- 1 HB278
- 2 209120-1
- 3 By Representatives Whorton and Hanes
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 02-FEB-21

209120-1:n:01/28/2021:AHP*/cr LSA2020-2464 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing law, municipalities have the 8 SYNOPSIS: power to adopt and enforce ordinances to compel 9 10 vaccinations in order to prevent the introduction 11 or spread of contagious, infectious, or 12 pestilential diseases. 13 This bill would repeal existing law 14 authorizing municipalities to adopt and enforce 15 ordinances to compel vaccinations in order to 16 prevent the introduction or spread of contagious, 17 infectious, or pestilential diseases. 18 This bill would provide that if a specific 19 immunization is ever required by law, exemptions 20 from the mandatory immunization shall be provided 21 for individuals who oppose immunization based on 22 religious beliefs or otherwise sincerely held 23 personal beliefs, as well as for those with certain 24 medical conditions. 25 This bill would provide that if a person 26 holding a power of attorney or acting as the next 27 of kin for an elderly person housed in a nursing

1 home or hospice, or holding a power of attorney or 2 acting as a guardian or next of kin for a mentally or intellectually disabled individual, attests that 3 the individual should not be immunized because of 4 5 the caregiver's bona fide religious beliefs or otherwise sincerely held personal beliefs that are 6 7 contrary to any required immunization, that 8 individual shall be exempt from those requirements.

This bill would prohibit an employer from taking adverse action against an employee based on the employee's immunization status.

12 This bill would prohibit an occupational 13 licensing board from denying, suspending, revoking, 14 or refusing to renew or reinstate a license for the 15 holder of, or applicant for, a license issued by 16 that board because of the immunization status of 17 that license holder or applicant.

This bill would also prohibit a place of public accommodation or a facility operated or maintained by a government entity from refusing entry, where otherwise permitted, to an individual based on that individual's immunization status.

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

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1 Relating to health; to provide that if a specific 2 immunization is ever required under law, exemptions from the mandatory immunization shall be provided for individuals who 3 oppose immunization based on religious beliefs or otherwise 4 5 sincerely held personal beliefs, as well as for those with certain medical conditions; to provide that individuals 6 7 holding a power of attorney or acting as a next of kin or quardian of certain individuals may voice an objection to 8 vaccination for the individual under their care; to prohibit 9 10 employers from taking adverse action against employees based on immunization status; to prohibit occupational licensing 11 boards from discriminating in certain ways against license 12 13 holders or license applicants based on immunization status; to 14 prohibit a place of public accommodation or a facility 15 operated or maintained by a government entity from refusing 16 entry, where otherwise permitted, to an individual based on 17 that individual's immunization status; and to repeal Section 18 11-47-132, Code of Alabama 1975, which authorizes municipalities to adopt and enforce ordinances to compel 19 20 vaccinations in order to prevent the introduction or spread of 21 contagious, infectious, or pestilential diseases. 22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

23 Section 1. This act may be known and shall be cited 24 as the "My Body, My Choice Vaccination Act."

25 Section 2. (a) For the purposes of this section, the 26 term "required immunization" means any mandatory or compulsory 27 vaccination required under law for an individual who has 1 reached the age of majority and is not a student of a K-12
2 public school.

3 (b) Upon the enactment of a law that mandates a 4 required immunization, the Board of Medical Examiners shall 5 adopt emergency rules pursuant to Section 41-22-5, Code of 6 Alabama 1975, defining medical contraindications to that 7 immunization.

(c) If a physician licensed to practice medicine in 8 9 this state certifies that the required immunization is or may 10 be detrimental to an individual's health due to the presence of one of the contraindications adopted by the Board of 11 Medical Examiners, the individual is not required to receive 12 13 the immunization as long as the contraindication persists, 14 except as provided in subsection (d). The board, upon request 15 by a physician licensed to practice medicine in this state, may grant a medical exemption to a required immunization for a 16 17 contraindication not included on the list adopted by the 18 board.

(d) (1) If the bona fide religious beliefs or
otherwise sincerely held personal beliefs of an individual are
contrary to any required immunization, the individual shall be
exempt from those requirements.

(2) For the purposes of this subdivision,
"caregiver" means an individual holding a power of attorney or
acting as the next of kin for an elderly individual housed in
a nursing home or hospice, or holding a power of attorney or
acting as a guardian or next of kin for a mentally or

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intellectually disabled individual. If a caregiver attests that the individual for whom he or she is a caregiver should not be immunized because of the caregiver's bona fide religious beliefs or otherwise sincerely held personal beliefs that are contrary to any required immunization, that individual shall be exempt from those requirements.

Section 3. (a) For the purposes of this section, the
following terms have the following meanings:

9 (1) ADVERSE ACTION. To discharge, refuse to hire, 10 refuse to promote, demote, harass during the course of 11 employment, or discriminate against in matters of compensation 12 against an employee.

(2) EMPLOYER. A person in this state that, at any
time, employs an individual or individuals who reside in this
state to perform services of any nature. The term includes any
individual who has control of the payment of wages for
services or is the officer, agent, or employee of the
individual having control of the payment of wages.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
an employer shall not take adverse action against an employee
based on an employee's immunization status.

(2) A current or former employee may pursue a civil
cause of action against an employer for any violation of
subdivision (1). Available remedies include, but are not
limited to, the following:

26 a. Injunctive relief.

27 b. Back pay.

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c. Punitive damages.

2 (c)(1) For the purposes of this section, the terms "license" and "occupational licensing board" have the same 3 meanings as in Section 41-9A-1, Code of Alabama 1975. 4 5 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an occupational licensing board shall not deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to 6 7 renew or reinstate a license for the holder of, or applicant 8 for, a license issued by that board because of the 9 immunization status of that license holder or applicant.

10 (2) A holder of a license issued by an occupational 11 licensing board or an applicant for a license issued by that 12 board may pursue a civil cause of action against that board 13 for any violation of subdivision (1). Available remedies 14 include, but are not limited to, the following:

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a. Injunctive relief.

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b. Punitive damages.

17 Section 4. (a) For purposes of this section, "public 18 accommodation" has the same meaning as defined in 42 U.S.C. 19 §12181, except that it shall include any place of lodging 20 offering a room or rooms for rent, regardless of size or 21 number.

(b) Neither a public accommodation nor a facility
operated or maintained by the state or any political
subdivision of the state shall prohibit entry, where otherwise
permitted to members of the public, to an individual based
upon that individual's vaccination status.

Section 5. Section 11-47-132, Code of Alabama 1975,
 providing for a system of compulsory vaccination by cities and
 towns, is repealed.

Section 6. This act shall become effective
immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor, or
its otherwise becoming law.