- 1 SB303
- 2 197377-1
- 3 By Senator Allen
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 12-MAR-20

1	197377-1:n	:03/18/2019:CMH/ma LSA2019-547
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, when a driver of a
9		vehicle approaches a stopped school bus that is
10		flashing its lights for the purpose of receiving or
11		discharging school children, the driver is required
12		to completely stop his or her vehicle until the
13		school bus resumes motion or ceases to flash its
14		lights. Existing law provides penalties for a
15		violation, including a fine, suspension of driving
16		privileges or driver's license, and community
17		service.
18		This bill would specify that the penalties
19		for a violation are criminal and would establish
20		the penalty based on the number of prior
21		convictions.
22		This bill would increase the time period for
23		which a person's driving privileges or driver's
24		license is suspended or revoked for a conviction.
25		This bill would provide criminal penalties
26		for a violation where, as a proximate cause of the

violation, another person is injured.

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This bill would provide criminal penalties

for a violation where, another person dies as a

proximate cause of the violation.

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This bill would specify that a person whose driving privileges or driver's license is suspended as a result of a violation may not drive under any conditions during the suspension or revocation period, including with a limited driving permit or ignition interlock device.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to

1	become effective because it comes within one of the
2	specified exceptions contained in the amendment.
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4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
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8	Relating to unlawfully overtaking a school or church
9	bus; to amend Section 32-5A-154, Code of Alabama 1975, to
10	further provide criminal penalties for a violation; to further
11	provide for the suspension or revocation of driving privileges
12	or driver's license for a violation; to provide criminal
13	penalties for a violation when the violation causes bodily
14	injury or death; and in connection therewith would have as its
15	purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased
16	expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621
17	of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as
18	Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the
19	Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
21	Section 1. Section 32-5A-154, Code of Alabama 1975,
22	is amended to read as follows:
23	"\$32-5A-154.
24	"(a) The driver of a vehicle upon meeting or
25	overtaking from either direction any school bus which has
26	stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging any school

children on a highway, on a roadway, on school property, or

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upon a private road or any church bus which has stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging passengers shall bring the vehicle to a complete stop before reaching the school or church bus when there is in operation on the school or church bus a visual signal as specified in Section 32-5A-155. The driver shall not proceed until the school or church bus resumes motion or is signaled by the school or church bus driver to proceed or the visual signals are no longer actuated.

"(b) Every bus used for the transportation of school children shall bear upon the front and rear thereof plainly visible signs containing the words "school bus" in letters not less than eight inches in height, and in addition shall be equipped with visual signals meeting the requirements of Section 32-5A-155, which shall be actuated by the driver of the school bus only when the vehicle is stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging school children. The visual signals shall not be actuated at any other time.

"(c)(1) Every bus used for the transportation of passengers to or from church shall bear upon the front and rear thereof plainly visible signs containing the words "church bus" in letters not less than eight inches in height. Visual signals meeting the requirements of Section 32-5A-155, on a church bus, if any, may be actuated by the driver of the church bus only when the vehicle is stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging passengers.

"(2) A bus operated by the Association for Retarded Citizens of Arc of Alabama, or an affiliate thereof, transporting its clients shall be considered a bus to which this section is applicable.

- "(d) The driver of a vehicle upon a divided highway having four or more lanes which permits at least two lanes of traffic to travel in opposite directions need not stop the vehicle upon meeting a school or church bus which is stopped in the opposing roadway or if the school or church bus is stopped in a loading zone which is a part of or adjacent to such highway and where pedestrians are not permitted to cross the roadway.
- "(e) If the driver of any vehicle is witnessed by a peace officer or the driver of a school bus to have violated this section and the identity of the driver of the vehicle is not otherwise apparent, it shall be an inference that the person in whose name such vehicle is registered committed the violation. In the event that charges are filed against multiple owners of a motor vehicle, only one of the owners may be convicted and court costs may be assessed against only one of the owners. If the vehicle which is involved in the violation is registered in the name of a rental or leasing company and the vehicle is rented or leased to another person at the time of the violation, the rental or leasing company may rebut the inference by providing the peace officer or prosecuting authority with a copy of the rental or lease agreement in effect at the time of the violation.

"(f) (1) Upon first conviction, a person violating subsection (a) is quilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred fifty three hundred dollars (\$150) (\$300) nor more than three hundred five hundred dollars (\$300) (\$500) and shall complete at least 100 hours of community service. In addition, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 days.

"(2) On a second conviction, a person convicted of violating subsection (a) is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than three five hundred dollars (\$300) (\$500) nor more than five hundred one thousand dollars (\$500) (\$1,000) and shall complete at least 100 200 hours of community service. In addition, the Director of the Department of Public Safety Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 30 days one year.

"(3) On a third <u>or subsequent</u> conviction, a person convicted of violating subsection (a) <u>is quilty of a Class C</u>

<u>felony and</u> shall be punished by a fine of not less than five

<u>hundred one thousand</u> dollars (\$500) (\$1,000) nor more than one

<u>three</u> thousand dollars (\$1,000) (\$3,000) and shall complete at

least 200 <u>300</u> hours of community service. In addition, the

<u>Director of the Department of Public Safety Secretary of the</u>

Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall suspend revoke the

driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 days not less than one year nor more than three years.

"(4) On a fourth or subsequent conviction, a person convicted of violating subsection (a) shall be guilty of a Class C felony and punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000). In addition to the other penalties authorized, the Director of the Department of Public Safety shall revoke the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of one year.

"(g) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) and, as a proximate cause of that violation, causes bodily injury to another person, is guilty of a Class C felony and shall be fined in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). In addition, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall revoke the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for not less than one year nor more than three years.

"(2) A person who violates subsection (a) and, as a proximate cause of that violation, causes the death of another person, is guilty of a Class B felony and shall be fined in an amount not to exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000). In addition, the Secretary of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall revoke the driving privileges or driver's license of the person convicted for five years.

"(g) (h) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, the Alabama habitual felony offender law shall not apply to a conviction of a felony pursuant to subsection (f), and a conviction of a felony pursuant to subsection (f) shall not be a felony conviction for purposes of the enhancement of punishment pursuant to Alabama's habitual felony offender law.

"(h) (i) All fines and penalties imposed pursuant to this section shall be forwarded immediately upon collection by the officer of the court who collects the proceeds to the general fund of the respective agency that enforced this section.

"(i) (j) Neither reckless driving nor any other traffic infraction is a lesser included offense under a charge of overtaking and passing a school bus or church bus.

"(k) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary and Section 32-6-12.1, relating to limited driving permits, and Section 32-5A-191, relating to ignition interlock devices, a person whose license is suspended or revoked under this section may not be authorized to drive under any conditions during the suspension or revocation period."

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the

- bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an
 existing crime.
- Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and
- 5 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.