- 1 HB180
- 2 201282-2
- 3 By Representatives Robertson, Estes, Stringer, Simpson,
- 4 Reynolds, Polizos and Ball
- 5 RFD: Judiciary
- 6 First Read: 19-MAR-19

1	
2	ENROLLED, An Act,
3	Relating to crime victims' compensation; to repeal
4	Division 2 (commencing with Section 41-9-80) and to add
5	Division 2A (commencing with Section 41-9-80.1) to Article 4
6	of Chapter 9 of the Code of Alabama 1975; to establish Lisa's
7	Law; to provide a procedure for collecting certain funds and
8	property paid to or intended to be paid to an individual
9	convicted of certain crimes; to provide notice requirements to
10	the payor of the funds or property; to authorize certain crime
11	victims or the Securities Commission, on behalf of the crime
12	victims, to apply for civil compensation and other civil
13	remedies arising from the commission of the crime.
14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
15	Section 1. Division 2 (commencing with Section
16	41-9-80) of Article 4 of Chapter 9 of Title 41 of the Code of
17	Alabama 1975, is repealed.
18	Section 2. Division 2A (commencing with Section
19	41-9-80.1) is added to Article 4 of Chapter 9 of Title 41 of
20	the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:
21	Division 2A. Victims of Crimes.
22	§41-9-80.1.
23	This division shall be known and may be cited as
24	Lisa's Law.

§41-9-80.2.

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1		As used	in	this	division,	the	following	terms	shall
2	have the	followin	g me	eanin	gs:				

- 3 (1) CONVICTED INDIVIDUAL. An individual convicted of 4 a specified crime or a representative of the individual.
- 5 (2) EARNED INCOME. Income derived from an
  6 individual's own labor or active participation in a business.
  7 The term does not include income from dividends or
  8 investments.

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- (3) FUNDS OF A CONVICTED INDIVIDUAL. Funds and property received from any source by a convicted individual. The term includes funds that a superintendent, sheriff, municipal official, or other correctional official receives on behalf of a convicted individual and deposits into the individual's inmate or prisoner account to the credit of the individual. The term does not include funds from child support payments and earned income, except any income defined as profits from a crime under subdivision (5).
- (4) PERSON. An individual, corporation, estate, partnership, association, or other legal entity, or representative of such. The term does not include the state, a political subdivision of the state, or an individual who is a superintendent, sheriff, municipal official, or other correctional official required to give notice by this division.
  - (5) PROFITS FROM A CRIME. Any of the following:

L		a.	Property	or	income	of a	a con	victed	individual	that
2	the indivi	idua	l obtaine	ed c	or gene	rate	d from	n the	commission	of
3	the crime	of	which the	⊃ ir	ndividua	a ] w.	as coi	nvicte	А	

- b. Property or income that a convicted individual obtained or generated from the sale, conversion, or exchange of proceeds of a specified crime of which the individual was convicted.
- c. Property or income generated as a result of having committed a specified crime of which a convicted individual was convicted, including through the use of unique knowledge obtained during the commission of, or in preparation for, the commission of a specified crime, as well as any property or income obtained or generated from the sale, conversion, or exchange of the property.
- d. Property obtained by or income generated from the reenactment of a specified crime, by way of a movie, book, magazine, radio, or television presentation, live entertainment, or from any other written or verbal expression of the individual's thoughts, feelings, opinions, or emotions regarding the crime.
- (6) REPRESENTATIVE. A person who represents or stands in the place of another person, including, but not limited to, an agent, assignee, attorney, guardian, committee, conservator, partner, receiver, administrator, executor or

L	heir	of	another	person,	third-party	beneficiary,	or	parent	of
2	a mir	nor.	_						

- 3 (7) SECURITIES COMMISSION. The Alabama Securities 4 Commission.
  - (8) SPECIFIED CRIME. A felony offense involving moral turpitude, as described in Section 17-3-30.1, where the victim was a resident of this state at the time of the offense or the act or acts constituting the offense occurred in whole or in part of this state.
    - (9) VICTIM OF A CRIME. Any of the following:
    - a. A victim of a specified crime.
    - b. If the victim of a specified crime is deceased:
    - 1. The surviving spouse of the victim.
  - 2. If there is no surviving spouse, the next surviving person or surviving group of people in the order of intestate succession as listed in Section 43-8-42.

17 \$41-9-80.3.

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(a) A person that knowingly contracts for, pays for, or agrees to pay to a convicted individual profits from the crime or to the representative of the individual, shall give written notice to the Securities Commission of the payment or obligation to pay as soon as practicable after discovering that the payment or intended payment constitutes profits from a crime or funds of a convicted individual.

(b) (1) A superintendent, sheriff, municipal official, or other correctional official shall also give written notice to the Securities Commission of any payment or obligation to pay subject to the notice requirements of subsection (a) if he or she receives or will receive funds, the combined or aggregate value of which exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000), on behalf of a convicted individual who is serving a sentence with the Alabama Department of Corrections or is otherwise confined at a local correctional facility and deposits or will deposit the funds into an inmate or prisoner account to the credit of the individual.

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- (2) Whenever the state or a political subdivision of the state makes a payment or has an obligation to pay funds of a convicted individual and the value, combined value, or aggregate value of the funds exceeds or will exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), the state or political subdivision of the state shall also give written notice to the Securities Commission.
- (3) In all other instances where the payment or obligation to pay involves funds of a convicted individual and the value, combined value, or aggregate value of the funds exceeds or will exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), the convicted individual who receives or will receive the funds, or the representative of the individual, shall give written notice to the Securities Commission.

1	\$41-9-80.4.	
<b>T</b>	N41-7-00.4.	

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a victim of a crime may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover restitution or money damages, or both, from the convicted individual who committed the crime or the individual's representative.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a judgment obtained pursuant to this section is not subject to execution or enforcement against the first one thousand dollars (\$1,000) deposited into an inmate or prisoner account to the credit of an inmate.
- (c) In actions seeking relief pursuant to subsection (a), the claim must not be considered as having accrued until (1) the actual discovery of the profits or funds, or (2) actual notice received from or published by the Securities Commission of the discovery of the profits or funds, whichever occurs first, after which a victim of a crime must have five years within which to prosecute the action.

\$41-9-80.5.

Upon filing an action pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 41-9-80.4, the victim of a crime shall give notice to the Securities Commission of the filing by delivering a copy of the summons and complaint to the Securities Commission.

24 \$41-9-80.6.

L	(	(a) The Se	ecurities	Commission,	acting on	behalf	of a
2	victim of a	a crime, n	may apply	for any and	all provis	sional	
3	remedies th	nat are a	lso otherw	uise availab	le to the s	zictim.	

- (b) The provisional remedies of attachment, injunction, receivership, and notice of pendency available to the victim of the crime under existing law and the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure shall also be available to the Securities Commission in all actions under this division.
- (c) Upon the filing of a motion for a provisional remedy, the moving party shall state whether any other provisional remedy has previously been sought in the same action against the same defendant. The court may require the moving party to elect between those remedies to which it would otherwise be entitled.

\$41-9-80.7.

- (a) If a person knowingly and willfully fails to give notice in violation of Section 41-9-80.3, the Securities Commission, after notice and hearing pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, may impose an assessment of up to the amount of the payment or obligation to pay and a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or ten percent of the payment or obligation to pay, whichever is greater.
- (b)(1) If a person fails to pay the assessment and civil penalty imposed by subsection (a), the assessment and civil penalty may be recovered from the person by an action

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L	brought	bу	the	Securities	Commission	in	any	court	of	competent
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- (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an alleged failure by a convicted individual to give notice under Section 41-9-80.3 may not result in proceedings for an alleged violation of the conditions of probation, parole, conditional release, post release supervision, or supervised release, unless all of the following occur:
- a. A victim of a crime makes one or more claims pursuant to this division.
  - b. The Securities Commission imposes an assessment or penalty, or both, against the convicted individual pursuant to this division.
  - c. The convicted individual fails to pay the total amount of the assessment or penalty within 60 days of the imposition of the assessment or penalty.
- (c) The Securities Commission may recover, from any assessment or civil penalty imposed under subsection (a), the actual cost of investigation, negotiation, settlement, or prosecution of the violation for which penalty has been imposed. The expenses may include personnel costs, travel, per diem expenses, and any cost associated with retaining non-employee personnel to assist in collection or prosecution of the action.
- 25 \$41-9-80.8.

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1	(a)	The	Securities	Commission,	or	any	pers	son	
2	designated by	the	Securities	Commission,	may	do	any	of	the
3	following:								

- (1) Make public or private investigations, within or outside of the state, as deemed necessary to aid in the enforcement of this division.
  - (2) Require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the Security

    Commission may determine, as to all facts and circumstances relating to the matter being investigated.
  - (3) Publish information concerning a violation of this division.
  - (4) Administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, agreements, or other documents or records, in whatever form they may exist, that the Securities Commission deems relevant or material to an investigation.
  - (b) If a person fails to comply with a subpoena issued or refuses to appear, the Securities Commission may seek enforcement of the subpoena or order to appear in a court of competent jurisdiction.

23 \$41-9-80.9.

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The Securities Commission may retain any person or entity as required to implement and administer this division.

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1	Section 3. This act shall become effective
2	immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor, or
3	upon its otherwise becoming law

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4		Speaker of the House of Repr	esentatives
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6	F	President and Presiding Office	er of the Senate
7		House of Representative	es
8 9		ereby certify that the withired by the House 16-APR-19.	n Act originated in
10 11 12 13		Jeff Woodard Clerk	A
14			
15	Senate	31-MAY-19	Amended and Passed
16	House	31-MAY-19	Concurred in Sen- ate Amendment