- 1 SB285
- 2 205584-2
- 3 By Senator Reed
- 4 RFD: Healthcare
- 5 First Read: 10-MAR-20

205584-2:n:03/03/2020:FC/cr LSA2020-825R1

the department.

2.0

2.1

2.2

8 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, the Department of Public
9 Health licenses and regulates certain health care
10 facilities. The department also accumulates and
11 disseminates statistical health information on
12 births, deaths, and cancer cases in this state.
13 Existing law does not provide for the comprehensive
14 statewide collection of hospital discharge data by

This bill would provide for the statewide reporting and collection of hospital discharge data by the Department of Public Health. The department would be required to adopt rules for the protection, collection, and dissemination of the hospital discharge data and would be authorized to release limited data sets which are compliant with federal and state law. The bill would also establish a council to advise the department on rules necessary to carry out the act and provide for confidentiality and privilege protection for patient information provided pursuant to the act.

1		
2	I	A BILL
3	TO BE	E ENTITLED

AN ACT 4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Relating to the Department of Public Health; to provide for the mandatory reporting and collection of hospital discharge data; to designate the Department of Public Health as the state agency to collect, compile, and analyze hospital discharge data; to provide for the availability of hospital discharge data from the department; to authorize the department to adopt rules to implement this act; to establish the Hospital Discharge Data Advisory Council to advise the department on the adoption of rules; to provide for civil penalties; to require the submission of inpatient and outpatient discharge data by hospitals, which data will be protected from public disclosure; to authorize the department to release to the public limited data sets compliant with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 that have been processed and verified according to rules as adopted pursuant to this act; and to provide confidentiality and privilege protections for patient identifying information submitted in compliance with this act. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. For purposes of this Act, the following words have the following meanings:

1 (1) COUNCIL. The Hospital Discharge Data Advisory
2 Council established in Section 7 of this act.

- (2) DEPARTMENT. The Department of Public Health.
- (3) DISCHARGE DATA. Data regarding a patient's discharge as an inpatient or outpatient from a hospital as required on the UB-04, or any successor form, and on other forms that include services provided for covered inpatient and outpatient discharges.
- (4) HOSPITAL. General acute care, critical access and specialized hospitals, as well as any freestanding emergency department that is separately licensed by the department as a provider-based division of a hospital, as defined by rules adopted by the department and licensed pursuant to Article 2, Chapter 21 of Title 22, Code of Alabama 1975, and that are located in Alabama.

Section 2. (a) The department, upon consultation and approval of the council, shall establish and maintain processes and systems necessary for the protection, collection, and dissemination of discharge data. The department's discharge data collection systems and processes required by this act shall be operational on or before January 1, 2021.

- (b) All hospitals shall submit discharge data pursuant to rules adopted by the department beginning on April 1, 2021, and shall submit discharge data guarterly thereafter.
- (c) The initial report and each quarterly report thereafter shall only be required to include inpatient and

outpatient discharge data for those persons provided services during the three months immediately preceding the date of the report. Any discharges prior to the date immediately preceding the three months prior to the initial report shall not be required to be reported under this act.

(d) The department may contract for any services needed to carry out this act.

Section 3. The department, after consultation and with the approval of the council, may adopt all rules necessary to implement this act.

Section 4. All hospitals shall report inpatient and outpatient discharge data pursuant to rules adopted by the department including rules defining inpatient and outpatient discharges.

- (a) After receiving the discharge data, the department shall promptly make the discharge data available to the Alabama Hospital Association, which shall use the data strictly for its own internal purposes and for internal purposes of its membership. The department shall not otherwise distribute the discharge data other than what is determined to be permissible pursuant to the rules adopted to administer this act.
- (b) No discharge data or other information shall be made available to the public by the association or the department that reasonably could be expected to reveal the identity of any patient. The discharge data reported under this act is confidential and shall not be available to the

public until the department processes and verifies that the discharge data otherwise satisfies the requirements for public disclosure under this act and applicable federal law.

(c) The department shall adopt rules regarding the processed and verified data that is made available to the public and for the release of limited data sets, which are compliant with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), Public Law 104-191, its amendments and implementing regulations.

Section 5. Individually identifiable patient information on discharge data submitted under this act shall not be public information. Reports and studies prepared and released by the department based upon discharge data shall not include information obtained from the discharge data in a form which could be used to identify any patient.

Section 6. The department may conduct studies and publish information based upon the discharge data obtained pursuant to this act, provided the studies and published information do not include information in a form which could be used to identify any patient or violate HIPAA.

Section 7. (a) There is established the Hospital Discharge Data Advisory Council to assist in developing rules and standards necessary to implement this act, to review and serve as consultants to the department on matters related to any reports or publications required under the act, and to serve as consultant to the department on matters relating to

- the protection, collection, and dissemination of discharge data.
- 3 (b) The council shall consist of all of the following members:

2.0

- (1) Seven hospital representatives appointed by the Alabama Hospital Association, including at least one representative of a rural hospital, one representative of an urban hospital, one representative of a governmental hospital, one representative of a not-for-profit hospital, one representative of a pediatric hospital, and one representative of a for-profit hospital.
 - (2) Two physician members appointed by the Medical Association of the State of Alabama.
 - (3) One member appointed by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Alabama.
 - (4) One consumer member appointed by the Governor.
 - (5) The Commissioner of the Alabama Medicaid Agency, or his or her designee.
 - days of the effective date of this act, and shall meet within 30 days after the appointment of the council membership in order to establish procedures and other policies necessary to carry on the business of the council. A quorum for purposes of conducting council business shall be seven of the appointed members of the council. All meetings of the council shall be announced in advance and conducted pursuant to the provisions of the Open Meetings Act, Chapter 25A, Title 36, Code of

Alabama 1975. All meetings shall require personal attendance of the members of the council for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present and conducting business.

2.0

- (d) The membership of the council shall be representative of the geographic, gender, and racial diversity of the State of Alabama.
- (e) The terms of the appointed members of the council shall be staggered as follows: The State Health Officer shall divide the members into two equal groups. The members of the first group shall be appointed for an initial term of two years. The members of the second group shall be appointed for an initial term of four years. Thereafter, the term of office of each member shall be for four years. A member may serve two consecutive terms. A member shall serve until a successor is appointed. If a vacancy occurs, the original appointing authority shall fill the vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- (f) The members of the council shall not receive a salary or per diem allowance for serving as members of the council.
- (g) The council may appoint a technical advisory committee if desired. The technical advisory committee members are not required to be members of the council.
- (h) The State Health Officer or his or her designee shall serve as Chair of the Council as an ex officio member, without a vote, except if there is a tie vote of the voting members of the council.

Section 8. A hospital shall pay to the department a civil penalty of five cents (\$.05) per patient discharge record for each day the discharge data required to be reported under this act is delinquent.

- (a) A discharge data report is delinquent if the department does not receive the report within 60 calendar days after the end of the quarter for which the discharge data is required to be reported.
- (b) If the department receives a discharge data report in incomplete form, the department shall notify the hospital making the report and provide 15 additional calendar days to correct the error and submit complete discharge data as required under this act and the rules adopted by the department to implement this act. The notice shall provide the hospital making the report an additional 15 calendar days to complete the form and return it to the department prior to the imposition of any civil penalty.
- (c) The maximum civil penalty for a delinquent report is ten dollars (\$10) for each patient discharge record. The department shall issue an assessment of the civil penalty to any hospital which has a pending delinquent report.
- (d) The hospital has a right to an informal conference with the department, if the hospital requests a conference within 30 calendar days of receipt of the civil penalty assessment. After the informal conference or, if no conference is requested, after the time for requesting the

informal conference has expired, the department may proceed to collect any applicable civil penalty assessment.

- (e) In its request for an informal conference, the hospital may request the department to waive the civil penalty assessment. The State Health Officer may waive the penalty in cases of an act of God or other acts beyond the control of the hospital or, at the discretion of the State Health Officer, for other reasons reasonably related to compliance with this act. Waiver of the penalty is in the sole discretion of the State Health Officer.
- (f) The imposition of a civil penalty under this section may be appealed pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act. All money penalties imposed pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the department, shall be deposited in the State General Fund, and shall not be earmarked for the department. No hospital may renew its license to operate if it has any unpaid civil money penalties which were imposed more than 30 days prior to the facility's license expiration date, except for any penalties imposed which are subject to appeal and except for penalties for which arrangements for payment have been made that are satisfactory to the department.

Section 9. No person or entity may be held liable in any civil action with respect to any report or disclosure of discharge data made under this act, unless the person or entity has knowledge of the falsity of the discharge data reported or disclosed or unless the discharge data is publicly

disclosed in violation of this act or federal law regarding 1 2 confidentiality of individually identifiable health 3 information. Nothing in this act is intended to create a new private cause of action in any court of this state. 4 Section 10. Individual patient data submitted 5 pursuant to this act by hospitals shall at all times remain 7 confidential and privileged from discovery. This act does not expand or repeal any protections from discovery, privilege, or 8 confidentiality for patient specific information that exist by 9 10 statute, regulation, or decision by a court of final

Section 11. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

jurisdiction, except for the protections afforded by this act.

11

12

13