- 1 SB284
- 2 218256-1
- 3 By Senators Coleman-Madison, Figures and Sanders-Fortier
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation General Fund
- 5 First Read: 01-MAR-22

218256-1:n:02/28/2022:PMG/bm LSA2022-817 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: Under federal law, a pregnant woman who is 8 eligible for medical assistance under Medicaid must 9 10 be provided medical assistance for a period of 60 11 days after giving birth. 12 This bill would extend the period during 13 which a pregnant woman who is eligible to receive 14 medical assistance under Medicaid may continue to 15 receive Medicaid assistance from 60 days to one 16 year after giving birth. 17 18 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 19 20 AN ACT 21 22 Relating to Medicaid; to extend the postpartum 23 coverage period for pregnant women eligible for Medicaid 24 assistance. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 25 26 Section 1. The Legislature finds all of the following: 27

(1) The question of how to provide comprehensive,
 quality health care to all Alabamians regardless of income,
 health status, age, or gender has been one the Alabama
 Legislature has asked itself time and time again.

5 (2) New mothers in Alabama are suffering because of
6 their lack of access to postpartum health care.

7 (3) According to the Alabama Maternal Mortality Review Committee 2020 Report, the pregnancy-associated 8 9 mortality ratio (PAMR) and pregnancy-related mortality ratio 10 (PRMR) for 2016 was 38.9 and 22.0 deaths per 100,000 live births, respectively. Nearly 70 percent of 11 12 pregnancy-associated and pregnancy-related deaths were 13 determined to be preventable. Mental health and substance use 14 disorders were identified as key contributors in almost half 15 of pregnancy-associated and pregnancy-related deaths. 16 Cardiovascular-related conditions were found as the leading 17 underlying cause in pregnancy-related deaths.

(4) Alabama women die from pregnancy and childbirth
complications at more than double the rate of women
nationally, according to new numbers from the National Center
for Health Statistics at the Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention.

(5) As of 2018, Alabama ranks sixth highest in the
nation in maternal death rates with Alabama's most current
recorded rate at 36.4 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births
compared to the national rate of 20.6.

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Section 2. (a) The Alabama Medicaid Agency shall
 continue to provide medical assistance to a woman who is
 eligible for medical assistance for pregnant women for a
 period of not less than 12 months following the date the woman
 delivers or experiences an involuntary miscarriage.

6 (b) Upon passage and approval by the Governor, the 7 Alabama Medicaid Agency shall submit a state plan amendment to 8 the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services extending 9 postpartum coverage to 12 months.

10 Section 3. This act shall become effective 11 immediately following its passage and approval by the 12 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.