- 1 HB377
- 2 217638-1
- 3 By Representatives Givan, Morris, Moore (M), Rogers, Hall,
- Scott, Jones (S), Hassell, Jackson, Warren, Drummond, Forte,
- 5 Hollis, Gray, Rafferty and Alexander
- 6 RFD: State Government
- 7 First Read: 17-FEB-22

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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing state law, there is no
9		statute prohibiting the state or political
10		subdivisions of the state, as employers, from
11		discriminating against a job applicant based on a
12		job applicant's criminal conviction record.
13		This bill would prohibit the state and
14		political subdivisions of the state, as employers,
15		from inquiring into or considering an applicant's
16		arrest or conviction history for consideration of a
17		job until after the applicant has received a
18		conditional job offer, except under certain
19		conditions.
20		This bill would require the state and
21		political subdivisions of the state, as employers,
22		to maintain certain employment and hiring records
23		relating to the conviction history of employees and
24		job applicants.
25		This bill would also provide the State
26		Personnel Department with enforcement powers over
27		certain provisions of the bill.

2 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

4 AN ACT

Relating to employment discrimination; to prohibit the state and political subdivisions of the state, as employers, from inquiring into or considering an applicant's criminal conviction history for consideration of a job until after the applicant has received a conditional job offer, with exceptions; to require the state and political subdivisions, as employers, to maintain certain employment and hiring records relating to the conviction history of employees and job applicants; and to require the State Personnel Department to review the hiring practices of state agencies, boards, commissions, and departments.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. The Legislature finds and declares that reducing barriers to employment for people with arrest and conviction records and decreasing unemployment in communities with concentrated numbers of people with criminal conviction records are matters of statewide concern. The Legislature further finds and declares that increasing employment opportunities for people with criminal conviction records will reduce recidivism and improve economic stability in our communities.

Section 2. As used in this act, the following words
shall have the following meanings:

- (1) APPLICANT. An individual considered for, or who requests to be considered for, employment, or an employee considered for, or who requests to be considered for, another employment position by the employer.
 - (2) EMPLOYER. State agencies, boards, commissions, or departments, or other entities of the state that are subject to the rules, policies, and procedures of the State Personnel Board.
- (3) HIRING AUTHORITY. The person, board, commission, or department of the state, or the agencies or political subdivisions thereof, responsible by law for hiring individuals for public employment.
- (4) POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE. A county or municipality or an agency or department thereof.
- (5) SENSITIVE GOVERNMENTAL POSITION. Any of the following:
- a. Any employment position with an employer in which the employee or applicant, if hired, has or would have access to or be exposed to any of the following:
- 1. Federal Tax Information, as defined from time to time in Internal Revenue Service Publication 1075, and which is subject to the confidentiality protections of the Internal Revenue Code and safeguarding requirements of Section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code.

2. Return information that is subject to the confidentiality provisions of Section 40-2A-10, Code of Alabama 1975.

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- 3. Personal information subject to the confidentiality provisions of the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act (Public Law 103-322).
- b. Any employment position with an employer in which the applicant or employee will be subject to the provisions of Section 38-13-1, et seq., Code of Alabama 1975, which requires nationwide criminal history background checks in order to determine the suitability of individuals to have unsupervised access to a child, an elderly person, or a person with a disability as one of the essential functions of the job under Section 38-13-3, Code of Alabama 1975.
- c. Any employment position with the employer in which the applicant or employee would have access to funds, public benefits, or personal information subject to the confidentiality provisions of Section 26-14-8, Section 38-2-6, Section 38-7-13, Section 38-9-6, or Section 38-13-8, Code of Alabama 1975.
- Section 3. (a) The following criminal records may not be used, distributed, or disseminated by an employee, employer, or hiring authority in connection with any application for employment with an employer:
 - (1) Arrest not followed by a valid conviction.
- (2) Convictions that have been sealed, dismissed, or expunged.

1 (3) Infraction or misdemeanor convictions for which 2 no jail sentence may be imposed.

(b) Any information pertaining to an applicant's background check obtained by an employer or hiring authority in conjunction with the hiring process shall remain confidential and may not be used, distributed, or disseminated by the employer or hiring authority, except as otherwise required by law.

Section 4. (a) An employer or hiring authority may not inquire into or consider an applicant's conviction history until after the applicant has received a conditional job offer.

(b) Except as provided in Section 5 or 7, an application for employment with an employer or hiring authority may not inquire into an applicant's conviction history.

Section 5. (a) An applicant may not be disqualified from employment with an employer or hiring authority solely or in part because of a prior conviction, unless a conviction is directly related to the position of employment sought. If a state or federal law, rule, or regulation explicitly requires that certain convictions are an automatic bar to employment, then those convictions shall be considered.

(b) In determining whether a conviction directly relates to the position of employment sought, the employer or hiring authority shall consider all of the following:

1 (1) Whether the conviction is directly related to
2 the duties and responsibilities of that employment position or
3 occupation.

- (2) Whether the position or occupation offers the opportunity for the same or a similar offense to occur.
- (3) Whether circumstances leading to the conduct for which the applicant was convicted will recur in the position or occupation.
 - (4) The length of time since the offense occurred.
- Section 6. (a) Nothing in this act shall be interpreted as creating any requirement, power, or duty in conflict with any federal or state law, rule, or regulation, or with a requirement of any government agency or employer, that may govern applicant inquiries, employment decisions, or applicant communications.
- (b) Nothing in this act shall prohibit an employer or hiring authority from notifying applicants in writing of the specific offenses that will disqualify an applicant from employment in a particular position due to federal or state law or the employer's policy.

Section 7. (a) The requirements set forth in this act do not apply to positions where a standard fidelity bond or an equivalent bond is required and an applicant's conviction of one or more specified offenses would disqualify the applicant from obtaining the bond, in which case an employer may include a question or otherwise inquire whether

the applicant has ever been convicted of any of those offenses.

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- 3 (b) This act does not apply to the hiring of any of the following:
 - (1) Alabama Securities Commission personnel who have access to confidential information or who perform law enforcement functions.
 - (2) Alabama Banking Department personnel who have access to confidential supervisory information.
 - (3) Personnel of employers who administer public health plans with access to protected health information as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) under 42 U.S.C. § 1320d.
 - (4) Law enforcement officers.
 - (5) Positions filled through the direct appointment provisions authorized by State Personnel Board rules.
 - (6) Sensitive governmental positions, as defined in Section 2, for which a criminal history would be an immediate disqualification.
 - Section 8. If an employer or hiring authority intends to deny an applicant a position of employment solely or in part because of the applicant's prior conviction, the employer or hiring authority, prior to a final decision, shall provide the applicant written notification of the following:
 - (1) The specific conviction or convictions that are the basis for the potential denial or disqualification.
 - (2) A copy of the conviction history report, if any.

Section 9. (a) The State Personnel Department shall be responsible for enforcing the provisions relating to the hiring practices of state agencies, boards, commissions, and departments. A state employee who is aggrieved by an employer's or hiring authority's violation of this act may contact the State Personnel Department to report any problems, concerns, or suggestions regarding the implementation, compliance, and impact of the provisions of this act, and the department shall keep a record. In addition, the State Personnel Department shall conduct periodic reviews to assess compliance with this act. The State Personnel Department shall investigate and review complaints and maintain records detailing complaints and their dispositions.

- (b) An employer or hiring authority shall retain, for a minimum of three years, application forms, records of employment, and other pertinent data and records required under Sections 3 to 5, inclusive, including, but not limited to, communication with the applicant, and shall allow the State Personnel Department access to the records to monitor compliance. In addition, the employer shall maintain a record of all of the following:
- (1) The number of positions requiring background checks.
- (2) The number of applicants for positions described in subdivision (1) who were provided a conditional job offer.
- (3) The number of applicants with a conviction record who were notified by the employer or hiring authority

that the applicant's conviction record disqualified the applicant, as provided in Section 8.

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- (c) Employers and hiring authorities shall regularly conduct a confidential, anonymous survey of employees in public employment in which background checks are not conducted to determine the number of individuals with conviction records who are hired.
- (d) An appeal, complaint, or grievance concerning a violation of the provisions of this act by an employer or hiring authority shall be processed and adjudicated in accordance with procedures of the State Personnel Department.
- (e) The State Personnel Department shall conduct an annual audit to review the state's hiring practices in an effort to ensure that individuals with criminal records are not unreasonably denied employment with the state. The State Personnel Department shall prepare a written report of this annual audit and submit the written report to the Governor within 90 days of the end of the fiscal year for which the audit was conducted. With respect to any violations of this act noted in the annual audit report that occur after January 1, 2023, the Governor shall take immediate and appropriate action to ensure that the violations do not recur.

Section 10. (a) If an applicant is denied a position of employment by a political subdivision of the state that has a hiring practice in violation of this act, the applicant may file a complaint with the circuit court of the political subdivision.

1 (b) Upon a finding that the political subdivision
2 violated the provisions of this act, the court may enjoin the
3 hiring practices of the political subdivision that are in
4 violation of the act and may award the applicant damages,
5 court costs, and reasonably incurred attorney fees.

Section 11. The provisions of this act shall prevail over any other laws or rules which purport to govern the initiation, suspension, or termination of employment on the grounds of conviction of an offense. Nothing in this act may be construed to otherwise affect relevant proceedings involving the initiation, suspension, or termination of employment.

Section 12. This act shall become effective January 1, 2023, following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.