- 1 SB104
- 2 173449-1
- 3 By Senator Sanders
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 09-JAN-18

1	173449-1:n:02/03/2016:FC/mfc LRS2016-366
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a person who commits a
9	capital offense may be sentenced to death or life
10	without parole.
11	This bill would repeal the death penalty.
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13	A BILL
14	TO BE ENTITLED
15	AN ACT
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17	To amend Sections 13A-5-39, 13A-5-43, 13A-5-44, and
18	15-18-100, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the death
19	penalty; to remove death as a potential punishment for
20	commission of a capital offense; to remove provisions relating
21	to sentencing and the sentencing hearing; and to repeal
22	Sections 13A-5-45, 13A-5-46, 13A-5-47, 13A-5-48, 13A-5-49,
23	13A-5-50, 13A-5-51, 13A-5-52, 13A-5-53, 13A-5-55, 13A-5-59,
24	15-18-80, 15-18-81, 15-18-82, 15-18-83, 15-18-84, 15-18-85,
25	and 15-18-86, Code of Alabama 1975.
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Sections 13A-5-39, 13A-5-43, 13A-5-44, and 15-18-100, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

4 "\$13A-5-39.

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- "(1) CAPITAL OFFENSE. An offense for which a defendant shall be punished by a sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole according to the provisions of this article.
- 9 "(2) DURING. The term as used in Section 13A-5-40(a)
  10 means in the course of or in connection with the commission
  11 of, or in immediate flight from the commission of the
  12 underlying felony or attempt thereof.
  - "(3) EXPLOSIVES and EXPLOSION. The terms shall have the meanings provided in Section 13A-7-40(2) and (3).
  - "(4) BURDEN OF INTERJECTING THE ISSUE. Shall be defined as provided in Section 13A-1-2(14).
    - "(5) MURDER and MURDER BY THE DEFENDANT. Shall be defined as provided in Section 13A-5-40(b).
  - "(6) PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED and PRIOR CRIMINAL ACTIVITY. As used in Sections 13A-5-49(2) and 13A-5-51(1), these terms refer to events occurring before the date of the sentence hearing.
    - "(7) UNDER SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT. As used in Section 13A-5-49(1), the term means while serving a term of imprisonment, while under a suspended sentence, while on probation or parole, or while on work release, furlough, escape, or any other type of release or freedom while or after

serving a term of imprisonment, other than unconditional release and freedom after expiration of the term of sentence.

3 "\$13A-5-43.

- "(a) In the trial of a capital offense the jury shall first hear all the admissible evidence offered on the charge or charges against the defendant. It shall then determine whether the defendant is guilty of the capital offense or offenses with which he is charged or of any lesser included offense or offenses considered pursuant to Section 13A-5-41.
- "(b) If the defendant is found not guilty of the capital offense or offenses with which he is charged, and not guilty of any lesser included offense or offenses considered pursuant to Section 13A-5-41, the defendant shall be discharged.
- "(c) If the defendant is found not guilty of the capital offense or offenses with which he is charged, and is found guilty of a lesser included offense or offenses considered pursuant to Section 13A-5-41, sentence shall be determined and imposed as provided by law.
- "(d) If the defendant is found guilty of a capital offense or offenses with which he is charged, the sentence shall be determined as provided in Sections 13A-5-45 through 13A-5-53.
- 25 "\$13A-5-44.
  - "(a) The selection of the jury for the trial of a capital case shall include the selection of at least two

alternate jurors chosen according to procedures specified by law or court rule.

"(b) The separation of the jury during the pendency of the trial of a capital case shall be governed by applicable law or court rule.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the defendant with the consent of the state and with the approval of the court may waive the participation of a jury in the sentence hearing provided in Section 13A-5-46. Provided, however, before any such waiver is valid, it must affirmatively appear in the record that the defendant himself has freely waived his right to the participation of a jury in the sentence proceeding, after having been expressly informed of such right.

"\$15-18-100.

"When any defendant is convicted and sentenced to death or to imprisonment in the penitentiary, the presiding judge, if he is of the opinion that such defendant should be pardoned, may postpone the execution of the sentence for such time as may appear necessary to obtain the action of the Governor on an application for commutation of the death sentence and action of the Board of Pardons and Paroles on an application for pardon."

Section 2. This act shall apply to death sentences imposed before and after the effective date of this act. All existing death sentences imposed prior to the effective date

- of this act shall be commuted to life imprisonment without 1 2 parole. 3 Section 3. All laws or parts of laws which conflict with this act are repealed. Specifically, Sections 13A-5-45, 4 13A-5-46, 13A-5-47, 13A-5-48, 13A-5-49, 13A-5-50, 13A-5-51, 5 13A-5-52, 13A-5-53, 13A-5-55, and 13A-5-59 of, and Article 5 6 7 (commencing with Section 15-18-80) of Chapter 18 of Title 15 of the Code of Alabama 1975, are repealed. 8
- 9 Section 4. This act shall become effective 10 immediately following its passage and approval by the 11 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.