- 1 SB91
- 2 209019-1
- 3 By Senator Smitherman
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 02-FEB-21
- 6 PFD: 01/27/2021

1	209019-1:n:01/11/2021:HB*/ma LSA2020-2573	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Existing law does not require the keeping of
9		statistics to determine if traffic stops are being
10		made by state and local law enforcement officers
11		solely on the basis of the racial or ethnic status
12		of persons.
13		This bill would define racial profiling and
14		would prohibit a law enforcement officer from
15		engaging in racial profiling.
16		This bill would require county and municipal
17		police departments and the Alabama State Law
18		Enforcement Agency to adopt written policies to
19		prohibit racial profiling; would require the
20		adoption of the forms to be used for statistics of
21		traffic stops; would provide for complaints; would
22		require reports to be filed in the Office of the
23		Attorney General; and would provide for the
24		reporting and collection of data on injuries to
25		state and local law enforcement officers.
26		Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
27		of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the

1 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of 2 Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a 3 new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue to the entity for the purpose.

> The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. If this bill is not enacted by a 2/3 vote, it will not become effective with regard to a local entity unless approved by the local entity or until, and only as long as, the Legislature appropriates funds or provides for a local source of revenue.

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2.1 A BILL

2.2 TO BE ENTITIED

23 AN ACT

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Relating to traffic stops and state and local law enforcement officers; to prohibit a law enforcement officer from engaging in racial profiling; to require adoption of

written policies and the forms to be used for statistics on traffic stops; to provide for complaints; to require reports to be filed in the Office of the Attorney General; to provide for the reporting and collection of data on injuries to state and local law enforcement officers; and in connection therewith to have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. (a) For purposes of this section,

"traffic stops based on racial profiling" means the detention,
interdiction, or other disparate treatment of a motorist
solely on the basis of the racial or ethnic status of the
motorist.

- (b) No employee of the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency, a county or municipal police department, or any other law enforcement agency shall engage in traffic stops based on racial profiling. The detention of an individual based on any noncriminal factor or combination of noncriminal factors shall be inconsistent with this policy.
- (c) The race or ethnicity of a motorist shall not be the sole factor in determining the existence of probable cause to place in custody, to make an arrest of the motorist, or in constituting a reasonable and articulable suspicion that an

offense has been or is being committed to justify the
detention of the motorist or the investigatory stop of a motor
vehicle.

Section 2. (a) No later than January 1, 2022, each county and municipal police department and the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall adopt a written policy that prohibits the stopping, detention, or search of any motorist when the action is solely motivated by considerations of race, color, ethnicity, age, gender, or sexual orientation, and the action would constitute a violation of the civil rights of the motorist.

- (b) Commencing on January 1, 2022, each county and municipal police department and the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency, using the form developed and adopted pursuant to Section 3, shall record and retain all of the following information:
- (1) The number of persons stopped for traffic violations.
- (2)a. Characteristics of race, color, ethnicity, gender, and age of the motorist, provided the identification of the characteristics shall be based on the observation and perception of the law enforcement officer responsible for reporting the stop and the information shall not be required to be provided by the motorist being stopped.
- b. The characteristics described in paragraph a. of the law enforcement officer.

1 (3) The nature of the alleged traffic violation that 2 resulted in the stop.

- (4) Whether a warning or citation was issued, an arrest made, or a search conducted as a result of the stop.
- (c) Each county and municipal police department and the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall provide to the Office of the Attorney General a copy of each complaint received of a violation of this act and written notification of the review and disposition of the complaint.
- (d) Demographic information collected in good faith by a law enforcement officer pursuant to the requirements of this section shall not serve as the basis of any civil action, unless the collection is in violation of any law.
- (e) If a county or municipal police department or the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency fails to comply with this section, the Attorney General may recommend and may order an appropriate penalty in the form of the withholding of funds from the county or municipal police department or withholding of funds from the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency until such time that the county or municipal police department or the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency completes appropriate training regarding racial profiling.
- (f) On or before October 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, each county and municipal police department and the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency shall provide to the Attorney General, in the form the Attorney General shall

prescribe, a summary report of the information recorded pursuant to subsection (b).

(g) The Attorney General, within the limits of existing appropriations, shall provide for a review of the prevalence and disposition of traffic stops and complaints reported pursuant to this act. No later than the fifth legislative day of the Regular Session of the Legislature of Alabama, commencing in the year 2023, the Attorney General shall report to the Governor and the Legislature of Alabama the results of the review, including any recommendations.

Section 3. No later than January 1, 2022, the
Attorney General, in conjunction with the Secretary of the
Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency, the Administrative
Office of Courts, and the Peace Officers' Standards and
Training Commission shall develop and adopt both of the
following:

- (1) A form, in both printed and electronic format, to be used by a law enforcement officer when making a traffic stop to record personal identifying information about the motorist who is stopped and the personal identifying information about the law enforcement officer, the location of the stop, the reason for the stop, and other information that is required to be recorded pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 2.
- (2) A form, in both printed and electronic format, to be used to report complaints pursuant to Section 2 by individuals who believe that they have been subjected to a

motor vehicle stop by a law enforcement officer solely on the basis of their race, color, ethnicity, age, gender, or sexual orientation.

Section 4. (a) For the purposes of this section "injury to a law enforcement officer" means any serious injury in the line of duty to a law enforcement officer.

- enforcement agency, each municipal police department, and each state law enforcement agency shall adopt a written policy and a form to collect information on any serious injury to a law enforcement officer under its jurisdiction in the line of duty. The form shall include the official action that was required in the line of duty, the type of injury and extent of injury, whether the injury is expected to result in a temporary or permanent disability, the costs of treatment and medical care, whether an arrest or citation was issued or prosecution commenced, and any other information determined to be pertinent to the injury.
- (c) The form provided for in subsection (b) shall be filed with the Peace Officers' Standards and Training

  Commission and the Alabama State Law Enforcement Agency and compiled by the commission and agency to give the commission and agency information on the nature and extent of injuries to state and local law enforcement officers in the line of duty.

Section 5. Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901,

as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue to the entity for the purpose. 

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. If this bill is not enacted by a 2/3 vote, it will not become effective with regard to a local entity unless approved by the local entity or until, and only as long as, the Legislature appropriates funds or provides for a local source of revenue.

Section 6. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.