- 1 SB185
- 2 203524-1

3 By Senators Orr, Albritton, Shelnutt, Butler, Melson and Allen

- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 13-FEB-20

203524-1:n:02/12/2020:CNB/tj LSA2019-3002 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under current law, an expert witness may 8 SYNOPSIS: testify in the form of an opinion or otherwise. 9 10 This bill would provide additional 11 circumstances in which an expert witness may give 12 expert testimony. 13 Under current law, any person who operates a 14 motor vehicle on the public highways of this state 15 is deemed to have given consent to a chemical test 16 of his or her blood, breath, or urine to determine the alcoholic content of his or her blood. 17 18 This bill would also provide that a chemical 19 test may be used to determine whether a person was 20 driving under the influence. 21 Under current law, only a physician, a 22 registered nurse, or other qualifying person may 23 withdraw blood for a chemical test of a person's 24 blood. 25 This bill would provide additional persons 26 who would be allowed to withdraw blood for a 27 chemical test of a person's blood.

1 This bill would provide that a witness may 2 give testimony solely on the issue of a driver's 3 impairment based on the results of a horizontal 4 gaze nystagmus test.

5 This bill would make nonsubstantive, 6 technical revisions to update the existing code 7 language to current style.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 8 9 of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the 10 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of 11 Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general 12 law whose purpose or effect would be to require a 13 new or increased expenditure of local funds from 14 becoming effective with regard to a local 15 governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote 16 unless: it comes within one of a number of 17 specified exceptions; it is approved by the 18 affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates 19 funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 20 the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within

1	one of the specified exceptions contained in the
2	amendment.
3	
4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
7	
8	Relating to driver's license, to amend Sections
9	12-21-160, 32-5-192, 32-5-200, 32-5A-194, 32-5A-300,
10	32-5A-301, 32-5A-302, 32-5A-303, 32-5A-304, 32-5A-306,
11	32-5A-307, 32-5A-308, and 32-6-49.13, Code of Alabama 1975, to
12	provide additional circumstances in which an expert witness
13	may give expert testimony; to provide for additional chemical
14	tests that may be used to determine if a person was driving
15	under the influence; to provide for additional persons who are
16	qualified to withdraw a person's blood for a chemical test; to
17	provide that a witness may provide testimony on the results of
18	a horizontal gaze nystagmus test; to make nonsubstantive,
19	technical revisions to update the existing code language to
20	current style; and in connection therewith would have as its
21	purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased
22	expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621
23	of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as
24	Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the
25	Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

1	Section 1. Sections 12-21-160, 32-5-192, 32-5-200,
2	32-5A-194, 32-5A-300, 32-5A-301, 32-5A-302, 32-5A-303,
3	32-5A-304, 32-5A-306, 32-5A-307, 32-5A-308, and 32-6-49.13,
4	Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
5	"§12-21-160.
6	"(a) Generally. If scientific, technical, or other
7	specialized knowledge will assist the trier of fact to
8	understand the evidence or to determine a fact in issue, a
9	witness qualified as an expert by knowledge, skill,
10	experience, training, or education, may testify thereto in the
11	form of an opinion or otherwise.
12	"(b) Scientific evidence. In addition to
13	requirements set forth in subsection (a), expert testimony
14	based on a scientific theory, principle, methodology, or
15	procedure is only admissible if <u>all of the following occurs</u> :
16	"(1) The testimony is based on sufficient facts or
17	data ,
18	"(2) The testimony is the product of reliable
19	principles and methods, and.
20	"(3) The witness has applied the principles and
21	methods reliably to the facts of the case.
22	"(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
23	law enforcement witness may give expert testimony solely on
24	the issue of impairment, and not on the issue of specific
25	alcohol or drug concentration levels, relating to whether a
26	person was under the influence of one or more impairing
27	substances, and the category of the impairing substance, if

1 the witness holds a current certification as a Drug

<u>Recognition Expert at the time of the arrest, issued by the</u>
 <u>Instructional Association of Chiefs of Police, at the time of</u>
 the arrest.

5 "(c) (d) Nothing in this section shall modify, 6 amend, or supersede any provisions of the Alabama Medical 7 Liability Act of 1987 and the Alabama Medical Liability Act of 8 1996, commencing with Section 6-5-540, et seq., or any 9 judicial interpretation thereof.

10 "(d) (e) This section shall apply to all civil state court actions commenced on or after January 1, 2012. In 11 12 criminal actions, this section shall only apply to 13 non-juvenile felony proceedings in which the where the 14 defendant that is the subject of the proceeding was arrested 15 on the charge that is the subject of the proceeding on or after January 1, 2012. This section shall not apply to 16 17 domestic relations, child support, juvenile, or probate cases.

18 "(e) (f) The provisions of this section, where
19 inconsistent with any Alabama Rule of Civil Procedure, Alabama
20 Rule of Criminal Procedure, or Alabama Rule of Evidence,
21 including, but not limited to, Ala. R. Evid. 702, shall
22 supersede such the rule or parts of rules.

23

"§32-5-192.

"(a) (1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle upon
on the public highways of this state shall be deemed to have
given his consent, subject to the provisions of this division,
to a chemical test or tests of his <u>or her</u> blood, breath, or

1 urine <u>oral fluid</u> for the purpose of determining the <u>alcoholic</u> 2 content of <u>his blood</u> <u>any impairing substance or substances</u> 3 <u>within a person's system</u>, if lawfully arrested for any offense 4 arising out of acts alleged to have been committed while the 5 person was driving a motor vehicle on the public highways of 6 this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor <u>in</u> 7 <u>violation of Section 32-5A-191</u>.

8 "(2) The test or tests shall be administered at the 9 direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable 10 grounds to believe <u>that</u> the person to have been was in 11 <u>violation of Section 32-5A-191</u>, while driving a motor vehicle 12 upon <u>on</u> the public highways of this state while under the 13 influence of intoxicating liquor.

14 "(3) The law enforcement agency by which such that 15 employs the officer is employed shall designate which of the 16 aforesaid tests test or tests shall be administered. Such The 17 person shall be told that his or her failure to submit to such 18 a chemical test or tests will result in the suspension of his 19 or her privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period 20 minimum of 90 days; provided if such. If the person objects to 21 a blood test, the law enforcement agency shall designate that one of the other aforesaid tests be administered. 22

"(b) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a condition rendering him <u>or her</u> incapable of refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (a) of this section and the test or

tests may be administered, subject to the provisions of this division.

3 "(c) (1) If a person under arrest refuses upon the 4 request of a law enforcement officer to submit to a chemical 5 test <u>or tests</u> designated by the law enforcement agency as 6 provided in subsection (a) of this section, none shall be 7 given, but the Director of Public Safety <u>unless a court order</u> 8 <u>has been obtained ordering the person to submit to a chemical</u> 9 test or tests.

10 "(2) The secretary, upon the receipt of a sworn report of the law enforcement officer that he or she had 11 reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person had been 12 13 driving a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this state 14 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor in violation 15 of Section 32-5A-191 and that the person had refused to submit to the test upon the request of the law enforcement officer, 16 17 shall, on the first refusal, suspend his license or permit to 18 drive, or the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the 19 highways of this state given to a nonresident; or if the 20 person is a resident without a license or permit to operate a 21 motor vehicle in this state, the director shall deny to the 22 person the issuance of a license or permit, for a period of 90 23 days, subject to review as hereinafter provided. For a second 24 or subsequent refusal of such test within a five-year period, 25 the director, upon said receipt of a sworn report, shall 26 suspend his license or permit to drive, or the privilege of 27 driving a motor vehicle on the highways of this state given to

1 a nonresident for a period of one year; or if the person is a 2 resident without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in this state, the director shall deny to the person 3 the issuance of a license or permit, for a period of one year 4 5 subject to review as hereinafter provided suspend the driving privilege as defined in Section 32-5-191 as provided in 6 7 Section 32-5A-304. "(3) If such the person is acquitted on the charge 8 9 of driving a motor vehicle upon the highways of this state 10 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, then in that event the Director of Public Safety of violating Section 11 12 32-5A-191, the secretary may, in his or her discretion, may 13 reduce said the period of suspension. "(d)(1) Upon suspending the license or permit to 14 15 drive or the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the 16 highways of this state given to a nonresident or any person, 17 or upon determining that the issuance of a license or permit 18 shall be denied to the person, as hereinbefore in this section 19 directed, the Director of Public Safety driving privilege, the 20 secretary or his or her duly authorized agent shall 21 immediately notify the person in writing of the suspension and 22 upon his a request filed by the person, the secretary shall 23 afford him an opportunity for provide a hearing in the same 24 manner and under the same conditions as is provided in Section 25 32-6-16, for notification and hearings in the cases of suspension of licenses Section 32-5A-307; except, that the 26 scope of such a the hearing for the purposes of this section 27

shall cover the issues of whether determine all of the
 <u>following:</u>

3 "<u>a. Whether</u> a law enforcement officer had reasonable
4 grounds to believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle
5 upon the public highways of this state while under the
6 influence of intoxicating liquor, whether in violation of
7 Section 32-5A-191.

8 "<u>b. Whether</u> the person was placed under arrest, and 9 whether.

10 "<u>c. Whether</u> he or she refused to submit to the test
11 upon request of the officer.

"(2) Whether the person was informed that his or her
 the privilege to drive would be suspended or denied if he or
 she refused to submit to the test shall not be an issue.

15 "(3) The Director of Public Safety secretary shall
16 order that the suspension or determination that there should
17 be a denial of issuance either be rescinded or sustained.

18 "(e) If the suspension or determination that there should be a denial of issuance is sustained by the Director of 19 20 Public Safety secretary, or his or her authorized agent upon 21 such the hearing, the person whose license or permit to drive 22 or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended or to 23 whom a license or permit is denied, under the provisions of 24 this section, driving privilege has been suspended shall have 25 the right to file a petition in the appropriate court to review the final order of suspension or denial by the director 26 secretary, or his or her duly authorized agent, in the same 27

manner and under the same conditions as is provided in Section
 32-6-16 in the cases of suspensions and denials Section
 32-5A-307.

"(f) When it has been finally determined under the 4 5 procedures of this section Upon a determination that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this 6 7 state has been suspended the director secretary shall give 8 information provide, in writing of, the action taken by this 9 state to the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the 10 person's residence and of to any state in which he or she has a license. 11

12

"§32-5-200.

13 "(a) Any person who operates a motor vehicle on the 14 public highways of this state who is involved in an accident a 15 crash that results in death or a serious physical injury to 16 any person shall be deemed to have given consent to a chemical 17 test or tests of his or her blood for the purpose of 18 determining the alcoholic content of his or her blood or the 19 presence of amphetamines, opiates, or cannabis any other 20 impairing substance. The test or tests shall be administered 21 at the direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to believe that the person, while driving a 22 23 motor vehicle on the public highways of this state, was under 24 the influence of alcohol, amphetamines, opiates, or cannabis 25 or any other impairing substance. The person shall be informed 26 by the law enforcement officer who is investigating the accident crash that failure to submit to a test will result in 27

1 the suspension of his or her privilege to operate a motor 2 vehicle for a period of two years.

3 "(b) For purposes of this section, the term "serious
4 physical injury" means physical injury which that creates a
5 substantial risk of death, or which causes serious and
6 protracted disfigurement, protracted impairment of health, or
7 protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily
8 organ.

9 "(c) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is 10 otherwise in a condition in which they are incapable of 11 refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent 12 provided by subsection (a).

"(d) If a person refuses to submit to a <u>chemical</u> test <u>or tests</u>, none shall be given, unless a court order has been obtained ordering the person to submit to a <u>chemical</u> test <u>or tests</u>. If the person is found not to have been at fault in causing the <u>accident crash</u>, the <u>Director of Public Safety</u> <u>secretary</u> may reduce the period of suspension.

"(e) (1) Upon suspending the license or permit to 19 20 drive or the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the 21 highways of this state that is given to a nonresident or any 22 person, or upon determining that the issuance of a license or 23 permit shall be denied to the person, the Director of Public 24 Safety secretary, or his or her authorized agent, shall within 25 three days of suspension notify the person in writing. Upon a 26 request filed by the person within five days from the date of the notice of suspension or denial, the director secretary 27

1 shall schedule a hearing with notice of the hearing to be 2 provided by certified mail to the person stating the date, 3 time, place, and scope of the hearing. The scope of the 4 hearing shall pertain to determine all of the following 5 issues:

6 "(1) <u>a.</u> Whether a law enforcement officer had 7 reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving a 8 motor vehicle on the public highways of this state while under 9 the influence of the substances enumerated in subsection (a).

10 "(2) <u>b.</u> Whether the person was at fault in causing 11 the accident.

12 "(3) <u>c.</u> Whether the person refused to submit to the
13 test upon request of a law enforcement officer.

14 "(4) (2) Whether the person was informed that his or 15 her privilege to drive would be suspended or denied if he or 16 she refused to submit to the test shall not be an issue.

17 "(f) If the suspension or determination that there 18 should be a denial or issuance is sustained by the director secretary, or his or her authorized agent, the person whose 19 20 license or permit to drive or a nonresident operating 21 privilege has been suspended, or to whom a license or permit 22 is denied, shall have the right to file a petition to review 23 the final order, suspension, or denial within 30 days after 24 the entry of the final order of suspension or denial by the 25 director secretary in the appropriate court to review the final order of suspension. 26

1 "(q) When it has been finally determined under the 2 procedures of this section Upon a determination that the 3 privilege of a nonresident a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended, the 4 5 director secretary shall give information provide, in writing of_L the action taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the 6 state of the residence of the person person's residence and to 7 8 any state in which the person has a license.

9

"§32-5A-194.

10 "(a) Upon the trial of any civil, criminal, or quasi-criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts 11 12 alleged to have been committed by any person while driving or 13 in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the 14 influence of alcohol or controlled substance, evidence of the amount of alcohol or, controlled substance, or other impairing 15 16 substance in a person's blood at the alleged time, as 17 determined by a chemical analysis of the person's blood, 18 urine, breath, oral fluid, or other bodily substance, or any 19 combination thereof, shall be admissible. Where such a 20 chemical test is or tests are made, the following provisions 21 shall apply:

"(1) Chemical analyses of the person's blood, urine, breath, <u>oral fluid</u>, or other bodily substance to be considered valid under the provisions of this section shall have been performed according to methods approved by the Department of Forensic Sciences and by an individual possessing a valid permit issued by the Department of Forensic Sciences for this

purpose. The court trying the case may take judicial notice of 1 2 the methods approved by the Department of Forensic Sciences. The Department of Forensic Sciences is authorized to may 3 approve satisfactory techniques or methods, to ascertain the 4 5 qualifications and competence of individuals to conduct such the analyses, and to issue permits which shall be subject to 6 7 termination or revocation at the discretion of the Department of Forensic Sciences. The Department of Forensic Sciences 8 9 shall approve permits required in this section only for 10 employees of state, county, municipal, and federal law enforcement agencies, and for laboratory personnel employed by 11 the Department of Forensic Sciences. 12

13 "(2) When a person shall submit to a blood test at the direction of a law enforcement officer under the 14 15 provisions of pursuant to Section 32-5-192, only a physician or, a registered nurse, a paramedic, (or other qualified 16 person +, may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the 17 18 alcoholic content therein or the presence of other impairing substances. This limitation shall not apply to the taking of 19 20 breath or oral fluid urine specimens. If the test given under 21 Section 32-5-192 is a chemical test of urine, the person tested shall be given such privacy in the taking of the urine 22 23 specimen as will insure the accuracy of the specimen and, at 24 the same time, maintain the dignity of the individual 25 involved.

"(3) The person tested may at his or her own expense
have a physician, or a qualified technician, registered nurse,

or other qualified person of his or her own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the discretion of a law enforcement officer. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a person shall not preclude the admission of evidence relating to the test or tests taken at the direction of a law enforcement officer.

8 "(4) Upon the written request of the person who 9 shall submit to a chemical test or tests at the request of a 10 law enforcement officer, full information concerning the test 11 or tests shall be made available to him or her or his or her 12 attorney.

"(5) Percent by weight of alcohol in the blood shall
be based upon grams of alcohol per 100 cubic centimeters of
blood or grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath.

16 "(b) Upon the trial of any civil, criminal, or 17 quasi-criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts 18 alleged to have been committed by any person while driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the 19 20 influence of alcohol, the amount of alcohol in the person's 21 blood at the time alleged as shown by chemical analysis of the 22 person's blood, urine, or breath, or other bodily substance 23 shall give rise to all of the following presumptions:

"(1) If there were at that time 0.05 percent or less
by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, it shall be
presumed that the person was not under the influence of
alcohol unless the person was operating a motor vehicle in

performance of his or her duties as a school bus driver or day care driver at that time or was under the age of 21 years at that time.

"(2) If there were at the time in excess of 0.05 4 5 percent but less than 0.08 percent by weight of alcohol in the 6 person's blood, such this fact shall not give rise to any 7 presumption that the person was or was not under the influence 8 of alcohol, but such this fact may be considered with other 9 competent evidence in determining whether the person was under 10 the influence of alcohol unless the person was operating a motor vehicle in performance of his or her duties as a school 11 12 bus driver or day care driver at that time or was under the 13 age of 21 years at that time.

"(3) If there were at that time 0.08 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, or greater than .02 percent if the person was operating a motor vehicle in performance of his or her duties as a school bus driver or day care driver at that time or was under the age of 21 years at that time, it shall be presumed that the person was under the influence of alcohol.

"(4) The foregoing provisions of this subsection
Nothing in this section shall not be construed as limiting the
introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon
relating to the question of whether the person was under the
influence of alcohol.

"(c) If a person under arrest refuses to submit to a
 chemical test under the provisions of <u>or tests pursuant to</u>

Section 32-5-192, evidence of refusal shall be admissible in any civil, criminal, or quasi-criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or controlled substance.

7 "(d) No physician, registered nurse, or paramedic, 8 duly licensed chemical laboratory technologist or clinical 9 laboratory technician, fire department, rescue squad, private 10 <u>ambulance company</u>, or medical facility shall incur any civil 11 or criminal liability as a result of the proper administering 12 of a blood test when requested in writing by a law enforcement 13 officer to administer such a test.

14

"§32-6-49.13.

15 "(a) A person who drives a commercial motor vehicle 16 within this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to 17 provisions of Section 32-5-192, to take a test or tests of 18 that person's blood, breath, or urine oral fluid, or any 19 <u>combination thereof</u>, for the purpose of determining that 20 person's alcohol concentration, or the presence of other 21 drugs, or any other impairing substance.

"(b)(1) A test or tests shall be administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer, who after stopping or detaining the commercial motor vehicle driver, has probable cause to believe that driver was driving a commercial motor vehicle while having alcohol or drugs any impairing substance in his or her system. The law enforcement officer shall test the driver at the scene by using a field breathalyzer or other approved device, technique, or procedure approved by the Department of Forensic Sciences, or transport the driver to an appropriate facility where a chemical test <u>or tests</u> by an approved method shall be administered either by the officer or at his or her direction, or both.

7 "(2) A test or tests shall be administered at the 8 direction of a law enforcement officer to all commercial motor 9 vehicle drivers who are involved in any vehicular accident 10 which results in death or physical injury requiring 11 hospitalization or emergency medical treatment.

12 "(c) A person requested to submit to a test or tests 13 as provided in subsection (a) above must be warned by the law 14 enforcement officer requesting the test or tests, that a 15 refusal to submit to the test or tests will result in that 16 person being immediately placed out of service for a period of 17 24 hours and being disqualified from operating a commercial 18 motor vehicle for a period of not less than two years under Section 32-6-49.12. 19

"(d) If the person refuses testing, or submits to a test which discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more, the law enforcement officer shall submit a sworn report to the department agency certifying that the test was requested pursuant to subsection (b) and that the person refused to submit to testing, or submitted to a test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more.

"(e) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law 1 2 enforcement officer submitted under subsection (d), the department agency shall disgualify the driver from driving a 3 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than two 4 5 years under Section 32-6-49.12. This penalty shall be in 6 addition to and cumulative of any other penalties imposed upon 7 the driver under any other existing laws and shall run consecutively with any penalties for other offenses. 8

9 "(f) Upon suspending the license or permit to drive 10 or the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the highways of this state that is given to a nonresident or any person, or 11 upon determining that the issuance of a license or permit 12 13 shall be denied to the person, the director secretary or his or her authorized agent, shall within three days of suspension 14 15 notify the person in writing. Upon a request filed by the person within five days from the date of the notice of 16 17 suspension or denial, the director secretary shall schedule a 18 hearing with notice of the hearing to be provided by certified mail to the person stating the date, time, place, and scope of 19 20 the hearing. The scope of the hearing shall pertain to all of 21 the following issues:

"(1) Whether the law enforcement officer had
reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving a
motor vehicle on the public highways of this state while under
the influence of the substances enumerated in subsection (a).

26 "(2) Whether the person refused to submit to the27 test upon request of a law enforcement officer.

1 "(3) Whether the person was informed that his or her 2 privilege to drive would be suspended or denied if he or she 3 refused to submit to the test.

"(g) If the suspension or determination that there 4 5 should be a denial of issuance is sustained by the director 6 secretary, or his or her authorized agent, the person whose 7 license or permit to drive or a nonresident operating 8 privilege has been suspended, or to whom a license or permit 9 is denied, shall have the right to file a petition to review 10 the final order, suspension, or denial within 30 days after the entry of the final order of suspension or denial by the 11 12 director secretary in the appropriate court to review the 13 final order of suspension.

14 "(h) When it has been finally determined under the 15 procedures of this section Upon a determination that the privilege of a nonresident a nonresident's privilege to 16 17 operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended, the 18 director secretary shall give information provide in writing of the action taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the 19 20 state of the residence of the person person's residence and to 21 any state in which the person has a license."

22

"\$32-5A-300.

"(a) The director secretary, or his or her agent,
shall suspend the driving privilege of any person upon a
determination that the person drove or was in actual physical
control of a motor vehicle while the amount of alcohol in the
blood of the person was above the legal limit.

"(b) The director secretary, or his or her agent,
shall suspend the driving privilege of any person upon a
determination that the person refused a test to determine the
amount of drug or alcohol content in the blood of the person
as provided in Section 32-5-192.

6 "(c) The director <u>secretary</u>, or his or her agent, 7 shall make a determination pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) 8 based on the report of a law enforcement officer required in 9 Section 32-5A-301, and this determination shall be final 10 unless an administrative review is requested under Section 11 32-5A-306 or a hearing is held under Section 32-5A-307.

12 "(d) The determination of these facts by the 13 director secretary, or his or her agent, is independent of the 14 determination of the same or similar facts in the adjudication 15 of any criminal charges arising out of the same occurrence. 16 The disposition of these criminal charges shall not affect any 17 suspension under this section.

18

"§32-5A-301.

"(a) A law enforcement officer who arrests any 19 20 person for a violation of Section 32-5A-191 shall within five 21 days after the day of arrest, excluding weekends and state 22 holidays, hand deliver, mail, or submit electronically to the 23 department agency a sworn report of all information relevant 24 to the enforcement action, including information which 25 adequately identifies the arrested person, a statement of the officer's grounds for belief that the person violated Section 26 32-5A-191, the results of any chemical test which was 27

1 conducted, a statement if the person refused to submit to a 2 test, and a copy of the citation or complaint filed with the 3 court.

4 "(b) The report required by this section shall be
5 made on forms supplied by the department <u>agency</u> or in a manner
6 specified by regulations of the <u>department agency</u>.

7 "(c) The department <u>agency</u> shall not take action on
8 any report not sworn to and not mailed and postmarked or
9 received by the <u>department agency</u> within five days after the
10 day of arrest, excluding weekends and state holidays.

11

"§32-5A-302.

"(a) Upon receipt of the report of the law enforcement officer, the director secretary, or his or her agent, shall make the determination described in Section 32-5A-300. If the director secretary, or his or her agent, determines that the person is subject to driving privilege suspension, the director secretary, or the agent, shall issue a notice of the suspension.

19 "(b) The notice of suspension shall be mailed to the 20 person at the last known address shown on the department's 21 <u>agency's</u> record. The notice is deemed received three days 22 after mailing.

"(c) The notice of suspension shall clearly specify the reason and statutory grounds for suspension, the effective date of the suspension, the right of the person to request an administrative review and a hearing, the procedure for requesting an administrative review and a hearing, and the date by which a request for an administrative review is
 required to be made in order to receive a determination prior
 to the effective date of the suspension.

4 "(d) If the director secretary, or his or her agent,
5 determines that the person is not subject to driving privilege
6 suspension, the director secretary, or his or her agent, shall
7 notify the person of the determination.

8

"§32-5A-303.

9 "(a) If the chemical test results for a person 10 charged with a violation of Section 32-5A-191 show 0.08 11 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the blood of the 12 person, or the person refuses a test, the officer, acting on 13 behalf of the <u>director secretary</u>, shall serve a notice of 14 intended suspension personally on the arrested person.

15 "(b) When serving a notice of intended suspension, 16 the law enforcement officer shall take possession of any 17 driver's license issued by this state which is held by the 18 person. When taking possession of a valid driver's license 19 issued by this state, the officer, acting on behalf of the 20 director secretary, shall issue a temporary driving permit 21 which is valid for 30 days after the date of issuance.

"(c) A copy of the completed notice of intended suspension form, a copy of any completed temporary driving permit form, and any driver's license taken into possession under this section shall be forwarded within five days to the department secretary by the officer. "(d) The department agency shall provide forms for
 notice of intended suspension and for temporary driving
 permits to law enforcement agencies.

4

"§32-5A-304.

5 "(a) A driving privilege suspension shall become 6 effective 45 days after the person has received a notice of 7 intended suspension as provided in Section 32-5A-303, or is 8 deemed to have received a notice of suspension by mail as 9 provided in Section 32-5A-302 if no notice of intended 10 suspension was served.

11 "(b) The period of driving privilege suspension 12 under this section shall be as follows:

"(1) Ninety days if the driving record of a person shows no prior alcohol or drug-related enforcement contacts during the immediately preceding five years.

16 "(2) One year if the driving record of a person 17 shows one prior alcohol or drug-related enforcement contact 18 during the immediately preceding five years.

"(3) Three years if the driving record of a person shows two or three alcohol or drug-related enforcement contacts during the immediately preceding five years.

"(4) Five years if the driving record of a person
shows four or more alcohol or drug-related enforcement
contacts during the immediately preceding five years.

"(5) For purposes of this section, "alcohol or
drug-related enforcement contacts" shall include all
suspensions under this article, any suspension or revocation

entered in this or any other state for a refusal to submit to 1 2 chemical testing under an implied consent law, and any conviction in this or any other state for a violation which 3 involves driving a motor vehicle while having an unlawful 4 5 percent of alcohol in the blood, or while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or alcohol and drugs except that no more 6 7 than one alcohol or drug-related contact on any one DUI arrest 8 may be considered by the agency in determining the period of 9 suspension.

10 "(c) If a license is suspended under this section for having .08 or more by weight of alcohol in the blood of 11 the person and the person is also convicted on criminal 12 13 charges arising out of the same occurrence for a violation of 14 Section 32-5A-191, the suspension under this section shall be 15 imposed, giving credit for suspension time served toward the 16 duration of suspension or revocation required under Section 32-5A-191. If a license is suspended under this section for 17 18 having .08 or more by weight of alcohol in the blood of the person and the criminal charge against the person for 19 20 violation of Section 32-5A-191 is dismissed, nolle prossed, or 21 the person is acquitted of the charge, the director secretary 22 shall rescind the suspension order and remove the 23 administrative suspension from the person's driving record, 24 except for those persons holding a commercial driver license, 25 a commercial learner license, or a person operating a commercial motor vehicle. 26

27 "\$32-5A-306.

"(a) Any person who has received a notice of 1 2 suspension or a notice of intended suspension under this article may request an administrative review. The request may 3 be accompanied by a sworn statement or statements and any 4 5 other relevant evidence which the person wants the director secretary, or his or her agent, to consider in reviewing the 6 7 determination made pursuant to Sections 32-5A-300 and 32-5A-302. 8

"(b) When a request for an administrative review is 9 10 made, the director secretary, or his or her agent, shall review the determination made pursuant to Sections 32-5A-300 11 and 32-5A-302. In the review, the director secretary, or his 12 13 or her agent, shall give consideration to any relevant sworn statement or other evidence accompanying the request for the 14 15 review, and to the sworn statement of the law enforcement officer required by Section 32-5A-301. If the director 16 17 secretary, or his or her agent, determines, by a preponderance 18 of the evidence, that the person drove or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle with 0.08 percent or more 19 20 by weight of alcohol in the blood, or the person refused the 21 test, the director secretary, or his or her agent, shall 22 sustain the order of suspension or suspend the driver license 23 or driving privilege of the person if no order of suspension 24 has been issued. If the evidence does not support such a 25 determination, the director secretary, or his or her agent, 26 shall rescind the order of suspension or take no suspension action if an order of suspension has not been issued. The 27

determination by the director secretary, or his or her agent,
 upon administrative review is final unless a hearing is
 requested under Section 32-5A-307.

"(c) The director secretary, or his or her agent, 4 5 shall make a determination upon administrative review prior to 6 the effective date of the suspension order if the request for 7 review is received by the department agency within 10 days following service of the notice of intended suspension. Where 8 9 the request for administrative review is received by the 10 department agency more than 10 days following service of the notice of intended suspension, the director secretary, or his 11 or her agent, shall make the determination within 30 days 12 13 following the receipt of the request for review.

14 "(d) A request for administrative review shall not 15 stay the driving privilege suspension or revocation. If the 16 director secretary, or his or her agent, is unable to make a 17 determination within the time limits specified in subsection 18 (c), the director secretary or agent shall stay the suspension 19 pending the determination.

"(e) The request for administrative review shall be
in writing and may be made by mail or in person to the
Department of Public Safety Alabama State Law Enforcement
Agency, Driver License Division, Montgomery, Alabama. A person
may request an administrative review at any time within 90
days of the notice of suspension under Section 32-5A-302 or
the notice of intended suspension under Section 32-5A-303.

"(f) A person may request and be granted a hearing
under Section 32-5A-307 without first requesting
administrative review under this section. An administrative
review is not available after a hearing is held.

5

"§32-5A-307.

"(a) Any person who has received a notice of 6 7 intended suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-303 or a notice of suspension pursuant to Section 32-5A-302 where no notice of 8 9 intended suspension was served may request an administrative 10 hearing. A request for an administrative hearing shall be in writing and shall be hand delivered or mailed to the Alabama 11 12 Department of Public Safety State Law Enforcement Agency, 13 Driver License Division, in Montgomery, Alabama. The request 14 shall be received by the department agency or be mailed and 15 postmarked within 10 days of the notice of intended suspension 16 issued pursuant to Section 32-5A-303 or the notice of suspension issued pursuant to Section 32-5A-302 where no 17 18 notice of intended suspension was served. Failure to request an administrative hearing within 10 days shall constitute a 19 20 waiver of the person's right to an administrative hearing and 21 judicial review under this article. If the driver's license of 22 the person has not been previously surrendered, it shall be 23 surrendered at the hearing. A request for a hearing shall not 24 stay the driving privilege suspension.

"(b) The hearing shall be scheduled to be held as
quickly as practicable and not more than 30 days after the
filing of the request for a hearing. The hearing shall be held

at a location designated by the <u>director secretary</u> unless the parties agree to a different location. The <u>department agency</u> shall provide a written notice of the time and place of the hearing to the party requesting the hearing at least five days prior to the scheduled hearing, unless the parties agree to waive this requirement.

7 "(c) The hearing shall be before the Director of 8 Public Safety secretary or his or her duly authorized agent. 9 Upon the hearing, the Director of Public Safety secretary, or 10 his or her duly authorized agent, may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the 11 12 production of relevant books and papers and may require a 13 re-examination of the licensee. Upon the hearing, the Director 14 of Public Safety secretary, or his or her duly authorized 15 agent_ shall make a final determination which either rescinds the order of suspension or, for good cause appearing, 16 continues, modifies, or extends the suspension of the 17 18 licensee. If the hearing is conducted by a duly authorized 19 agent instead of by the Director of Public Safety personally 20 secretary, the determination of the department agency shall 21 not be final until approved by the Director of Public Safety 22 secretary.

"(d) The sole issues at the hearing shall be whether
by a preponderance of the evidence the person drove or was in
actual physical control of a motor vehicle with 0.08 percent
or more by weight of alcohol in the blood, or whether the
person refused a test as provided in Section 32-5-192.

1 "(e) The decision of the director secretary shall be 2 rendered in writing, and shall be mailed to the person who 3 requested the hearing at their last known address on file with 4 the department agency.

5 "(f) If the person who requested the hearing fails 6 to appear without just cause, the right to a hearing shall be 7 waived.

8 "(g) The procedures set forth in this article shall 9 be the sole and exclusive manner to determine the 10 administration of this article. The Alabama Administrative 11 Procedure Act in Sections 41-22-1 to 41-22-27, inclusive, 12 shall not apply.

13

"§32-5A-308.

14 "Within 30 days of the issuance of the final 15 determination of the department agency following a hearing under Section 32-5A-307, a person aggrieved by the 16 17 determination shall have the right to file a petition in the 18 circuit court of the county where the arrest was made for judicial review. The appeal shall be taken by serving written 19 20 notice of the appeal upon the director secretary, which 21 service shall be made by delivering a copy of the notice to 22 the director secretary in Montgomery, Alabama, and filing the original thereof with the clerk of the court to which the 23 24 appeal is taken. The court shall set the matter for hearing upon 30 days' written notice to the director secretary. At the 25 26 hearing, the court may take testimony and examine the facts of the case. After the hearing, the court may either reverse or 27

sustain the final determination of the department <u>agency</u>. The filing of a petition for judicial review shall not stay the suspension order."

Section 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of 4 5 law and for purposes of prosecutions under Section 32-5A-191, a law enforcement witness may give testimony solely on the 6 7 issue of impairment, and not on the issue of specific alcohol or drug concentration levels, based on the results of a 8 9 horizontal gaze nystagmus test when the test is administered 10 in accordance with the individual's training and administered by an individual who has successfully completed training in 11 the horizontal gaze nystagmus test. 12

13 Section 3. Although this bill would have as its 14 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 15 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further 16 requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 17 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of 18 the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an 19 20 existing crime.

21 Section 4. This act shall become effective on the 22 first day of the third month following its passage and 23 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.