

- 1 7T1W22-1
- 2 By Representatives Wood (D), Shaver, DuBose, Mooney,
- 3 Stadthagen, Shedd, Rigsby, Harrison, Underwood, Whorton,
- 4 Hammett, Yarbrough, Robertson, Wilcox, Moore (P), Colvin,
- 5 Treadaway
- 6 RFD: Health
- 7 First Read: 21-Mar-23

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2 3 4 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a health care facility must 5 6 follow certain requirements related to visitation for 7 patients, clients, or residents. 8 This bill would repeal existing law related to 9 health care facility visitation and would require health care facilities to adopt visitation policies and 10 11 procedures that meet certain standards. 12 This bill would provide that residents, clients, 13 or patients of a health care facility have the right to 14 visit with any individual of their choosing during the 15 facility's visiting hours. This bill would allow a resident, client, or 16 17 patient to designate an essential caregiver, and would 18 require health care facilities to allow essential 19 caregivers at least two hours of daily visitation.

20 This bill would require that any safety-related 21 policies or procedures may not be more stringent than 22 those established for the health care facility's staff.

This bill would prohibit a health care facility from requiring visitors to submit proof of vaccination or from prohibiting consensual physical contact between a visitor and a resident, client, or patient.

27 This bill would allow a health care facility to 28 suspend in-person visitation of a specific visitor if a



29 visitor violates the facility's policies and30 procedures.

31 This bill would require health care facilities 32 to allow visitors for residents, clients, or patients 33 in certain situations, including end-of-life scenarios; 34 childbirth; pediatric care; and for those who are 35 having adjustment issues, making a major medical 36 decision, experiencing emotional distress or grief, or 37 struggling to eat, drink, or speak in certain situations. 38

39 This bill would also require each health care 40 facility to provide its visitation policies and procedures to the Department of Public Health when 41 42 applying for licensure, renewal, or change of 43 ownership, and would require the Department of Public 44 Health to dedicate a page on its website to explain 45 visitation requirements and provide a mechanism for 46 complaints.

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Relating to health care facilities; to add Section 22-21-437 to the Code of Alabama 1975; to require health care facilities to adopt certain visitation policies; to provide that patients have a right to certain visitation; to allow

A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT



57 patients to designate an essential caregiver and to guarantee 58 that caregiver certain visitation rights; to prohibit a health 59 care facility from adopting a visitation policy that is more 60 stringent than certain employee policies; to prohibit a health care facility from requiring visitors to show proof of 61 62 vaccination or from prohibiting consensual physical contact 63 between visitors and patients; to provide for the 64 circumstances in which patients may not be denied visitors who are not essential caregivers; to require health care 65 facilities to provide visitation policies to the Department of 66 67 Public Health; to require the Department of Public Health to develop a mechanism for complaints; to provide certain 68 immunity from liability in certain circumstances; and to 69 70 repeal Sections 22-21-430 through 22-21-436, Code of Alabama 71 1975, relating to hospital visitation during a public health 72 emergency.

73 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. The Legislature finds that Representative Debbie Wood, whose mother, Peggy Hamby, succumbed to COVID-19, is forever remembered by the Alabama Legislature in the spirit of this bill. This bill represents Mrs. Hamby and the countless Alabamians who tragically lost relatives and loved ones during the COVID-19 pandemic.

80 Section 2. Section 22-21-437 is added to the Code of 81 Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

82 \$22-21-437

83 (a) This section shall be known and may be cited as the84 Harold Sachs and Ann Roberts Act.



85 (b) For the purposes of this section, the term "health 86 care facility" means a general acute hospital, long-term care 87 facility, skilled nursing facility, intermediate care 88 facility, assisted living facility, or specialty care assisted 89 living facility. 90 (c) A resident, client, or patient of a health care 91 facility shall have the right to be visited by any individual 92 of his or her choosing during the facility's visiting hours, 93 subject to the requirements of the health care facility's policies and procedures, which shall be consistent with this 94 95 section and established in accordance with subsection (d).

96 (d) No later than 30 days after the effective date of 97 this act, each health care facility shall establish visitation 98 policies and procedures. The policies and procedures must, at 99 a minimum, include each of the following:

100 (1) Infection control and education policies for101 visitors.

102 (2) Screening, personal protective equipment, and other103 infection control protocols for visitors.

104 (3) The permissible length of visits and numbers of105 visitors in accordance with this section.

106 (4) Designation of an individual responsible for107 ensuring that staff adhere to the policies and procedures.

(e) (1) Safety-related policies and procedures may not be more stringent than those established for the provider's staff and may not require visitors to submit proof of any vaccination or immunization. The policies and procedures must allow consensual physical contact between a resident, client,



113 or patient and the visitor.

(2) The policies and procedures shall allow any visitor who is 18 years of age or younger to be accompanied by an adult during visitation.

117 (f) (1) A resident, client, or patient may designate a visitor who is a family member, friend, guardian, or other 118 individual as an essential caregiver. The resident, client, or 119 120 patient may designate a different essential caregiver each 121 day, if he or she chooses. Additionally, he or she may establish a rotation designating who his or her essential 122 123 caregiver will be on a given day. The provider shall allow 124 in-person visitation by the essential caregiver for at least two hours daily in addition to any other visitation authorized 125 126 by the facility. This subsection does not require an essential 127 caregiver to provide necessary care to a resident, client, or 128 patient of a provider, and providers may not require an 129 essential caregiver to provide such care.

130 (2)a. If a patient, client, or resident is 131 incapacitated and unable to designate an essential caregiver, 132 one of the following shall appoint an essential caregiver on 133 behalf of the patient, client, or resident, in the following 134 order of priority:

135 1. The individual's guardian, as defined by Section
 136 26-2A-20.

137 2. The individual's durable power of attorney, as138 provided in Section 26-1-2.

b. If the individual does not have a guardian or adurable power of attorney, a family member shall appoint an



141 essential caregiver on behalf of the patient, client, or 142 resident, in the following order of priority: 143 1. The individual's spouse. 144 2. The individual's child or children, provided the 145 child or children has reached 19 years of age or older. 146 3. The individual's parent or parents. 4. The individual's sibling or siblings. 147 148 c. An individual appointing an essential caregiver on 149 behalf of an incapacitated patient, client, or resident may 150 appoint a caregiver in the same manner as provided in 151 subdivision (1). (q) The visitation policies and procedures required by 152 153 this section must allow in-person visitation in all of the 154 following circumstances, unless the resident, client, or 155 patient objects: (1) End-of-life situations. 156 157 (2) A resident, client, or patient who was living with 158 family before being admitted to the provider's care is 159 struggling with the change in environment and lack of 160 in-person family support. 161 (3) The resident, client, or patient is making one or 162 more major medical decisions. 163 (4) A resident, client, or patient is experiencing emotional distress or grieving the loss of a friend or family 164 member who recently died. 165 166 (5) A resident, client, or patient needs cueing or encouragement to eat or drink which was previously provided by 167 168 a family member or caregiver.



169 (6) A resident, client, or patient who used to talk and170 interact with others is seldom speaking.

171 (7) For hospitals, childbirth, including labor and172 delivery.

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(8) Pediatric patients.

(h) The policies and procedures may require a visitor to agree in writing to follow the health care facility's policies and procedures. A health care facility may suspend in-person visitation of a specific visitor if the visitor violates the provider's policies and procedures.

(i) (1) Each health care facility shall provide its visitation policies and procedures to the Alabama Department of Health when applying for initial licensure, licensure renewal, or change of ownership. The health care facility must make the visitation policies and procedures available to the agency for review at any time, upon request.

(2) Within 24 hours after establishing the policies and
procedures required under this section, providers must make
the policies and procedures easily accessible from the
homepage of their websites.

(3) The Alabama Department of Public Health shall dedicate a stand-alone page on its website to explain the visitation requirements of this section and provide a link to the agency's webpage to report complaints.

(j) An individual may not bring a civil action against a health care facility, its employees, or its contracted staff for injuries sustained because of the acts or omissions of a health care facility, its employees, or its contracted staff



197 taken in compliance with this section, unless the complaining 198 party can show by substantial evidence that the health care 199 facility, its employees, or its contracted staff failed to 200 follow this section and applicable guidelines. This subsection 201 does not apply to wanton, willful, reckless, or intentional 202 misconduct.

203 Section 3. Sections 22-21-430 through 22-21-436, Code 204 of Alabama 1975, relating to hospital visitation during a 205 public health emergency, are repealed.

206 Section 4. This act shall become effective immediately 207 following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its 208 otherwise becoming law.