- 1 HB425
- 2 197739-2
- 3 By Representatives Faulkner, Rowe, Givan, Garrett, Coleman,
- 4 Morris, Collins and Warren
- 5 RFD: Judiciary
- 6 First Read: 11-APR-19

1	ENGROSSED
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5 TO BE ENTITLED

6 AN ACT

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Relating to domestic violence; to amend Sections 13A-6-130, 13A-6-131, as last amended by Act 2018-538, 2018 Regular Session, 13A-6-132, 13A-6-134, 13A-6-138, 13A-6-142, 15-10-3, 15-13-190, 15-23-68, 30-5-2, 30-5-3, 30-5-5, and 30-5-8, Code of Alabama 1975, to clarify certain definitions; to further provide for requirements for sworn petitions for protection orders; to further provide for notice of hearing and service of process requirements; to further provide for fines and penalties for violations of protection orders and arrests without warrants for violations of protection orders; to clarify provisions relating to the release and bail of domestic violence offenders; and to revise provisions relating to domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation; to repeal Section 13A-6-139.1, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to definitions for certain domestic violence offenses; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the

A BILL

- 1 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901,
- 2 as amended.

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- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 3
- Section 1. Sections 13A-6-130, 13A-6-131, as last 4 5 amended by Act 2018-538, 2018 Regular Session, 13A-6-132, 13A-6-134, 13A-6-138, 13A-6-142, 15-10-3, 15-13-190, 15-23-68, 6 7 30-5-2, 30-5-3, 30-5-5, and 30-5-8, Code of Alabama 1975, are
- amended to read as follows: 8
- "\$13A-6-130. 9
 - "(a)(1) A person commits the crime of domestic violence in the first degree if the person commits the crime of assault in the first degree pursuant to Section 13A-6-20or; aggravated stalking pursuant to Section 13A-6-917; or burglary in the first degree pursuant to Section 13A-7-5 and the victim is a current or former spouse, parent, step-parent, child, step-child, any person with whom the defendant has a child in common, a present or former household member, or a person who has or had a dating relationship, as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, with the defendant.
 - "(2) For the purposes of this section, a household member excludes non-romantic or non-intimate co-residents, and a dating relationship means a current or former relationship of a romantic or intimate nature characterized by the expectation of affectionate or sexual involvement by either party.
 - "(b) Domestic violence in the first degree is a Class A felony, except that the defendant shall serve a

minimum term of imprisonment of one year without consideration of probation, parole, good time credits, or any other reduction in time for any second or subsequent conviction under this subsection.

"(b) (c) The minimum term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (a) (b) shall be double without consideration of probation, parole, good time credits, or any reduction in time if either of the following occur:

" $\underline{(1)}$ a \underline{A} defendant willfully violates a protection order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction and in the process of violating the order commits domestic violence in the first degree.

"(c) The minimum term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (a) shall be double without consideration of probation, parole, good time credits, or any reduction in time if the (2) The offense was committed in the presence of a child under the age of 14 years at the time of the offense, if the victim was the parent or legal guardian of the child who is the victim's child or step-child, the defendant's child or step-child, or who is a child residing in or visiting the household of the victim or defendant. For purposes of this subsection, "in the presence of a child" means in the physical presence of a child or having knowledge that a child is present and may see or hear the act that the child was in a position to see or hear the act.

"(d) The court shall make a written finding of fact, to be made part of the record upon conviction or adjudication,

of whether or not the act was committed in the presence of a child. If a defendant has a trial by jury, if the jury finds the defendant guilty, shall also find a special verdict as to whether or not the defendant committed the act in the presence of a child. If a defendant has a trial by jury and the jury finds the defendant guilty, the jury shall also render a special verdict as to whether or not the defendant committed the act in the presence of a child.

"\$13A-6-131.

"(a) (1) A person commits the crime of domestic violence in the second degree if the person commits the crime of assault in the second degree pursuant to Section 13A-6-21; the crime of intimidating a witness pursuant to Section 13A-10-123; the crime of stalking pursuant to Section 13A-6-90; the crime of burglary in the second or third degree pursuant to Sections 13A-7-6 and 13A-7-7; or the crime of criminal mischief in the first degree pursuant to Section 13A-7-21 and the victim is a current or former spouse, parent, step-parent, child, step-child, any person with whom the defendant has a child in common, a present or former household member, or a person who has or had a dating relationship, as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, with the defendant.

"(2) For the purposes of this section, a household member excludes non-romantic or non-intimate co-residents, and a dating relationship means a current or former relationship of a romantic or intimate nature characterized by the

"(b) Domestic violence in the second degree is a Class B felony, except the defendant shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of six months without consideration of probation, parole, good time credits, or any reduction in time for any second or subsequent conviction under this subsection.

"(b) (c) The minimum term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (a) (b) shall be double without consideration of probation, parole, good time credits, or any reduction in time if either of the following applies:

" $\underline{(1)}$ a \underline{A} defendant willfully violates a protection order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction and in the process of violating the order commits domestic violence in the second degree.

"(c) The minimum term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (a) shall be double without consideration of probation, parole, good time credits, or any reduction in time if the (2) The offense was committed in the presence of a child under the age of 14 years at the time of the offense, if the victim was the parent or legal guardian of the child who is the victim's child or step-child, the defendant's child or step-child, or who is a child residing in or visiting the household of the victim or defendant. For purposes of this subsection, "in the presence of a child means in the physical presence of a child or having knowledge that a child is

present and may see or hear the act that the child was in a position to see or hear the act.

"(d) The court shall make a written finding of fact, to be made part of the record upon conviction or adjudication, of whether or not the act was committed in the presence of a child. If a defendant has a trial by jury, if the jury finds the defendant guilty, shall also find a special verdict as to whether or not the defendant committed the act in the presence of a child. If a defendant has a trial by jury and the jury finds the defendant guilty, the jury shall also render a special verdict as to whether or not the defendant committed the act in the presence of a child.

"\$13A-6-132.

"(a) (1) A person commits domestic violence in the third degree if the person commits the crime of assault in the third degree pursuant to Section 13A-6-22; the crime of menacing pursuant to Section 13A-6-23; the crime of reckless endangerment pursuant to Section 13A-6-24; the crime of criminal coercion pursuant to Section 13A-6-25; the crime of harassment pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 13A-11-8; the crime of criminal surveillance pursuant to Section 13A-11-32; the crime of harassing communications pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 13A-11-8; the crime of criminal trespass in the third degree pursuant to Section 13A-7-4; the crime of criminal mischief in the second or third degree pursuant to Sections 13A-7-22 and 13A-7-23; or the crime of arson in the third degree pursuant to Section 13A-7-43; and the victim is a

current or former spouse, parent, <u>step-parent</u>, child,

<u>step-child</u>, any person with whom the defendant has a child in

common, a present or former household member, or a person who

has or had a dating relationship, as defined in Section

13A-6-139.1, with the defendant.

- "(2) For the purpose of this section, a household member excludes non-romantic or non-intimate co-residents, and a dating relationship means a current or former relationship of a romantic or intimate nature characterized by the expectation of affectionate or sexual involvement by either party.
 - "(b) Domestic violence in the third degree is a Class A misdemeanor. (b) The minimum term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (a) shall be 30 days without consideration of reduction in time if a defendant willfully violates a protection order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction and in the process of violating the order commits domestic violence in the third degree.
 - "(c) A second conviction under subsection (a) is a Class A misdemeanor, except the defendant shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 days in a city or county jail or detention facility without consideration for any reduction in time.
 - "(d) A third or subsequent conviction under subsection (a) is a Class C felony.
 - "(e) If the defendant has a previous conviction for domestic violence in the first degree pursuant to Section

1 13A-6-130, domestic violence in the second degree pursuant to
2 Section 13A-6-131, domestic violence by strangulation or
3 suffocation pursuant to Section 13A-6-138, or a domestic
4 violence conviction or other substantially similar conviction
5 from another state or jurisdiction, a conviction under

" $\frac{\text{(e)}}{\text{(f)}}$ For purposes of determining second, third, or subsequent number of convictions, convictions in municipal

court shall be included.

"\$13A-6-134.

<u>subsection (a)</u> is a Class C felony.

- "(a) If a law enforcement officer receives complaints of domestic violence from two or more opposing persons, or if both parties have injuries, the officer shall evaluate each complaint separately to determine who was the predominant aggressor. If the officer determines that one person was the predominant physical aggressor, that person may be arrested; however, a person who acts in a reasonable manner to protect himself or herself or another family or household member from domestic violence, as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, may not be arrested for a violation of Section 13A-6-130, 13A-6-131, or 13A-6-132, or 13A-6-138. In determining whether a person is the predominant aggressor the officer shall consider all of the following:
 - "(1) Prior complaints of domestic violence.
- "(2) The relative severity of the injuries inflicted on each person, including whether the injuries are offensive versus defensive in nature.

- 1 "(3) The likelihood of future injury to each person.
- "(4) Whether the person had reasonable cause to

 believe he or she was in imminent danger of becoming a victim

 of any act of domestic violence, as the terms are defined in

 Section 13A-6-139.1.
 - "(5) Whether one of the persons acted in self-defense.

- "(b) A law enforcement officer shall not threaten, suggest, or otherwise indicate the possible arrest of all parties to discourage the request for intervention by law enforcement by any party or base the decision to arrest or not to arrest on either of the following:
 - "(1) The specific consent or request of the victim.
- "(2) The officer's perception of the willingness of a victim of or witness to the domestic violence to testify or otherwise participate in a judicial proceeding.
- "(c)(1) In addition to victim information services required pursuant to Section 15-23-62, a law enforcement officer, at the time of initial investigation, shall give a victim of domestic violence, as those terms are defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, notice of the legal rights and remedies available on a standard form developed and distributed by the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency pursuant to subdivision (2).
- "(2) The agency shall develop a "Legal Rights and Remedies Notice to Victims" that includes a general summary of the provisions of the Protection From Domestic Violence Abuse

Act using language a layperson may understand and the statewide domestic violence hotline number, and shall distribute the notice to be used by all law enforcement agencies throughout the state.

"(d) A law enforcement officer is not liable in any civil action filed by any party for an arrest based on probable cause, enforcement of a court order, or service of process arising from an alleged incident of domestic violence, pursuant to Sections 36-1-12 and 6-5-338, as applicable.

"\$13A-6-138.

- "(a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:
- "(1) STRANGULATION. Intentionally causing asphyxia by closure or compression of the blood vessels or air passages of the neck as a result of external pressure on the neck.
- "(2) SUFFOCATION. Intentionally causing asphyxia by depriving a person of air or by preventing a person from breathing through the inhalation of toxic gases or by blocking or obstructing the airway of a person, by any means other than by strangulation.
- "(b) A person commits the crime of domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation if he or she commits an assault with intent to cause physical harm or commits the crime of menacing pursuant to Section 13A-6-23, by strangulation or suffocation or attempted strangulation or suffocation against a victim, as the term is defined in Section 13A-6-139.1 and the victim is a current or former

spouse, parent, step-parent, child, step-child, any person 1 2 with whom the defendant has a child in common, a present household member, or a person who has or had a dating 3 relationship. For the purpose of this section, a household 4 member excludes non-romantic or non-intimate co-residents, and a dating relationship means a current or former relationship 7 of a romantic or intimate nature characterized by the expectation of affectionate or sexual involvement by either party.

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- "(c) Domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation is a Class B felony punishable as provided by law. "\$13A-6-142.
- "(a) A violation of a domestic violence protection order is a Class A misdemeanor which shall be punishable as provided by law A person commits the crime of violation of a domestic violence protection order if the person knowingly commits any act prohibited by a domestic violence protection order or willfully fails to abide by any term of a domestic violence protection order.
- "(b) A violation of a domestic violence protection order is a Class A misdemeanor which shall be punishable as provided by law. A second conviction for violation of a domestic violence protection order, in addition to any other penalty or fine, shall be punishable by a minimum of 30 days imprisonment which may not be suspended. A third or subsequent conviction shall, in addition to any other penalty or fine, be

1	punishable by a minimum sentence of 120 days imprisonment
2	which may not be suspended is a Class C felony.
3	"(c) In addition to any other fine or penalty
4	provided by law, the court shall order the defendant to pay an
5	additional fine of fifty dollars (\$50) for a violation of
6	domestic violence protection order to be distributed to the
7	Domestic Violence Trust Fund, established by Section 30-6-11.
8	"§15-10-3.
9	"(a) An officer may arrest a person without a
10	warrant, on any day and at any time in any of the following
11	instances:
12	"(1) If a public offense has been committed or a
13	breach of the peace threatened in the presence of the officer.
14	"(2) When a felony has been committed, though not in
15	the presence of the officer, by the person arrested.
16	"(3) When a felony has been committed and the
17	officer has reasonable <u>probable</u> cause to believe that the
18	person arrested committed the felony.
19	"(4) When the officer has reasonable <u>probable</u> cause
20	to believe that the person arrested has committed a felony,
21	although it may afterwards appear that a felony had not in
22	fact been committed.
23	"(5) When a charge has been made, upon reasonable
24	<pre>probable cause, that the person arrested has committed a</pre>
25	felony.

warrant for the person's arrest for the commission of a felony

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"(6) When the officer has actual knowledge that a

or misdemeanor has been issued, provided the warrant was issued in accordance with this chapter. However, upon request the officer shall show the warrant to the arrested person as soon as possible. If the officer does not have the warrant in his or her possession at the time of arrest the officer shall inform the defendant of the offense charged and of the fact that a warrant has been issued.

- "(7) When the officer has reasonable probable cause to believe that a felony or misdemeanor has been committed by the person arrested in violation of a protection order, including a domestic violence protection order, including a domestic violence protection order or an elder abuse protection order, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- "(8) When an offense involves <u>a crime of</u> domestic violence as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, including domestic violence in the first degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-130, domestic violence in the second degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-131, domestic violence in the third degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-132, interference with a domestic violence emergency call, in violation of Section 13A-6-137, or domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation, pursuant to Section 13A-6-138, or elder abuse as defined in Section 38-9F-3, and the arrest is based on probable cause, regardless of whether the offense is a felony or misdemeanor.
- "(b) When a law enforcement officer investigates an allegation of domestic violence or elder abuse, whether or not an arrest is made, the officer shall make a written report of

the alleged incident, including a statement of the complaint, and the disposition of the case.

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"(c) If the defendant is arrested under this section for committing an act of domestic violence, including domestic violence in the first degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-130, domestic violence in the second degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-131, domestic violence in the third degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-132, interference with a domestic violence emergency call, in violation of Section 13A-6-137, or domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation, pursuant to Section 13A-6-138, in violation of a domestic violation protection order_ or an act of elder abuse in violation of an elder abuse protection order, the defendant shall be held in custody until brought before the court as expeditiously as possible within 48 hours for the purpose of enforcing the protection order and for consideration of bail in accordance with Section 15-13-190 and the applicable rules of criminal procedure, pending a hearing. If the defendant is not brought before the court within 48 hours, the defendant shall be subject to bail according to the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure.

"\$15-13-190.

"(a) A person arrested for an offense involving domestic violence as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, who strikes, shoves, kicks, or otherwise touches a victim, as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, or subjects him or her to physical contact, or is charged with domestic violence in the first degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-130, domestic violence

in the second degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-131, domestic violence in the third degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-132, interference with a domestic violence emergency call, in violation of Section 13A-6-137, or domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation, pursuant to Section 13A-6-138, or a violation of a domestic violence protection order, may not be admitted to bail until after an appearance before a judge or magistrate within 24 hours of the arrest, and if the person is not taken before a judge or magistrate within 24 hours of the arrest, he or she shall be released on bail afforded an opportunity to make bail in accordance with the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure. Prior to the release of the person, the judge or magistrate shall review the facts of the arrest to determine whether the person is a threat to the alleged victim, is a threat to public safety, and is reasonably likely to appear in court.

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"(b) The judge or magistrate shall make findings on the record concerning those determinations and may impose conditions of release or bail on the person to protect the alleged victim of domestic violence or the person protected by a protection order, and to ensure the appearance of the person at a subsequent court proceeding. The conditions may include, but need not be limited to, the following:

"(1) enjoining Enjoining the person from threatening to commit or committing acts of domestic violence against the alleged victim7.

"(2) a. restraining Restraining and enjoining the
defendant from contacting the victim, as described in Section

30-5-7;

"b. For the purposes of this subsection, contacting includes, but is not limited to, communicating with the victim verbally or in any written form, either in person, telephonically, electronically, or in any other manner, either directly or indirectly through a third person.

"(3) prohibiting Prohibiting the person from possessing a firearm or other weapon specified by the court, except when such weapon is necessary for employment as a peace officer or military personnel; and.

"(4) issuing Issuing any other order or modification of orders above required to protect the safety of the alleged victim or to ensure the appearance of the person in court.

"(c) If conditions of release are imposed, the judge or magistrate shall issue a written order for conditional release, immediately distribute a copy of the order to the law enforcement agency having custody of the arrested or charged person, place information pertaining to the order in the domestic violence protection order registry, and provide the law enforcement agency with any available information concerning the location of the alleged victim in a manner that protects the safety of the victim. Law enforcement shall provide a copy of the written order to the victim within 24 hours of receipt, provided that the victim provides law

enforcement with current and accurate contact information, in accordance with the process outlined in Section 30-5-8.

"(d) In cases in which the defendant has been placed on conditional release or bail pursuant to this section or is in violation of probation from an another case and is arrested on a probation violation warrant, a violation of written condition of release pursuant to this section, or a violation of a prior protection order, the court shall consider revocation of probation, conditional release, or bail. Should the court order continue probation, conditional release, or bail, the court shall order additional conditions imposed on the defendant to provide protection to the victim of domestic violence or the person protected by a protection order.

Additional conditions shall be included in a written order.

"(e) A person who willfully violates a condition of pretrial release provided in this section, when the original arrest was for an act of domestic violence as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, shall be subject to the penalties provided in Section 13A-6-142, and shall receive an enhanced penalty and additional sentence of imprisonment in accordance with Section 13A-6-142.

"\$15-23-68.

"The court shall provide a waiting area for the victim separate from the defendant, relatives of the defendant, and defense witnesses, if an area is available and the use of the area is practical. If a separate waiting area is not available, or its use impractical, the court shall

minimize contact of the victim with the defendant, relatives 1 2 of the defendant, and defense witnesses during court proceedings. For victims of domestic violence, as the terms 3 are defined in Sections 13A-6-139.1 and 30-5-2, if a separate 5 waiting area is not available, the presiding circuit judge shall create procedures so that the defendant has no contact 6 7 with the victim. "\$30-5-2. 8 9 "In this chapter, the following words shall have the 10 following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise: 11 "(1) ABUSE. An act of domestic violence committed 12 13 against a victim, which is any of the following: "a. Arson. Arson as defined under Sections 13A-7-40 14 15 to 13A-7-43, inclusive. "b. Assault. Assault as defined under Sections 16 13A-6-20 to 13A-6-22, inclusive. 17 18 "c. Attempt. With the intent to commit any crime 19 under this section or any other criminal act under the laws of 20 this state, performing any overt act towards the commission of 21 the offense Attempt as defined under Section 13A-4-2. 22 "d. Child Abuse. Torture or willful abuse of a child, aggravated child abuse, or chemical endangerment of a 23

"e. Criminal Coercion. Criminal coercion as defined under Section 13A-6-25.

26-15-1, of Title 26, known as the Alabama Child Abuse Act.

child as provided in Chapter 15, commencing with Section

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1	"f. Criminal Trespass. Entering or remaining in the
2	dwelling or on the premises of another after having been
3	warned not to do so either orally or in writing by the owner
4	of the premises or other authorized person Criminal trespass
5	as defined under Sections 13A-7-2 to 13A-7-4.1, inclusive.
6	"g. Harassment. Harassment as defined under Section
7	13A-11-8.
8	"h. Kidnapping. Kidnapping as defined under Sections
9	13A-6-43 and 13A-6-44.
10	"i. Menacing. Menacing as defined under Section
11	13A-6-23.
12	"j. Other Conduct. Any other conduct directed toward
13	a plaintiff covered by this chapter that could be punished as
14	a criminal act under the laws of this state.
15	"k. Reckless Endangerment. Reckless endangerment as
16	defined under Section 13A-6-24.
17	"l. Sexual Abuse. Any sexual offenses included in
18	Article 4, commencing with Section 13A-6-60, of Chapter 6 of
19	Title 13A.
20	"m. Stalking. Stalking as defined under Sections
21	13A-6-90 to 13A-6-94, inclusive.
22	"n. Theft. Knowingly obtaining or exerting
23	unauthorized control or obtaining control by deception over
24	property owned by or jointly owned by the plaintiff and
25	another. Theft includes theft Theft as defined under Sections
26	13A-8-1 to 13A-8-5, inclusive.

"o. Unlawful Imprisonment. Unlawful imprisonment as defined under Sections 13A-6-41 and 13A-6-42.

- "(2) COURT. A circuit court judge, a district court judge, or a district court judge appointed as a special circuit court judge appointed pursuant to Section 12-1-14 or 12-1-14.1. A law or a district court judge may be designated by a written standing order from the presiding circuit court judge to handle protection from abuse cases.
 - "(3) DATING RELATIONSHIP. <u>A relationship or former</u>

 relationship of a romantic or intimate nature characterized by

 the expectation of affectionate or sexual involvement by

 either party.
 - "a. A significant relationship of a romantic or intimate nature characterized by the expectation of affectionate or sexual involvement over a period of time and on a continuing basis during the course of the relationship.
 - "b. \underline{a} . A dating relationship includes the period of engagement to be married.
 - "e. b. A dating relationship does not include a casual or business relationship or a relationship that ended more than 12 months prior to the filing of the petition for a protection order.
 - "(4) PLAINTIFF. An individual who has standing to file a petition under Section 30-5-5.
 - "(5) PROTECTION ORDER. Any order of protection from abuse issued under this chapter for the purpose of preventing acts of abuse as defined in this chapter.

"(6) THREAT. Any word or action, expressed or 1 2 implied, made to cause the plaintiff to fear for his or her safety or for the safety of another person. 3 "(7) VICTIM. An individual who is related in any of 4 5 the following ways to the person who commits an act of abuse in any of the following ways: 6 7 "a. Is related by marriage to the defendant, 8 including a common law marriage. 9 "b. Had a. Has a current or former marriage or, 10 including common law marriage, with the defendant. "c. b. Has a child in common with the defendant 11 regardless of whether the victim and defendant have ever been 12 13 married and regardless of whether they are currently residing 14 or have in the past resided together in the same household. 15 "d. c. Has or had a dating relationship with the 16 defendant. A dating relationship does not include a casual or business relationship or a relationship that ended more than 17 18 12 months prior to the filing of the petition for a protection 19 order. 20 "e. d. Is a current or former household member. A 21 household member is a person maintaining or having maintained 22 a living arrangement with the defendant where he or she is in, 23 or was engaged in, a romantic or sexual relationship For purposes of this chapter, a household member excludes 24 25 non-romantic or non-intimate co-residents.

"f. e. A relative of a current or former household
member as defined in paragraph e. d. who also lived with the
defendant.

"g. f. An individual who is a parent, stepparent, child, or stepchild and who is in or has maintained a living arrangement with the defendant.

"\$30-5-3.

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- 8 "(a) The courts, as provided in this chapter, shall 9 have jurisdiction to issue protection orders.
 - "(b) A protection order may be requested in any pending civil or domestic relations action, as an independent civil action, or in conjunction with the preliminary, final, or post-judgment relief in a civil action.
- "(c) A petition for a protection order may be filed in any of the following locations:
 - "(1) Where the plaintiff or defendant resides.
 - "(2) Where the plaintiff is temporarily located if he or she has left his or her residence to avoid further abuse.
- "(3) Where the abuse occurred.
- "(4) Where a civil matter is pending before the court in which the plaintiff and the defendant are opposing parties.
 - "(d) When custody, visitation, or support, or a combination of them, of a child or children has been established in a previous court order in this state, or an action containing any of the issues above is pending in a

- court in this state in which the plaintiff and the defendant are opposing parties, a copy of any temporary ex parte protection order issued pursuant to this chapter and the case giving rise thereto should be transferred to the court of original venue of custody, visitation, or support for further disposition as soon as practical taking into account the safety of the plaintiff and any children.
 - "(e) A minimum period of residency of a plaintiff is not required to petition the court for an order of protection. "\$30-5-5.
 - "(a) The following persons have standing to file a sworn petition for a protection order under this chapter as a plaintiff:
 - "(1) A person who is at least 18 years old or is otherwise emancipated and is the victim of abuse, as defined in Section 30-5-2, or has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger of becoming the victim of any act of abuse.
 - "(2) A parent, legal guardian, next friend, or court appointed guardian ad litem, or the State Department of Human Resources may petition for relief on behalf of the following:
 - "a. A minor child.

- "b. Any person prevented by physical or mental incapacity from seeking a protection order.
- "(b) Standardized petitions for actions pursuant to this chapter shall be made available through the circuit clerks' offices around the state. The circuit clerk shall not

be required to provide assistance to persons in completing the forms or in presenting their case to the court.

"(c) A sworn petition shall allege the incidents of abuse, the specific facts and circumstances that form the basis upon which relief is sought, and that the plaintiff genuinely fears subsequent acts of abuse by the defendant.

With respect to a minor child who is living at home, the parent, legal guardian, or next friend seeking the protective order on behalf of the child shall:

"(1) Have been an eyewitness to, or have direct evidence or affidavits from eyewitnesses of, the specific facts and circumstances that form the basis upon which relief is sought, if the party against whom the protection order is sought is also a parent, stepparent, or legal guardian of the minor child; or

"(2) Have a reasonable cause to believe that the minor child is a victim of abuse to form the basis upon which relief is sought, if the party against whom the protection order is sought is a person other than a parent, stepparent, or legal guardian of a minor child.

"(d) The court shall not enter mutual orders. The court shall issue separate orders that specifically and independently state the prohibited behavior and relief granted in order to protect the victim and the victim's immediate family and to clearly provide law enforcement with sufficient directives.

"(e) Any plaintiff who files a petition under this chapter may do so through an attorney or may represent himself or herself pro se throughout the legal process outlined in this chapter, including, but not limited to, the filing of pleadings, motions, and any other legal documents with any court, and the appearance in ex parte and formal court proceedings on his or her behalf.

- "(f)(1) The following information shall not be contained on any court document made available to the public and the defendant by the circuit clerk's office: The plaintiff's home address and, if applicable, business address; a plaintiff's home telephone number and, if applicable, business telephone number; the home or business address or telephone number of any member of the plaintiff's family or household; or an address that would reveal the confidential location of a shelter for victims of domestic violence as defined in Section 30-6-1.
- "(2) If disclosure of the plaintiff's address, the address of any member of the plaintiff's family or household, or an address that would reveal the confidential location of a shelter for victims of domestic violence is necessary to determine jurisdiction or to consider a venue issue, it shall be made orally and in camera.
- "(3) If the plaintiff has not disclosed an address or telephone number under this section, the plaintiff shall satisfy one of the following requirements:

"a. Designate and provide to the court an
alternative address.

"b. Elect to substitute the business address and telephone number of his or her attorney of record in place of the address of the plaintiff on any court document.

"(g) No court costs and fees shall be assessed for the filing and service of a petition for a protection order, for the issuance or registration of a protection order, or for the issuance of a witness subpoena under this chapter. Costs and fees may be assessed against the defendant at the discretion of the court.

"\$30-5-8.

"(a) (1) A copy of the any notice of hearing or any protection order under this chapter shall be sent to the plaintiff within 24 hours of issuance, provided the plaintiff provides the court with current and accurate contact information, and to the law enforcement officials with jurisdiction to enforce the order over the residence of the plaintiff. The clerk of the court may furnish a certified copy of the notice of <u>final</u> hearing or <u>final</u> protection order, if any, electronically.

"(2) A copy of any notice of hearing or order the petition and ex parte protection order, if issued, under this chapter shall be issued to served upon the defendant as soon as possible pursuant to Rule 4 of the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure. A copy of the notice of final hearing and any other

order under this chapter shall be issued to the defendant as soon as possible.

"(3) Certain information in these orders cases shall be entered in the Protection Order Registry of the Administrative Office of Courts and shall be electronically transmitted by the Administrative Office of Courts to the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency for entry into the National Crime Information Center, the National Law Enforcement Telecommunication System, and the Law Enforcement Tactical System. Such The information shall include, but is National Crime Information Center, the National Law Enforcement Tactical System and into the National Crime Information Center as approved by the Alabama Justice Information Commission.

Such The information shall include, but is not limited to, information as to the existence and status of any protection orders for verification purposes.

"(b) Ex parte and final protection orders shall be in a format as provided by the Administrative Office of Courts. If a court wishes to provide additional information in these standardized court orders, the court may attach additional pages containing this additional information.

"(c) Within 24 hours after issuance of a protection order receiving proof of service of process of the petition and ex parte order, if issued, the clerk of court shall forward a copy of the written proof of service of process and a copy of the protection order to the law enforcement agency

1	agencies with jurisdiction over the residence of the
2	plaintiff. The information shall be entered into the
3	Protection Order Registry of the Administrative Office of
4	Courts and shall be electronically transmitted by the
5	Administrative Office of Courts to the Alabama State Law
6	Enforcement Agency for entry into the National Crime
7	Information Center , the National Law Enforcement
8	Telecommunication System, and the Law Enforcement Tactical
9	System. forward the written proof of service of process and a
10	copy of the protection order to the law enforcement agency
11	with jurisdiction over the residence of the plaintiff. The
12	information shall be entered enter the service date into the
13	Protection Order Registry of the Administrative Office of
14	Courts and the information shall be electronically transmitted
15	by the Administrative Office of Courts to the Alabama State
16	Law Enforcement Agency for entry into the National Crime
17	Information Center, the National Law Enforcement
18	Telecommunication System, and. The Alabama State Law
19	Enforcement Agency shall enter the information into the Law
20	Enforcement Tactical System and into the National Crime
21	Information Center as approved by the Alabama Justice
22	<u>Information Commission.</u>
23	"(d) If a court vacates or modifies a protection

"(d) If a court vacates or modifies a protection order, notice the order shall be sent within 24 hours to the plaintiff, provided that the plaintiff provides the court with current and accurate contact information, to the defendant,

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and to the law enforcement officials with jurisdiction to enforce the order where the victim resides.

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shall develop an automated process by which a plaintiff may request notification of service of the <u>ex parte</u> protection order and other court actions related to the protection order <u>as determined and approved by the Alabama Justice Information Commission</u>. The automated notice shall be made within 12 hours after a law enforcement officer serves a <u>an ex parte</u> protection order upon the defendant. The notification shall include, at a minimum, the date, time, and where the protection order was served. The information identifying the plaintiff referenced under subdivision (2) shall be exempt from public records requirements in Section 36-12-40.

"(2) Upon implementation of the automated process, information held by the clerks and law enforcement agencies in conjunction with this process that reveals a home or employment telephone number, cellular telephone number, home or employment address, electronic mail address, or other electronic means of identification of a plaintiff requesting notification of service of a protection order or other court actions is exempt from Section 36-12-40. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, any state or federal agency that is authorized to have access to such information by any provision of law shall be granted access in the furtherance of the agency's statutory duties.

"(f) In addition to any other fine or penalty

provided by law, the defendant shall pay an additional fine of

fifty dollars (\$50) for a violation of a protection order. On

a monthly basis, the clerk of the court shall transfer the

additional fines collected pursuant to this subsection to the

State Treasury for deposit in the Domestic Violence Trust

Fund, established by Section 30-6-11."

Section 2. Section 13A-6-139.1, Code of Alabama

Section 2. Section 13A-6-139.1, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to definitions for certain domestic violence offenses, is repealed.

Section 3. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 4. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3	House of Representatives
4 5 6 7	Read for the first time and re- ferred to the House of Representa- tives committee on Judiciary 11-APR-19
8 9 10	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar 1 amendment 25-APR-19
11 12 13	Read for the third time and passed as amended
14 15 16	Jeff Woodard Clerk