- 1 HB42
- 2 196919-2
- 3 By Representative England
- 4 RFD: County and Municipal Government
- 5 First Read: 05-MAR-19
- 6 PFD: 02/14/2019

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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under current law, the state and many
9		counties and municipalities impose sales or use
10		taxes upon certain persons, firms, or corporations.
11		Sales and use taxes levied by counties and
12		municipalities are collected and administered in
13		the same manner as the state sales and use taxes,
14		except for the tax rate. Items subject to the sales
15		and use tax levied by the state are generally
16		subject to local sales and use taxes. Counties and
17		municipalities do not have the authority to
18		establish a reduced sales tax rate for individual
19		items or exempt items from local sales and use tax.
20		This bill would authorize the local
21		governing body of certain counties or
22		municipalities, to reduce or eliminate their local
23		sales and use tax rate on food.
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25		A BILL
26		TO BE ENTITLED
27		AN ACT

Regarding local sales and use taxes; to authorize
the local governing body of certain counties or
municipalities, to reduce or eliminate their local sales and

use tax rate on food; and to provide an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. For the purposes of this act, the following terms are defined as followed:

- (1) ELIGIBLE LOCAL GOVERNMENT. A county or municipality in Alabama that levies a local sales and use tax and does not utilize the Alabama Department of Revenue or their services to collect the local tax.
- (2) FOOD. Food as defined in 7 U.S.C §2011, et seq., for the purposes of the federal Supplemental Nutrition

  Assistance Program regardless of where or by what means food is sold. If the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance

  Program definition no longer exists, the Legislature shall provide a new definition of food by general law.
- (3) LOCAL GOVERNING BODY. The county commission or city council of an eligible local government.
- (4) LOCAL SALES TAX. A tax levied by an eligible local government pursuant to a general or local act, or resolution on the gross sales or receipts from the sale of tangible personal property.
- (5) LOCAL USE TAX. A tax levied by an eligible local government pursuant to a general or local act, or resolution

on the storage, use, or other consumption of tangible personal property.

Section 2. (a) The local governing body of an eligible local government, may at any time reduce or eliminate their local sales and use tax rate on food provided, that the proposal shall have been (1) proposed by the local governing body after a public hearing on the issue, and (2) approved by resolution of the local governing body. Any reduction or elimination of the local sales and use tax rate on food made pursuant to this section, shall not become effective until the fiscal year following approval of the resolution by the local governing body.

(b) A local governing body of an eligible local government that reduces or eliminates their local sales and use tax rate on food may subsequently increase the rate or levy a new tax on food by following the process outlined in subsection (a) above.

Section 3. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming a law.