- 1 HB189
- 2 189508-1
- 3 By Representative Wilcox
- 4 RFD: Health
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189508-1:n:01/10/2018:KMS/tgw LSA2018-122 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 This bill would require the State Department 8 SYNOPSIS: of Education and the Alabama Department of 9 10 Rehabilitation Services in consultation with the 11 Alabama Institute for Deaf and Blind to jointly 12 select language developmental milestones from 13 existing standardized norms for purposes of 14 developing a resource for use by parents to monitor 15 and track deaf and hard-of-hearing children's 16 expressive and receptive language acquisition and 17 developmental stages toward English literacy. 18 This bill would establish and provide for 19 the membership of an advisory committee. 20 This bill would require the departments to 21 select existing tools or assessments for educators 22 to use in assessing the language and literacy 23 development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children. 24 This bill would require the departments to 25 jointly produce a report that is specific to 26 language and literacy development of deaf and 27 hard-of-hearing children from birth to five years

of age, inclusive, including those who are deaf or 1 2 hard of hearing and have other disabilities, 3 relative to their peers who are not deaf or hard of hearing. 4 5 This bill would also state that the act not 6 be interpreted or construed to prefer a specific 7 language or modality. 8 9 A BTTT 10 TO BE ENTITLED 11 AN ACT 12 13 Relating to deaf and hard-of-hearing children; to require the State Department of Education and the Alabama 14 15 Department of Rehabilitation Services in consultation with the 16 Alabama Institute for Deaf and Blind to jointly select 17 language developmental milestones to monitor and track 18 expressive and receptive language acquisition and 19 developmental stages toward English literacy; to establish and 20 provide for the membership of an advisory committee; to 21 require the departments to select existing tools or 22 assessments for educators to use; to require the departments 23 to annually and jointly produce a report; and to state that 24 the act not be interpreted or construed to prefer a specific 25 language or modality. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 26

Section 1. For the purpose of this act, the
 following terms shall have the following meanings:

3 (1) AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE (ASL). A visual language
4 that is separate and distinct from English and other
5 languages, and uses the hands, arms, facial markers, and body
6 movements to convey grammatical information.

7 (2) DEVELOPMENTAL MILESTONES. Milestones expected
8 for the chronological age of a child, as measured by qualified
9 professionals using appropriate diagnostic instruments or
10 procedures, or both, and informed clinical opinion, in one or
11 more of the following areas of development: Cognitive,
12 physical, communication, social or emotional, or adaptive.

13 (3) ENGLISH. Includes spoken English, written
14 English, or English with the use of visual supplements.

(4) LANGUAGE. Forms of communication that involve
 complex patterns of phonology, morphology, syntax, and
 semantics.

(5) LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENTAL MILESTONES. Milestones of
 development aligned with the existing state instrument used to
 meet the requirements of federal law for the assessment of
 children from birth to five years of age, inclusive.

(6) MODE OF COMMUNICATION. The avenue through which
 language is expressed and received. The term includes one or
 more of the following systems or methods of communication
 applicable to children who are deaf and hard of hearing:

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a. Signed language.

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b. Spoken English.

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c. Written language.

2 (7) STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENT. A statewide assessment
3 that reflects the impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills
4 of a child.

5 (8) VISUAL SUPPLEMENTS. Overheads, chalkboard,
6 charts, vocabulary lists, lecture outlines, and other visual
7 aids.

Section 2. The State Department of Education and the 8 9 Alabama Department of Rehabilitation Services, in consultation 10 with the Alabama Institute for Deaf and Blind, shall jointly select language developmental milestones from existing 11 12 standardized norms, pursuant to the process specified in 13 Section 5, for purposes of developing a resource for use by parents to monitor and track deaf and hard-of-hearing 14 15 children's expressive and receptive language acquisition and 16 developmental stages toward English literacy. This parent 17 resource shall satisfy all of the following:

18 (1) Include the language developmental milestones19 selected pursuant to the process specified in Section 5.

(2) Be appropriate for use, in both content and
administration, with deaf and hard-of-hearing children from
birth to five years of age, inclusive, who listen, talk, read,
and write English and those who use American Sign Language and
read and write English.

(3) Present the developmental milestones in terms of
typical development of all children, by age range.

(4) Be written for clarity and ease of use by
 parents.

3 (5) Be aligned to the existing infant, toddler, and 4 preschool guidelines, the existing instrument used to assess 5 the development of children with disabilities pursuant to 6 federal law and state standards in English language arts 7 utilized by the departments.

8 (6) Make clear that the parent resource is not a 9 formal assessment of language and literacy development, and 10 that the observations of a parent of his or her children may 11 differ from formal assessment data presented at an 12 individualized family service plan (IFSP) or individualized 13 education program (IEP) meeting.

14 (7) Make clear that a parent may bring the parent
15 resource to an IFSP or IEP meeting for purposes of sharing his
16 or her observations about the development of his or her child.

Section 3. (a) The departments shall also select existing tools or assessments for educators that may be used to assess the language and literacy development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children. These educator tools or assessments shall be all of the following:

(1) In a format that shows stages of languagedevelopment.

24 (2) Selected for use by educators to track the
25 development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children's expressive
26 and receptive language acquisition and developmental stages
27 toward English literacy.

(3) Selected from existing instruments or
 assessments used to assess the development of all children
 from birth to five years of age, inclusive.

4 (4) Appropriate, in both content and administration,
5 for use with deaf and hard-of-hearing children.

6 (b) In addition to subsection (a), the educator 7 tools and assessments may be used, in addition to the 8 assessment required by federal law, by the child's IFSP or IEP 9 team, as applicable, to track deaf and hard-of-hearing 10 children's progress, and to establish or modify IFSP or IEP 11 plans, and may reflect the recommendations of the advisory 12 committee established pursuant to Section 6.

13 Section 4. (a) The departments shall disseminate the 14 parent resource developed pursuant to Section 2 to parents and 15 guardians of deaf and hard-of-hearing children and, pursuant to federal law, shall disseminate the educator tools and 16 17 assessments selected pursuant to Section 3 to local 18 educational agencies for use in the development and modification of IFSP and IEP plans, and shall provide 19 20 materials and training on its use, to assist deaf and 21 hard-of-hearing children in becoming linguistically ready for 22 kindergarten using both or one of the languages of ASL and 23 English.

(b) If a deaf or hard-of-hearing child does not
demonstrate progress in expressive and receptive language
skills, as measured by one of the educator tools or
assessments selected pursuant to Section 3, or by the existing

instrument used to assess the development of children with 1 2 disabilities pursuant to federal law, the child's IFSP or IEP team, as applicable, as part of the process required by 3 federal law, shall explain in detail the reasons why the child 4 5 is not meeting the language developmental milestones or progressing toward them, and shall recommend specific 6 7 strategies, services, and programs that shall be provided to 8 assist the child's success toward English literacy.

Section 5. (a) On or before March 1, 2019, the 9 10 departments shall jointly provide the advisory committee established pursuant to Section 6 with a list of existing 11 language developmental milestones from existing standardized 12 13 norms, along with any relevant information held by each 14 department regarding those language developmental milestones 15 for possible inclusion in the parent resource developed pursuant to Section 2. These language developmental milestones 16 shall be aligned to the existing infant, toddler, and 17 18 preschool guidelines, the existing instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to 19 20 federal law, and the state standards in English language arts 21 utilized by the departments.

(b) On or before June 30, 2019, the departments
shall jointly inform the advisory committee of which language
developmental milestones were selected.

25 Section 6. (a) There is created an advisory 26 committee to serve under the direction and supervision of, and 27 for a duration determined by, the State Superintendent of

Education, or his or her designee, the President of the 1 2 Alabama Institute for Deaf and Blind, or his or her designee, and the Commissioner of the Alabama Department of 3 Rehabilitation Services, or his or her designee. The purpose 4 5 of the advisory committee is to solicit input from known experts on the selection of language developmental milestones 6 7 for children who are deaf or hard of hearing that are equivalent to those for children who are not deaf or hard of 8 9 hearing, for inclusion in the parent resource developed 10 pursuant to Section 2. The advisory committee may also make recommendations on the selection and administration of the 11 12 educator tools or assessments selected pursuant to Section 3.

13 (b) The advisory committee shall consist of 14 volunteers, the majority of whom shall be deaf or hard of 15 hearing, and all of whom shall be within the field of 16 education for the deaf and hard of hearing. To be considered 17 for appointment to the advisory committee, interested 18 individuals shall submit applications to the Alabama Institute for Deaf and Blind on or before October 1, 2018. Those 19 applications shall be considered by a nominating committee 20 21 consisting of representatives of the AAD, Citizens and 22 Organizations Serving Deaf Alabamians, Alabama Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, and a spoken and listening language 23 24 professional organization operating in the state, as selected 25 by the State Superintendent of Education, the President of the Alabama Institute for Deaf and Blind, and the Commissioner of 26 the Alabama Department of Rehabilitation Services. On or 27

before November 1, 2018, the nominating committee shall submit 1 2 a list of three names for each position on the advisory committee to the State Superintendent of Education, the 3 President of the Alabama Institute for Deaf and Blind, and the 4 5 Commissioner of the Alabama Department of Rehabilitation 6 Services, who shall jointly provide the lists to the 7 applicable appointing authority, and each appointing authority shall select one name from the list to fill the position on 8 9 the advisory committee.

10 (c) The nominating committee and the appointing authorities shall coordinate their nominations and 11 12 appointments to assure the membership of the advisory 13 committee is inclusive and reflects the racial, gender, 14 geographic, urban, rural, and economic diversity of the state. 15 The State Superintendent of Education, or his or her designee, the President of the Alabama Institute for Deaf and Blind, or 16 his or her designee, and the Commissioner of the Alabama 17 18 Department of Rehabilitation Services, or his or her designee, shall jointly determine which of the following members shall 19 20 be appointed to the advisory committee by the Governor, the 21 President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 22 House of Representatives:

(1) One parent of a child who is deaf or hard ofhearing who uses the dual languages of ASL and English.

(2) One parent of a child who is deaf or hard of
hearing who uses only spoken English, with or without visual
supplements.

(3) One credentialed teacher of deaf and
 hard-of-hearing students who uses the dual languages of ASL
 and English.

4 (4) One expert who researches language outcomes for
5 deaf and hard-of-hearing children using ASL and English.

6 (5) One expert who researches language outcomes for 7 deaf and hard-of-hearing children using spoken English, with 8 or without visual supplements.

9 (6) One credentialed teacher of deaf and
10 hard-of-hearing students whose expertise is in curriculum and
11 instruction in ASL and English.

12 (7) One credentialed teacher of deaf and 13 hard-of-hearing students whose expertise is in curriculum and 14 instruction in spoken English, with or without visual 15 supplements.

16 (8) One advocate for the teaching and use of every 17 mode of communication.

18 (9) One advocate for the teaching and use of spoken19 English, with or without visual supplements.

(10) One early intervention specialist who works
with deaf and hard-of-hearing infants and toddlers using the
dual languages of ASL and English.

(11) One credentialed teacher of deaf and
 hard-of-hearing students whose expertise is in ASL and English
 language assessment.

(12) One representative of the Alabama Department of
 Mental Health, deaf services.

(13) One representative of Children's Rehabilitation
 Services.

Section 7. The advisory committee established 3 pursuant to Section 6 may also advise the departments on the 4 5 content and administration of the existing instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant 6 7 to federal law, as used to assess deaf and hard-of-hearing 8 children's language and literacy development to ensure the 9 appropriate use of that instrument with those children, and 10 may make recommendations regarding future research to improve the measurement of progress of deaf and hard-of-hearing 11 12 children in language and literacy.

13 Section 8. Commencing on or before July 31, 2019, 14 and on or before each July 31 thereafter, the departments 15 shall annually jointly produce a report, using existing data 16 reported in compliance with the federally required state 17 performance plan on students with disabilities, that is 18 specific to language and literacy development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children from birth to five years of age, 19 20 inclusive, including those who are deaf or hard of hearing and 21 have other disabilities, relative to their peers who are not 22 deaf or hard of hearing. The report shall also compare hearing 23 children with those who use listening and spoken language and 24 those who use ASL. The departments shall each make this report 25 available on their websites and shall jointly provide a copy of the annual report to the Chairs of the House Education 26 Policy, House Health, Senate Education and Youth Affairs, and 27

Senate Health and Human Services Committees on or before the
 15th day of each regular session.

3 Section 9. All activities of the departments in 4 implementing this act shall be consistent with federal law 5 regarding the education of children with disabilities and 6 state and federal law regarding the privacy of student 7 information.

8 Section 10. This act shall apply only to children 9 from birth to five years of age, inclusive, and shall not be 10 interpreted or construed as preferring a specific language or 11 modality or attempting to affect or influence the informed 12 decision of any family regarding the primary language for 13 their child.

14 Section 11. This act shall become effective on the 15 first day of the third month following its passage and 16 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.