- 1 SB297
- 2 197149-4
- 3 By Senators Givhan, Barfoot, Albritton and Orr
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 16-APR-19

1	SB297
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4	ENROLLED, An Act,
5	Relating to circuit and district courts; to amend
6	Sections 12-11-30, 12-12-30, and 12-19-71, Code of Alabama
7	1975, to provide further for the jurisdiction of the circuit
8	and district courts.
9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
10	Section 1. Sections 12-11-30, 12-12-30, and
11	12-19-71, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as
12	follows:
13	"§12-11-30.
14	"(1) CIVIL. The circuit court shall have exclusive
15	original jurisdiction of all civil actions in which the matter
16	in controversy exceeds ten twenty thousand dollars (\$10,000
17	\$20,000), exclusive of interest and costs, and shall exercise
18	original jurisdiction concurrent with the district court in
19	all civil actions in which the matter in controversy exceeds
20	six thousand dollars (\$6,000), exclusive of interest and
21	costs.
22	"(2) CRIMINAL. The circuit court shall have
23	exclusive original jurisdiction of all felony prosecutions and
24	of misdemeanor or ordinance violations which are lesser
25	included offenses within a felony charge or which arise from

the same incident as a felony charge; except, that the

district court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the

circuit court to receive pleas of guilty in felony cases not

punishable by sentence of death. The circuit court may, on

conviction of a defendant, upon a showing of inability to make

immediate payment of fine and costs, continue the case from

time to time to permit the fine and costs to be paid.

- "(3) APPELLATE. The circuit court shall have appellate jurisdiction of civil, criminal, and juvenile cases in district court and prosecutions for ordinance violations in municipal courts, except in cases in which direct appeal to the Courts of Civil or Criminal Appeals is provided by law or rule. Appeals to the circuit court shall be tried de novo, with or without a jury, as provided by law.
- "(4) SUPERINTENDENCE OF DISTRICT, MUNICIPAL AND PROBATE COURTS. The circuit court shall exercise a general superintendence over all district courts, municipal courts, and probate courts.
- "(5) CONTEMPTS. The circuit court may punish contempts by fines not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100) and by imprisonment not exceeding five days. The power of the circuit court to enforce its orders and judgments by determinations of civil contempt shall be unaffected by this section.

1	"(6) GENERAL. The circuit court shall have other			
2	powers as provided by law.			
3	"§12-12-30.			
4	"The original civil jurisdiction of the district			
5	court of Alabama shall be uniform throughout the state,			
6	concurrent with the circuit court, except as otherwise			
7	provided, and shall include all civil actions in which the			
8	matter in controversy does not exceed ten twenty thousand			
9	dollars ($$10,000$ $$20,000$), exclusive of interest and costs,			
10	and civil actions based on unlawful detainer; except, that the			
11	district court shall not exercise jurisdiction over any of the			
12	following matters:			
13	"(1) Actions seeking equitable relief other than:			
14	"a. Equitable questions arising in juvenile cases			
15	within the jurisdiction of the district court.			
16	"b. Equitable defenses asserted or compulsory			
17	counterclaims filed by any party in any civil action within			
18	the jurisdiction of the district court.			
19	"(2) Any actions enumerated in Rule 81 of the			
20	Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure other than any of the			
21	following:			
22	"a. Actions based in negligence against			
23	municipalities.			
24	"b. Actions seeking substitution of lost or			
25	destroyed records or instruments.			

Τ	c. Summary motion proceedings.
2	"d. Relieving disabilities of nonage.
3	"(3) Actions seeking declaratory judgments.
4	"(4) Appeals from probate or municipal courts."
5	"§12-19-71.
6	"(a) The filing fees which shall be collected in
7	civil cases shall be:
8	"(1) Thirty-five dollars (\$35) for cases filed on
9	the small claims docket of the district court in which the
10	matter in controversy, exclusive of interest, costs, and
11	attorney fees, totals one thousand five hundred dollars
12	(\$1,500) or less; provided, however, if attorney fees have
13	been allowed by applicable state law or contract, the amount
14	of these fees shall be added to the amount of the matter in
15	controversy above in determining the jurisdictional amount.
16	"(2)One hundred nine dollars (\$109) for cases filed
17	on the small claims docket of the district court in which the
18	matter in controversy, exclusive of interest, costs, and
19	attorney fees, exceeds one thousand five hundred dollars
20	(\$1,500) but does not exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000);
21	provided, however, if attorney fees have been allowed by
22	applicable state law or contract, the amount of these fees
23	shall be added to the amount of the matter in controversy
24	above in determining the jurisdictional amount.

"(3) One hundred ninety-eight dollars (\$198) for cases otherwise filed in the district court, including cases on the small claims docket, in which the matter in controversy, exclusive of interest, costs, and attorney fees, exceeds three thousand dollars (\$3,000) but does not exceed ten twenty thousand dollars (\$10,000 \$20,000); provided, however, if attorney fees have been allowed by applicable state law or contract, the amount of these fees shall be added to the amount of the matter in controversy above in determining the jurisdictional amount.

"(4) Two hundred ninety-seven dollars (\$297) for cases filed in the circuit court other than cases filed on the domestic relations docket of the circuit court.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the docket fee shall be one hundred ninety-seven dollars (\$197) for civil cases in circuit court in which the matter of controversy, exclusive of interest, costs, and attorney fees does not exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000); provided, however, if attorney fees have been allowed by applicable state law or contract, the amount of these fees shall be added to the amount of the matter in controversy above in determining the jurisdictional amount. However, if any plaintiff files an addendum to increase the damages requested to an amount that exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), or if the plaintiff fails to specify the amount in the filing, then the fee shall

1	be two hundred ni	nety-seven dollars	s (\$297) ar	nd distributed as
2	provided for in s	subdivision (4) of	Section 12	2-19-72.

- "(5) One hundred forty-five dollars (\$145) for cases filed on the domestic relations docket of the circuit court in which the circuit clerk determines that the cases are uncontested at the time of filing. A case is considered uncontested if a complaint, an answer, and an agreement of the parties is filed in the circuit court.
- "(6) One hundred forty-five dollars (\$145) for cases filed on the domestic relations docket of the circuit court in which the circuit clerk determines that the cases are contested at the time of filing.
- "(7) Two hundred forty-eight dollars (\$248) for cases filed in the domestic relations docket of the circuit court seeking to modify or enforce an existing domestic relations court order.
- "(8) Two hundred ninety-seven dollars (\$297) for a counterclaim, cross claim, third party complaint, a third party motion, or an action for a declaratory judgment filed in a civil action of the circuit court other than cases filed on the domestic relations docket of the circuit court.
- "(9) Two hundred ninety-seven dollars (\$297) on a motion or complaint to appear as an intervenor or a third party plaintiff in a civil action of the circuit court other

than cases filed on the domestic relations docket of the circuit court.

"(10) Fifty dollars (\$50) on a dispositive motion seeking (a) a judgment on the pleadings pursuant to Rule 12(c), Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure, (b) a default judgment pursuant to Rule 55(b), Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure, and/or (c) a summary judgment pursuant to Rule 56, Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure, and filed by any party in a civil action of the district or circuit court, except for small claims cases where the amount in controversy does not exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000).

"(11) In addition to the filing fees provided in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3), an additional fifty dollars (\$50) shall be charged for each additional plaintiff in those cases filed; provided, however, that regardless of the number of additional plaintiffs, not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) in total additional plaintiff filing fees shall be charged in any one case filed. The court may remit any of the additional fifty dollar (\$50) charges if any of the additional plaintiffs provide proof to the court that such fees should not be charged. Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as establishing a maximum number of plaintiffs.

"(12) In addition to the filing fees provided in subdivision (4), an additional one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be charged for each additional plaintiff in those cases

1	filed; provided, however, that regardless of the number of
2	additional plaintiffs, not more than one thousand dollars
3	(\$1,000) in total additional plaintiff filing fees shall be
4	charged in any one case filed. The court may remit any of the
5	additional one hundred dollar (\$100) charges if any of the
6	additional plaintiffs provide proof to the court that such
7	fees should not be charged. Nothing in this subdivision shall
8	be interpreted as establishing a maximum number of plaintiffs.

- "(13) An additional one hundred dollars (\$100) to be paid at the time the jury is demanded by any party demanding a jury.
- "(b) The fees provided in subdivisions (8) and (9) shall be not charged to a plaintiff suing for loss of consortium who is a spouse of a plaintiff listed in a case.
- "(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of Act 2004-636 to the contrary, there shall be no increase in the filing fee for any workers' compensation case filed in circuit court.
- "(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of Act 2004-636 to the contrary, Act 2004-636 shall not affect any local court filing fees established by local act unless specifically provided for in Act 2004-636.
- "(d) Nothing in Act 2004-636 shall limit a judge's authority to allow a civil case to proceed at no cost to a

party upon the judge's approval of an affidavit of substantial
hardship."

Section 2. Any civil action brought in district court of which the circuit court has concurrent jurisdiction, may be removed by a defendant or defendants to the circuit court of the county in which the action is pending. A defendant or defendants desiring to remove a case under this section shall file a notice of removal with the circuit court within 30 days after receipt, through service or otherwise, of a copy of the initial pleading. A case removed under this section shall not be subject to the jurisdictional damage limitations of district court. If a defendant or defendants requests removal of any civil action under this section, the circuit clerk shall remove the civil action to circuit court.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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4	President and Presiding Officer of the Senate	
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6	Speaker of the House of Representatives	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Senate 23-MAY-19. I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and passe the Senate, as amended. Senate 31-MAY-19 I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and passe the Senate, as amended by Executive Amendment. Patrick Harris, Secretary.	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	House of Representatives Amended and Passed: 30-MAY-19 House of Representatives Passed: 31-MAY-19, as amended by Executive Amendment.	
26 27	By: Senator Givhan	