A-191.4(i)(4).
 - "(s) The defendant shall designate the vehicle to be used by identifying the vehicle by the vehicle identification number to the court. The defendant, at his or her own expense,

may designate additional motor vehicles on which an ignition interlock device may be installed for the use of the defendant.

- "(t)(1) Any person who is required to comply with the ignition interlock provisions of this section as a condition of restoration or reinstatement of his or her driver's license, shall only operate the designated vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device for the period of time consistent with the offense for which he or she was convicted as provided for in this section.
- "(2) The duration of the time an ignition interlock device is required by this section shall be one year if the offender refused the prescribed chemical test for intoxication.
- "(u)(1) The Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency may set a fee of not more than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for the issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. Fifteen percent of the fee shall be distributed to the general fund of the county where the person was convicted to be utilized for law enforcement purposes. Eighty-five percent shall be distributed to the State General Fund. In addition, at the end of the time the person's driving privileges are subject to the above conditions, the agency shall set a fee of not more than seventy-five dollars (\$75) to

- reissue a regular driver's license. The fee shall be deposited as provided in Sections 32-6-5, 32-6-6, and 32-6-6.1.
 - "(2) The defendant shall provide proof of installation of an approved ignition interlock device to the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency as a condition of the issuance of a restricted driver's license.

- "(3) Any ignition interlock driving violation committed by the offender during the mandated ignition interlock period shall extend the duration of ignition interlock use for six months. Ignition interlock driving violations include any of the following:
- "a. A breath sample at or above a minimum blood alcohol concentration level of 0.02 recorded four or more times during the monthly reporting period unless a subsequent test performed within 10 minutes registers a breath alcohol concentration lower than 0.02.
- "b. Any tampering, circumvention, or bypassing of the ignition interlock device, or attempt thereof.
- "c. Failure to comply with the servicing or calibration requirements of the ignition interlock device every 30 days.
- "(v) Nothing in this section and Section 32-5A-191.4 shall require an employer to install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle owned or operated by the employer for use by an employee required to use the device as a condition of driving pursuant to this section and Section 32-5A-191.4.

"(w) The provisions in this section and Section

2 32-5A-191.4 relating to ignition interlock devices shall not

3 apply to persons who commit violations of this section while

4 under 19 years of age and who are adjudicated in juvenile

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"(x)(1) The amendatory language in Act 2014-222 to this section, authorizing the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency to stay a driver's license suspension or revocation upon compliance with the ignition interlock requirement shall apply retroactively if any of the following occurs:

court, unless specifically ordered otherwise by the court.

- "a. The offender files an appeal with the court of jurisdiction requesting all prior suspensions or revocation, or both, be stayed upon compliance with the ignition interlock requirement.
- "b. The offender wins appeal with the court of jurisdiction relating to this section.
 - "c. The court of jurisdiction notifies the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency that the offender is eligible to have the driver's license stayed.
 - "d. The Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency issues an ignition interlock restricted driver's license.
 - "e. The offender remains in compliance of ignition interlock requirements.
 - "(2) The remainder of the driver license revocation, suspension, or both, shall be commuted upon the successful completion of the period of time in which the ignition interlock device is mandated to be installed and operational.

- "(y) Pursuant to Section 15-22-54, the maximum

 probation period for persons convicted under this section

 shall be extended until all ignition interlock requirements

 have been completed by the offender.
 - "(z) Notwithstanding the ignition interlock requirements of this section, no person may be required to install an ignition interlock device if there is not a certified ignition interlock provider available within a 50 mile radius of his or her place of residence or place of business or employment."

Section 4. Sections 13A-5-9 and 13A-5-10 of the Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the habitual felony offender act, are repealed.

Section 5. Section 13A-5-14 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

\$13A-5-14.

- (a) Any defendant who is currently in the custody of or under the supervision of the Department of Corrections, the Board of Pardons and Paroles, or the court, for an offense where he or she was sentenced pursuant to the Habitual Felony Offender Act, Sections 13A-5-9 and 13A-5-10, prior to the effective date of this act, shall be resentenced pursuant to the sentencing standards in place at the time of the resentencing.
- (b) The venue for resentencing shall be the criminal division of the circuit court in the county in which the defendant was convicted.

(c) The original sentencing judge, or the presiding circuit judge if the sentencing judge is no longer in office, on motion of the defendant, the Department of Corrections, a prosecuting attorney, or the court, shall resentence any defendant who is eligible to be resentenced pursuant to this section. The court shall set a hearing, as soon as practicable, to resentence the defendant.

Section 6. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, as amended by Amendment 890, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 7. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.