- 1 HB87
- 2 207985-1
- 3 By Representative Hollis
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 02-FEB-21
- 6 PFD: 12/17/2020

207985-1:n:09/30/2020:ANS/tj LSA2020-1719 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing state law, it is unlawful for 8 SYNOPSIS: any person to discriminate against an individual 9 10 because of his or her race, color, religion, sex, 11 or national origin with respect to housing. 12 Under existing state law, it is also 13 unlawful for an employer to pay an employee at wage 14 rates less than those paid to employees of another 15 race or sex for substantially similar work. 16 Under existing state law, it is unlawful for 17 an employer, employment agency, or labor 18 organization to discriminate against a worker 40 19 years of age or over in hiring, job retention, 20 compensation, or other terms or conditions of 21 employment. This bill would make it unlawful for a 22 23 person to deny an individual full and equal 24 enjoyment of public accommodations based upon the individual's race, religion, sex, age, disability, 25 26 or national origin.

This bill would also make it unlawful for a local school board to discriminate against any individual on the basis of race, sex, disability, or national origin.

5 This bill would make it unlawful for an 6 employer, employment agency, or labor organization 7 to discriminate against an applicant or employee 8 based upon the applicant or employee's race, 9 religion, sex, age, disability, or national origin 10 and would create a state cause of action against an 11 employer who does so.

13 A BILL 14 TO BE ENTITLED 15 AN ACT

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17 Relating to discrimination; to make it unlawful for 18 a person to deny an individual full and equal enjoyment of public accommodations based upon certain protected classes; to 19 20 make it unlawful for a local school board to discriminate 21 against any individual based upon certain protected classes; 22 and to make it unlawful for an employer to discriminate 23 against an applicant or employee based upon certain protected 24 classes and create a state cause of action against an employer 25 who does so.

26 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. (a) As used in this act, the following
 terms have the following meanings:

(1) PLACE OF PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION, RESORT, or
AMUSEMENT. The term includes any place, store, or other
establishment, either licensed or unlicensed, which supplies
goods or services to the general public or which solicits or
accepts the patronage or trade of the general public or which
is supported directly or indirectly by government funds. The
term does not include any of the following:

a. A private club whose policies are determined by
its members and its facilities or services are available only
to its members and their bona fide guests.

b. A rooming or boarding house containing not more
than one room for rent or hire and which is within a building
occupied by the proprietor as his or her residence.

c. A religious organization and its activities and
 facilities if compliance with Section 2 would be inconsistent
 with the religious tenets of the organization.

19 (2) PROTECTIVE HAIRSTYLES. The term includes, but is
 20 not limited to, hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twists.

(3) RACE. The term includes ancestry, color, ethnic
group identification, and ethnic background, and traits
historically associated with race, including, but not limited
to, skin complexion, hair texture, and protective hairstyles.

(4) RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION. The term includes an
 organization whose main purpose is to study or advance
 religion. The term does not include any organization that

teaches or advocates hatred or superiority based on race or ethnicity.

3 Section 2. It is unlawful for a person to deny an 4 individual the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, 5 services, facilities, privileges, advantages, and 6 accommodations of a place of public accommodation, resort, or 7 amusement on the basis of race, religion, sex, age, 8 disability, or national origin.

9 Section 3. It is unlawful for a local school board 10 to discriminate against any individual on the basis of race, 11 sex, disability, or national origin.

Section 4. (a) With respect to the terms, 12 13 conditions, or benefits of employment, it is an unlawful employment practice for an employer, employment agency, or 14 15 labor organization to fail or refuse to hire, to discharge any individual, or to otherwise discriminate against any 16 17 individual because of the individual's race, religion, sex, 18 age, disability, or national origin. An employer, employment agency, or labor organization shall be deemed to have engaged 19 20 in an action prohibited under this subsection if the 21 individual's race, religion, sex, age, disability, or national 22 origin is a motivating factor in the employer's action, unless 23 the employer can prove that there was a legitimate, 24 non-discriminatory reason for the adverse employment action.

(b) An employer, employment agency, or labor
 organization may not discriminate in employment against or

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1 2 take any adverse employment action against any individual because the individual has done any of the following:

3 (1) Taken an action to enforce a protection afforded4 any individual under this act.

5 (2) Testified or otherwise made a statement in or in 6 connection with any proceeding under this act.

7 (3) Assisted or otherwise participated in an
8 investigation under this act.

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(4) Exercised a right provided for under this act.

10 (c) An employer, employment agency, or labor organization shall be deemed to have engaged in an action 11 prohibited under subsection (b) if the individual's action to 12 13 enforce a protection afforded any individual under this act, 14 testimony or making of a statement in connection with any 15 proceeding under this act, assistance or other participation 16 in an investigation under this act, or exercise of a right provided for under this act, is a motivating factor in the 17 18 employer's action, unless the employer can prove that there was a legitimate, non-discriminatory reason for the adverse 19 20 employment action.

21 Section 5. (a) Any individual whose rights under 22 Section 4 have been violated by an employer may bring a cause 23 of action against the employer.

(b) In any action filed under this section, the
court may award relief and require the employer to do any one
or more of the following:

27 (1) Comply with Section 4.

(2) Compensate the individual for any loss of wages
 or benefits suffered by reason of the employer's failure to
 comply with Section 4.

4 (3) Pay the individual liquidated damages in an
5 amount equal to the amount of lost wages or benefits suffered
6 by reason of the employer's failure to comply with Section 4,
7 if the court determines that the employer's failure to comply
8 was willful.

9 (c) No fees or court costs may be charged or taxed 10 against any individual who brings a cause of action under 11 subsection (a).

(d) If an individual who obtained private counsel to bring an action or proceeding under subsection (a) prevails in the action or proceeding, the court may award the individual reasonable attorney fees, expert witness fees, and other litigation expenses.

17 Section 6. This act shall become effective on the 18 first day of the third month following its passage and 19 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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