- 1 HB176
- 2 197311-1
- 3 By Representative Clouse
- 4 RFD: Ways and Means General Fund
- 5 First Read: 19-MAR-19

1	197311-1:n:03/11/2019:LSA-TM/jmb
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8	SYNOPSIS: Currently, the private hospital assessment
9	and Medicaid funding program will terminate at the
10	end of fiscal year 2019.
11	This bill will extend the private hospital
12	assessment and Medicaid funding program for fiscal
13	years 2020, 2021, and 2022.
14	
15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
18	
19	To amend Sections 40-26B-71, 40-26B-73, 40-26B-77.1,
20	40-26B-79, 40-26B-80, 40-26B-81, 40-26B-82, 40-26B-84,
21	40-26B-85, and 40-26B-88, Code of Alabama 1975, to extend the
22	private hospital assessment and Medicaid funding program for
23	fiscal years 2020, 2021, and 2022.
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
25	Section 1. Sections 40-26B-71, 40-26B-73,
26	40-26B-77.1, 40-26B-79, 40-26B-80, 40-26B-81, 40-26B-82,

40-26B-84, 40-26B-85, and 40-26B-88, Code of Alabama 1975, are
 amended to read as follows:

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"§40-26B-71.

"(a) For state fiscal years 2019 2020, 2021, and 4 5 2022, an assessment is imposed on each privately operated hospital in the amount of 5.75 6.00 percent of net patient 6 7 revenue in fiscal year 2016 2017, which shall be reviewed and 8 updated, annually subject to limitations in this Article on 9 the use of funds in the Hospital Assessment Account. The 10 assessment is a cost of doing business as a privately operated hospital in the State of Alabama. Annually, the Medicaid 11 Agency shall make a determination of whether changes in 12 13 federal law or regulation have adversely affected hospital Medicaid reimbursement during the most recently completed 14 15 fiscal year, or a reduction in payment rates has occurred. If the agency determines that adverse impact to hospital Medicaid 16 17 reimbursement has occurred, or will occur, the agency shall 18 report its findings to the Chairman of the House Ways and 19 Means General Fund Committee who shall propose an amendment to 20 Article 5, of chapter Chapter 26B, Title 40 Code of Alabama 21 1975 during any legislative session prior to the start of the 22 upcoming fiscal year from the year the report was made, to 23 address the adverse impact. The assessment imposed on each 24 private hospital under this section shall be reduced pro rata, 25 if the total disproportionate share allotment for all 26 hospitals is reduced before or during the 2019 2022 fiscal year, as a result of any action by Alabama Medicaid Agency or 27

the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, and only to
 the extent that the Hospital Assessment Account is more than
 necessary to fund some or all hospital payments under the
 Article.

5 "(b)(1) For state fiscal years 2019 2020, 2021, and 2022, net patient revenue shall be determined using the data 6 7 from each private hospital's fiscal year ending 2016 2017 8 Medicare Cost Report contained in the Centers for Medicare and 9 Medicaid Services Healthcare Cost Information System, which 10 shall be reviewed and updated annually subject to limitations in this Article on the use of funds in the Hospital Assessment 11 12 Account. (2) The Medicare Cost Report for 2016 2017 for each 13 private hospital, which shall be reviewed and updated 14 annually, shall be used for fiscal years 2019 2020, 2021, and 15 2022. If the Medicare Cost Report is not available in Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Healthcare Cost Report 16 Information System, the hospital shall submit a copy to the 17 18 department to determine the hospital's net patient revenue for fiscal year 2016 <u>2017</u>. 19

20 "(3) (2) If a privately operated hospital commenced 21 operations after the due date for a 2016 2017 Medicare Cost 22 Report, the hospital shall submit its most recent Medicare 23 Cost Report to the department in order to allow the department 24 to determine the hospital's net patient revenue.

"(c) This article does not authorize a unit of
county or local government to license for revenue or impose a

1 tax or assessment upon hospitals or a tax or assessment
2 measured by the income or earnings of a hospital.

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"§40-26B-73.

4 "(a)(1) There is created within the Health Care
5 Trust Fund referenced in Article 3, Chapter 6, Title 22, a
6 designated account known as the Hospital Assessment Account.

7 "(2) The hospital assessments imposed under this
8 article shall be deposited into the Hospital Assessment
9 Account.

10 "(3) If the Medicaid Agency begins making payments 11 under Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, while Act 2017-382 is in 12 force, the hospital intergovernmental transfers imposed under 13 this article shall be deposited into the Hospital Assessment 14 Account.

15 "(b) Moneys in the Hospital Assessment Account shall 16 consist of:

17 "(1) All moneys collected or received by the 18 department from privately operated hospital assessments 19 imposed under this article;

"(2) Any interest or penalties levied in conjunction
with the administration of this article; and

"(3) Any appropriations, transfers, donations,
gifts, or moneys from other sources, as applicable; and

"(4) If the Medicaid Agency begins making payments
under Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, while Act 2017-382 is in
force, all moneys collected or received by the department from

publicly owned and state-owned hospital intergovernmental
 transfers imposed under this article.

"(c) The Hospital Assessment Account shall be
separate and distinct from the State General Fund and shall be
supplementary to the Health Care Trust Fund.

6 "(d) Moneys in the Hospital Assessment Account shall 7 not be used to replace other general revenues appropriated and 8 funded by the Legislature or other revenues used to support 9 Medicaid.

10 "(e) The Hospital Assessment Account shall be exempt 11 from budgetary cuts, reductions, or eliminations caused by a 12 deficiency of State General Fund revenues to the extent 13 permissible under Amendment 26 to the Constitution of Alabama 14 of 1901, now appearing as Section 213 of the Official 15 Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as 16 amended.

17 "(f)(1) Except as necessary to reimburse any funds 18 borrowed to supplement funds in the Hospital Assessment 19 Account, the moneys in the Hospital Assessment Account shall 20 be used only as follows:

21 "a. To make public, private, and state inpatient and22 outpatient hospital payments.

23 "b. To reimburse moneys collected by the department24 from hospitals through error or mistake or under this article.

(2)a. The Hospital Assessment Account shall retainaccount balances remaining each fiscal year.

"b. On September 30, 2014 and each year thereafter, 1 2 any positive balance remaining in the Hospital Assessment Account which was not used by Alabama Medicaid to obtain 3 federal matching funds and paid out for hospital payments, 4 shall be factored into the calculation of any new assessment 5 6 rate by reducing the amount of hospital assessment funds that 7 must be generated during the next fiscal year. If there is no new assessment beginning October 1, 2019 2022, the funds 8 remaining shall be refunded to the hospital that paid the 9 10 assessment or made an intergovernmental transfer in proportion to the amount remaining. 11

"(3) A privately operated hospital shall not be 12 13 guaranteed that its inpatient and outpatient hospital payments will equal or exceed the amount of its hospital assessment. 14 15

"§40-26B-77.1.

"(a) Beginning on October 1, 2016, and ending on 16 September 30, 2019 2022, publicly owned and state-owned 17 18 hospitals will begin making intergovernmental transfers to the Medicaid Agency. If Medicaid begins making payments pursuant 19 20 to Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on or before September 30, 21 2019, the amount of these intergovernmental transfers shall be 22 calculated for each hospital using a pro-rata basis based on the hospitals IGT contribution for FY 2018 in relation to the 23 24 total IGT for FY 2018. Total IGTs for any given fiscal year 25 shall not exceed \$333,434,048 with the exception of an adjustment as described in subsection (d) and to the extent 26 adjustments are required to comply with federal regulations or 27

terms of any waiver issued by the federal government relating 1 2 to the state's Medicaid program. The total intergovernmental transfers shall equal and shall not exceed the amount of state 3 funds necessary for the Medicaid Agency to obtain only those 4 5 federal matching funds necessary to pay publicly owned and state-owned hospitals for hospital payments. If Medicaid does 6 7 not begin making payments pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on or before September 30, 2019 2022, the total 8 intergovernmental transfers shall equal the amount of state 9 10 funds necessary for the agency to obtain only those federal matching funds necessary to pay publicly owned and state-owned 11 hospitals for hospital payments. 12

"(b) These intergovernmental transfers shall be madein compliance with 42 U.S.C. §1396b.(w).

15 "(c) If a publicly or state-owned hospital commences 16 operations after October 1, 2013, the hospital shall commence 17 making intergovernmental transfers to the Medicaid Agency in 18 the first full month of operation of the hospital after 19 October 1, 2013.

20 "(d) If Medicaid begins making payments pursuant to 21 Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on or before September 30, 22 2019, notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a private hospital that is subject to payment of the assessment 23 24 pursuant to this article at the beginning of a state fiscal 25 year, but during the state fiscal year experiences a change in 26 status so that it is subject to the intergovernmental transfer computed under this article, it shall continue to pay the same 27

1 amount as calculated in Section 40-26B-71, but in the form of 2 an intergovernmental transfer.

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"§40-26B-79.

"If Medicaid begins making payments pursuant to 4 5 Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on or before September 30, 6 2019, Medicaid shall pay hospitals as a base amount for state 7 fiscal year 2019, for inpatient services an APR-DRG payment 8 that is equal to the total modeled UPL submitted and approved 9 by CMS during fiscal year 2019. If Medicaid begins making 10 payments pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on a date other than the first day of fiscal year 2019, there shall be 11 12 no retroactive adjustment to payments already made to 13 hospitals in accordance with the approved State Plan. If approved by CMS, Medicaid shall publish the APR-DRG rates for 14 15 each hospital prior to September 30, 2018. If Medicaid does not begin making payments pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 6, 16 17 Article 9, on or before September 30, 2019 2022, Medicaid 18 shall pay hospitals as a base amount for fiscal years 2019 2020, 2021, and 2022, the total inpatient payments made by 19 Medicaid during state fiscal year 2007, divided by the total 20 21 patient days paid in state fiscal year 2007, multiplied by 22 patient days paid during fiscal years 2019 2020, 2021, and 23 2022. This payment to be paid using Medicaid's published check 24 write table is in addition to any hospital access payments 25 Medicaid may elect to pay hospitals inpatient payments other 26 than per diems and access payments, if Medicaid does not make payments pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9 in fiscal 27

year 2019, only if the Hospital Services and Reimbursement
 Panel approves the change in Hospital Payments.

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"§40-26B-80.

"If Medicaid begins making payments pursuant to 4 Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on or before September 30, 5 6 2019, Medicaid shall pay hospitals as a base amount for fiscal 7 year 2019 for outpatient services based upon a fee for service and access payments or OPPS schedule. If Medicaid begins 8 9 making payments pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on 10 a date other than the first day of fiscal year 2019 2022, there shall be no retroactive adjustment to payments already 11 12 made to hospitals in accordance with the approved State Plan.

"Should Medicaid implement OPPS, the total amount
budgeted (total base rate) for OPPS shall not be less than the
total outpatient UPL.

"If Medicaid does not begin making payments pursuant 16 to Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on or before September 30, 17 18 2019, Medicaid shall pay hospitals as a base amount for fiscal year 2019 for outpatient services, based upon an outpatient 19 20 fee schedule in existence on September 30, 2018. Hospital 21 outpatient base payments shall be in addition to any hospital access payments or other payments described in this article. 22 "§40-26B-81. 23

"(a) If Medicaid begins making payments pursuant to
Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on or before September 30,
2019, to preserve and improve access to hospital services, for
hospital inpatient and outpatient services rendered on or

after October 1, 2018, Medicaid shall consider the published
 inpatient and outpatient rates as defined in Sections
 40-26B-79 and 40-26B-80 as the minimum payment allowed.

"(b) If Medicaid does not begin making payments 4 5 pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 6, Article 9, on or before September 30, 2019, the aggregate hospital access payment 6 7 amount is an amount equal to the upper payment limit, less total hospital base payments determined under this article. 8 All publicly, state-owned, and privately operated hospitals 9 10 shall be eligible for inpatient and outpatient hospital access payments for fiscal years 2019 2020, 2021, and 2022, as set 11 forth in this article. 12

13 "(1) In addition to any other funds paid to 14 hospitals for inpatient hospital services to Medicaid 15 patients, each eligible hospital shall receive inpatient 16 hospital access payments each state fiscal year. Publicly and 17 state-owned hospitals shall receive total payments, including 18 hospital base payments, that, in the aggregate, equal the upper payment limit for publicly and state-owned hospitals, 19 20 until the Hospital Assessment Account is exhausted. Privately 21 operated hospitals shall receive total payments, including 22 hospital base payments that, in the aggregate, equal the upper payment limit for privately operated hospitals, until the 23 24 Hospital Assessment Account is exhausted. Any intergovernmental transfers and hospital provider taxes shall 25 be used only as moneys paid to hospitals. 26

"(2) Inpatient hospital access payments shall be
 made on a quarterly basis.

"(3) In addition to any other funds paid to 3 hospitals for outpatient hospital services to Medicaid 4 5 patients, each eligible hospital shall receive outpatient 6 hospital access payments each state fiscal year. Publicly and 7 state-owned hospitals shall receive payments, including 8 hospital base payments, that, in the aggregate, equal the 9 upper payment limit for publicly and state-owned hospitals, 10 until the Hospital Assessment Account is exhausted. Privately operated hospitals shall receive payments, including hospital 11 12 base payments that, in the aggregate, equal the upper payment 13 limit for privately operated hospitals, until the Hospital 14 Assessment Account is exhausted.

15 "(4) Outpatient hospital access payments shall be16 made on a quarterly basis.

17 "(c) A hospital access payment shall not be used to 18 offset any other payment by Medicaid for hospital inpatient or 19 outpatient services to Medicaid beneficiaries, including, 20 without limitation, any fee-for-service, per diem, private or 21 public hospital inpatient adjustment, or hospital cost 22 settlement payment.

"(d) The specific hospital payments for publicly, state-owned, and privately operated hospitals shall be described in the state plan amendment to be submitted to and approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. "\$40-26B-82. 1 "(a) The assessment imposed under this article shall 2 not take effect or shall cease to be imposed and any moneys 3 remaining in the Hospital Assessment Account in the Alabama 4 Medicaid Program Trust Fund shall be refunded to hospitals in 5 proportion to the amounts paid by them if any of the following 6 occur:

"(1) Expenditures for hospital inpatient and
outpatient services paid for by the Alabama Medicaid Program
for fiscal years 2019 2020, 2021, and 2022, are less than the
amount paid during fiscal year 2017. Reimbursement rates under
this article for fiscal years 2019 2020, 2021, and 2022, are
less than the rates approved by CMS in Sections 40-26B-79 and
40-26B-80.

14 "(2) Medicaid makes changes in its rules that reduce 15 hospital inpatient payment rates, outpatient payment rates, or 16 adjustment payments, including any cost settlement protocol, 17 that were in effect on September 30, 2018 <u>2019</u>.

18 "(3) The inpatient or outpatient hospital access 19 payments required under this article are changed or the 20 assessments imposed or certified public expenditures, or 21 intergovernmental transfers recognized under this article are 22 not eligible for federal matching funds under Title XIX of the 23 Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §1396 et seq., or 42 U.S.C. 24 §1397aa et seq.

25 "(4) The Medicaid Agency contracts with an alternate 26 care provider in a Medicaid region under any terms other than 27 the following:

"a. If a regional care organization or alternate 1 2 care provider failed to provide adequate service pursuant to its contract, or had its certification terminated, or if the 3 Medicaid Agency could not award a contract to a regional care 4 5 organization under its quality, efficiency, and cost 6 conditions, or if no organization had been awarded a regional 7 care organization certificate by October 1, 2016, or the date of extension as set out in Act No. 2016-377, then the Medicaid 8 9 Agency shall first offer a contract, to resume interrupted 10 service or to assume service in the region, under its quality, efficiency and cost conditions to any other regional care 11 organization that Medicaid judged would meet its quality 12 13 criteria.

14 "b. If by October 1, 2014, no organization had a 15 probationary regional care organization certification in a 16 region. However, the Medicaid Agency could extend the deadline until January 1, 2015, if it judged an organization was making 17 18 reasonable progress toward getting probationary certification. If Medicaid judged that no organization in the region likely 19 20 would achieve probationary certification by January 1, 2015, 21 then the Medicaid Agency shall let any organization with 22 probationary or full regional care organization certification 23 apply to develop a regional care organization in the region. 24 If at least one organization made such an application, the 25 agency no sooner than October 1, 2015, would decide whether any organization could reasonably be expected to become a 26

1 fully certified regional care organization in the region and 2 its initial region.

"c. If an organization lost its probationary certification before October 1, 2016, or the date of the extension as set out in Act No. 2016-377, Medicaid shall offer any other organization with probationary or full regional care organization certification, which it judged could successfully provide service in the region and its initial region, the opportunity to serve Medicaid beneficiaries in both regions.

10 "d. Medicaid may contract with an alternate care provider only if no regional care organization accepted a 11 contract under the terms of paragraph a., or no organization 12 13 was granted the opportunity to develop a regional care organization in the affected region under the terms of 14 15 paragraph b., or no organization was granted the opportunity to serve Medicaid beneficiaries under the terms of paragraph 16 17 с.

18 "e. The Medicaid Agency may contract with an 19 alternate care provider under the terms of paragraph d. only 20 if, in the judgment of the Medicaid Agency, care of Medicaid 21 enrollees would be better, more efficient, and less costly 22 than under the then existing care delivery system. Medicaid 23 may contract with more than one alternate care provider in a 24 Medicaid region.

25 "f.1. If the Medicaid Agency were to contract with 26 an alternate care provider under the terms of this section, 27 that provider would have to pay reimbursements for hospital inpatient or outpatient care at rates at least equal to those published as of October 1, 2017, pursuant to Sections 40-26B-79 and 40-26B-80.

4 "2. If more than a year had elapsed since the
5 Medicaid Agency directly paid reimbursements to hospitals, the
6 minimum reimbursement rates paid by the alternate care
7 provider would have to be changed to reflect any percentage
8 increase in the national medical consumer price index minus
9 100 basis points.

10 "(b)(1) The assessment imposed under this article 11 shall not take effect or shall cease to be imposed if the 12 assessment is determined to be an impermissible tax under 13 Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §1396 et seq.

14 "(2) Moneys in the Hospital Assessment Account in 15 the Alabama Medicaid Program Trust Fund derived from assessments imposed before the determination described in 16 subdivision (1) shall be disbursed under this article to the 17 18 extent federal matching is not reduced due to the impermissibility of the assessments, and any remaining moneys 19 20 shall be refunded to hospitals in proportion to the amounts 21 paid by them.

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"§40-26B-84.

"This article shall be of no effect if federal
financial participation under Title XIX of the Social Security
Act is not available to Medicaid at the approved federal
medical assistance percentage, established under Section 1905

of the Social Security Act, for the state fiscal years 2019
 2020 2021, and 2022.

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"§40-26B-85.

"Except for Medicaid expansion under the Affordable 4 5 Care Act; as amended, If if Medicaid elects to liberalize the 6 eligibility criteria for individuals who apply for Medicaid 7 services or to expand or increase the medical assistance benefits as defined in Title XIX of the Social Security Act 8 9 which it currently provides to Medicaid beneficiaries, the 10 state share of such funds necessary to increase medical assistance benefits or allow more persons to become eligible 11 12 for Medicaid shall only be appropriated from the State General 13 Fund and not from any funds produced or segregated for 14 hospital payments under this article.

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"§40-26B-88.

16 "This article shall automatically terminate and 17 become null and void by its own terms on September 30, 2019 18 <u>2022</u>, unless a later act is enacted extending the article to 19 future state fiscal years."

20 Section 2. This act shall become effective on 21 October 1, 2019.