- 1 SB262
- 2 198252-1
- 3 By Senator Holley
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 09-APR-19

198252-1:n:04/02/2019:ANS/tj LSA2019-523 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing law, there is no prohibition 8 SYNOPSIS: against leaving a domestic animal in a motor 9 10 vehicle unattended in a manner that creates an 11 unreasonable risk of injury or harm to the animal. 12 Also under existing law, there is no 13 specific provision that provides criminal immunity 14 to a person who rescues a domestic animal from an 15 unattended motor vehicle. 16 This bill would prohibit any person from leaving a domestic animal in a motor vehicle 17 18 unattended in a manner that creates an unreasonable 19 risk of injury or harm to the animal. 20 This bill would also provide criminal 21 immunity to a person who rescues a domestic animal 22 from an unattended motor vehicle. 23 This bill would provide civil and criminal 24 immunity to a public safety official who rescues an 25 animal from an unattended motor vehicle.

1This bill would also make it a crime to2leave a domestic animal in an unattended motor3vehicle under certain circumstances.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 4 5 1901 prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased 6 7 expenditure of local funds from becoming effective 8 with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one 9 10 of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature 11 12 appropriates funds, or provides a local source of 13 revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

14 The purpose or effect of this general law 15 would be to require a new or increased expenditure 16 of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621. 17 If this bill is not enacted by a 2/3 vote, it will 18 not become effective with regard to a local entity unless approved by the local entity or until, and 19 20 only as long as, the Legislature appropriates funds 21 or provides for a local source of revenue.

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A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

Relating to animals; to prohibit any person from 1 2 leaving a domestic animal in a motor vehicle unattended in a manner that creates an unreasonable risk of injury or harm to 3 the animal; to provide criminal immunity to a person who 4 5 rescues a domestic animal from an unattended motor vehicle; to provide civil and criminal immunity to a public safety 6 7 official who rescues an animal from an unattended motor vehicle; to amend Section 13A-11-241, Code of Alabama 1975, to 8 make it a crime to leave a domestic animal in an unattended 9 10 motor vehicle under certain circumstances; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement 11 of a new or increased expenditure of local funds. 12 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: Section 1. (a) As used in this section, the 14 15 following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) DOMESTIC ANIMAL. A dog, cat, or other vertebrate 16 animal that is kept, or intended to be kept, as a household 17 18 pet. The term does not include livestock or other farm animals as defined in Section 3-5-1, Code of Alabama 1975. 19 20 (2) MOTOR VEHICLE. As defined in Section 32-1-1.1, 21 Code of Alabama 1975. 22 (3) PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICIAL. An individual employed 23 by a law enforcement agency, fire department, or 911 emergency 24 service. 25 (b) No person shall leave a domestic animal in a motor vehicle unattended in a manner that creates an 26

Page 3

unreasonable risk of injury or harm to the animal. A vehicle

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that has an ambient interior temperature of 99 degrees
 Fahrenheit or less shall be presumed safe.

3 (c) A person who enters a motor vehicle by force or 4 otherwise at the direction of a public safety official, for 5 the purpose of removing a domestic animal from the vehicle 6 shall be immune from criminal liability for damage to the 7 motor vehicle if the person meets all of the following 8 requirements:

9 (1) Determines the motor vehicle is locked or there 10 is otherwise no reasonable method for the animal to exit the 11 motor vehicle without assistance.

(2) Has a good faith and reasonable belief, based
upon the known circumstances, that entry into the motor
vehicle is necessary because the animal is in imminent danger
of suffering harm.

16 (3) Contacts a public safety official before
17 entering the motor vehicle, provides information requested by
18 the public safety official, and remains in contact with the
19 public safety official until the animal is in a safe
20 condition.

(4) Uses no more force to enter the motor vehicleand remove the animal than is necessary.

(5) Remains with the animal in a safe location in
reasonable proximity to the motor vehicle until law
enforcement or other first responders arrive.

26 (6) Maintains control of the animal at all times to27 prevent harm to the animal or others.

Page 4

1 (d) If a person removes a domestic animal from a 2 motor vehicle pursuant to subsection (c) and the animal bites 3 or otherwise physically injures another person during the 4 course of the rescue effort, the owner of the domestic animal 5 shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for any 6 injuries sustained by the injured person.

Section 2. (a) A public safety official who has been
contacted by a person reporting a domestic animal in a motor
vehicle unattended in a manner that creates an unreasonable
risk of injury or harm to the animal shall do the following:

(1) Immediately dispatch a locksmith or towing company with vehicle lockout capabilities and attempt to make contact with a registered vehicle owner and the vehicle operator.

(2) Dispatch an available public safety official with the highest level of domestic animal experience. If no official with domestic animal experience is available, then the official shall consult with a veterinarian or K9 officer for assistance in determining the animal's condition.

20 (3) Attempt to make contact with the registered
21 vehicle owner and the vehicle operator.

(b) A public safety official, acting reasonably in
the course of his or her employment and pursuant to this act,
shall be immune from criminal liability and civil liability in
accordance with Section 36-1-12, Code of Alabama 1975.

26 Section 3. Section 13A-11-241, Code of Alabama 1975, 27 is amended to read as follows:

Page 5

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"§13A-11-241.

2 "(a) A person commits the crime of cruelty to a dog or cat in the first degree if he or she intentionally tortures 3 any dog or cat or skins a domestic dog or cat or offers for 4 5 sale or exchange or offers to buy or exchange the fur, hide, or pelt of a domestic dog or cat. Cruelty to a dog or cat in 6 7 the first degree is a Class C felony. A conviction for a felony pursuant to this section shall not be considered a 8 felony for purposes of the Habitual Felony Offender Act, 9 10 Sections 13A-5-9 to 13A-5-10.1, inclusive. "(b) A person commits the crime of cruelty to a dog 11 or cat in the second degree if he or she, in a cruel manner, 12 13 overloads, overdrives, deprives of necessary sustenance or shelter, unnecessarily or cruelly beats, injuries, mutilates, 14 15 or causes the same to be done. Cruelty to a dog or cat in the second degree is a Class A misdemeanor. 16 17 "(c) A person commits the crime of cruelty to an 18 animal in the second degree if any of the following occurs: "(1) He or she is the owner of a domestic animal, as 19 20 defined in Section 1 of the act adding this amendatory 21 language, and the animal is left unattended in a motor vehicle 22 in a manner that creates an unreasonable risk of injury or 23 harm to the animal. 24 "(2) The animal is deceased as a result of being 25 left unattended in a motor vehicle. 26 "(3) The ambient interior temperature of the motor vehicle is greater than 99 degrees Fahrenheit, the animal's 27

internal temperature exceeds the heat exhaustion threshold for that species by one degree Fahrenheit, and the animal is exhibiting visible signs of heat stroke."

Section 4. All persons transporting a domestic 4 5 animal that has been rescued under subsection (c) of Section 13A-11-241, Code of Alabama 1975, shall prevent the animal 6 7 from suffering hypothermia or heat exhaustion. If an animal is transported in an exterior box that is not heated or cooled, 8 the vehicle operator shall physically check the animal for 9 10 signs of hypothermia or heat exhaustion every 30 minutes. If the animal displays signs of hypothermia or heat exhaustion, 11 12 the person shall transport the animal to a nearby 13 veterinarian.

14 Section 5. Although this bill would have as its 15 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 16 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 17 18 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the 19 20 bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an 21 existing crime.

22 Section 6. This act shall become effective on the 23 first day of the third month following its passage and 24 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

Page 7