- 1 HB481
- 2 217601-1
- 3 By Representative Scott
- 4 RFD: County and Municipal Government
- 5 First Read: 09-MAR-22

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Under existing law, tax increment financing 8 SYNOPSIS: is an economic development mechanism that allows 9 10 local governments to designate a portion of the 11 county or municipality as a tax increment district 12 and apply certain property tax revenues above a 13 baseline established when the tax increment 14 district was established, to redevelop or 15 revitalize the area until the tax increment 16 district expires after 30 years of existence.

This bill would provide further for what constitutes a blighted or economically distressed area for purposes of establishing a tax increment district.

This bill would allow the redevelopment or revitalization project to continue through the creation of a subsequent tax increment district after expiration of the existing district, but retain the original baseline.

1	This bill would also make nonsubstantive,
2	technical revisions to update the existing code
3	language to current style.
4	
5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT
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9	To amend Sections 11-99-2, 11-99-4, 11-99-5,
10	11-99-6, 11-99-8 and 11-99-10, Code of Alabama 1975; relating
11	to tax increment districts; to provide further for the
12	projects in a tax increment district and the project costs
13	therefor; to provide further for the determination of the tax
14	increment base for a tax increment district; to provide
15	further for the collection, payment, and use of tax
16	increments; and to make nonsubstantive, technical revisions to
17	update the existing code language to current style.
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
19	Section 1. Sections 11-99-2, 11-99-4, 11-99-5,
20	11-99-6, 11-99-8, and 11-99-10, Code of Alabama 1975, are
21	amended to read as follows:
22	"§11-99-2.
23	"As used in this chapter, the following terms shall
24	have the following meanings:
25	"(1) BLIGHTED OR ECONOMICALLY DISTRESSED AREA. Any
26	of the following:

"a. An Any area in which the structures, buildings, 1 2 or improvements, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age, or obsolescence; inadequate provision for ventilation, 3 light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of 4 population and overcrowding ; or the existence of conditions 5 which that endanger life or property by fire and other 6 7 causes ; or any combination of such factors, are conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, 8 juvenile delinquency, or crime, and are detrimental to the 9 10 public health, safety, morals, or welfare, or.

11 "b. Any area which that by reason of the presence of 12 a substantial number of substandard, slum, deteriorated, or 13 deteriorating structures; predominance of defective or 14 inadequate street layout $\overline{r_i}$ faulty lot layout in relation to size, adequacy, accessibility, or usefulness 7; unsanitary or 15 unsafe conditions ;; deterioration of site or other 16 improvements ;; diversity of ownership; tax or special 17 18 assessment delinquencies exceeding the fair value of the 19 land <u>,</u>; defective or unusual conditions of title; or the 20 existence of conditions which that endanger life or property by fire and other causes 7; or any combination of the 21 22 foregoing, substantially impairs or arrests the sound economic 23 growth of an area, retards hinders the provision of housing 24 accommodations, or constitutes an economic or social liability 25 and is a detriment to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use, or. 26

"c. Any area which that is predominantly open and
 which because of obsolete platting, diversity of ownership,
 deterioration of structures or of site improvements, or
 otherwise, substantially impairs or arrests the sound economic
 growth of an area, or.

"d. Any area which that the local governing body: 6 7 (i) Determines, which determination shall not be subject to 8 judicial review except after a showing of fraud, corruption, or undue influence, is in need of redevelopment, 9 10 rehabilitation, or revitalization to provide for the economic growth and development of the area, or (ii) certifies is in 11 12 need of redevelopment or rehabilitation as a result of flood, 13 fire, hurricane, tornado, earthquake, storm, or other 14 catastrophe respecting which the Governor of the state has certified the need for disaster assistance under federal law, 15 16 or.

"e. Any area containing excessive vacant land on which structures were previously located, or; on which are located abandoned or vacant buildings or old buildings, or; where excessive vacancies exist in existing buildings, or; which contains substandard structures; or with respect to which there exist delinquencies in payment of real property taxes.

"(2) DEFERRED TAX RECIPIENT. Each taxing authority
 which that receives ad valorem taxes with respect to property
 located in a proposed tax increment district.

1 "(3) ENHANCED USE LEASE AREA. Any area of a military 2 installation which contains underutilized real or personal 3 property, or both, that is leased by a secretary of a military 4 department to a lessee pursuant to the authority provided in 5 Title 10 U.S.C. § 2667.

6 "(4) LOCAL FINANCE OFFICER. The legally authorized 7 officer or agent responsible for receipt and disbursement of 8 the revenues of a taxing authority.

9 "(5) LOCAL GOVERNING BODY. The governing body of a 10 county or municipality which proposes to create or has created 11 a tax increment district.

12 "(6) MAJOR 21ST CENTURY MANUFACTURING ZONE. Any area 13 aggregating not less than 250 contiguous acres of real 14 property determined by a local governing body to be meet all 15 of the following criteria:

16 "a. <u>Is</u> located, in whole or part, within its
17 boundaries or corporate limits.

"b. <u>Is</u> suitable for the site of an automotive,
automotive-industry related, aviation, aviation-industry
related, medical, pharmaceutical, semiconductor, computer,
electronics, energy conservation, cyber technology, or
biomedical industry manufacturing facility or facilities, and.

"c. <u>Is</u> an area within which not less than one
hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) of capital expenditure
in connection with the establishment, expansion, construction,
equipping, development, rehabilitation, or redevelopment of
<u>such a the</u> facility or facilities is anticipated to be made

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based upon representations and information provided by the anticipated user or users of the facility or facilities and such other information as the local governing body shall have available to it and deems appropriate.

5 "(7) MUNICIPALITY. Any incorporated municipality in 6 this state.

7 "(8) PROJECT. Undertakings and activities of a
8 public entity in a tax increment district for <u>any one or more</u>
9 of the following:

10 "a. As determined by the local governing body, which determination shall not be subject to judicial review except 11 after a showing of fraud, corruption, or undue influence, the 12 13 elimination and prevention of the development or spread of 14 blight in, or the redevelopment or revitalization of, a 15 blighted or economically distressed area, including, but not limited to, property acquisition, property clearance, 16 development, preservation, redevelopment, rehabilitation, 17 18 renovation, or conservation, or a combination or part thereof, 19 in accordance with a project plan.

"b. the <u>The</u> utilization of underutilized real or personal property, or both, in an enhanced use lease area, and <u>may include including, but not limited to,</u> property acquisition, property clearance, development, redevelopment, rehabilitation, or conservation, or a combination or part thereof, in accordance with a project plan, <u>or</u>.

"c. the <u>The</u> utilization of underutilized real
 property in an area determined by a local governing body to be

a Major 21st Century Manufacturing Zone, and may include 1 2 including, but not limited to, property acquisition; property clearance; development, including, without limitation, public 3 infrastructure improvements and any other improvements for the 4 5 construction and equipping of automotive, automotive-industry related, aviation, aviation-industry related, medical, 6 pharmaceutical, semiconductor, computer, electronics, energy 7 8 conservation, cyber technology, or biomedical industry 9 manufacturing facilities ; or the redevelopment, 10 rehabilitation, or conservation, or a combination or part thereof, in accordance with a project plan. 11

"(9) PROJECT COSTS. Any expenditures made or 12 13 estimated to be made or monetary obligations incurred or 14 estimated to be incurred by a public entity, which in the case of expenditures for or within a Major 21st Century 15 16 Manufacturing Zone may be incurred directly by the public 17 entity or by a private entity with funds granted by, or 18 otherwise made available from, a public entity, which are listed in a project plan as costs of public works or 19 20 improvements or, in the case of improvements within a Major 21 21st Century Manufacturing Zone, public works or improvements or private improvements, within a tax increment district, plus 22 23 any costs incidental thereto, diminished by any special 24 assessments, received or reasonably expected to be received by 25 the public entity in connection with the implementation of the 26 project plan. Project costs include, but are not limited to $_{L}$ 27 all of the following:

"a. Capital costs, including the costs of the 1 2 acquisition, installation, or construction of public works or improvements, new buildings, facilities or improvements, 3 structures, and fixtures, the preservation and renovation of 4 5 properties of historic significance and facades of properties, the demolition, alteration, remodeling, repair, or 6 7 reconstruction of existing buildings, structures, facilities, 8 and fixtures, the improvement, maintenance, repair, 9 renovation, and replacement of property pursuant to a project 10 plan, the acquisition of equipment, the acquisition, clearing, and grading of land, environmental remediation of real 11 12 property, and the acquisition of interests in land;.

13 "b. Financing costs, including all interest paid to 14 holders of tax increment obligations during the period of 15 implementation of the project plan, the costs of any form of 16 credit enhancement, printing and trustee costs, and any 17 premium paid in excess of the principal amount thereof because 18 of the redemption of such the obligations prior to maturity;.

"c. Real property assembly costs, meaning any deficit resulting from the sale or lease as lessor by the public entity of real or personal property within a tax increment district for consideration which is less than its cost to the public entity.

"d. Professional service costs, including those
costs incurred for architectural, planning, engineering,
fiscal, underwriting, and legal advice and services; and
consulting and management services.

"e. Imputed administrative costs, including
 reasonable charges for the time spent by officers and
 employees of the public entity in connection with the
 implementation of a project plan;.

5 "f. Relocation costs, including those relocation
6 payments made following condemnation under Chapter 1A of Title
7 187.

8 "g. Organizational costs, including the costs of 9 conducting environmental impact and other studies and the 10 costs of informing the public with respect to the creation of 11 tax increment districts and the implementation of project 12 plans7.

13 "h. The amount of any contributions made in 14 connection with the implementation of the project plan that 15 are within limits prescribed by lawr.

16 "i. Payments made, at the discretion of the local 17 governing body, which are to be necessary or convenient to the 18 creation of tax increment districts or the implementation <u>and</u> 19 <u>management</u> of project plans; and.

"j. For purposes of any tax increment district in which not less than 50 percent, by area, of the real property within the tax increment district is an enhanced use lease area, project costs shall also include all costs described in this subdivision which are expended by a public entity or a developer within three years immediately preceding the date of the creation of <u>such the</u> tax increment district. 1 "(10) PROJECT PLAN. The properly approved plan <u>by</u>
2 <u>the public entity creating a tax increment district</u> for the
3 development, or redevelopment, or revitalization of a tax
4 increment district, including all properly approved amendments
5 thereto.

6 "(11) PUBLIC ENTITY. Any municipality or county in 7 the state.

"(12) TAX INCREMENT. That amount obtained by 8 9 multiplying the total revenue derived from ad valorem taxes 10 levied by all local taxing authorities on all taxable property within a tax increment district in any tax year by a fraction 11 12 having a numerator equal to that tax year's market value of 13 all taxable property in the district minus the tax increment 14 base and a denominator equal to that tax year's equalized 15 value of all taxable property in the district. In any tax year, a tax increment is positive if the tax increment base is 16 17 less than the aggregate value of taxable property as equalized 18 by the Department of Revenue; it is negative if the base exceeds such that value. 19

"(13) TAX INCREMENT BASE. The aggregate value, as equalized by the Department of Revenue, of all taxable property located within a tax increment district on the date the district is created, determined as provided in Section 11-99-5.

"(14) TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT. A contiguous
geographic area within the boundaries of a public entity
defined and created by resolution of the local governing body.

"(15) TAX INCREMENT FUND. A fund into which all tax 1 2 increments not retained by a taxing authority as provided by Section 11-99-10 (b) (a) are paid, and from which money is 3 disbursed to satisfy claims of holders of tax increment 4 5 obligations issued for the tax increment district. "(16) TAX INCREMENT OBLIGATIONS. Bonds, warrants, 6 7 notes, or other evidences of indebtedness issued by a public entity to fund all or any project costs. 8 9 "(17) TAXABLE PROPERTY. All real and personal 10 property located in a tax increment district which is subject to ad valorem taxation on the date of adoption of the 11 resolution creating the tax increment district. 12 13 "(18) TAXING AUTHORITY. 14 "a. For tax increment districts in which not less 15 than 50 percent, by area, of the real property within the tax increment district is a blighted or economically distressed 16 17 area, taxing authority the term means any municipality, 18 county, or other taxing authority which has the power to levy 19 taxes on property within the tax increment districts. 20 "b. For tax increment districts in which not less 21 than 50 percent, by area, of the real property within the tax 22 increment district is an enhanced use lease area, taxing 23 authority the term means the state or any municipality, 24 county, or other taxing authority which that has the power to 25 levy taxes on property within the tax increment district. "c. For tax increment districts in which not less 26

27 than 50 percent, by area, of the real property within the tax

increment district is a Major 21st Century Manufacturing Zone,
 "taxing authority" the term means the state or any
 municipality, county, or other taxing authority which that has
 the power to levy taxes on property within the tax increment
 district.

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"§11-99-4.

7 "In order to exercise its powers under this chapter,
8 a public entity shall take the following steps:

9 "(1) The local governing body shall hold a public 10 hearing at which all interested parties are afforded a reasonable opportunity to express their views on the concept 11 12 of tax increment financing, on the proposed creation of a tax 13 increment district and its proposed boundaries, and its benefits to the public entity. Notice of the hearing shall be 14 15 published in a newspaper of general circulation in either the county or in the city, as the case may be, in which the 16 17 proposed tax increment district is to be located with such 18 notice to be published at least twice in the 15-day period immediately preceding the date of the hearing. Prior to 19 20 publication, a copy of the notice shall be sent by first class 21 mail to the chief executive officer of each deferred tax 22 recipient.

"(2) In addition to the notice required by
subdivision (1) of this section, and either before or after
such the public hearing, the local governing body shall make a
written submission to the governing body of each deferred tax
recipient. The submission shall include a description of the

proposed boundaries of the tax increment district, the 1 2 tentative plans for the development, or redevelopment, or revitalization of the tax increment district, and an estimate 3 of the general impact of the proposed project plan on property 4 5 values and tax revenues. Not later than the fifteenth 15th day 6 after the date on which the notice required by subdivision (1) 7 of this section is mailed, each deferred tax recipient shall 8 designate a representative empowered to meet with the local 9 governing body to discuss the project plan and the tax 10 increment financing and shall notify the local governing body of its designation. Failure of any deferred tax recipient to 11 designate a representative within the 15-day period, or to 12 13 notify the local governing body of its designation, shall not prevent the local governing body from proceeding hereunder. If 14 15 a deferred tax recipient which who has failed to so designate a representative shall thereafter designate designates a 16 17 representative and shall notify notifies the local governing 18 body of such the designation, such the representative shall be entitled to notice of any meetings held thereafter pursuant to 19 20 this section, and shall be entitled to attend such the 21 meetings, but shall have no right to have matters discussed 22 again which have already been discussed. The local governing 23 body shall call a meeting, or meetings, of the representatives 24 of the deferred tax recipients to be held at any time after 20 25 days from the mailing notice referred to in subdivision (1) of 26 this section. Each representative shall be notified of each meeting at least three days before it the meeting is to be 27

1 held, but such notice may be waived. At the meetings, the 2 local governing body and the representatives of the deferred tax recipients may discuss the boundaries of the tax increment 3 district, development within such the tax increment district, 4 5 the exclusion of particular parcels of property from such the 6 district, and tax collection for such the district. On the 7 motion of the local governing body any other matter relevant 8 to the proposed tax increment district may be discussed.

9 "(3) The local governing body shall adopt a 10 resolution, which need not be published, which <u>does all of the</u> 11 <u>following</u>:

"a. Describes the boundaries of the tax increment 12 13 district with sufficient definiteness to identify with 14 ordinary and reasonable certainty the territory included, which shall include only those whole units of property, other 15 16 than publicly owned property such as streets, easements, and rights-of-ways rights-of-way, assessed for general property 17 18 tax purposes and, if the public entity is a county, which 19 shall include only those areas which that lie outside the 20 corporate limits of any municipality, unless the governing 21 body of a municipality has consented to the inclusion of land within its corporate limits within a tax increment district 22 23 formed by a county;.

24 "b. Creates the tax increment district as of a given
25 date after the date of adoption of the resolution, which date
26 of creation of the tax increment district may be a date
27 subsequent to the date of expiration of the period of duration

1 of an existing tax increment district of the public entity, 2 and fixes the period for its duration, which may be for a 3 period not to exceed 30 years from the date of creation of the tax increment district in the case of a tax increment district 4 5 in which not less than 50 percent, by area, of the real 6 property within the tax increment district is a blighted or 7 economically distressed area, and which may be for a period 8 not to exceed 35 years from the date of creation of the tax 9 increment district in the case of a tax increment district in 10 which not less than 50 percent, by area, of the real property within the tax increment district is an enhanced use lease 11 12 area or a Major 21st Century Manufacturing Zone, unless an 13 amendment is made to the project plan under subdivision (7) of 14 this section;

15 "c. Assigns a name to the tax increment district for 16 identification purposes, such as "tax increment district 17 number one";.

18 "d. Contains findings, which shall not be subject to 19 judicial review except after a showing of fraud, corruption, 20 or undue influence, that:

"1. Not less than 50 percent, by area, of the real
property within the tax increment district is: either (i) a
blighted area and is in <u>In</u> need of rehabilitation,

24 <u>redevelopment, revitalization, or conservation work, or</u> (ii) 25 an enhanced use lease area, or (iii) a Major 21st Century 26 Manufacturing Zone; and

"2. The aggregate value of equalized taxable 1 2 property in the district plus all existing districts created by the public entity does not exceed 10 percent of the total 3 value of equalized taxable property within the public entity 4 5 or 50 percent if the public entity is a Class 3 municipality. Provided, however, that equalized taxable property located 6 7 within the boundaries of a military reservation, jurisdiction over which has been ceded to the United States pursuant to 8 Section 42-3-1, shall be excluded from aggregated value. 9

10 "(4) The local governmental body shall prepare and adopt a project plan for each tax increment district. The plan 11 12 shall include a statement listing the proposed projects, 13 including, without limitation and if applicable, the kind, 14 number, and location of all proposed public works or 15 improvements or, in the case of a Major 21st Century 16 Manufacturing Zone, public works or improvements or private 17 improvements, within the district; a detailed list of 18 estimated project costs; and a description of the methods of financing all estimated project cost costs and the time when 19 20 related costs or monetary obligations are to be incurred. For 21 purposes of this chapter, any work or improvement for a 22 military installation and located within an enhanced use lease 23 area shall be deemed to be for public uses and purposes. The 24 project plan shall also include: A map showing existing uses 25 and condition of real property in the district; a map or 26 description showing proposed improvements and uses therein; proposed changes of zoning, master map plan, building code, 27

and other ordinances or resolutions affecting the district; a list of estimated nonproject costs; and a proposed plan for the relocation of <u>any</u> families, persons, and businesses to be temporarily or permanently displaced from housing or commercial facilities in the district by implementation of the plan.

7 "(5) The local governing body shall certify, which
8 certification shall not be subject to judicial review except
9 after a showing of fraud, corruption, or undue influence,
10 before approving the project plan that:

11 "a. The proposed tax increment district on the whole 12 has not been subject to growth and development through 13 investment by private enterprise and it is not reasonable to 14 anticipate that the land in the district will be developed 15 without the adoption of the project plan;

16 "b. <u>a.</u> A feasible method exists for the relocation 17 and compensation of <u>any</u> individuals, families, and businesses 18 that will be displaced by the project in decent, safe, and 19 sanitary accommodations within their means and without undue 20 hardship to such individuals, families, and businesses;

21 "c. b. The project plan conforms to the applicable
22 master plan of the local entity, (if there is one); and

"d. c. The project plan will afford maximum
opportunity, consistent with the sound needs of the public
entity as a whole, for the rehabilitation, or redevelopment,
or revitalization of the tax increment district by private
enterprise.

"(6) A copy of the project plan shall be mailed to
 the governing body of each deferred tax recipient, before
 approval of the project plan.

4 "(7) The local governing body may at any time adopt
5 an amendment to a project plan by complying with the
6 procedures for the original adoption of a project plan.

7 "(8) The public entity that created the tax 8 increment district, and each deferred tax recipient with respect to the tax increment district, notwithstanding any 9 10 provision in this chapter to the contrary, by written mutual agreement duly authorized, executed, and delivered thereby, 11 12 may establish an advisory board for the tax increment district 13 composed of the mayor or the chair of the county commission of the public entity, as appropriate, a member of the governing 14 body of the public entity that represents the largest area in 15 the tax increment district, and other members as the 16 respective governing body, or its designee, of each deferred 17 18 tax recipient may appoint; provided a majority of the members 19 of an advisory board must be members of the governing body of 20 the public entity.

21

"§11-99-5.

"(a) Upon the creation of a tax increment district
or adoption of any amendment pursuant to subsection (c) of
this section, the <u>The</u> tax increment base shall be determined
as provided in this section.

"(b) Upon application in writing by the local
finance officer, the tax assessor<u>,</u> (or the officer of the

1 county performing the duties of a tax assessor $\frac{1}{L}$ for each 2 county in which any part of the district is located shall 3 determine, according to his or her best judgment from all sources available to him or her, the full aggregate value of 4 5 the taxable property in the district located in that county as of the date of creation of the tax increment district. The 6 7 aggregate valuation from all such tax assessors or other such 8 public officials, upon certification to the local finance 9 officer, shall constitute the tax increment base of the 10 district; provided, however, if a public entity creates a district that is to succeed and continue the programs and 11 12 project plans for redevelopment and revitalization of property 13 in an existing tax increment district upon its expiration, the 14 public entity and each deferred tax recipient with respect to the successor tax increment district, notwithstanding any 15 16 provision in this chapter to the contrary, by written mutual agreement duly authorized, executed, and delivered thereby, 17 18 may agree that the aggregate value of all taxable property 19 included in both the expiring district and the successor 20 district shall be the aggregate value of the taxable property 21 as originally determined for the tax increment base of the expiring district as of the date of creation of the expiring 22 23 district and without redetermination of the value of the 24 taxable property as of the date of creation of the successor 25 district or some other date.

"(c) If the public entity creating that created a
 tax increment district in which not less than 50 percent, by

1 area, of the real property within the tax increment district 2 is a blighted or economically distressed area adopts an amendment to the original project plan for such the tax 3 increment district which that includes additional project 4 5 costs for which tax increments may be received by such the public entity, the tax increment base for the district shall 6 7 not be redetermined pursuant to subsection (b) of this section as of 90 days following the effective date of the amendment, 8 except that if the effective date of the amendment is October 9 10 1 of any year, the redetermination shall be made on that date. The tax increment base as redetermined under this subsection 11 12 shall be effective for the purposes of this chapter only if it 13 exceeds the original tax increment base determined under subsection (b) of this section. 14

15 "(d) If the public entity creating that created a tax increment district in which not less than 50 percent, by 16 17 area, of the real property within the tax increment district is an enhanced use lease area or a Major 21st Century 18 19 Manufacturing Zone adopts an amendment to the original project 20 plan for such the tax increment district which that includes 21 additional project costs for which tax increments may be received by such the public entity or an expansion of the tax 22 23 increment district, the tax increment base for the district 24 shall not be redetermined.

"(e) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that
any property within a tax increment district, acquired or
leased as lessee by the public entity or any agency or

1 instrumentality thereof within one year immediately preceding 2 the date of the creation of the district, was so acquired or leased in contemplation of the creation of the district. The 3 presumption may be rebutted by the public entity with proof 4 5 that the property was so leased or acquired primarily for a 6 purpose other than to reduce the tax increment base. If the 7 presumption is not rebutted, in determining the tax increment base of the district, but for no other purpose, the taxable 8 9 status of such the property shall be determined as though such 10 the lease or acquisition had not occurred.

"(f) The local tax assessor or person performing his or her duties shall identify upon the tax records prepared by him or her under Chapter 7 of Title 40 those parcels of property which are within each existing tax increment district, specifying the name of each district. A similar notation shall also appear on the tax records made by the local finance officer.

18 "(g) The Department of Revenue shall annually give 19 notice to the designated finance officer of all taxing 20 authorities levying taxes on property within each district as 21 to both the assessed and equalized value of the property and 22 the assessed and equalized value of the tax increment base. 23 The notice shall state that the taxes collected in excess of 24 the base will be paid to the public entity.

25 "\$11-99-6.

"(a) Positive tax increments of a tax increment
district shall be allocated and paid over to the public entity

which created the district for each year commencing on the October 1 following the date when the district is created until the earlier of:

"(1) That time, after: (i) The period of duration of 4 5 the tax increment district, as established pursuant to this chapter, has expired, and (ii) the completion of all projects 6 7 and public improvements specified in, or purposes of, the 8 project plan or amendments thereto, when the public entity has 9 received aggregate tax increments from the district in an 10 amount equal to the aggregate of all expenditures previously made or monetary obligations previously incurred for project 11 costs for the district; or 12

13 "(2) Thirty-five years after the last expenditure 14 identified in the project plan is made. No expenditure may be 15 provided for in the project plan to be made more than five years after the district is created, except as may be provided 16 in an amendment to the project plan, and except in Class 3 17 18 municipalities where such the expenditures may be made not more than 10 years thereafter if so provided and in tax 19 20 increment districts in which not less than 50 percent, by 21 area, of the real property within the tax increment district is an enhanced use lease area where such the expenditures may 22 23 be made not more than 15 years thereafter if so provided, 24 unless an amendment is adopted by the local governing body 25 under subdivision (7) of Section 11-99-4.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
every officer charged by law to collect and pay over or retain

1 local general property taxes in the case of a tax increment 2 district in which not less than 50 percent, by area, of the real property within the tax increment district is a blighted 3 or economically distressed area, or state and local general 4 5 property taxes in the case of a tax increment district in 6 which not less than 50 percent, by area, of the real property 7 within the tax increment district is an enhanced use lease 8 area or a Major 21st Century Manufacturing Zone, shall first, 9 on the next settlement date provided by law, pay over to the 10 local finance officer out of all such taxes which have been collected, that portion which that represents a tax increment 11 allocable to a tax increment district, identifying the amount 12 13 for each district.

"(c) All tax increments received for a tax increment 14 15 district shall, upon receipt by the local finance officer, shall be deposited into the tax increment fund for that 16 17 district. The local finance officer may deposit additional 18 moneys monies into the fund pursuant to an appropriation by 19 the local governing body. Moneys Monies shall be paid out of 20 the fund only for direct payment of, or to reimburse the 21 public entity for payments theretofore made by it for 22 principal of or interest on tax increment obligations for that 23 district if such the obligations are general obligations of 24 the public entity, or to satisfy claims of holders of tax 25 increment obligations issued for that district, or for direct 26 payment of, or to reimburse the public entity for payments theretofore made by it the public entity that are used to pay 27

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project costs. Subject to any agreement with security holders, 1 2 moneys monies in the fund may be temporarily invested in the same manner as other surplus funds of the public entity. After 3 the principal of and interest on all tax increment obligations 4 5 of the district have been paid or provided for, subject to any agreement with security holders, if there remain remains in 6 7 the fund any moneys monies, they shall be paid over to the chief finance officer of the state, each county, each 8 municipality, each school district, and to the general fund of 9 10 the public entity in such amounts as are due to each respectively, having due regard for what portion of such 11 moneys these monies, if any, represents tax increments not 12 13 allocated to the public entity and what portion thereof, if any, represents voluntary deposits of the public entity into 14 15 the fund.

16

"§11-99-8.

17 "(a) Payment of project costs may be made by any of18 the following methods or any combination thereof:

"(1) Payment from the tax increment fund of the tax increment district if the purpose of the payment is one provided for in Section 11-99-6 hereof;.

"(2) Payment out of the general funds of the public
entity creating a tax increment district, such the payments
being used either directly by the public entity to pay such
the project costs or used by a third party recipient of such
funds to pay such the project costs if within a Major 21st
Century Manufacturing Zone7.

"(3) Payment out of the proceeds of the sale of 1 2 warrants, bonds, or notes (whether public improvement bonds, 3 warrants, or notes; mortgage bonds, warrants, or notes; or certificates, revenue bonds, warrants, or notes; or 4 5 otherwise) issued by the public entity creating a tax 6 increment district, such the payments being used either 7 directly by the public entity to pay such the project costs or used by a third party recipient of such the funds to pay such 8 9 the project costs if within a Major 21st Century Manufacturing 10 Zone;.

"(4) Payment out of the proceeds of the sale of tax increment obligations issued by the public entity <u>creating a</u> <u>tax increment district</u> under this <u>section chapter</u>, <u>such the</u> payments being used either directly by the public entity to pay <u>such the project</u> costs or used by a third party recipient of such funds to pay <u>such the project</u> costs if within a Major 21st Century Manufacturing Zone; <u>and.</u>

18

"(5) Payment as otherwise provided by law.

19 "(b) For the purposes of paying project costs or of 20 refunding obligations issued as otherwise provided by law or 21 under this section pursuant to the authority of this chapter or other applicable law , the local governing body may issue tax 22 23 increment obligations payable out of positive tax increments. 24 Such The tax increment obligations shall not be included in 25 the computation of the constitutional debt limitation of the 26 public entity unless they are also secured by a pledge of the 27 full faith and credit of the public entity.

"(c) Tax increment obligations may be authorized by 1 2 resolution of the local governing body without the necessity of a referendum or any approval by the electorate. The 3 resolution shall state the name of the tax increment district, 4 5 the amount of obligations authorized, and the interest rate or 6 rates to be borne thereby or the method of computing the same. 7 The resolution may prescribe the terms, form, and content of 8 the obligations and such other matters as the local governing 9 body deems useful.

10 "(d) Tax increment obligations may not be issued in an amount exceeding the aggregate project costs of a project 11 or projects specified in a project plan, as such plan may be 12 13 amended. The tax increment obligations shall mature not more than 30 years from the date thereof. The tax increment 14 obligations may: (i) contain Contain provisions authorizing 15 the redemption thereof, in whole or in part, at stipulated 16 17 prices, at the option of the public entity creating the 18 district, on any dates named therein and provide the method of selecting the obligations to be redeemed, (ii) be payable at 19 20 any time or times and at any place, (iii) be payable to bearer 21 or registered as to principal or principal and interest, (iv) be in any denominations, and (v) be sold at public or private 22 23 sale.

"(e) Tax increment obligations shall be payable only
out of a stipulated tax increment fund created pursuant to
Section 11-99-6 hereof, except as provided in paragraph
<u>subsection</u> (f) of this section. The local governing body

public entity creating the district shall irrevocably pledge 1 2 all or a part of such the tax increment fund to the payment of the tax increment obligations. The <u>amounts in the</u> tax 3 increment fund may thereafter be used only for the payment of 4 5 the principal of and interest on the tax increment obligations 6 payable therefrom until they the principal and interest have 7 been fully paid; provided, the amounts, if any, in the tax 8 increment fund in excess of the amount required to pay the 9 principal of and interest on the tax increment obligations 10 becoming due and payable in any fiscal year of the local governing body may be used for the payment of project costs. 11

12 "(f) To increase the security and marketability of 13 tax increment obligations, the public entity may <u>do any of the</u> 14 <u>following</u>:

"(1) Create <u>To the extent permitted by the</u>
 <u>Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, create</u> a
 <u>non-forclosable</u> lien for the benefit of the security holders
 upon any public improvements or public works financed thereby
 or the revenues therefrom;.

20 "(2) Pledge the full faith and credit of the public
21 entity to the payment thereof; and.

"(3) Make covenants and do any and all acts as may
be necessary or convenient or desirable in the judgment of the
local governing body in order additionally to secure such the
obligations or make the obligations more marketable.

"(g) For the purpose of paying project costs, the
 local governing body public entity creating the tax increment

1 <u>district</u> may also allow payments to be made in full at the 2 time such the project costs accrue, thus allowing a project to 3 be all or partially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

4

"§11-99-10.

5 "(a) With respect to any taxing authority other than 6 the public entity which created the tax increment district, 7 the calculation of the equalized valuation of taxable property 8 in a tax increment district may not exceed the tax increment 9 base of the district until the district is terminated, unless 10 agreement has been made for other arrangements under 11 subsection (b) of this section.

12 "(b) (a) In such cases where If it can be shown that 13 losing tax increments would be harmful to any given taxing 14 authority or cause such a taxing authority not to honor a 15 prior binding commitment, by contract executed with the public entity creating a tax increment district prior to the 16 designation of the tax increment district, and if an agreement 17 18 has been made for such allowances through a process of negotiation at the time of the creation of the tax increment 19 20 district, a taxing authority may make payments into the tax 21 increment fund, less the sum of:

"(1) Any property taxes produced from the tax
increments which are required to be paid by the taxing
authority to another political subdivision; and

"(2) A portion, not to exceed 20 percent or a
one-time payment mutually agreed upon at the time of the
creation of the tax increment district, of the tax increment

1 produced in the district by the taxes levied on behalf of that 2 taxing authority.

3 "(c) (b) All tax increments which that have accrued 4 with respect to school districts under this chapter shall be 5 determined and the amounts shall be paid on February 1 of each 6 year out of the taxes of all school districts which that have 7 territory in a tax increment district.

8 "(d) (c) The use of the increased valuations in the 9 tax increment district before the completion of the project in 10 calculating any general state school aid formula is 11 prohibited.

12 "(e) (d) A taxing authority is not may, but shall
13 <u>not be</u> required to, pay a tax increment into the tax increment
14 fund for a district beyond three <u>five</u> years from the date the
15 district was created unless one or more of the following
16 conditions exist or have been met:

17 "(1) Tax increment obligations have been issued for
18 the district7.

"(2) The public entity <u>that created the tax</u>
 <u>increment district</u> has acquired <u>an interest in any</u> property
 within the district pursuant to the project plan; or.

"(3) Construction of improvements pursuant to theproject plan has commenced in the district."

24 Section 2. The provisions of this act are severable. 25 If any part of this act is declared invalid or 26 unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part 27 which remains. Section 3. This act shall become effective
 immediately following its passage and approval by the
 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.