- 1 HB409
- 2 216260-2
- 3 By Representative Robbins
- 4 RFD: Commerce and Small Business
- 5 First Read: 24-FEB-22

1	216260-2:n:01/12/2022:FC/ma LSA2022-112R1
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would prohibit a construction
9	contract from containing a provision requiring a
10	party to defend or indemnify another party for
11	damages caused by the conduct of the other party
12	when the total costs of the undertaking is fifty
13	thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more.
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15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
18	
19	Relating to construction contracts; to prohibit
20	certain indemnification provisions in construction contracts
21	under certain conditions that require a party to defend or
22	indemnify or insure a second party for damages caused by the
23	conduct of the second party.
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
25	Section 1. The Legislature finds that it is in the
26	best interests of this state and its residents to ensure that
27	any private business or individual entering into a

1 construction contract is financially responsible under the 2 state's tort liability system for damages that the private 3 party may cause while performing under the contract. It is the intent of this act to promote competition and safety relating 4 5 to construction contracts by requiring an indemnifying party 6 to be responsible for any and all damages, losses, or 7 injuries, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees and other litigation costs, caused by that party and by 8 9 prohibiting the shifting of that responsibility to another 10 party.

Section 2. As used in this act, the following words have the following meanings:

(1) CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT. A contract, subcontract,
sub-subcontract, purchase order, or other agreement for the
planning, management, construction, supply, repair,
reconstruction, replacement, rehabilitation, or improvement of
any private or public construction project in the state when
the total costs of the undertaking is fifty thousand dollars
(\$50,000) or more.

(2) PARTY. An individual or private business that is
 a party to a contract involved in or contributing to the
 construction of a private or public construction project.

23 Section 3. A construction contract may not require a 24 party to the contract to indemnify, hold harmless, or defend 25 another party for liability, damages, losses, or costs caused 26 by the negligence, wantonness, recklessness, or intentional 27 misconduct of the party to be indemnified or its officers, employees, or agents. Any such requirement contained in a contract entered into after the effective date of this act is void and unenforceable.

4 Section 4. A construction contract may contain a 5 provision requiring a party to the contract to indemnify, hold 6 harmless, or defend another party, but only to the extent that 7 liability, damages, losses, or costs are caused by the 8 negligence, wantonness, recklessness, or intentional conduct 9 of the indemnifying party or the indemnifying party's 10 officers, employees, or agents.

Section 5. A construction contract may not require a 11 party to the contract to provide insurance coverage to another 12 13 party as an additional insured for claims that arise out of or are caused by the second party's own negligent, reckless, 14 15 wanton, or intentional conduct or that of its officers, employees, or agents. Any additional insured coverage required 16 17 under a construction contract may not be broader than the 18 scope of indemnity provided in Section 3 or Section 4.

19 Section 6. This act does not apply to the indemnity 20 obligation of a principal to its surety on a construction bond 21 or to the indemnity obligation of an insurer to its insured.

22 Section 7. This act only applies to indemnity or 23 insurance obligations between parties to a construction 24 contract and has no effect on third-party tort claims.

25 Section 8. Any provision of law to the contrary 26 notwithstanding, this act shall not be interpreted or

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construed to affect the state's doctrine of joint and several
 liability or the state workers' compensation laws.

3 Section 9. This act shall become effective
4 immediately following its passage and approval by the
5 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.