- 1 НВ227
- 2 204856-1
- 3 By Representative Hill
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 13-FEB-20

1	204856-1:n:02/12/2020:CNB/bm LSA2019-3203R1
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a judge may sentence a
9	defendant convicted for a criminal offense to a
10	split sentence under certain circumstances.
11	Under existing law, a defendant sentenced to
12	a split sentence is required to serve the remainder
13	of the original sentence if his or her probation is
14	revoked.
15	This bill would provide that a judge may use
16	his or her discretion in determining the length of
17	sentence a defendant must serve if his or her
18	probation is revoked.
19	This bill would also revise the
20	implementation date for truth-in-sentencing.
21	This bill would also make nonsubstantive,
22	technical revisions to update the existing code
23	language to current style.
24	
25	A BILL
26	TO BE ENTITLED
27	AN ACT

2 Relating to crimes and offenses; to amend Section 15-18-8, as last amended by Act 2019-344, 2019 Regular 3 Session, Code of Alabama 1975, to provide that a judge may use 4 5 discretion in the length of sentence a defendant must serve if 6 his or her probation is revoked; to amend Sections 12-25-34, 7 12-25-34.2, and 12-25-36, Code of Alabama 1975, to revise the implementation date for truth-in-sentencing; and to make 8 9 nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the exiting code 10 language to current style.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

12 Section 1. Section 15-18-8, as last amended by Act 13 2019-344, 2019 Regular Session, Code of Alabama 1975, is 14 amended to read as follows:

15

1

"§15-18-8.

"(a) When a defendant is convicted of an offense, 16 17 other than a sex offense involving a child as defined in 18 Section 15-20A-4, that constitutes a Class A or Class B felony offense, and receives a sentence of 20 years or less in any 19 20 court having jurisdiction to try offenses against the State of 21 Alabama and the judge presiding over the case is satisfied 22 that the ends of justice and the best interests of the public 23 as well as the defendant will be served thereby, he or she may 24 order either of the following:

"(1) That a defendant convicted of a Class A or
Class B felony be confined in a prison, jail-type institution,
or treatment institution for a period not exceeding three

years in cases where the imposed sentence is not more than 15 years, and that the execution of the remainder of the sentence be suspended notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary and that the defendant be placed on probation for <del>such</del> <u>a</u> period and upon <del>such</del> terms as the court deems best.

"(2) That a defendant convicted of a Class A, Class 6 7 B, or Class C felony with an imposed sentence of greater than 15 years but not more than 20 years be confined in a prison, 8 9 jail-type institution, or treatment institution for a period 10 of three to five years for Class A or Class B felony convictions and for a period of three years for Class C felony 11 12 convictions, during which the offender shall not be eligible 13 for parole or release because of deduction from sentence for good behavior under the Alabama Correctional Incentive Time 14 15 Act, and that the remainder of the sentence be suspended notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary and 16 that the defendant be placed on probation for the period upon 17 18 the terms as the court deems best.

19 "This subsection shall not be construed to impose
 20 the responsibility for offenders sentenced to a Department of
 21 Corrections facility upon a local confinement facility not
 22 operated by the Department of Corrections.

"(b) Unless a defendant is sentenced to probation,
drug court, or a pretrial diversion program, when a defendant
is convicted of an offense that constitutes a Class C or <u>Class</u>
D felony offense and receives a sentence of not more than 15
years, the judge presiding over the case shall order that the

convicted defendant be confined in a prison, jail-type 1 2 institution, treatment institution, or community corrections program for a Class C felony offense or in a consenting 3 community corrections program for a Class D felony offense, 4 5 except as provided in subsection (e), for a period not exceeding two years in cases where the imposed sentence is not 6 7 more than 15 years, and that the execution of the remainder of 8 the sentence be suspended notwithstanding any provision of the 9 law to the contrary and that the defendant be placed on 10 probation for a period not exceeding three years and upon such terms as the court deems best. In all cases when it is shown 11 that a defendant has been previously convicted of any three or 12 13 more felonies or has been previously convicted of any two or more felonies that are Class A or Class B felonies, and after 14 15 such the convictions has committed a Class D felony, upon conviction, he or she must shall be punished for a Class C 16 17 felony. This subsection shall not be construed to impose the 18 responsibility for offenders sentenced to a Department of 19 Corrections facility upon a local confinement facility not 20 operated by the Department of Corrections.

"(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed as
superseding the sentencing requirements set forth and adopted
by the Legislature as prescribed by the Alabama Sentencing
Commission's Sentencing Standards.

25 "(d) In counties or jurisdictions where no community 26 corrections program exists or resources from a community 27 investment are not complete, a county or jurisdiction may enter into a compact or contract with another county or other counties to create a multi-jurisdiction community corrections facility that meets the needs and resources of each county or jurisdiction or enter into a compact or contract with a county or jurisdiction that has a community corrections program to provide services, as provided in and pursuant to Article 9 of this chapter.

8 "(e) If no community corrections program exists 9 within a county or jurisdiction and no alternative program 10 options are available under subsection (e) of Section 11 15-18-172, a defendant convicted of an offense that 12 constitutes a Class D felony may be sentenced to 13 high-intensity probation under the supervision of the Board of 14 Pardons and Paroles in lieu of community corrections.

15 "(f) Probation may not be granted for a sex offense involving a child as defined in Section 15-20A-4, which 16 constitutes a Class A or B felony. Otherwise, probation may be 17 18 granted whether the offense is punishable by fine or imprisonment or both. If an offense is punishable by both fine 19 20 and imprisonment, the court may impose a fine and place the 21 defendant on probation as to imprisonment. Probation may be 22 limited to one or more counts or indictments, but, in the 23 absence of express limitation, shall extend to the entire 24 sentence and judgment.

"(g) (1) Regardless of whether the defendant has
begun serving the minimum period of confinement ordered under
the provisions of subsections subsection (a) or, (b), or (1),

1 if the imposed sentence is not more than 20 years, the court 2 shall retain jurisdiction and authority throughout that period 3 to suspend that portion of the minimum sentence that remains 4 and place the defendant on probation, notwithstanding any 5 provision of the law to the contrary and the court may revoke 6 or modify any condition of probation or may change the period 7 of probation.

8 "(2) If a defendant's probation is revoked, and the 9 defendant was sentenced pursuant to subsection (a), (b), or 10 (1), the sentencing judge shall have the discretion to 11 determine the length of the revocation sentence.

12 "(h) While incarcerated or on probation and among 13 the conditions thereof <u>of probation</u>, the defendant may be 14 required <u>to do any of the following</u>:

15

"(1) To pay a fine in one or several sums 7.

16 "(2) To make restitution or reparation to aggrieved 17 parties for actual damages or loss caused by the offense for 18 which conviction was had; and.

"(3) To provide for the support of any persons forwhose support he or she is legally responsible.

"(i) Except as otherwise provided pursuant to Section 15-18-64, the defendant's liability for any fine or other punishment imposed as to which probation is granted shall be fully discharged by the fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation. "(j) During any term of probation, the defendant
 shall report to the probation authorities at such the time and
 place as directed by the judge imposing sentence.

"(k) No defendant serving a minimum period of 4 5 confinement ordered under subsection (a) or (b) shall be entitled to parole or to deductions from his or her sentence 6 7 under the Alabama Correctional Incentive Time Act, during the minimum period of confinement so ordered; provided, however, 8 that this subsection shall may not be construed to prohibit 9 10 application of the Alabama Correctional Incentive Time Act to any period of confinement which may be required after the 11 12 defendant has served such the minimum period.

"(1) When a defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor or convicted of a municipal ordinance, the judge presiding over the case may impose a sentence in accordance with Section 13A-5-7. The court may order a portion of the sentence to be suspended and the defendant be placed on probation for such a period not exceeding two years and upon such terms as the court deems best.

20 "(m) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
21 impose the responsibility for offenders sentenced to a
22 Department of Corrections facility upon a local confinement
23 facility not operated by the Department of Corrections."
24 Section 2. Sections 12-25-34, 12-25-34.2, and
25 12-25-36, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as
26 follows:

27 "\$12-25-34.

"(a) Statewide voluntary sentencing standards shall
 be developed and presented to the Legislature in stages over a
 three-year period as follows:

"(1) By July 31, 2003, the commission shall develop 4 5 and distribute to all sentencing judges a reference manual analyzing historical sentencing practices by duration of 6 7 sentence and disposition of felony offenders in Alabama. The 8 reference manual shall indicate those types of offenders 9 historically most likely to be sentenced to punishments other 10 than active incarceration where alternatives to active incarceration are available. 11

12 "(2) Concurrently with the development and 13 distribution of the reference manual, the commission shall 14 develop and begin testing worksheets and voluntary sentencing 15 standards in selected circuits for selected felony offenses.

"(3) The commission shall develop and present the 16 17 initial voluntary sentencing standards to the Legislature 18 before or during the 2006 Regular Session. These standards shall be introduced in the 2006 Regular Session and shall 19 20 become effective on October 1 following the 2006 Regular 21 Session, if approved by an act of the Legislature passed 22 during that session. The initial voluntary sentencing 23 standards based on sentences imposed shall apply to 24 convictions for felony offenses sentenced on or after October 25 1, 2006, and committed before the effective date of the voluntary truth-in-sentencing standards. 26

"(4) The commission shall develop and present 1 2 truth-in-sentencing standards to the Legislature before or 3 during the 2020 2026 Regular Session. These standards shall be introduced in the 2020 2026 Regular Session and shall become 4 5 effective on October 1 following the 2020 2026 Regular 6 Session, if approved by an act of the Legislature. The 7 voluntary truth-in-sentencing standards shall apply only to felony offenses committed on or after the effective date of 8 9 these standards.

10 "(b) Recommended sentence ranges shall be 11 established by standards that are based on historical 12 sentencing practices, adjusted to achieve sentencing goals as 13 established in Rule 26 of the Alabama Rules of Criminal 14 Procedure, this chapter, and Section 12-25-31.

15 "(c) Voluntary sentencing standards shall take into account and include statewide historically based sentence 16 17 ranges, including all applicable statutory minimums and 18 sentence enhancement provisions, including the Habitual Felony Offender Act, with adjustments made to reflect current 19 20 sentencing policies. No additional penalties pursuant to any 21 sentence enhancement statute shall apply to sentences imposed based on the voluntary sentencing standards. 22

"(d) Commencing with the 2013 Regular Session, any modifications to the initial voluntary sentencing standards made by the commission shall be contained in the annual report presented to the Governor, the Legislature, the Chief Justice, and the Attorney General. An annual report containing proposed

1 modifications shall be presented to the Governor, the 2 Legislature, the Chief Justice, and the Attorney General at least forty-five days prior to each regular session of the 3 Legislature. The modifications presented for nonviolent 4 5 offenses shall become effective on October 1 following the 6 legislative session in which the modifications were presented 7 unless rejected by an act of the Legislature enacted by bill during the legislative session. The modifications presented 8 for violent offenses shall become effective on October 1 9 10 following the legislative session in which the modifications were presented, if approved by an act of the Legislature 11 12 enacted by bill during the legislative session in which the 13 modifications were presented.

14

"§12-25-34.2.

15 "(a) For the purposes of this section, the following16 words shall have the following meanings:

"(1) AGGRAVATING FACTORS. Substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence whereby the sentencing court may impose a departure sentence above the presumptive sentence recommendation for an offense. Aggravating factors may result in dispositional or sentence range departures, or both, and shall be stated on the record by the court.

24 "(2) DEPARTURE. A sentence which departs from the25 presumptive sentence recommendation for an offender.

"(3) DISPOSITION. The part of the sentencing courts
 presumptive sentence recommendation other than sentence
 length.

4 "(4) DISPOSITIONAL DEPARTURE. A sentence which
5 departs from the presumptive sentence recommendation for
6 disposition of sentence.

7 "(5) MITIGATING FACTORS. Substantial and compelling 8 reasons justifying an exceptional sentence whereby the 9 sentencing court may impose a departure sentence below the 10 presumptive sentence recommendation for an offense. Mitigating 11 factors may result in disposition or sentence range 12 departures, or both, and shall be stated on the record by the 13 court.

14 "(6) NONVIOLENT OFFENSES. As defined in Section15 12-25-32.

16 "(7) PRESUMPTIVE SENTENCE RECOMMENDATION. The 17 recommended sentence range and disposition provided in the 18 sentencing standards.

19 "(8) SENTENCE RANGE. The sentencing court's 20 discretionary range of length of sentence as provided and 21 recommended in the presumptive sentencing recommendation.

"(9) SENTENCE RANGE DEPARTURE. A sentence which
 departs from the presumptive sentence recommendation as to the
 sentence range.

25 "(10) VIOLENT OFFENSES. As defined in Section
26 12-25-32.

"(b) The voluntary sentencing standards as provided 1 2 for in Section 12-25-34, as applied to nonviolent offenses shall become presumptive sentencing standards effective 3 October 1, 2013, to the extent the modification adopted by the 4 5 Alabama Sentencing Commission become effective October 1, 6 2013. The standards shall be applied by the courts in 7 sentencing subject to departures as provided herein. To 8 accomplish this purpose as to the existing initial voluntary sentencing standards, the Alabama Sentencing Commission shall 9 10 adopt modifications to the standards, worksheets, and instructions to the extent necessary to implement this 11 provision including, but not limited to, defining aggravating 12 13 and mitigating factors that allow for departure from the presumptive sentencing recommendations. The commission's 14 15 modifications shall be presented to the Legislature in the 16 commission's annual report within the first five legislative 17 days of the 2013 Regular Session.

18 "(c) The voluntary sentencing standards as provided for in Section 12-25-34, as applied to the offenses of robbery 19 20 in the third degree pursuant to Section 13A-8-43 and assault 21 in the second degree pursuant to Section 13A-6-21, shall 22 become presumptive sentencing standards offenses effective October 1, 2021, to the extent the modifications adopted by 23 24 the Alabama Sentencing Commission become effective October 1, 25 2021. The standards shall be applied by the courts in 26 sentencing subject to the departures as provided in this section. To accomplish this purpose as to the existing initial 27

1 voluntary sentencing standards, the Alabama Sentencing 2 Commission shall adopt modifications to the standards, 3 worksheets, and instructions to the extent necessary to implement this provision including, but not limited to, 4 5 defining aggravating and mitigating factors that allow for departure from the presumptive sentencing recommendations. The 6 7 commissions's modifications shall be presented to the 8 Legislature in the commission's annual report at least 45 days 9 prior to the 2021 Regular Session.

10 "(c) (d) Durational and dispositional departures from the presumptive sentencing standards shall be subject to 11 appellate review. Along with the modifications provided for in 12 13 subsection (b), the Alabama Sentencing Commission shall 14 recommend a narrowly defined scope of appellate review 15 applicable to departures from presumptive sentencing recommendations. The scope of appellate review shall become 16 17 effective upon approval by an act of the Legislature enacted 18 by bill.

19

"§12-25-36.

"This section and Sections 12-25-37 and 12-25-38
shall apply only after development and legislative approval of
the proposed truth-in-sentencing standards submitted in 2020
23 2026. When a judge sentences based on the voluntary
truth-in-sentencing standards, all of the following rules
shall apply:

"(1) Sentences imposed based on voluntary
 truth-in-sentencing standards pursuant to this article shall

not be subject to any other provision of law concerning the
 duration of sentence.

"(2) Sentences imposed based on the voluntary 3 truth-in-sentencing standards shall include both a minimum and 4 5 an extended term of sentence including a period of post-release supervision. The minimum sentence and the 6 7 extended sentence shall be specified in the judgment of the 8 court for those sentences that are imposed in compliance with 9 the voluntary truth-in-sentencing standards. Sentence 10 dispositions may include active incarceration, intermediate punishment, unsupervised probation, or a minimum punishment as 11 specified in the voluntary truth-in-sentencing standards. 12

"(3) The minimum term of sentence shall be consistent with the sentence range recommended in the voluntary truth-in-sentencing standards for the worksheet score of an offender. No offender sentenced to incarceration may be released from incarceration before the expiration date of the minimum term of sentence.

"(4) The extended term of sentence shall be a period of time equal to 120 percent of the minimum term, rounded to the next highest month, plus a one-year period of post-release supervision.

"(5) The amount of time an offender shall be incarcerated on the extended term of sentence shall be determined by the Department of Corrections pursuant to rules and regulations established by the Department of Corrections governing an offender's conduct after conviction and sentence. 1 "(6) No sentence of active incarceration may be
2 suspended.

3	"(7) For any disposition of sentence less than
4	active incarceration as defined in paragraph a. of subdivision
5	(2) of Section 12-25-32, the court shall retain jurisdiction
6	to modify sentence disposition of sentence."
-	

Section 3. This act shall become effective
immediately following its passage and approval by the
Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.