- 1 SB120
- 2 215836-2
- 3 By Senators Marsh, Allen, Holley, Elliott, Albritton,
- 4 Sessions, McClendon, Stutts, Orr, Gudger, Singleton, Whatley,
- 5 Scofield, Williams, Weaver, Reed, Livingston, Coleman-Madison,
- 6 Jones, Beasley, Hatcher and Barfoot
- 7 RFD: Healthcare
- 8 First Read: 18-JAN-22

1	SB120	
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4	ENGROSSED	
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6		
7	A BILL	
8	TO BE ENTITLED	
9	AN ACT	
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11	To amend Section 34-22-1, Code of Alabama 1975,	
12	relating to the Alabama Board of Optometry, to provide further	
13	for the scope of practice of an optometrist; to amend Section	
14	34-22-42, Code of Alabama 1975, to authorize the board to	
15	issue advisory opinions and declaratory rulings related to	
16	this chapter and the administrative rules adopted under this	
17	chapter; and to amend Section 20-2-2, Code of Alabama 1975,	
18	relating to the Alabama Uniform Controlled Substances Act, to	
19	clarify the existing status of the board as a certifying	
20	board, with certain exceptions.	
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:	
22	Section 1. Sections 34-22-1, 34-22-42, and 20-2-2,	
23	Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:	
24	"§34-22-1.	
25	"For the purposes of this chapter, the following	
26	terms shall have the respective meanings ascribed by this	
27	section:	

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"(1) BOARD. The Alabama Board of Optometry.

"(2) HUMAN EYE AND ITS ADJACENT STRUCTURES. The eye
and all structures situated within the orbit, including the
conjunctiva, lids, lashes, and lachrymal lacrimal system.

5 "(3) PHARMACEUTICAL AGENTS. Any diagnostic and 6 therapeutic drug or combination of drugs that has the property 7 of assisting in the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, or 8 mitigation of abnormal conditions or symptoms of the human eye 9 and its adjacent structures.

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"(4) PRACTICE OF OPTOMETRY.

"a. The practice of optometry is a learned 11 12 profession involving the examination, measurement by objective 13 and subjective means, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of 14 any departure from the normal of the human eyes, their 15 adjacent structures, and visual system. The practice of optometry includes, but is not limited to: The adapting and 16 17 fitting of all types of lenses or devices, including, contact 18 lenses; the determination of refractive error and shape of the eye and visual, muscular, or anatomical anomalies of the eye 19 20 through the use of any means including the use of any self 21 testing devices and the use of any computerized or automatic 22 refracting device; the determination and prescribing of 23 spectacle or contact lens parameters; the administering and 24 prescription of pharmaceutical agents rational to the 25 diagnosis and treatment of disease of the human eye and its 26 adjacent structures; the removal of superficial foreign bodies 27 from the human eye and its adjacent structures; the providing

of developmental and perceptual therapy for the vision system; 1 2 the utilization of any method or means to diagnose and treat diseases of the human eye and its adjacent structures as 3 determined and approved by the board, subject to the 4 5 limitations of this chapter; the performance of primary eye care procedures or ordering of laboratory tests rational to 6 7 the diagnosis and treatment of conditions or disease of the 8 human eye and its adjacent structures as determined and 9 approved by the board, subject to the limitations of this 10 chapter. The practice of optometry shall include the prescribing and administering of narcotic analgesics pursuant 11 to the Alabama Uniform Controlled Substances Act, except for 12 13 narcotic analgesics classified under Schedule I and II, and 14 any Schedule III pharmaceutical agents that contain 15 Dihydrocodeinone, ("Hydrocodone"). The prescribing or administering of any other Schedule III pharmaceutical agent 16 shall be limited to a prescription, the duration of which does 17 18 not exceed 96 hours.

19 "<u>b.</u> Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to 20 the contrary, the practice of optometry shall include the 21 prescribing and administering of pharmaceutical agents which 22 are commonly known as steroids.

23 <u>"c. The practice of optometry includes the following</u>
24 <u>procedures:</u>

"<u>1. Injections, excluding injections into the</u>
 posterior chamber of the eye, to treat any macular or retinal
 disease.

1	"2. Incision and removal of a chalazion.			
2	"3. Removal and biopsy of skin lesions involving the			
3	lid and adnexa.			
4	" <u>4. Laser capsulotomy.</u>			
5	" <u>5. Laser trabeculoplasty.</u>			
6	" <u>6. Laser peripheral iridotomy.</u>			
7	"7. Corneal crosslinking.			
8	" <u>d.</u> Optometrists are prohibited from performing			
9	injections into the eyeball, cataract surgery, muscle surgery,			
10	retinal surgery, radial keratotomy, <u>refractive</u> laser surgery,			
11	cryosurgery, or any other invasive ophthalmic surgery			
12	requiring general anesthesia.			
13	" <u>e.</u> The Alabama Board of Optometry shall be a			
14	certifying board as defined in Section 20-2-2, except as			
15	limited by this chapter.			
16	" <u>f.</u> The practice of optometry shall include the			
17	authority to administer benedryl <u>benadryl</u> , epinephrine, or			
18	other medication to counteract anaphylaxis or anaphylactic			
19	reaction. The use and prescribing of pharmaceutical agents for			
20	the treatment of the human eye and its adjacent structures			
21	shall be limited to those optometrists approved by the board.			
22	"g. Optometrists shall be prohibited from using the			
23	word "surgeon" in advertisements or signage for his or her			
24	practice.			
25	"§34-22-42.			
26	"The board shall exercise and perform, subject to			
27	this chapter, each of the following powers and duties:			

"(1) Conduct examinations at least once each year to
 ascertain the qualifications and fitness of applicants for
 licenses to practice optometry.

4 "(2) Prescribe rules and regulations for conducting
5 and administering an examination of applicants for licensing
6 as optometrists and to effectuate this chapter.

7 "(3) Institute, upon a complaint or petition,
8 hearings of charges against licensed optometrists or other
9 persons as provided in this chapter.

10 "(4) Institute legal proceedings for violations of 11 this chapter.

12 "(5) Grant and deny licenses in conformity with this 13 chapter, including applications for approval to use 14 pharmaceutical agents.

15 "(6) Formulate rules and regulations by which the 16 board shall determine which optometry schools and colleges in 17 or out of the State of Alabama have been duly accredited by a 18 recognized and properly authorized accrediting agency and 19 which accredited schools or colleges shall be approved by the 20 board.

"(7) Establish standards of continuing education which shall be deemed a requisite to the renewal of licenses of applicants who are otherwise qualified to practice optometry in the State of Alabama.

"(8) Keep a register of optometrists containing the
names and addresses of all persons to whom license
certificates, temporary licenses, approvals for use of

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pharmaceutical agents, and limited licenses have been issued in the State of Alabama, the date of the issuance, the place or places of business in which each optometrist is engaged, and all renewals, revocations, and suspensions of licenses and certification.

"(9) Administer oaths and affirmations of witnesses,
issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the
production of all necessary papers, books, records,
documentary evidence, and materials in any hearing,
investigation, or other proceeding before the board.

"(10) Employ or appoint an executive director, 11 clerical personnel, and legal advisors or counsel to assist 12 13 in implementing this chapter when there is a need for those 14 services and when funds are available for those purposes. The 15 executive director may be a licensed optometrist in this state, but may not, while serving as the executive director, 16 17 also serve as a member of the Board of Optometry. The 18 executive director shall not be subject to the state Merit 19 System.

20 "(11) Prescribe rules and regulations establishing a 21 program of internship as a requisite to application for 22 license, if the board deems such a program advisable.

(12) Prescribe rules and regulations establishing
 circumstances and conditions upon which temporary licenses may
 be issued by the board and the terms and conditions of the
 temporary licenses.

1 "(13) Prescribe rules and regulations subject to
2 the limitations of this chapter for the utilization of methods
3 or means of treatment recognized as being within the scope of
4 the practice of optometry.

5 "(14) Prescribe rules and regulations subject to the 6 limitations of this chapter necessary for the performance of 7 eye care procedures reasonably necessary to the treatment of 8 conditions or diseases of the human eye and its adjacent 9 structures.

"(15) Issue advisory opinions and declaratory
 rulings related to this chapter and the administrative rules
 adopted under this chapter.

13 "§20-2-2.

14 "When used in this chapter, the following words and 15 phrases shall have the following meanings, respectively, 16 unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

17 "(1) ADMINISTER. The direct application of a 18 controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, 19 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or 20 research subject by:

21 "a. A practitioner or, in his or her presence, his22 or her authorized agent.

23 "b. The patient or research subject at the direction24 and in the presence of the practitioner.

"(2) AGENT. An authorized person who acts on behalf
of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or
dispenser. The term does not include a common or contract

carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier or
 warehouseman.

"(3) CERTIFYING BOARDS. The State Board of Medical
Examiners, the State Board of Health, the State Board of
Pharmacy, the State Board of Dental Examiners, the State Board
of Podiatry, and the State Board of Veterinary Medical
Examiners, and the Alabama Board of Optometry, except as
limited by Chapter 22 of Title 34.

9 "(4) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE. A drug, substance, or 10 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of Article 2 of 11 this chapter.

12 "(5) COUNTERFEIT SUBSTANCE. Substances which, or the 13 container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears 14 the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, 15 number, or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer, 16 distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact 17 manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance.

18 "(6) DELIVER or DELIVERY. The actual, constructive, 19 or attempted transfer from one person to another of a 20 controlled substance, whether or not there is an agency 21 relationship.

"(7) DISPENSE. To deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery.

27 "(8) DISPENSER. A practitioner who dispenses.

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"(9) DISTRIBUTE. To deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.

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"(10) DISTRIBUTOR. A person who distributes.

"(11) DRUG.

5 "a. Substances recognized as drugs in the official
6 United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic
7 pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official national
8 formulary or any supplement to any of them.

9 "b. Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, 10 cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man 11 or animals.

12 "c. Substances (other than food) intended to affect13 the structure or any function of the body of man or animals.

14 "d. Substances intended for use as a component of 15 any article specified in paragraphs a., b., or c. Such term 16 does not include devices or their components, parts, or 17 accessories.

18 "(12) IMMEDIATE PRECURSOR. A substance that the 19 State Board of Pharmacy has found to be and by rule designates 20 as being the principal compound commonly used or produced 21 primarily for use and that is an immediate chemical 22 intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a 23 controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to 24 prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.

"(13) MANUFACTURE. The production, preparation,
 propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a
 controlled substance, either directly or indirectly, by

extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container; except, that this term does not include the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance by either of the following:

8 "a. A practitioner as an incident to his or her 9 administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the 10 course of his or her professional practice.

"b. A practitioner or by his or her authorized agent under his or her supervision for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.

15 "(14) MARIJUANA. All parts of the plant Cannabis sativa L., whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the 16 17 resin extracted from any part of the plant, and every 18 compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. The term does 19 20 not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced 21 from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, 22 any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or 23 preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted 24 therefrom), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the 25 plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana does not include hemp as defined in Section 2-8-381. 26

1 "(15) NARCOTIC DRUG. Any of the following, whether 2 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances 3 of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical 4 synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical 5 synthesis:

6 "a. Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, 7 derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate.

8 "b. Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or 9 preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or 10 identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph 11 a., but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.

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"c. Opium poppy and poppy straw.

13 "d. Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, 14 or preparation of coca leaves and any salt, compound, isomer, 15 derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically 16 equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not 17 including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca 18 leaves that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.

"(16) OPIATE. Any substance having an 19 20 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to 21 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having 22 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. The term does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled 23 24 under this section, the dextrorotatory isomer of 25 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). 26 Such term does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.

"(17) OPIUM POPPY. The plant of the species Papaver
 somniferum L., except its seeds.

"(18) PERSON. Individual, corporation, government or
governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate,
trust, partnership, or association or any other legal entity.

6 "(19) POPPY STRAW. All parts, except the seeds, of 7 the opium poppy, after mowing.

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"(20) PRACTITIONER.

9 "a. A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific 10 investigator, or other person licensed, registered, or 11 otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research 12 with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in 13 the course of professional practice or research in this state.

14 "b. A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution 15 licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, 16 dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a 17 controlled substance in the course of professional practice or 18 research in this state.

"(21) PRODUCTION. The manufacture, planting,cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.

"(22) STATE. When applied to a part of the United States, the term includes any state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to the legal authority of the United States of America.

"(23) ULTIMATE USER. A person who lawfully possesses
a controlled substance for his or her own use or for the use
of a member of his or her household or for administering to an

1 animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her
2 household."

3 Section 2. This act shall become effective on the 4 first day of the third month following its passage and 5 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3	Senate	
4 5 6	Read for the first time and referred to the Senate committee on Healthcare	18-JAN-22
7	Read for the third time and passed as amended \ldots	1.0-MAR-22
8 9 10 11	Patrick Harris, Secretary.	