- 1 HB57
- 2 204048-2
- 3 By Representative Hall
- 4 RFD: Public Safety and Homeland Security
- 5 First Read: 04-FEB-20
- 6 PFD: 01/23/2020

1	204048-2:n:01/16/2020:LK/cr LSA2020-160
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8	SYNOPSIS: The federal First Step Act established
9	guidelines for the treatment of prisoners,
10	including procedures for the use of restraints on
11	pregnant federal prisoners.
12	This bill would adopt the procedures
13	relating to pregnant prisoners as Alabama law.
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15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
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19	Relating to prisoners; to adopt federal standards
20	relating to the use of restraints on pregnant prisoners in the
21	custody of the Alabama Department of Corrections or a law
22	enforcement officer.
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
24	Section 1. For the purposes of this act, the
25	following words shall have the following meanings:
26	(1) COMMISSIONER. The Commissioner of the Alabama
27	Department of Corrections.

(2) CORRECTIONS OFFICIAL. An official of the Alabama
 Department of Corrections.

3 (3) DEPARTMENT. The Alabama Department of4 Corrections.

5 (4) POSTPARTUM RECOVERY. The 12-week period, or 6 longer as determined by the health care professional 7 responsible for the health and safety of the prisoner, 8 following delivery. This term shall also include the entire 9 period that the prisoner is in the hospital or infirmary.

10 (5) PRISONER. An individual who has been sentenced
11 to a term of imprisonment pursuant to a conviction for a
12 criminal offense, or an individual in the custody of the
13 Alabama Department of Corrections.

14 (6) RESTRAINTS. Any physical or mechanical device
15 used to control the movement of a prisoner's body, limbs, or
16 both.

Section 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), beginning on the date on which pregnancy is confirmed by a health care professional, and ending at the conclusion of postpartum recovery, a pregnant prisoner in the custody of the department or in the custody of any law enforcement officer shall not be placed in restraints.

(b) (1) The prohibition under subsection (a) shall
not apply under any of the following circumstances:

a. An appropriate corrections official, or a law
enforcement officer, as applicable, makes a determination that

1 the prisoner is an immediate and credible flight risk that 2 cannot reasonably be prevented by other means.

b. An appropriate corrections official, or a law
enforcement officer, as applicable, makes a determination that
the prisoner poses an immediate and serious threat of harm to
themselves or others that cannot reasonably be prevented by
any other means.

8 c. A health care professional responsible for the 9 health and safety of the prisoner determines that the use of 10 restraints is appropriate for the medical safety of the 11 prisoner.

12 (2) The use of restraints is to be recorded and13 reported, pursuant to subsection (c).

14 (3) If restraints are used under subdivision (1), 15 only the least restrictive restraints necessary to prevent the 16 harm or risk of escape may be used. The least restrictive 17 restraints necessary shall never be interpreted to include any 18 of the following:

a. Restraints around the ankles, legs, or waist of a
 prisoner.

b. Restraining of a prisoner's hands behind his orher back.

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c. Four-point restraints.

d. The attaching of a prisoner to another prisoner.
(4) Notwithstanding subdivision (1), upon the
request of a health care professional who is responsible for
the health and safety of a prisoner, a corrections official or

a law enforcement officer, as applicable, shall refrain from
 using restraints on the prisoner and shall remove any
 restraints in use on the prisoner.

(c) If a corrections official or a law enforcement 4 officer uses restraints on a prisoner under subsection (b), 5 that official or officer, within 30 days of placing that 6 7 prisoner in restraints, shall submit a written report to the commissioner, the Warden of Julia Tutwiler Prison in Wetumpka, 8 9 and the health care professional responsible for the health 10 and safety of the prisoner. That report shall include, at a minimum, all of the following: 11

12 (1) A description of all facts and circumstances13 surrounding the use of restraints.

14 (2) The reasoning upon which the determination to15 use restraints was made.

16 (3) The details of the use of restraints, including
17 the type of restraints used and length of time during which
18 the restraints were used.

(4) Any resulting physical effects on the prisoner
observed by or known to the corrections official or the law
enforcement officer who applied the restraints, as applicable.

(d) Upon receipt of a report under subsection (c), the health care professional responsible for the health and safety of the prisoner may submit to the commissioner such information as the health care professional determines is relevant to the use of restraints on the prisoner. (e) (1) No later than one year after the effective
date of this act, and annually thereafter, the commissioner
and the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency
shall each submit to the Senate Judiciary Committee and the
House Judiciary Committee a report that certifies compliance
with this act and includes the information required to be
reported under each subsection.

8 (2) The report under this subsection shall not 9 contain any personally identifiable information of any 10 prisoner and shall adhere to standards set forth by the Health 11 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) within 12 medical settings.

(f) No later than 48 hours after the confirmation of a prisoner's pregnancy by a health care professional, that prisoner shall be notified by an appropriate health care professional, corrections official, or law enforcement officer, as applicable, of the restrictions on the use of restraints under this section.

(g) The commissioner, in consultation with the
Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency, shall
establish a process through which a prisoner may report a
violation of this section.

(h) The commissioner, the Secretary of the Alabama
State Law Enforcement Agency, and the Warden of Julia Tutwiler
Prison in Wetumpka shall each develop training guidelines
regarding the use of restraints on prisoners during the period
of pregnancy, labor, and postpartum recovery, and shall

incorporate those guidelines into appropriate training
 programs. The training guidelines shall include all of the
 following:

4 (1) How to identify certain symptoms of pregnancy
5 that require immediate referral to a health care professional,
6 including preterm labor, preeclampsia, eclampsia, hemorrhage,
7 and miscarriage.

8 (2) Circumstances under which the exceptions under9 subsection (b) would apply.

(3) In the case that an exception under subsection
(b) applies, how to apply restraints in a way that does not
harm the prisoner, the fetus, or the neonate.

13 (4) The information required to be reported under14 subsection (c).

(5) The right of a health care professional to
request that restraints not be used, and the requirement under
subdivision (c) (4) to comply with that request.

(i) In developing the guidelines under subsection
(h), the commissioner, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law
Enforcement Agency, and the Warden of Julia Tutwiler Prison in
Wetumpka shall each consult with health care professionals
with expertise in caring for women during the period of
pregnancy and postpartum recovery.

24 Section 3. This act shall become effective on the 25 first day of the third month following its passage and 26 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.