- 1 SB425
- 2 201442-2
- 3 By Senators Stutts, McClendon and Reed
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation General Fund
- 5 First Read: 22-MAY-19

1	201442-2:n:05/22/2019:AHP/tj LSA2019-1844R1
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would establish guidelines for the
9	use of buprenorphine in nonresidential treatment
10	programs.
11	This bill would also provide for the
12	adoption of rules to further implement and enforce
13	the provisions of the act.
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15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
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19	Relating to health care; to establish guidelines for
20	the use of buprenorphine in nonresidential treatment programs;
21	and to provide for the adoption of rules to further implement
22	and enforce the provisions of the act.
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
24	Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited
25	as the MAT Act of 2019.
26	Section 2. (a)(1) For all patients receiving
27	medication assisted treatment, adequate billing records shall

- 1 be maintained, in any format, for all patient visits. Billing 2 records shall be maintained for a period of three years from 3 the date of the patient's last treatment. Billing records shall be made for all methods of payment. Billing records 4 5 shall include, but not be limited to, information detailing all of the following: 6
- 7 a. The amount paid for services.
- b. Method of payment. 8
- 9 c. Date of the delivery of services.
- 10 d. Date of payment.

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- e. Description of services. 11
 - (2) Records of all bank deposits of cash payments for medication assisted treatment shall be maintained, in any format, for a period of three years.
 - (b) By January 1, 2020, the Alabama Board of Medical Examiners, in consultation with the Public Health Officer of the Department of Public Health and the Alabama Department of Mental Health shall adopt rules under the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act for the prescribing of medications containing buprenorphine for the treatment of opioid use in non-residential settings.
- (1) The rules, at a minimum, shall address all of 23 the following:
- 24 a. Appropriate doses of buprenorphine-containing 25 medications for the treatment of opioid use disorder.

- b. Co-prescribing of benzodiazepines and medications 1 2 containing buprenorphine or co-prescribing of barbiturates and medications containing buprenorphine. 3 c. Co-prescribing of stimulants and medications 5 containing buprenorphine. d. Co-prescribing of medications containing 6 7 gabapentin with medications containing buprenorphine. e. Minimum requirements for counseling, behavioral 9 therapy, and case management. 10 f. Appropriate drug screening. q. Education to patients regarding neonatal 11 abstinence syndrome or neonatal opioid withdrawal syndrome. 12 13 h. Pain management. 14 i. Co-occurring disorders. 15 j. Informed consent by the patient. 16 k. Use of the state Prescription Drug Monitoring 17 Program (PDMP). 18 1. Use of appropriate screening tools. m. Appropriate number of visits and addressing of 19 2.0 relapse. 21 n. A diversion control plan. 2.2 o. Use of mono-product buprenorphine formulations, not to include injectable and implantable forms of 23 24 buprenorphine.
 - p. Creation of an appropriate registry of providers of medication assisted treatment.

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q. Appropriate record keeping requirements for any direct compensation arrangements involving medication assisted treatment.

- (2) Nationally recognized guidelines from the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM), the American Board of Addiction Medicine (ABAM), the American Board of Preventative Medicine (ABPM), and the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) shall serve as a guide for the development of the rules.
- (3) The rules shall be consistent with federal and state law.
- (c) The Alabama Board of Medical Examiners shall convene a standing working group consisting of 17 individuals, who are addiction medicine specialists board certified by the American Board of Addiction Medicine or the American Board of Preventative Medicine with a subspecialty in addiction medicine, or by the American Board of Addiction Psychiatry, or fellowship trained in addiction medicine, as well as counselors and social workers, to consult and assist in the drafting of the rules, including the following:
- (1) Two members from the Alabama Department of Mental Health.
- 23 (2) Two members from the Alabama Board of Medical Examiners.
 - (3) One member from the Attorney General's Office.

1 (4) Other experts from the Alabama Society of
2 Addiction Medicine, the Medical Association of the State of
3 Alabama, and other recognized organizations.

(d) The rules shall be reviewed and updated by September 1, 2020, and each year thereafter by September 1.

Section 3. Because the intent of the Legislature in this act is to educate physicians and to mitigate patient abuse and diversion of buprenorphine, nothing in this act shall modify, amend, repeal, or supersede any provision of Section 6-5-333, Code of Alabama 1975, or the Alabama Medical Liability Act of 1987, commencing with Section 6-5-540, Code of Alabama 1975, or the Alabama Medical Liability Act of 1996, commencing with Section 6-5-548, Code of Alabama 1975, or any amendment to any of the foregoing, or any judicial interpretation of any of the foregoing, nor shall anything in this act modify, amend, repeal, or supersede the law of or pertaining to the standard of care and admissibility of evidence regarding the standard of care.

Section 4. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.