- 1 SB181
- 2 216706-2
- 3 By Senator Holley
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 02-FEB-22

216706-2:n:02/02/2022:ANS/cr LSA2022-211R1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing law, there is no prohibition 8 SYNOPSIS: against leaving an unattended domestic animal in a 9 10 motor vehicle in a manner that creates an 11 unreasonable risk of injury or harm to the animal. 12 Also under existing law, there is no 13 specific provision that provides civil or criminal 14 immunity to a person who rescues a domestic animal 15 from an unattended motor vehicle. 16 This bill would prohibit any person from 17 leaving an unattended domestic animal in a motor 18 vehicle in a manner that creates an unreasonable 19 risk of injury or harm to the animal. 20 This bill would provide civil and criminal 21 immunity to any person who rescues an animal from 22 an unattended motor vehicle. 23 Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 24 of 1901, as amended by Amendment 890, now appearing 25 as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of 26 the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, 27 prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect

would be to require a new or increased expenditure 1 2 of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by 3 a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number 4 5 of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates 6 7 funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 8 the entity for the purpose.

9 The purpose or effect of this bill would be 10 to require a new or increased expenditure of local 11 funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, 12 the bill does not require approval of a local 13 governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to 14 become effective because it comes within one of the 15 specified exceptions contained in the amendment. 16

A BILL

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TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

Relating to animals; to amend Sections 13A-11-240, 13A-11-241, 13A-11-242, 13A-11-243, 13A-11-244, 13A-11-245, and 13A-11-246, Code of Alabama 1975, to prohibit any person from leaving an unattended domestic animal in a motor vehicle in a manner that creates an unreasonable risk of injury or harm to the animal; to add Sections 13A-11-241.1, 13A-11-241.2, 13A-11-241.3 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to

provide civil and criminal immunity to any person who rescues 1 2 an unattended domestic animal from a motor vehicle; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the 3 requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds 4 5 within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended by Amendment 890, now appearing as 6 7 Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended. 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 9 10 Section 1. Sections 13A-11-240, 13A-11-241, 13A-11-242, 13A-11-243, 13A-11-244, 13A-11-245, and 11 13A-11-246, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as 12 13 follows: "§13A-11-240. 14 15 "(a) The word "torture" as used in this article 16 shall mean the act of doing physical injury to a dog or cat by 17 the infliction of inhumane treatment or gross physical abuse 18 meant to cause said animal intensive or prolonged pain or 19 serious physical injury, or thereby causing death due to said 20 act. 21 "(b) The word "cruel" as used in this article shall 22 mean: Every act, omission, or neglect, including abandonment, 23 where unnecessary or unjustifiable pain or suffering, 24 including abandonment, is caused or where unnecessary pain or 25 suffering is allowed to continue. "(c) The words "dog or cat" as used in this article 26 27 shall mean any domesticated member of the dog or cat family.

1	"As used in this article, the following words shall
2	have the following meanings:
3	"(1) CRUELTY. Every act, omission, or neglect,
4	including abandonment, where unnecessary or unjustifiable pain
5	or suffering, including abandonment, is caused or where
6	unnecessary pain or suffering is allowed to continue.
7	"(2) DOMESTIC ANIMAL. A dog or cat. The term does
8	not include livestock or other farm animals as defined in
9	Section 3-5-1.
10	"(3) MOTOR VEHICLE. As defined in Section 32-1-1.1.
11	"(4) PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICIAL. Animal control
12	personnel employed by a county or municipality or an
13	individual employed by a law enforcement agency, fire
14	department, or 911 emergency service.
15	"(5) TORTURE. The act of doing physical injury to a
16	domestic animal by the infliction of inhumane treatment or
17	gross physical abuse that results in intensive or prolonged
18	pain, serious physical injury, or death.
19	"\$13A-11-241.
20	"(a) (1) A person commits the crime of cruelty to a
21	dog or cat domestic animal in the first degree if he or she
22	intentionally tortures any dog or cat or<u>,</u> skins a domestic dog
23	or cat, or offers for sale or exchange or offers to buy or
24	exchange the fur, hide, or pelt of a domestic dog or cat
25	animal.

26 "(2) Cruelty to a dog or cat domestic animal in the 27 first degree is a Class C felony.

1	" <u>(3)</u> A conviction for a felony pursuant to this
2	section subsection shall not be considered a felony for
3	purposes of the Habitual Felony Offender Act, Sections 13A-5-9
4	to 13A-5-10.1, inclusive.
5	"(b) (1) A person commits the crime of cruelty to a
6	dog or cat domestic animal in the second degree if he or she,
7	in a cruel manner, overloads, <u>does any of the following:</u>
8	" <u>a. Overloads,</u> overdrives, <u>or</u> deprives <u>a domestic</u>
9	<u>animal</u> of necessary sustenance or shelter, unnecessarily or
10	cruelly beats, injuries<u>.</u>
11	" <u>b. Beats, injures,</u> mutilates, or causes the same to
12	be done injury or mutilation to a domestic animal.
13	"c. Leaves a domestic animal under his or her care,
14	custody, or control unattended in a motor vehicle in a manner
15	that creates an unreasonable risk of injury or harm to the
16	animal, or results in the death of the animal.
17	"d. Leaves a domestic animal under his or her care,
18	custody, or control unattended in a motor vehicle and all of
19	the following occur:
20	"1. The ambient interior temperature of the motor
21	vehicle is greater than 99 degrees Fahrenheit.
22	"2. The animal's internal temperature exceeds its
23	heat exhaustion threshold by one degree Fahrenheit.
24	"3. The animal is exhibiting visible signs of heat
25	stroke.
26	" <u>(2)</u> Cruelty to a dog or cat <u>domestic animal</u> in the
27	second degree is a Class A misdemeanor.

1	"(c) The prohibition in subsection (b) does not
2	apply to any dog located in the bed of a truck or trailer that
3	is used primarily for hunting.
4	"§13A-11-242.
5	"Any county or municipality may appoint one or more
6	trained agents to inspect alleged violations of this article,
7	to protect dogs or cats <u>a domestic animal</u> from any cruelty
8	charged, and to prevent any cruelty to any dog or cat <u>a</u>
9	domestic animal. Any appointment made pursuant to this section
10	shall be made at a meeting of the local governing body duly
11	called with notice.
12	"\$13A-11-243.
13	"(a) Any law enforcement officer and any agent of
14	the county or the municipality appointed pursuant to Section
15	13A-11-242, having reasonable belief, evidence of, or having
16	found a dog or cat <u>domestic animal</u> to be neglected or cruelly
17	treated may perform either of the following:
18	"(1) Remove the dog or cat <u>domestic animal</u> from its
19	present location.
20	"(2) Order the owner of the dog or cat <u>domestic</u>
21	<u>animal</u> to provide certain care to the dog or cat <u>domestic</u>
22	<u>animal</u> at the owner's expense without the removal of the dog
23	or cat domestic animal from its present location.
24	"(b) Neither the county or municipality, nor any
25	employee or agent of the county or municipality, acting in
26	good faith, shall be liable for any actions taken under this

section, regardless of whether or not the dog or cat the
 <u>domestic animal</u> is returned to its owner after impoundment.

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"§13A-11-244.

"(a) The law enforcement officer or any agent of the 4 5 county or of the municipality, without the requirement of any fee or charge for court costs, shall immediately petition the 6 7 municipal court, if the violation involves a municipal 8 ordinance, or the district court in the county in which the 9 dog or cat domestic animal is found for a hearing to be set 10 within 20 days of seizure of the dog or cat domestic animal or issuance of the order to provide care. The hearing shall be 11 12 held not more than 10 days after the setting of the hearing 13 date. The owner, if known, shall be notified of the date of 14 the hearing at least five days prior to the date of the 15 hearing. The hearing shall to determine whether the owner, if 16 known, is able to provide adequately and protectively for the dog or cat domestic animal and is fit to have custody of the 17 18 dog or cat domestic animal. The hearing shall be concluded and 19 the court order entered within 30 days after the date the 20 hearing is commenced.

21 "(b) The owner, at least five days prior to holding 22 such a hearing, shall be notified of the date of the hearing 23 to determine if the owner is able to provide adequately and 24 protectively for the dog or cat and is fit to have custody of 25 the dog or cat.

26 "\$13A-11-245.

1 "(a) The law enforcement officer or agent of the 2 county or municipality may provide for the dog or cat domestic 3 <u>animal</u> until either the dog or cat <u>the domestic animal</u> is 4 returned to the owner by the court, or the court refuses to 5 return the <u>dog or cat domestic animal</u> to the owner and 6 implements one of the procedures pursuant to subsection (c).

7 "(b) If the owner is adjudged by the court, with 8 certification from a licensed veterinarian, to be able to 9 provide adequately for and have custody of the dog or cat 10 <u>domestic animal</u>, the <u>dog or cat</u> <u>domestic animal</u> shall be 11 returned to the owner.

12 "(c) If the court determines that the owner of the 13 dog or cat <u>domestic animal</u> is unable, unwilling, or unfit to 14 adequately provide for, protect, and have custody of the dog 15 or cat <u>domestic animal</u>, the court may implement the following 16 by court order:

"(1) Upon the testimony of the person taking 17 18 custody, a licensed veterinarian, or another qualified witness that the dog or cat domestic animal requires destruction or 19 20 other disposition for humane reasons or is of no commercial 21 value, order the dog or cat domestic animal destroyed or 22 remanded directly to the custody of the dog or cat animal control, humane shelter, or similar facility designated by the 23 24 county or the municipality or other appropriate person to be 25 disposed of by the facility or person in a humane manner.

"(2) Upon proof of the costs incurred by the agent
or agency having custody of the dog or cat domestic animal,

order that the owner pay any costs incurred for the care of 1 2 the dog or cat domestic animal and for any costs incurred in 3 destroying the dog or cat domestic animal. A separate hearing may be held by the judge of the district court on the 4 5 assessment of costs, which assessment shall include all costs of notice and hearing. In the event the court finds the owner 6 7 innocent of charges, the owner shall not be charged with costs of the care of the dog or cat domestic animal in custody. 8

"(d) If the court determines that the owner is 9 10 unable, unwilling, or unfit to adequately provide for and protect any other dog or cat domestic animal in the custody of 11 12 the owner that was not originally seized by the agency, agent, 13 or other person when the dog or cat domestic animal in custody was seized, the court may enjoin the owner of further 14 15 possession or custody of the unseized dog or cat domestic 16 animal.

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"§13A-11-246.

18 "This article shall not apply to any of the19 following persons or institutions:

"(1) Academic and research enterprises that use dogs
 or cats domestic animals for medical or pharmaceutical
 research or testing.

"(2) Any owner of a dog or cat domestic animal who
 euthanizes the dog or cat domestic animal for humane purposes.

"(3) Any person who kills a dog or cat domestic
 <u>animal</u> found outside of the owned or rented property of the
 owner or custodian of the dog or cat <u>domestic animal</u> when the

1 dog or cat <u>domestic animal</u> threatens immediate physical injury 2 or is causing physical injury to any person, animal, bird, or 3 silvicultural or agricultural industry.

4 "(4) A person who shoots a dog or cat domestic
5 <u>animal</u> with a BB gun not capable of inflicting serious injury
6 when the dog or cat domestic animal is defecating or urinating
7 on the person's property.

8 "(5) A person who uses a training device, anti-bark 9 collar, or an invisible fence on his or her own dog or cat 10 <u>domestic animal</u> or with permission of the owner."

Section 2. Sections 13A-11-241.1, 13A-11-241.2, 13A-11-241.3 are added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

14

§13A-11-241.1.

(a) An individual who enters a motor vehicle by
force or otherwise at the direction of a public safety
official, for the purpose of removing a domestic animal from
the vehicle, shall be immune from civil and criminal liability
for damage to the motor vehicle if the individual meets all of
the following requirements:

(1) Determines the motor vehicle is locked or there
is otherwise no reasonable method for the domestic animal to
exit the motor vehicle without assistance.

(2) Has a good faith and reasonable belief, based
upon the known circumstances, that entry into the motor
vehicle is necessary because the domestic animal is in
imminent danger of suffering harm.

(3) Contacts a public safety official before
 entering the motor vehicle, provides information requested by
 the public safety official, and remains in contact with the
 public safety official until the domestic animal is in a safe
 condition.

6 (4) Uses no more force than is necessary to enter 7 the motor vehicle and remove the domestic animal.

8 (5) Remains with the domestic animal in a safe 9 location in reasonable proximity to the motor vehicle until 10 law enforcement or other first responders arrive.

(6) Maintains control of the domestic animal at all
times to prevent harm to the animal or others.

(b) (1) A public safety official who has been contacted by an individual reporting that an unattended domestic animal is in a motor vehicle in a manner that creates an unreasonable risk of injury or harm to the domestic animal shall do the following:

a. Dispatch a locksmith or towing company with
vehicle lockout capabilities and attempt to make contact with
a registered vehicle owner and the vehicle operator.

21 b. Dispatch the appropriate officer or public safety 22 official available in the jurisdiction who can respond 23 effectively, to include attempting to contact a veterinarian 24 to provide additional assistance in responding to the domestic 25 animal's condition.

(b) (2) A public safety official, acting reasonably
in the course of his or her employment and pursuant to Section

2 of this amendatory act, shall be immune from civil and
 criminal liability in accordance with Section 36-1-12, Code of
 Alabama 1975.

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\$13A-11-241.2.

5 If an individual removes a domestic animal from a 6 motor vehicle pursuant to Section 13-11-241.1 and the animal 7 bites or otherwise physically injures another individual 8 during the course of the rescue effort, the owner of the 9 domestic animal shall be immune from civil or criminal 10 liability for any injuries sustained by the injured individual 11 unless the owner is in violation of Section 13-11-241.

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\$13A-11-241.3.

13 Any individual transporting a domestic animal that 14 has been rescued under Section 2 of this amendatory act, shall 15 prevent the animal from suffering hypothermia or heat 16 exhaustion. If an animal is transported in an exterior box that is not heated or cooled, the vehicle operator shall 17 18 physically check the animal for signs of hypothermia or heat exhaustion every 30 minutes. If the animal displays signs of 19 20 hypothermia or heat exhaustion, the individual shall transport 21 the animal to a nearby veterinarian.

Section 3. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621 because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime. Section 4. This act shall become effective on the
 first day of the third month following its passage and
 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.