- 1 SB113
- 2 197444-1
- 3 By Senator Ward
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 19-MAR-19

1	197444-1:n	n:03/05/2019:CNB*/bm LSA2019-662
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, a person charged with
9		and convicted for a misdemeanor criminal offense, a
10		traffic violation, a municipal ordinance violation,
11		or a nonviolent felony offense, and subsequently
12		pardoned for the offense, by the Alabama Board of
13		Pardons and Paroles, may not petition the circuit
14		court to have the criminal record and the
15		conviction expunged.
16		This bill would expand the expungement of
17		criminal records to provide for the expungement of
18		the criminal record and the conviction of a
19		pardoned offender, in certain circumstances.
20		This bill would establish that any person
21		whose record of conviction is expunged would not be
22		relieved from the effects of the habitual felony
23		offender law.
24		Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
25		of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the
26		Official Recompilation of the Constitution of
27		Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general

law whose purpose or effect would be to require a 1 2 new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local 3 governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of 5 specified exceptions; it is approved by the 6 7 affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 8 9 the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment.

However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

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A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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Relating to expungement; to amend Sections 15-27-1 and 15-27-2, as last amended by Act 2018-506, 2018 Regular Session, Code of Alabama 1975; to specify that a circuit court judge may order the expungement of a criminal record and conviction of a person subsequently pardoned for a conviction

1 of certain criminal offenses by the Alabama Board of Pardons 2 and Paroles, in certain circumstances; to provide for the expungement of the criminal record and the conviction of the 3 pardoned individual; to provide that any person whose record 4 5 of conviction is expunged would not be relieved from effects of the habitual felony offender law; and in connection 6 7 therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the 8 meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 9 10 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as 11 amended. 12

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Sections 15-27-1 and 15-27-2, as last amended by Act 2018-506, 2018 Regular Session, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

"\$15-27-1.

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"(a) A person who has been charged with a misdemeanor criminal offense, a violation, a traffic violation, or a municipal ordinance violation may file a petition in the criminal division of the circuit court in the county in which the charges were filed, to expunge records relating to the charge in any of the following circumstances:

- "(1) When the charge is dismissed with prejudice.
- "(2) When the charge has been no billed by a grand jury.

"(3) When the person has been found not guilty of the charge.

- "(4) When the charge was dismissed without prejudice more than two years ago, has not been refiled, and the person has not been convicted of any other felony or misdemeanor crime, any violation, or any traffic violation, excluding minor traffic violations, during the previous two years.
- "(5) When the person proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the person is a victim of human trafficking, that the person committed the misdemeanor criminal offense, violation, traffic violation, or municipal ordinance violation during the period the person was being trafficked, and that the person would not have committed the offense or violation but for being trafficked. Evidence that a person is a victim of human trafficking may include, but is not limited to, evidence that the person's trafficker was convicted of trafficking the person under Section 13A-6-152 or Section 13A-6-153.
- "(b) (1) A person who has been charged with and convicted for a misdemeanor criminal offense, a violation, a traffic violation, or a municipal ordinance violation may file a petition in the criminal division of the circuit court in the county in which the charges were filed, to expunge all records relating to the charge and the conviction, if all of the following occur:
- "a. The person has been subsequently pardoned for the conviction by the Alabama Board of Pardons and Paroles.

1	"b. All civil and political rights which were
2	forfeited as a result of the conviction have been restored.
3	"c. Five years have passed from the date of the
4	conviction.
5	"d. The conviction is not a serious traffic offense,
6	as defined in Sections 32-5A-190 to 32-5A-195, inclusive.
7	"e. The conviction is not a sex offense, as defined
8	in Section 15-20A-5.
9	"f. The conviction is not an offense involving moral
10	turpitude, as defined in Section 17-3-30.1.
11	"(2) Records related to offenses and convictions may
12	be disclosed to law enforcement agencies and prosecutorial
13	services for criminal investigation purposes, as provided in
14	<u>Section 15-27-7.</u>
15	"(3) Any person whose record of conviction is
16	expunged pursuant to this chapter is not relieved from the
17	effects of Section 13A-5-9, relating to habitual felony
18	offenders.
19	"(b) (c) The circuit court shall have exclusive
20	jurisdiction of a petition filed under subsection (a) $\underline{\text{or}}$
21	subsection (b).
22	"§15-27-2.
23	"(a) A person who has been charged with a felony
24	offense, except a violent offense as defined in Section
25	12-25-32, may file a petition in the criminal division of the
26	circuit court in the county in which the charges were filed,

to expunge records relating to the charge in any of the
following circumstances:

- 3 "(1) When the charge is dismissed with prejudice.
- "(2) When the charge has been no billed by a grand jury.
 - "(3)a. The charge was dismissed after successful completion of a drug court program, mental health court program, diversion program, veteran's court, or any court-approved deferred prosecution program after one year from successful completion of the program.
 - "b. Expungement may be a court-ordered condition of a program listed in paragraph a.
 - "(4) The charge was dismissed without prejudice more than five years ago, has not been refiled, and the person has not been convicted of any other felony or misdemeanor crime, any violation, or any traffic violation, excluding minor traffic violations, during the previous five years.
 - "(5) Ninety days have passed from the date of dismissal with prejudice, no-bill, acquittal, or nolle prosequi and the charge has not been refiled.
 - "(6) When the person proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the person is a victim of human trafficking, that the person committed the felony offense during the period the person was being trafficked, and that the person would not have committed the felony offense but for being trafficked. Evidence that a person is a victim of human trafficking may include, but is not limited to, evidence that the person's

trafficker was convicted of trafficking the person under

Section 13A-6-152 or Section 13A-6-153.

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- "(b) Subsection (a) notwithstanding, convictions for the following offenses, which are defined as a violent offense under subdivision (15) of Section 12-25-32, may be expunged upon a showing that the person committed the felony offense during the period the person was trafficked, and that the person would not have committed the felony offense but for being trafficked:
 - "(1) Promoting prostitution in the first degree pursuant to Section 13A-12-111.
 - "(2) Domestic violence in the third degree pursuant to subsection (d) of Section 13A-6-132.
 - "(3) Production of obscene matter involving a person under the age of 17 years pursuant to Section 13A-12-197.
 - "(c)(1) A person who has been charged with any felony offense, including a violent offense as defined in Section 12-25-32, may file a petition in the criminal division of the circuit court in the county in which the charges were filed to expunge records relating to the charge if the person has been found not guilty of the charge.
 - "(2) Records related to violent offenses as defined in Section 12-25-32 may be disclosed to a law enforcement agency for criminal investigation purposes as provided in Section 15-27-7.
 - "(d)(1) A person who has been charged with and convicted for a nonviolent felony offense may file a petition

1	in the criminal division of the circuit court in the county in
2	which the charges were filed, to expunge all records relating
3	to the charge and the conviction, if all of the following
4	occur:
5	"a. The person has been subsequently pardoned for
6	the conviction by the Alabama Board of Pardons and Paroles.
7	"b. All civil and political rights which were
8	forfeited as a result of the conviction have been restored.
9	"c. Fifteen years have passed from the date of the
10	conviction.
11	"d. The conviction is not a violent felony offense,
12	as defined in Section 12-25-32.
13	"e. The conviction is not a sex offense, as defined
14	in Section 15-20A-5.
15	"f. The conviction is not an offense involving moral
16	turpitude, as defined in Section 17-3-30.1.
17	"(2) Records related to offenses and convictions may
18	be disclosed to law enforcement agencies and prosecutorial
19	services for criminal investigation purposes as provided in
20	Section 15-27-7.
21	"(3) Any person whose record of conviction is
22	expunged pursuant to this chapter is not relieved from the
23	effects of Section 13A-5-9, relating to habitual felony
24	offenders.
25	"(d) (e) The circuit court shall have exclusive
26	jurisdiction of a petition filed under subsection (a) or ,
27	subsection (b), or subsection (c)

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its 1 2 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 3 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 4 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of 5 the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an 7 existing crime. 8 Section 3. This act shall become effective on the 10 first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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