- 1 HB408
- 2 189309-1
- 3 By Representative Ingram
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 13-FEB-18

189309-1:n:01/05/2018:AHP/bm LSA2017-3888 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing law, the Alabama Lead 8 SYNOPSIS: Reduction Act of 1997 identifies and reduces the 9 10 threat to human health posed by exposure to lead. 11 This bill would amend the Alabama Lead 12 Reduction Act to add definitions, increase 13 regulations relating to lead hazard reductions, 14 increase the authority of the Department of Public 15 Health to conduct lead inspections and enforce the 16 act, and increase penalties for violations of the 17 act. Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 18 19 of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the 20 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of 21 Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general 22 law whose purpose or effect would be to require a 23 new or increased expenditure of local funds from 24 becoming effective with regard to a local 25 governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote 26 unless: it comes within one of a number of 27 specified exceptions; it is approved by the

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affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

12 A BILL 13 TO BE ENTITLED 14 AN ACT

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16 Relating to lead reduction; to amend Sections 22-37A-2, 22-37A-3, 22-37A-4, 22-37A-5, 22-37A-6, and 17 18 22-37A-7, Code of Alabama 1975, to add definitions; to increase regulations relating to lead hazard reductions; to 19 20 increase the authority of the Department of Public Health to 21 conduct lead inspections and enforce the act; and to increase 22 penalties for violations of the act, to repeal Sections 22-37A-8 and 22-37A-9, Code of Alabama 1975; and in connection 23 24 therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement 25 of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 26 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official 27

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1	Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as
2	amended.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
4	Section 1. Sections 22-37A-2, 22-37A-3, 22-37A-4,
5	22-37A-5, 22-37A-6, and 22-37A-7, Code of Alabama 1975, are
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"\$22-37A-2.
8	"As used in this chapter, the following terms have
9	the following meanings:
10	"(1) ABATEMENT. Any set of measures designed to
11	eliminate lead-based paint hazards in accordance with
12	standards developed by the board, including both of the
13	following:
14	"a. Removal of lead-based paint and lead
15	contaminated dust, the permanent containment or encapsulation
16	of lead-based paint, the replacement of lead-painted surfaces
17	or fixtures, and the removal or covering of lead contaminated
18	<u>soil.</u>
19	"b. All preparation, cleanup, disposal, and
20	post-abatement clearance testing activities associated with
21	such measures.
22	" (1) (2) ACCREDITED INDIVIDUAL. An individual who
23	engages in lead hazard reduction activities, who has
24	successfully completed a Safe State accredited lead training
25	course appropriate for the type or category of lead hazard
26	reduction activity to be provided, who meets all other
27	personal accreditation requirements established by Safe State

under this chapter, and who holds a valid registration in the state accreditation registry for the relevant type or category of lead hazard reduction activity.

4 "(2)(3) ACCREDITED LEAD TRAINING COURSE. A course of
5 instruction which has been reviewed and accredited by Safe
6 State as meeting or exceeding training requirements
7 established under Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances
8 Control Act (Public Law 99-519, 100 Stat. 2970, 15 U.S.C.
9 \$2601 et seq., as amended).

10 "(3)(4) BOARD. The State Board of Health as defined 11 in Section 22-2-1.

"(5) CHILD-OCCUPIED FACILITY. A building, or portion 12 13 of a building constructed prior to 1978, visited regularly by 14 the same child, six years of age or under, on at least two 15 different days within the same week, Sunday through Saturday, 16 provided each day's visit lasts at least three hours and the 17 combined weekly visits last at least six hours, and the 18 combined annual visits last at least 60 hours. Child-occupied 19 facilities include, but are not limited to, day care centers, 20 preschools, and kindergarten classrooms.

21 "(6) DEPARTMENT. The Alabama Department of Public
22 Health.

23 "(4)(7) INDOOR. The enclosed portions of buildings 24 including public buildings, residences, and commercial 25 buildings. For the purposes of this chapter, "indoor" shall 26 include the exterior surfaces and all common areas of the 27 structure including any attached or unattached structure located within the same lot line, including, but not limited
 to, garages, play equipment, and fences.

3 "(8) INSPECTION. A surface-by-surface investigation
4 to determine the presence of lead-based paint and the
5 provision of a report explaining the results of the
6 investigation.

"(9) LEAD-BASED PAINT ACTIVITIES. The inspection and
 assessment of lead hazards and the planning, implementation,
 and inspection of interim controls, renovation, and abatement
 activities at target housing and child-occupied facilities.

"(5)(10) LEAD HAZARD REDUCTION ACTIVITIES. 11 12 Activities designed to reduce exposure to lead in residences 13 or public buildings and may include inspections, risk 14 assessments, repair, enclosure, encapsulation, or removal of lead-based paint or lead contamination, or both, and the 15 design and planning of such activities, and other related 16 17 activities as established in Title IV of Toxic Substances 18 Control Act, Public Law 99-519, 100 Stat. 2970, 15 U.S.C. 19 \$2601 et seq., as amended, which are to be performed in 20 residences or public buildings.

"(6)(11) PERSON. An individual, firm, partnership,
 corporation, commission, state agency, county governmental
 body, municipal corporation, party, company, association, or
 any other public or private legal entity.

"(7) PUBLIC BUILDING. A building designed for public
 access and maintained for the public benefit through the use
 of state or local government funds, including public housing,

1	schools, day care centers, and government facilities, or any
2	location at which Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances
3	Control Act, or regulations thereunder, require lead-based
4	paint activities be performed by an accredited individual, as
5	those terms are defined in that act, such as commercial
6	buildings and bridges. This term shall not apply to any of the
7	following:
8	"a. Business facilities where access is principally
9	limited to employees.
10	"b. Private clubs and residences.
11	" c. Commercial buildings.
12	"(12) RENOVATION. The modification of any target
13	housing or child-occupied facility structure or portion
14	thereof that results in the disturbance of painted surfaces
15	unless that activity is performed as part of an abatement
16	activity. Renovation includes, but is not limited to, the
17	removal, modification, re-coating, or repair of painted
18	surfaces or painted components; the removal of building
19	components; weatherization projects; and interim controls that
20	disturb painted surfaces. The term also includes a renovation
21	performed for the purpose of converting a building, or part of
22	a building into target housing or a child-occupied facility.
23	The term does not include minor repair and maintenance
24	activities.
25	"(13) RISK ASSESSMENT. An on-site investigation to
26	determine the existence, nature, severity, and location of
27	lead-based paint hazards and the provision of a report by the

1	individual or the firm conducting the risk assessment,
2	explaining the results of the investigation and options for
3	reducing lead-based paint hazards.
4	" (8) (14) SAFE STATE. The Safe State Program, a
5	division of the University of Alabama.
6	" (9) (15) STATE HEALTH OFFICER. The State Health
7	Officer as defined in Section 22-2-8.
8	"(16) TARGET HOUSING. Any housing constructed prior
9	to 1978, except housing for the elderly or persons with
10	disabilities, unless one or more children age six years or
11	under resides or is expected to reside in such housing for the
12	elderly or person with disabilities, or any zero-bedroom
13	dwelling.
14	"§22-37A-3.
15	" (a) With regard to facilities, the scope of this
16	chapter shall not exceed the requirements of Title IV of the
17	Federal Toxic Substances Control Act.
18	" (b) The board may develop <u>shall establish</u> a
19	statewide program to identify and reduce the threat to human
20	health posed by exposure to lead. In furtherance of this
21	purpose, the board may perform each of the following
22	functions:
23	"(1) Certify all individuals involved in lead-based
24	paint abatement activities.
25	" <u>(2) Issue, reissue, suspend, revoke, or deny the</u>
26	issuance or reissuance of certificates for accredited
27	individuals.

1	"(3) Establish standards for the program.
2	"(4) Insure compliance with regulations.
3	"(5) Enforce the certification program.
4	"(6) Establish a program for the education of owners
5	and occupants of target housing and child-occupied facilities
6	concerning lead-based paint hazards. This program shall
7	require persons who perform renovation in such facilities for
8	compensation to provide owners and occupants with a lead
9	hazard information pamphlet prior to commencing the
10	renovation. The program shall meet the requirements of the
11	federal program under the Lead Based Paint Exposure Reduction
12	Act, compiled at 15 U.S.C. §2681 et seq.
13	" (1) Conduct and supervise development programs and
14	studies to determine the source, effect, and hazards of lead.
15	" (2) Conduct research or participate in research
16	within the state.
17	" (3) Collect and disseminate information.
18	" (4)<u>(</u>7) Make contracts and execute instruments that
19	are necessary or convenient to the exercise of its powers or
20	the performance of its duties under this chapter.
21	" (5) Encourage voluntary cooperation by persons or
22	affected groups to achieve the purposes of this chapter.
23	" (6)<u>(8)</u> Assist persons in evaluating existing or
24	potential health hazards from lead, including, but not limited
25	to, health hazards from external sources that infiltrate the
26	indoor environment and those from materials, processes, or
27	human activities in the indoor environment.

"(7)(9) Assist persons in methods to control,
 remove, or minimize sources of lead.

3 "(8) Advise, consult, and cooperate on matters of
4 common interest in lead hazard reduction with other agencies
5 of the state, political subdivisions of the state, industries,
6 other states, the federal government, and interested persons
7 or groups.

8 "(9)(10) Represent the state in matters relating to 9 lead hazard reduction and apply for and receive, on behalf of 10 the state, matching grants, gifts, donations, foundation 11 awards, or other legitimate means of support for the intents 12 and purposes of this chapter, and to make other decisions 13 concerning the fiscal aspects of the powers, duties, programs, 14 and activities of the board under this chapter.

15 "<u>(11) Enter into cooperative agreements with, and</u> 16 <u>accept grant assistance from, the U.S. Environmental</u> 17 <u>Protection Agency in support of certification provisions of</u> 18 <u>Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act or from</u> 19 <u>any other agency of government or under other authority to</u> 20 carry out the intent of this chapter.

21 "(10)(12) Enter into cooperative agreements or 22 contracts to demonstrate practices, methods, technologies, or 23 processes which may be effective in controlling sources or 24 potential sources of lead, preventing the occurrence of lead, 25 and reducing exposure to lead; and accept financial assistance 26 in the form of grants from public agencies and authorities, nonprofit institutions and organizations, educational
 institutions, or other persons.

3 "(11)(13) Establish by rule a fee schedule for
4 performing lead investigations and services, which may not in
5 any case exceed the actual costs.

6 "(12)<u>(14)</u> Subject to the Alabama Administrative 7 Procedure Act, publish guidelines in <u>for</u> performing lead 8 hazard reduction.

9 "(15) The board shall be authorized to adopt all
 10 necessary rules for the implementation and enforcement of this
 11 chapter.

"§22-37A-4.

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13 "The State Health Officer may conduct investigations 14 as necessary to administer this chapter, and the rules adopted 15 and orders issued under this chapter. The State Health Officer 16 may conduct investigations of general lead contamination 17 problems or conditions in public buildings, and upon request 18 of the building owner of commercial buildings, or upon the 19 request of the owner or occupant of residential buildings. 20 "(a) The department and its designated staff may 21 enter the business premises of persons and firms certified to 22 engage in lead-based paint activities during business hours 23 upon presenting credentials identifying themselves as 24 employees of the department. 25 "(b) The department and its designated staff may enter any structure, including residences, where lead-based 26

27 paint activities have occurred, or are being conducted, for

1	the purpose of determining compliance with lead-based paint
2	abatement requirements, provided they do either of the
3	following:
4	"(1) Obtain the consent of the owner or an adult
5	occupant of the premises after presenting credentials
6	identifying themselves as employees of the department.
7	"(2) Apply for and obtain a warrant from a court

8 with jurisdiction, which shall be issued by the court upon a 9 showing of probable cause that the inhabitants of a dwelling 10 are likely to suffer adverse health effects from continued 11 exposure to a lead-based paint hazard.

"§22-37A-5.

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13 "(a) Before engaging in lead hazard reduction 14 activities, a person, firm, or corporation shall be certified 15 by the board as specified in this chapter. This subsection 16 shall not apply to an individual performing lead abatement on 17 a structure, or the portion of a structure that is used as his 18 or her private residence. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this 19 subsection shall apply to any person contracted by the home 20 owner to perform deleading activities and also applies where 21 the owner performs such activities in or upon another 22 structure which is not his or her private residence or the 23 portion thereof. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "deleading" means activities conducted by a person who offers 24 25 to eliminate lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards or to plan such activities. 26

"(b) Subject to the Alabama Administrative Procedure 1 2 Act, the board shall develop and publish certification procedures for each type of contractor in lead hazard 3 reduction activities and specify qualifications, including, 4 5 but not limited to, training accreditation and blood lead tests for personnel. The satisfaction of these qualifications 6 7 shall be documented by the contractor before the contractor is certified and permitted to engage in the provision of lead 8 hazard reduction activities. 9 10 "(c) The board shall establish decertification and 11 recertification policies and procedures for each type of lead 12 hazard service contractor. 13 "(d) The board may establish by rule reasonable and 14 necessary fees for the conduct of the contractor certification 15 program and for the performance of field inspections of 16 abatement projects. The board may adopt rules, including 17 definitions and standards, and issue necessary orders to implement this chapter, which rules and orders shall have the 18 effect of law. 19 20 "(e) The board may enter into cooperative agreements 21 with and accept grant assistance from the U.S. Environmental 22 Protection Agency in support of certification provisions of

23 Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act or from 24 any other agency of government or under other authority to 25 carry out the intents of this chapter.

26 "(a) No person shall be certified under this chapter
 27 unless that person has successfully completed the appropriate

1	training program, passed an examination approved by the
2	department for the appropriate category of certification, and
3	completed any additional requirements imposed by the board by
4	rule.
5	"(b) No person shall perform or represent that he or
6	she is qualified to perform any lead-based paint activities
7	unless the person possesses the appropriate certification as
8	determined by the board or unless that person is any of the
9	following:
10	"(1) An owner performing abatement or renovation
11	upon that person's own residential property.
12	"(2) An employee of a property management company
13	doing minor repairs and maintenance activities upon property
14	managed by that company where there is insignificant damage,
15	wear, or corrosion of existing lead-containing paint or
16	coating substances.
17	"(3) An owner routinely doing minor repairs and
18	maintenance activities upon his or her property where there is
19	insignificant damage to, wear of, or corrosion of existing
20	lead-containing paint or coating substances.
21	"(c) The board shall adopt rules establishing
22	standards of acceptable professional conduct and work
23	practices for the performance of lead-based paint activities,
24	as well as specific acts and omissions that constitute grounds
25	for the reprimand of any licensee, the suspension,
26	modification, or revocation of a license, or the denial of
27	issuance or renewal of a license.

1	"(d) The board is authorized to issue a corrective
2	action order to any person who violates this chapter or any
3	rule adopted pursuant to this chapter. The order shall specify
4	the provision of this chapter or any rule alleged to have been
5	violated and shall order necessary corrective action be taken
6	within a reasonable time to be prescribed in the order.
7	"(e) The board is authorized to revoke or suspend
8	any license, certification, or approval issued under this
9	chapter, in accordance with the rules adopted pursuant to this
10	<u>chapter.</u>
11	"(f) It shall be unlawful for any person to provide
12	training or engage in lead-based paint activities regulated
13	under this chapter except in such a manner as to conform to
14	and comply with this chapter and all applicable rules and
15	orders established under this chapter.
16	"§22-37A-6.
17	"(a) Safe State, a division of the University of
18	Alabama, is designated as the state accreditation agency for
19	lead hazard training.
20	"(b) Subject to the Alabama Administrative Procedure
21	Act, Safe State shall establish a program to review and
22	accredit lead training courses in accordance with Title IV of
23	the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act.
24	"(c) Safe State shall establish and maintain a state
25	registry of accredited individuals who have successfully
26	completed accredited lead training courses and who meet all

other personal accreditation requirements established by Safe
 State under this chapter.

3 "(d) An individual who provides or participates in
4 the lead hazard reduction activities described in Section
5 22-37A-5 shall obtain valid Safe State registration and
6 certification from the board prior to engaging in such
7 activities.

8 "(e) Subject to the Alabama Administrative Procedure 9 Act, Safe State shall develop and publish policies and 10 procedures governing the accreditation of lead training 11 courses and the registration of accredited individuals.

12 "(f) Safe State may establish reasonable fees for 13 the conduct of the accreditation and registration programs and 14 expend the fees to administer the program.

15 "(g) Safe State may enter into cooperative 16 agreements with and accept grant assistance from the U.S. 17 Environmental Protection Agency in support of the training and 18 accreditation provisions of Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act (Public Law 99-519, 100 Stat. 2970, 15 19 20 U.S.C. §2601 et seq., as amended), or from any other agency of 21 government or under other authority to carry out the intents 22 of this chapter.

"(h) Safe State may negotiate and establish reciprocity agreements with other states where equivalency of lead training accreditation or registration of individuals, or both, can be demonstrated.

27 "§22-37A-7.

1	"(a) Persons engaged in lead hazard reduction
2	activities shall be certified by the board and observe proper
3	removal procedures and precautions, as established by the
4	rules adopted by the board. The board may enforce such rules
5	by order.
6	" (b) An owner or operator of an entity engaged in
7	lead hazard reduction activities who fails to comply with
8	subsection (a) of this section and rules adopted or orders
9	issued thereunder shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.
10	"(a)(1) Any person who violates any provision of
11	this chapter or the rules adopted pursuant to this chapter is
12	subject to a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars
13	(\$10,000) per day for each day during which the act or
14	omission continues or occurs.
15	"(2) A civil penalty may be assessed and enforced in
16	the following manner:
17	"a. The State Health Officer may issue a civil
18	penalty assessment against any person responsible for the
19	violation.
20	"b. Any person against whom an assessment has been
21	issued may obtain a review of the assessment by filing with
22	the State Health Officer a written petition setting forth the
23	grounds and reasons for the objection, and requesting a
24	hearing. If a petition for review is not filed within 30 days
25	after the date the assessment is served, the violator shall be
26	deemed to have consented to the assessment and it shall become
27	<u>final.</u>

1	"c. Whenever an assessment has become final because
2	of a person's failure to appeal the department's assessment,
3	the State Health Officer may apply to the appropriate court
4	for a judgment and seek execution of the judgment. The court,
5	in such proceedings, shall treat a failure to appeal the
6	assessment as a confession of judgment in the amount of the
7	assessment.
8	"d. In lieu of the administrative assessment
9	procedure, the State Health Officer may also institute
10	proceedings for assessment of a civil penalty in the circuit
11	court of Montgomery County, or in the circuit court of the
12	county in which all or part of the violation occurred.
13	"e. In assessing the civil penalty, the State Health
14	Officer may consider the following factors:
15	"1. Whether the civil penalty imposed will be a
16	substantial economic deterrent to the illegal activity.
17	"2. The potential or actual harm posed to people or
18	the environment by the violation.
19	"3. The cause of the violation.
20	"4. The effectiveness of action taken by the
21	violator to cease the violation.
22	"5. The economic benefit gained by the violator.
23	"f. All fees collected and all fines, penalties, and
24	funds of any nature received by the State Board of Health
25	under authority of this chapter shall be remitted to the State
26	Board of Health to the credit of the Lead Reduction Fund. The
27	expenses incurred by the State Board of Health in carrying out

1	this chapter shall be paid from moneys in the Lead Reduction
2	Fund; however, the expenditure from the fund shall be budgeted
3	and allotted pursuant to the Budget Management Act and Article
4	4 of Chapter 4 of Title 41.
5	"g. If it appears that a person has violated, is
6	violating, or is threatening to violate this chapter or a rule
7	adopted or order issued under this chapter, the State Health
8	Officer or a county health officer, as appropriate, may
9	institute a civil suit in his or her own name in a circuit
10	court to obtain injunctive relief to restrain the person from
11	continuing the violation or threat of violation.
12	"h. Any person violating the provisions of this
13	chapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
14	"(b) In addition to, or in lieu of, any penalties
15	authorized under this chapter, the State Health Officer may
16	require any person violating this chapter to complete
17	additional training."
18	Section 2. Although this bill would have as its
19	purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased
20	expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further
21	requirements and application under Amendment 621, now
22	appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of
23	the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the
24	bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an
25	existing crime.

Section 3. Sections 22-37A-8 and 22-37A-9, Code of
 Alabama 1975, relating to injunctive relief and the
 distribution of fines and fees collected, are repealed.
 Section 4. This act shall become effective on the
 first day of the third month following its passage and
 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.